ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Friday, June 6, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is THE FIVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements readers are asked to observe their origin. In the case of readers in or near the doctor's permanent address should first be obtained. Announcements may be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, or to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this paper.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 12s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BARRON.—On June 2, 1930, at Simla, India, to Evelyn (*née* Fraser), wife of Captain Jack Barron, M.C., R.A.—a daughter.

BONNALIE.—On June 4, 1930, at 22, The Drive, Hove, to Joan, wife of Ronald Graham Bonnalie—a daughter.

COLLIN.—On June 5, 1930, at 9, Benhilton-court, Sutton, Surrey, to Dorothy-Mary (*née* Kies), wife of D. A. Collin—a son.

DEAN.—On June 3, 1930, at 9, Brunswick-walk, Cambridge, to Dorothy (*née* Terrett), wife of W. R. Dean—a daughter.

FEILD.—On June 4, 1930, at Causeway House, Abbots Langley, Herts, to Kathleen, wife of Armistead L. Jones Feild—a daughter (Priscilla Snowden).

FISH.—On June 5, 1930, at 31, Queen's-gate, S.W., to Evelyn, wife of D. H. Fish—a daughter.

GILBEY.—On June 5, 1930, at 24, De Vere-gardens, to Phyllis, wife of Hugh L. Gilbey—a daughter.

INGLESON.—On June 5, 1930, to Edna (*née* Heath), wife of W. Ingleson, of 34, Belmont-road, Bushey, Herts—a son.

MAY.—On June 2, 1930, the wife of Frederick Stanley May, of the Bower, Hever, Kent—a son.

PAGE.—On June 4, 1930, at 123, Green Dragon-lane, Winchmore Hill, to Mary, wife of John Burrell Page—a son.

PEARS.—On June 2, 1930, at 37, Tisbury-road, Hove, to Nancy (*nee* Munro), wife of Randall Leonard Pears, Sudan Civil Service—a son.

SPEDDING.—On June 3, 1930, at 1, Nightingale-place, Woolwich, to Phyllis, wife of Charles Francis Carlisle Spedding, Royal Artillery—a son.

SPRAGGE.—On Wednesday, June 4, 1930, at Dunstabrook, Devonshire Vista, Cobham, the wife of Lieut.-Commander H. E. Spragge, R.N.—a son.

WILLES CHITTY.—On June 2, 1930, at Toronto, Canada, the wife of R. Michael Willes Chitty, of a son.

WOOD.—On June 2, 1930, at the Experimental Station, Porton, to Kate Muriel, wife of Commander J. O. N. Wood—a daughter.

WYER.—On June 4, 1930, at Dog Kennel Green, Ramsnest, Dorking, to Olive (*née* Drayson), wife of Bernard E. Wyer—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

BALDWIN : DERMER.—On June 3, 1930, at Holy Trinity, Kensington-gore, Lieut.-Colonel R. H. Baldwin, D.S.O., late East Surrey Regt., to Ottie Evelyn Dermer, of 11, Cornwall-mansions, Chelsea, S.W.10.

BAKER : BANTING.—On June 4, 1930, at All Souls' Church, Langham-place, W.1, by the Rev. Arthur Buxton, Aubrey Ronald, only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Baker, of Lafoda, to Gladys Evelyne, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Banting, of 6, Bickenhall-mansions, Gloucester-place, London, W.1.

BRUNYATE : HIRTZEL.—On June 3, 1930, at St. Margaret's, Westminster, by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Cow, assisted by the Very Rev. the Dean of Bocking, John Charterhouse Brunyate, second son of Sir James Brunyate, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., and Lady Brunyate, of 4, Chichester-terrace, Brighton, to Ruth, second daughter of Sir Arthur Hirtzel, K.C.B., and Lady Hirtzel, of East End House, Fairford, Gloucestershire.

BULLER : MYERS.—On Thursday, June 5, 1930, in London, Donald Napier Buller to Dorothy Lina Myers.

BUTLER : GUTHRIE.—On June 2, 1930, at Ashtead Church, Co. Monaghan, Hubert Marshal, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. George Butler, Maiden Hall, Kildare, to Susan Margaret, only daughter of the late Dr. T. C. Guthrie, of Tunbridge Wells, and of Rs. Guthrie, Annagh-na-kerrig, New Ross.

CASTELLO : COHEN.—On June 5, 1930, at the Spanish Synagogue, Hallam-street, W., by the Rev. D. Mendes-Newman, Hallam Ellis, Ellis James Castello to Elizabeth Marjorie, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Cohen.

CORMICK : MORRIS.—On June 5, 1930, in London, Joseph Albert Cormick, of Melbourne, Australia, to Sibyl Morris, of Clive Court, Maida Vale, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Morris. (Australian papers please copy.)

EATON : PEARSON.—On June 3, 1930, in London, Charles Edward Thynne Eaton to Violet Home Stewart Pearson.

GRAINGER : BENTALL.—On June 4, 1930, at the Congregational Church, Kingston-on-Thames, Geoffrey Wilfrid, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Grainger, of East Sheen, to Lilian Aubrey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard H. Bentall, of Runnymede, Cobham.

MARTIN : TERRAS.—On June 3, 1930, at Rostherne Church, by the Rev. J. C. Hardwick, Ronald James Stanley, only son of the late Charles Stanley Martin and of Mrs. Stanley Martin, of Bryngias, Merthyr Tydfil, to Honor Mary, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Percy Lodge, of Bury Lodge, Altrincham.

MELCHIOR : NATHAN.—On June 5, 1930, in Copenhagen, Harold Raphael Melchior, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Henriques Melchior, of Henriksholm, Vedbæk, Denmark, to Kamma, only daughter of Mr. Joseph Nathan, of Vesterbrogade 2, Copenhagen.

MELLER : HOPPER.—On June 3, 1930, at Christ Church, Wallington, Alan, eldest son of Mr. R. J. Meller, M.P., of Bovey, Melbourne, to Joyce, elder daughter of Mr. J. Sydney Hopper and Mrs. Hopper, of Wallington, Surrey.

OWTRAM : GARDNER.—On June 3, 1930, at Crescrake Church, Westmoreland, Godfrey Herbert, third son of Herbert H. Owtram, O.B.E., of Newland Hall, Lancaster, to Annie Hilda Joan, only daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Ashworth, of Summerlands, Westmoreland.

ROSS : SANER.—On June 5, 1930, at St. Columba's, Pontefract, by the Rev. Archibald Fleming, M.A., Charles Clave Ross, son of Sir Ronald and Lady Ross, of 2, Heath-mansions, S.W.15, to Beatrice Rosamund Morris Saner, elder daughter of Major and Mrs. A. E. Saner, of 34, Cyril-mansions, S.W.11.

SUMMERS : PICKERING.—On June 2, 1930, at St. Mark's, North Audley-street, by the Rev. Canon Lambert, Spencer, only surviving son of the late Frank Bright Summers and Mrs. Summers, to Jean, adopted daughter of John Warley Pickering and Mrs. Pickering.

VERNON : MILLIGAN.—On June 5, 1930, at the Holy Innocents' Church, Fallowfield, by the Very Rev. Rabon Weldon and Canon Lockett, Denis S. F. Vernon, elder son of Captain and Mrs. S. R. Vernon, of Montague House, High Wycombe, to Margaret Fraser, only daughter of the late Sir William Milligan and of Lady Milligan, of Westbourne, Rusholme, Manchester, and Pelmont, Broughton, Peebleshire.

SILVER WEDDINGS

ADAMS : JACKSON.—On June 6, 1905, at St. Michael's Church, Teignmouth, by the Rev. James Verner Vicay, Charles Frederick, youngest son of the late James Scovell Adams, to Gertrude Jane Tremaayne, eldest daughter of Cyril F. W. Jackson, of Charterhouse, Teignmouth.

BOYLE : SWINTON.—On June 6, 1905, at Woodford Parish Church, Harold M. Boyle, M.Inst.Gas.E., F.C.S., etc., youngest son of the late Thomas Boyle, F.I.C., F.C.S., and Annie Boyle, to Lilian Dale, youngest daughter of the late Alan C. Swinton and Marion Swinton, granddaughter of the late Captain James and Mary Swinton, of Berwick.

DEATHS

ARMSTRONG.—On June 3, 1930, at 205, Wells-road, Knowle, Bristol, Beatrice, youngest daughter of the late F. A. W. C. Armstrong, R.B.A., R.W.A., of Bristol, at Guildford. Funeral private. Green Crematorium to-day (Friday), 12 noon. No flowers.

AYLING.—On June 3, 1930, at 46, Castleton-mansions, Barnes, S.W.13, Lilian Laura, the beloved wife of R. Stephen Ayling, aged 58.

BEAK.—On June 3, 1930, at a nursing home in Portsmouth, Matilda Catherine Frances Ritchie Weallans Beak, wife of Major D. M. W. Beak, Royal Scots Fusiliers, and only daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. H. R. Wallace, of Bushy, and the late Mrs. Wallace. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), 11a.m., at Ayr Cemetery.

BLAYLOCK.—On June 2, 1930, at 236, Burton-road, Derby, Eleanor Ann, relict of George Blaylock, on her 82nd birthday.

"She had a heart that never hardened, a touch that never hurt, and a temper that never tired."

Please do not send flowers.

BRADBURY.—On June 4, 1930, at 4, St. Peter's-terrace, Cambridge, Josin Buckley Bradbury, Downing Professor of Medicine. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday). Service in Little St. Mary's Church at 3.30. No flowers, by request.

BRENNAN.—On Tuesday, June 3, 1930, at Littledown, St. Margaret's-at-Cliffs, Mrs. Emma Brennan, aged 62. R.I.P. In gratitude for many years of service.—M. B. and T. H. S.

BRYCESON.—On June 5, 1930, at 13, Ashchurch Park-villas, W.12, Dollie, the beloved wife of John William Bryceson, Interment at St. Marylebone Cemetery, East Finchley, Tuesday, June 10, at 12 noon.

CAILLARD.—On June 4, 1930, at Brighton, Sussex, George Stratton Esmond, second son of the late Judge Caillard, of Trowbridge, Wiltshire, and dearly beloved husband of Rhoda Caillard, aged 68. R.I.P. Requiem St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Upper North-street, Brighton, 10 a.m. to-day (Friday).

COLLINSON.—On June 5, 1930, at a nursing home, Nottingham, the Rev. Christopher Barker Collinson, B.A., Wheatley Field, Retford, aged 66. Funeral, Bellon, near Doncaster, to-morrow (Saturday), 3 p.m.

CORBETT.—On June 2, 1930, at Ascot Gate, Windsor Great Park, Lionel Peter (Tim), eldest son of Miles and Dorothy Corbett, aged 17.

DEATHS (continued)

COURTNEY CLARKE.—On May 25, 1930, at Abenah, Grootfontein, S.W. Africa, as the result of an accident, John Winter Courtney Clarke, aged 37.

COX.—On June 4, 1930, suddenly, William Henry Cox, of The Rock, Newton Solney, Burton-on-Trent, in his 66th year.

CURWEN.—On May 29, 1930, in her sleep at Villa Marina, Antibes, Eda Geraldine Stanley, daughter of late Edward Stanley Curwen. R.I.P.

FITZ HERBERT.—On June 3, 1930, at Someral Herbert, very suddenly, in his sleep, Major Walter Hepburn Melitas FitzHerbert, late Rifle Brigade, in his 88th year. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), at 2.30. No wreaths.

GADSDON.—On June 4, 1930, Alfred Franklin Gadsdon, of 51, Glencoe-avenue, Seven Kings, and 191, Bishopsgate. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday), at Norwood Cemetery, at 9 a.m.

GOVER.—On June 1, 1930, at Grindelwald, the result of an accident, Frank Gover, Barrister-at-Law, the dearly loved husband of Isabelle Gover and son of the late Henry Gover.

HAMMOND.—On June 5, 1930, at 6, De Vaux-place, The Close, Salisbury, John Joseph, only son of the late Rev. John William Hammond, B.D., Rector of Coldred, St. Mary, Wilts, aged 67. Funeral service Salisbury Cathedral to-morrow (Saturday), 1 p.m. Burial at East Coker, Yeovil. No flowers.

HOLT.—On June 3, 1930, in New York, Alfred Edward Holt, late of Galveston, Texas, only surviving brother of T. H. Holt, O.B.E., of Frinton-on-Sea.

JOHNSTONE.—On June 4, 1930, at 11, Cluny-terrace, Edinburgh, William Charles Johnstone, W.S., dearly beloved husband of Mary C. Pringle and second son of the late James Johnstone, Hunterheck, Moffat, aged 62. Funeral private. No flowers, by special request.

KELLY.—On May 28, 1930, Florence, the most beloved wife of Stanley Kelly, of the Castle Hotel, Newport, Mon.

KNIGHT.—On June 4, 1930, at Kensington Palace-mansions, W.8, Frances Alice, wife of the late Jasper Knight. Funeral at Putney Vale Cemetery to-morrow (Saturday), at 11 a.m.

LOCKER.—On June 5, 1930, at 11, West-hill, Highgate, N., William Algernon Locker, aged 66. Funeral service at St. Anne's Church, Highgate-rise, to-morrow (Saturday), at 11.30 a.m. No flowers, by special request.

MAGILL.—On June 5, 1930, at 7A, Strathmore-gardens, Kensington, W.8, Elizabeth Magill, aged 81. Funeral at Gunnersbury Cemetery, to-morrow (Saturday) at 10.30.

MAINLAND.—On June 3, 1930, after two days' illness, at 19, St. James-avenue, Beckenham, Leslie George Mainland, F.R.Z.S., L.G.M. of the *Daily Mail* and "Uncle Leslie" of the B.B.C.

MEIKLE.—On June 5, 1930, at 9, Highgate-avenue, London, N.6, Grace Isabella Duff, widow of the late Thomas Meikle, of Adelaide, Cape Colony. Funeral in White-Monday, June 9, from Park-road Presbyterian Church, West Hartlepool.

MUTCH.—On June 4, 1930, at Aberdeen House, Emmett-street, Limehouse, George Mutch, Agent, Aberdeen Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., Limehouse, aged 75 years.

PEACOCKE.—On June 5, 1930, Michael Harry Peacocke, youngest son of the late Warren Thomas Peacocke, of Rifle Brigade, and of Bedford-square, W.C. Coombe Hill, Bruton, aged 30. Funeral, Fontmell Magna.

PETERSON.—On June 3, 1930, Pierre Trelawny Peterson, only child of the late Walter Deedes and Mrs. Deedes, Rosebank, Exmouth.

POWEL.—On June 3, 1930, at Hafod Vilis, Swansea, Alethea Parton, widow of Dr. Evan Powel, late of Senny Bridge, Breconshire, in her 85th year. Service and cremation at Pontypridd to-morrow (Saturday), at 9.30 a.m.

RICHMOND.—On June 2, 1930, at High Croft, Cosham, Ada Blanche, dearly loved wife of Commander E. A. Richmond, R.N., aged 64.

SAUNDERS.—On June 4, 1930, at Kidderminster, Alice, beloved wife of John Saunders, eldest daughter of the late Rev. H. Kempson, aged 76.

SIMMS.—On June 4, 1930, at Hindhead, Frances Jane, widow of James Simms, Strabane, Co. Tyrone, Ireland, and 19, Cheniston-gardens, Kensington, W.8.

SPEED.—On June 4, 1930, at 5, Hill-road, Carshalton, Eliza Speed, wife of Edward Speed, Senior, aged 83. Interment at Carishalton Churchyard to-morrow (Saturday), preceded by a service at Ruskin-road Church at 11.30 a.m. No flowers.

STOYLE.—On June 4, 1930, at Darnley Villa, Sandgate, Major George Henry Stoyle, A.O.D. (retired), beloved husband of Mrs. Elizabeth Stoyle. Funeral at Folkestone Old Cemetery, 12.30 p.m. to-day (Friday).

THORNHILL.—On June 4, 1930, at Diddington Hall, Buckden, Hunts, Arthur John Thornhill, J.P., D.L., in his 81st year. Funeral to-morrow (Saturday) at 2.30. Train 11.30 King's Cross, arriving St. Neots 12.59. Cars will meet train.

WALDY.—On June 3, 1930, at a nursing home in London, after an operation, Major Herbert Waldy, dearly loved husband of Mary Waldy and son of the late Captain Alfred Henry and Georgiana Waldy, of 9, Stanhope-gardens, S.W., aged 63. Funeral at Kensington Cemetery to-day (Friday), at 3.50. Flowers Messrs. Mills, Cambridge-place, W.

WATSON.—On June 4, 1930, Lieut.-Col. George Herbert Watson, late Indian Army, of Arkholme, Warren-road, Bournemouth, aged 73. Funeral at Bournemouth Cemetery Chapel to-morrow (Saturday), at 11.30. No flowers.

WATSON.—On June 5, 1930, at Littlecote, Petworth, James Bruce Watson, F.S.I., aged 68. Funeral Petworth Church to-morrow (Saturday), at 3 o'clock. Friends, please accept this, the only intimation. No flowers, please.

WATSON-TAYLOR.—On June 1, 1930, at Haughton Grove, Rumble, Jamaica, Arthur Wellesley Watson-Taylor, second son of the late Simon and Lady Hannah Charlotte Watson-Taylor, of Erlestoke Park, Wilts, aged 77. (Jamaica papers please copy.)

WEINTHAL.—On June 4, 1930, passed away peacefully, at his home at Sunbury-on-Thames, Leo Weinthal, at the age of 64. Funeral at Sunbury Cemetery to-morrow (Saturday), 2 p.m.

WOODRUFF.—On June 5, 1930, at Iwade Vicarage, Kent, Wallace Woodruff, Priest, Vicar of Iwade and Rector of Elmley, aged 60 years. Funeral at Iwade, 3 p.m. Sunday, June 8. R.I.P.

YOUELL.—On June 3, 1930, in India, Hilda Eileen Youell, beloved wife of the late Gerald Haywood Davidson Youell, Capt., R.A.M.C., and only daughter of Colonel and Mrs. McKinnon, of Hove, Sussex.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BADDELEY.—In loving memory of my husband, Major E. L. Baddeley, 8th Lancashire Fusiliers, T.F., killed in action in Gallipoli, June 6, 1915.

HULTON.—In most loving memory of Alan Edward Grey Hulton, Temporary Lieutenant in the Army Service Corps, who died June 6, 1915, as the result of a wound received in Flanders.

JOHNSON.—In loving memory of Second Lieut. Charles Cuthbert Johnson, A.M.I.C.E., 1st West Riding Field Company (T.F.), R.E., 29th Division, who was killed in action in Gallipoli on June 6, 1915.

I Want Bridge Tables that fold flat but yet are rigid when set and with nothing to hit one's knees as one sits at them. You can have them for 27s. 6d. and 37s. 6d. each in New Lounge Furniture Department, Portnum and Mason, 182, Piccadilly, W.1.

AT SAVILE-ROW.—LOUNGE SUITS from 8gns. built for you by EMMS.—Appointment, write or 'ph. EMMS, Ltd., Tailors, 11, Savile-row, W.1. Regent 3564.

THE only leather cigarette cases that do not squash in the pocket are those in the Gift Department, Fortnum and Mason, 182, Piccadilly, W.1.

EVERYONE APPRECIATES GOOD CLOTHES, but not everyone can pay their original cost; we have enormous demands from our various branches for partly worn clothing, such as gentlemen's lounge or dress suits, overcoats, &c., ladies' dresses, furs, costumes, shoes, &c., and therefore pay far above the average prices for all unrequired effects.—Cash by return, or call at PETER DEAN and Co., 151-5, EDGWARE-ROAD, W.2. Padd. 4320. Buyers attend free of charge anywhere.

GENUINE OPPORTUNITY to save motor-car depreciation.—MANN, EGERTON and Co. have a few SHOP-SOILED high-grade CARS to offer at considerable reductions. Chassis include Rolls-Royce, Bentley, Daimler, Sunbeam, Minerva, &c. Write, for lists, stating requirements. Part exchange and unique deferred terms.—MANN, EGERTON, and Co., 156, New Bond-street, W.1. (Gerrard 9062.

A GENTLEMAN always LOOKS WELL DRESSED in A GOOD CLOTHES.—New models direct from Lesley and Courtney, Ltd., Bond-street, Scarborough, Harrogate, and Ilkley. Suits, overcoats, &c., 4-10gns.; alterations.—Regent Dress Co., 17, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1 (next Café Monico).

BROOKLANDS M.C.R.C. GRAND PRIX RACES, May 31; four out of five Bugattis, four out of five second places were won on Wakefield CASTROL Motor Oil—the famous product of an All-British Firm.—C. C. Wakefield and Co., Ltd., Wakefield House, Cheapside, London.

"MELOX in the Morning and MARVELS at Night" keep your dogs healthy, happy and bright.—All corn merchants, stores, &c., sell Melox Dog Foods.

1930 DAIMLER M. 20/70 h.p. Mason-Egerton Coupé, Luxe Equipment, SYMMONS SALOON; upholstered in best furniture leather, exterior covered in blue fabric; remarkably attractive appearance; excellent luggage accommodation; used by managing director for 3,000 miles only; 1930 model; special price £795.—MANN, EGERTON, 156, New Bond-street, W.1. Gerrard 9062.

GOING ABROAD? Fresh Silk Washing Frocks for the summer ready at Fenwick's to-day. Lest green, Lanvin Parisian model, Nigerian blue, and ivory 5d.—FENWICK of Bond-street (corner of Brook-street).

ANTIQUE SILVER of all periods wanted for present American requirements; also OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE, Irish Silver, Jewellery, Paste, Enamels, Miniatures, Glass, Porcelain, &c.—Write or call SPINK and SON, Ltd., 5, 6, 7, King-street, St. James's, Piccadilly, London, S.W.1. Tel. 1123 Regent.

BLUTHNER PIANOS. Second-hand Pianos and Players in stock at greatly reduced prices; payments by instalments accepted.—Apply for particulars of BLUTHNER and Co., Ltd., 17-23, Wigmore-street, W.1.

JUVIGOE—a huge bottle contains the vital elements of life; fresh Burgundy grapes, pure alcoholic tablets in delicious lime juice with water or soda water. Price 3s. per bottle at your store or post free from Kia-Ora, Ltd., Blackfriars, London, S.E.1.

TITLED AUSTRIAN is desirous of disposing of collection of jewels, comprising bracelets, brooches, rings, including fine diamond tiara, pearl necklaces, pearl necklaces.—Write appointment Y. B. Smith, Solicitor, 11, Gray's Inn-square, London.

FOR YOUR OWN SAKE, FOR YOUR COUNTRY'S SAKE, leave THE NEW SALMAGUNDI SHOP, The Corner of the Future.—Details, Business Careers Association, Ltd., Premier House, 150, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

ALBREGEE BRAND of ASPARAGUS. Grown in the Vale of Evesham. From all Good Fruit Stores.

BECHSTEIN PIANO SALE.—A golden opportunity which can never occur again. A few Baby Grands returned from Exhibition and demonstration purposes, upright pianos from hire, and second-hand instruments at remarkably low prices for a limited period. All thoroughly reconditioned and fully guaranteed. Cash or Hire Purchase.—Bechstein, 58, South Molton-street, Brook-street, W.1.

A BRAVE SIGHT on a sunny morning of yachts and barges, a wonderful view to the West of Mersea and Brightlingsea, to the South of Bradwell and the open sea to the East, when private BUILDING PLOTS on the top of the cliff for SALE only for really good houses; large gardens, good road; quiet, country position. Price Freehold from £150 to £250 according to position. Apply for particulars or call and inspect at Whitesands at the Estate Office, Point Clear, St. Osyth, Clacton-on-Sea.

PERSONAL

DEAR HEART.—" The Same who spoke to us both " brings grad. understanding. Semp. luttens. Gratis.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications seen column seven.

£400 REWARD.—LOST, on Tuesday, 3rd June, 1930, between Brick-lane, E., the Great Synagogue, Duke-street, E.C., Lyon's, Wormwood-street, E.C., Newman-street, Oxford-street, Marble Arch Pavilion and Hyde Park (between Marble Arch and the Carillon), a GRADUATED DIAMOND and PLATINUM NECKLACE, collet setting, with 97 well-matched, circular-cut brilliants, total weight 77.87 cts., including 92 stones in the necklace (centre stone about 7 cts.), two stones hanging from centre stone and three stones in a bar clasp. —Frank Brown and Co., Palmerston House, Old Broad-street, E.C.2, will pay above reward on the restoration of the missing property intact, or pro rata if damaged.

£6 REWARD.—LOST, during April, in West End, SINGLE-STONE DIAMOND BAR BROOCH.—Summers, Hendon Central Station, N.W.4.

ROYAL NORTH-WEST MOUNTED POLICE.—Ex-members of the above corps are invited to communicate with the undermentioned with a view to arranging a welcome for a detachment of their comrades arriving on June 6th.—Write or telephone to 4679, ex-Constable Hon. T. G. Coventry, British Columbia House, 3, Regent-street. Regent 0266.

"I COMMEND YOU to the 1820 Memorial Settlers' Association for the soundest possible advice."—Extract from letter from a retired R.A.F. Officer now settled in South Africa.—Information regarding settlement in South Africa can be had from the Offices of the Association, 199, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

JAPANESE CHRISTIAN WORSHIP, Sundays, 3.30 p.m. at 8, Charlbert-street, Regent's Park, N.W.8. Residents and visitors welcome, also inquiries.

HAMPSTEAD, BELSIZE PARK.—A titled lady RECOMMENDS excellent FURNISHED APARTMENTS where comfort and diet are studied.—Write Box S.1777, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, 10-12 weeks from mid-July, Highgate Village (Town 12 minutes by car), beautifully appointed, detached, non-basement PERIOD RESIDENCE; 3 reception, sun parlour, seven bed, two bath rooms, lounge; two servants left; £8 8s. per week.—Write Box S.1784, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED QUIET LIGHT SERVICE FLAT, preferably Kensington, W.8, Furnished or Unfurnished; four bed rooms, &c.—Write Box N.1128, The Times, E.C.4.

WELL-BRED WOMAN, 27, excellent appearance, widely travelled, eight years' secretarial experience, wants POST Receptionist; interviewing; where manner and personality count.—Write Box 4195, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

OXONIANS personally RECOMMEND large HOUSE, S.W.7; good food.—Write BM/YMGD, W.C.1.

TWO-LITRE CROSSLEY Sports Touring, black with red wheels, upholstered in red furniture hide; delivered ex works this week. Quick Sale, £115.—Write Box G.2487, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1. 'Phone, Regent 6941.

TO be LET, SMALL QUIET HOUSE, KENSINGTON, W.8, Furnished or Unfurnished. Exceptional GARDEN. Short or long term. GARAGE if required.—Write Box G.2491, The Times, E.C.4.

ANIMALS and the HOLIDAYS.—You are earnestly desired to make suitable provision by asking your friends to FEED and WATER your DOGS, CATS, or other PETS when you are away, or to receive them on premises for the holidays, and to save them from the terrible sufferings of starvation or other cruelties when left in empty houses or turned adrift in the streets.—Edward C. Fairbone, Chief Secretary, R.S.P.C.A., 105, Jermyn-street, S.W.

£130 PER ANNUM.—Detached HOUSE, 17 miles London, three minutes Egham Station, Waterloo; two-three reception, four-five bed; garage; tennis; garden; rockery; fruit; vegetables; facing open country. —Reply "J.," Woolston, Egham.

SUSSEX DOWNS.—TUDOR COTTAGE for Whitsun; accommodation offered; modern conveniences; gourmet cooking; garden; tennis; 25s. day; easy-going young people.—Museum 5895 or write Box S.1769, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, FARM to RENT, option purchase, 400 to 600 Acres, with suitable house. Write, giving details, prices, existing crops, and stock. Box S.1845, The Times, E.C.4.

WEST CORNWALL.—Attractive small PROPERTY for SALE, 10 Acres; near coast, facing South; magnificent views; 4-5 bed rooms, 2 reception, two bath rooms; electric lighting, central heating; fitted hot and cold basins in bed rooms; telephone; good garage two, chauffeur's flat. Inexpensive place to maintain; perfect order throughout; price for quick sale.—Write Box S.1844, The Times, E.C.4.

I.T.S.—Every Taxpayer should in his own interest belong to the Income Taxpayers' Society.—Write for particulars to 6, Abbey House, Victoria-street, Westminster, S.W.1, or 'phone Victoria 6090.

DEVON, sheltered position, Southern Dartmoor.—Attractive COUNTRY HOUSE, Furnished; panelled hall, four reception, 11 bed rooms (six fitted hot and cold), three baths; gas lighting; secluded verandah with several tennis court, swimming pool, small stream; telephone; garage; stabling; any period from middle August.—Write Box S.1837, The Times, E.C.4.

TUDOR COTTAGE, modernized, in convenient village near CAMBRIDGE; three sitting, four bed rooms (hot and cold in all); garden; garage; good golf; London bus; 4-gns.; maid could be left.—Write Box S.1839, The Times, E.C.4.

A Charming FURNISHED FLAT, very light and sunny, to be LET to careful tenants (no children) for two months, July 8 to September; two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room; two lavatories, kitchen and scullery maid; tradesmen's lift, telephone; 3 gns. per week.—Write Box S.1840, The Times, E.C.4.

CHARMING COTTAGE and garden (CANTERBURY District) to be LET, Unfurnished; 3 bed, 2 sitting rooms, bath.—Write Box 69319, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

BETWEEN ASCOT and ALDERSHOT.—To be LET, July 8-Sept. 9, charmingly FURNISHED modern HOUSE; three reception, five bed rooms; tennis court; garage; close golf.—Write Box S.1361, The Times, E.C.4.

ALDEBURGH-THORPENESS.—LEISTON RECTORY to be LET Furnished or Unfurnished. Exceptional GARDEN (book one to three years). GARAGE if required.—Write Box 69317, The Times, E.C.4.

ANIMALS and the HOLIDAYS.—You are earnestly desired to make suitable provision by asking your friends to FEED and WATER your DOGS, CATS, or other PETS when you are away, or to receive them on premises for the holidays, and to save them from the terrible sufferings of starvation or other cruelties when left in empty houses or turned adrift in the streets.—Edward C. Fairbone, Chief Secretary, R.S.P.C.A., 105, Jermyn-street, S.W.

£130 PER ANNUM.—Detached HOUSE, 17 miles London, three minutes Egham Station, Waterloo; two-three reception, four-five bed; garage; tennis; garden; rockery; fruit; vegetables; facing open country. —Reply "J.," Woolston, Egham.

SUSSEX DOWNS.—TUDOR COTTAGE for Whitsun; accommodation offered; modern conveniences; gourmet cooking; garden; tennis; 25s. day; easy-going young people.—Museum 5895 or write Box S.1769, The Times, E.C.4.

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WEST CORNWALL.—Attractive small PROPERTY for SALE, 10 Acres; near coast, facing South; magnificent views; 4-5 bed rooms, 2 reception, two bath rooms; electric lighting, central heating; fitted hot and cold basins in bed rooms; telephone; good garage two, chauffeur's flat. Inexpensive place to maintain; perfect order throughout; price for quick sale.—Write Box S.1844, The Times, E.C.4.

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PERSONAL (continued)

"HOWBEIT when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come."—Jn. xvi. 13.

TUDOR HALL SCHOOL, CHISLEHURST.—81st year Reunion, Tudor, June 14th, from 3 to 9 p.m.

JUST one pound helps to take a poor child away from the misery of mean streets for a fortnight's real joy in the country. You who know the pleasures of the country and can enjoy them at will can hardly realize what they mean to children who sweltter in airless, poverty-stricken surroundings. Please send a Pound for the Children's Country Holidays Fund to the Earl of Aran (Room 20, 18, Buckingham-street, Strand. Over 32,000 children were sent away in 1929.

ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE at NEWMARKET, commanding extensive views of Heath and racehorses exercising ground, to which garden abuts. House contains three reception, 11 bed and dressing, &c.; electric light; stabling, garages, grounds of One Acre with lawns, &c. Eminently suitable for anyone with racing interests.—Details from "A.N.Y.," 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

A DOUBLE COASTGUARDS' COTTAGE; four bed rooms, large lounge, dining room, kitchen; outhouses; large garden back and front; all in splendid order. PRICE £1,100, or near offer (genuine).—O. E. C., 3, Coastguards, Swalecliffe, Whitstable, Kent.

GOOD HOSPITAL S.E.1. URGENTLY NEEDS HELP. TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURE £180,000. PRESENT DEBT OVER £120,000.

HARLECH, near Welsh Coast.—For SALE, in marvellous situation overlooking mountains and sea, near famous golf links, a perfectly equipped compact MODERN HOUSE (architect built); electric light, central heating; bed rooms, sitting rooms. Price £1,800.—Write Box K.448, The Times,

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P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.
P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

HOLIDAY VOYAGES BY P. & O.
GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, TANGIER.
Weekly departures on Fridays from Tilbury.
For illustrated Handbooks, Cabin Plans, and Reservations apply P. & O. Passenger Offices as below.

P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers, † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	M'selles.
†Malwa	11,000	Britten	June 6	June 13
†Rajputana	16,600	Carter	June 13	June 20
† Rawalpindi	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Heslam	July 4	July 11
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
†Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Rampura	16,000	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
†Rajputana	16,600	Brooks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,600	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Chemnitz	16,500	Rhodes	Aug. 29	Sept. 5
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26

‡ Taking also 3rd cabin passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
Calling at Southampton.

Rhulan (cargo)	6,000	—	June 20	—
Perim (cargo)	7,848	—	July 4	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Rajputana	16,600	Carter	June 13	June 20
Nordia (cargo)	11,000	Hebblethwaite	June 20	—
Kashmir	9,000	Malahne	June 26	—
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
Kashgar	9,000	Suckli	July 25	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)

BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
†‡TEESDALE	5,344	June 11	June 14	June 21
†‡HARLESDEN	6,600	July 9	July 5	July 18
†MASULA	7,361	July 23	July 26	Aug. 2
†MUNDRA	7,275	Aug. 12	Aug. 16	Aug. 23

* Cargo Steamer. † Calls Port Sudan.
‡ Transhipping Karachi cargo at Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
†MANTOLA	9,066		June 7	June 14
†MASHOBRA	8,324	June 11	June 21	June 28
†MANDALA	8,348	June 25	July 5	July 12
†MANELA	8,360	July 9	July 19	July 26

† Calls Tangier.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	M'selles
†MATIANA	9,067				June 14
†MALDA	8,860	June 14	June 25	July 4	July 12
†MODASA	9,079	July 12	July 23	July 31	Aug. 9
MADURA	9,077	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6

† Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,
Manager: F. H. Gnosspelius.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
Strand Passenger Office (A. P. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, Société Française de P. & O., 41 Bis, Boulevard des Capucines. Monte Carlo (Cox & Co., P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Freight Brokers.
P. & O., Escombe, Mustchaft and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; R.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; Middlehurst & Sons, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Hansa Line, Kerschof & Co., Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line), Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	LONDON
*REMUERA	11,500	June 12
		SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	July 14
†RUAPEHU	9,000	Aug. 1
WAHINE	11,000	Aug. 15
RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29

* Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. † Via Suez.
Apply the N.Z.S.S. Co., Ltd. (J. H. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels., Avenue 5220), or the Transatlantic Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724).

UNION S.S. CO. of NEW ZEALAND
LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA, By any Atlantic Line to Canada or U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From ‡ Vancouver.	From † San Francisco.
NIAGARA	June 25	—
TAHITI	—	July 9
AORANGI	July 23	—
MAKURA	—	Aug. 6

‡ Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti, Rarotonga, Wellington to Sydney.
Apply the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tele., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
MAIL STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, Aden, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

	Tons.	London.	Plymouth
BALRANALD	13,600	June 6	June 7
BENDIGO	13,000	July 4	July 5
*BALLARAT	13,000	July 11	—
BERADINE	13,650	Aug. 1	Aug. 2

* Calls Marseilles 17th July, not calling Malta.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
H.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
H.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1, or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

AUSTRALIA BY THE ORIENT LINE.
Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
ORAMA	20,000	June 21	June 27	June 29
OTRANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date.	Destination.
City of Venice	8,308	June 19	Bombay & Karachi
City of Cardiff	7,844	July 3	Calcutta
City of Baroda	7,129	July 15	Bombay & Karachi
City of Hong Kong	9,678	July 19	Calcutta

(a) Calls Marseilles. (b) calls Port Sudan

MEDITERRANEAN AND LEVANT.

City of Lancaster	7,040	June 28 / Malta & Alexandria.
Manchurian	2,819	July 7 / Smyrna and Constant.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.
City of Alexandria 4,712 June 7 (C. Town, Algoa Bay.
City of Karachi 5,578 July 19 / E. London, Natal.
MARSEILLES, TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO MARSEILLES AND EGYPT.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-5, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tele., Ave. 9140
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 3840
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " Cent. 9222

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
D'ARTAGNAN June 21 and June 27 ANGERS
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
GEN. DECAUSSE June 6 and June 20 LAC DE LOSLE
PIRAEUS, ISTAMBUL, IZMIR & BEYROUT.
ANGKOR June 17 and July 1 LAMARTINE
EGYPT, PALESTINE AND BEYROUT.
THEO. GAUTIER. June 10 and June 17. MARIETTE PACHA
For passages and all particulars apply to—
LONDON: 72, Fenchurch-st., or 62, PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

ROYAL NETHERLANDS STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Incorporating the services of the former ROYAL NETHERLANDS WEST INDIA MAIL.
Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curaçao, Pto. Colombia, Cartagena, and Pto. Limon.

Next Sailings from Dover:—

S.S. "CRYNSSEN"	June 7
S.S. "STUYVESANT"	June 21
S.S. "VENDRAM"	July 5

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.
S.S. "PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK" June 21
S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU" July 12
S.S. "NICKERIE" Aug. 2

For Passage Rates and full particulars apply to:—
Pss. Van Ommeren (London), Ltd., 14-15, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. (Phone: Holborn 4520.)
Or to CITY OFFICE: 27, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone: Monument 0021.)

HOLIDAYS AT SEA.
Special reduced summer rates to
MEDITERRANEAN, ATLANTIC ISLES, AFRICA, and WEST INDIES from 9 GNS. (11).
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT & CO., LTD., 25, Cockspur-street, LONDON, S.W.1. Gerr. 2094-5.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.—CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.

AQUITANIA - - - - JUNE 7
†*CARMANIA June 7 / BERENGARIA June 14
† Calls Havre prior to Southampton.
* Via Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.

***SAMARIA - - - - JUNE 7**
†FRANCONIA June 14 / *LACONIA June 21
† Calls Boston.
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

AURANIA - - - - JUNE 7
ASCANIA June 14 / ALAUNIA June 21
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

ANDANIA - - - - JUNE 6
†ATHENIA June 14 / ANTONIA June 20
† From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.

MIDSUMMER CRUISE
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton To BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 19 days from 53 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 51, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 25-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg.

Olympic	Wed., June 11	Majestic	Wed., June 18
†Calgaric	Sat., June 14	Homeric	Wed., June 25

† Calls at Havre the previous day—omitting Cherbourg.

LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.

Arabic	Sat., June 7	Celtic	Sat., June 21
(2) Baltic	Sat., June 14	(2) Britannic	Sat., June 28

† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.

TO NEW YORK
first sailing of the
World's largest Cabin Liner and Britain's largest Motor Vessel,

M. V. "BRITANNIC"
27,000 tons.
FROM LIVERPOOL
Via BELFAST and GLASGOW.
SATURDAY, JUNE 28th.
Carrying Cabin, Tourist, Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

RATES:—

Cabin	from	£33 15 0
Tourist Third Cabin		23 0 0
Third Class		19 5 0

LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.

Albertic	Fri., June 6	Doric	Fri., June 27
Laurentic	Fri., June 13	Albertic	Fri., July 4

SOUTHAMPTON—HALIFAX, N.S.—NEW YORK.

Calgaric	Sat., June 14		

LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Corinthic (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., June 20

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.

(4) Westernland	June 7
(6) Belgenland	June 14

TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.

(4) Westernland		Sat.,	June 7
(4) Pennland		Sat.,	June 21

From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.
LONDON to NEW YORK
Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons		June 7	July 5
*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons		June 21	July 19

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnekahda, 17,284 tons		June 14	July 12

* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS.
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN SERVICES from
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO
NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER" BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"DE GRASSE" (c)	June 6	June 14
"FRANCE" (c)	June 19	June 116
"LAFAYETTE" (c)	June 14	June 22
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c)	June 17	June 23

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.

Also
HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
Also
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL.
S.S. "FLANDRE" ... June 16
S.S. "PELERIN DE LATOUCHE" ... July 14
The largest and fastest liners from England. Also
FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO
monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.
ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS, AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt. Special Summer Return Rates:—Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next Sailings:—

SARPEDON	21 June	ANCHISES	3 Sept.
PATROCLUS	19 July	HECTOR	13 Sept.
ANTENOR	16 Aug.		

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.2, or Principal Travel Agents.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO
SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.

(1) S.S. NESTOR	From	Liverpool	5th JULY
(1) S.S. CERAMIC	"	Liverpool	23rd AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS	"	Liverpool	13th SEPT.

(1) First Class only.
For full particulars apply to:—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 84, Bothwell-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING at GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.

*CASTALIA	July 11	*ELYSIA	Sept. 12
*CIRCASSIA	Aug. 29	†BRITANNIA	Sept. 24

* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan. ‡ Leaves Manchester Oct. 1.
‡ 1st Class and 3rd Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recognized by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd Cabin accommodation.

GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.
TRANSYLVANIA June 6 / CALIFORNIA ... June 20
CALEDONIA ... June 13 / CAMERONIA ... June 28
ANCHOR LINE, 3, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

UNITED STATES LINES.
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES
TO NEW YORK.

U.S.L.	A.M.L.
From Southampton Weekly.	From London weekly.
Famous Cuisine. From £38 Return (Tourist) Cabin.	One class only £20 10s. With bath £25 10s.

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President Roosevelt	June 10	America	June 19
LEVIATHAN	June 19	President Harding	June 27

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.
TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD.
£257 10s. 0d. First Class, £152 8s. 0d. Special Class. Fortnightly Sailings. Stop-over Privileges at all Ports.
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AND AMERICAN MAIL LINE.
Complete Voyage—112 Golden Days of Travel or Voyage can be completed any time within two years.
For full particulars and accommodation apply to T. L. Duff and Co., General Agents, 22, Billiter-street, London, E.C.3 (Tele., Monument 0221), or to the Principal Passenger Agencies.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.
SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA, ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
*CARNARVON CASTLE	—	June 6
†DUNBAR CASTLE	June 12	—
‡EDINBURGH CASTLE	—	June 13
‡BRATTON CASTLE	June 19	—

† Via Madeira. * Via Plymouth and Las Palmas.
‡ Cargo only via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal.
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World Tours, passages to the FAR EAST.
SOUTH AMERICA, &c. May we help you NOW with your arrangements?
DEAN & DAWSON, LTD.,
81, PICCADILLY, W.1,
and 50 Branches.

CRUISES, PASSAGES.
By all Lines to all destinations.
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PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
†DEMERARA	11,484	—	June 7
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 29	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
DARRO	11,484	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,930	July 18	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—
DESNA	11,483	—	Aug. 2

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, Via PERU,
BERMUDA, France, PANAMA CANAL.
HAVANA, Spain.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31
OROYA (omits Bermuda)	12,257	Aug. 14
ORCOMA	11,580	Aug. 28

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA.
ORDUNA, July 3.

"ATLANTIS" LIDO
Lido days on deck ... sunshine, sea bathing, siesta. And all the while ... new surroundings, new interests, new adventure. That's the special joy of an "Atlantis" cruise ... two holidays in one.

SPECIAL CRUISE BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS"
to
OSLO, COPENHAGEN, LENINGRAD (for MOSCOW), STOCKHOLM, KIEL CANAL, &c., from IMMINGHAM, Aug. 15.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.

LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. / Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CANADA & U.S.A.
SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
(Via Cherbourg).

EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	June 7
MONTCLARE	June 13
EMPRESS OF FRANCE (Quebec only)	June 14
METAGAMA	June 19

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.

DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (B.)	June 6
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.C.)	June 13
DUCHESS OF JORK (to Quebec only)	June 14
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD (B.)	June 20

(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.
GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL.
MINNEDOSA .. June 7 / D. OF RICHMOND June 14

JAPAN AND CHINA.
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA	June 26
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	June 14
EMPRESS OF ASIA	July 24
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton	July 12

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
NIAGARA ... June 25 / AORANGI ... July 23
When travelling always carry
Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.

SUMMER TOURS IN CANADA.
For interesting illustrated booklets describing glorious Tours in Canada from 19 days to 7 weeks,
APPLY CANADIAN PACIFIC,
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Royal Liver Building, Liverpool;
51, Mosley-street, Manchester;
4, Victoria-square, Birmingham;
Canute-road, Southampton;
18, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol;
25, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

NEW YORK
WEEKLY DEPARTURES
SUNNY SOUTHERN ROUTE.
FAST ITALIAN DE LUXE SERVICES.

June 15 from	GENOA	"CONTE GRANDE"
" 14 "	NAPLES	
" 16 "	GIBRALTAR	LLOYD SABAUDO LINE.

Other Sailings: July 3, July 25, Aug. 15, Aug. 29, Sept. 19.

June 17 from	TRIESTE	
" 20 "	NAPLES	"SATURNIA"
" 23 "	GIBRALTAR	COSULICH LINE, LTD.

Other Sailings: July 15, July 29, Aug. 19, Sept. 2, Sept. 23.

June 24 from	GENOA	
" 25 "	NAPLES	"AUGUSTUS"
" 27 "	GIBRALTAR	N.G.I. LINE.

Other Sailings: July 11, Aug. 8, Aug. 22, Sept. 12, Sept. 26.

APPLY IN LONDON TO ALL PRINCIPAL TRAVEL AGENTS, or :—
LLOYD SABAUDO LINE, 32, Haymarket, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5082.)
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Visit Stand No. 95 at the Ideal Holiday Exhibition.

LLOYD TRIESTINO.
QUICKEST ROUTE TO EGYPT, SYRIA, AND PALESTINE.
MARITTIMA ITALIANA.
Regular Services to India.

	From Trieste.
EGYPT	Weekly on Saturdays
CONSTANTINOPLE	Thursdays
PALESTINE	Fortnightly on
INDIA	Every 4th Friday / Fortnightly
(from Genoa)	Every 4th Friday / Service

MAGNIFICENTLY EQUIPPED VESSELS.
Apply to Cosulich Line, Ltd., 14, Waterloo-place, London, S.W.1. City: Griffiths, Tate and Co., 71, St. Mary Axe, E.C.3, or Principal Tourist Agencies.

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ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.

Esperance Bay	14,176 tons from Southampton	June 25
Jervis Bay	14,164 tons from Southampton	July 23
Largs Bay	14,184 tons from Southampton	Aug. 6

Fares from £38 to £52.
ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE,
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NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS BY "MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA" (oil burners).
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SOUTH AMERICA by BLUE STAR LINE.
BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"ANDALUCIA STAR"	From	London	12 JUNE
"AVILA STAR"			10 JULY
"ALMEDA STAR"		and	24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"		Boulogne	14 AUG.

For further details see advertisement on page 19.
NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, Monthly from £60.
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SPECIAL SUMMER TOURS.
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First-class accommodation, all outside rooms. Private Bath Rooms, Swimming Pool, &c.
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LONDON TO RIO IN 12 DAYS. TO BUENOS AIRES IN 15 DAYS.
VIA VIGO AND LISBON.
(By the Cap Arcona.)
HAMBURG-SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.
S.S. CAP FOLONIO, from Boulogne ... June 21
*S.S. CAP NORTI, from Boulogne ... June 28
S.S. CAP ARCONA, from Boulogne ... July 6
* Calling at Teneriffe.
Train for 1st and 2nd class passengers leaves Victoria 9 a.m.
Attractive pleasure cruises to
MEDITERRANEAN, SCANDINAVIA and the BALTIC.
For particulars apply: STELP and LEIGHTON, Ltd., 9-13, Fenchurch-buildings, London, E.C.3. Ph., Mon. 4361. Or principal passenger agents.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.
OZEAN LINE.

	From Southampton
HAVANA	
VERA CRUZ	RIO PANUCO ... July 12th
TAMPICO	RIO BRAVO ... Aug. 14th
GALVESTON	Wadsworth Bros. and Co., Ltd.,
HOUSTON	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

SHIPPING (continued)

BLUE STAR LINE.
HEALTH & PLEASURE CRUISES
by the World's most delightful Cruising liner,
"ARANDORA STAR,"
"Britain's Dream Ship."
To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, CONSTANTINOPLE, BALEARIC and ATLANTIC ISLANDS, etc.
June 18th, 14 days. Sept. 19th, 24 days.
Oct. 14th, 24 days. Nov. 8th, 18 days.
To NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, etc.
July 5th, 13 days. July 19th, 20 days.
Aug. 9th, 14 days. Aug. 23rd, 23 days.
Glorious decks, delightful ball room, restful sun deck away from games, Swimming pool. Louis XIV. restaurant with exceptional cuisine and service accommodating all passengers at one sitting.
No other liner afloat has such spacious and tastefully fitted state rooms throughout. Luxurious public rooms with a comfort obtainable only on the
"ARANDORA STAR."
Early bookings secure preference in accommodation.
For "Arandora Star" 1930 Cruise Programme apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.
TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.
†ROTTERDAM (First-class fare from £42 10s.) June 14
VOLENDAM (First-class fare from £35) ... June 21
HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.
†S.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons.
Next Sailing ... June 7

TO CUBA AND MEXICO.
*MAASDAM ... June 21. / *SPAARNDAM ... July 19
* From Boulogne. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tele. No., Ger. 5440), or to 27, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. No., Mon. 0021).

N.Y.K. LINE.
(JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KATORI MARU	10,000	June 14	June 21	June 23
ATSUTA MARU	8,000	June 29	June 28	June 30
KASHIMA MARU	10,000	July 4	July 10	July 12

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA.
Through Bookings from Europe.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele.: Royal 0844-9.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency, Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

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FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO

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In a charming situation overlooking private pleasure gardens, but with immediate access to all parts of Town, the Stanhope Court Hotel is now enlarged, modernized and up-to-date in every feature. Inclusive weekly terms from 4gns. Write for particulars of few available rooms.
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46-52, Stanhope-gardens, S.W.7.
Telephone: Western 0051 (6 lines).
Telegrams: "Stancourt, Southkens."

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WHITE HALL,
No. 4, MONTAGUE-STREET, RUSSELL-SQUARE, W.C.1.
Adjoining British Museum.
Central Heating. Passenger Lift.
Constant Hot Water in all Bed Rooms.
Private garden at rear, 80 rooms. Terms from 12s. 6d. per day or £4 4s. per week, including room, breakfast, tea, dinner, light, and attendance. Telephone: MUSEUM 4425.

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Bournemouth's latest and one of the most up-to-date Hotels. Ideal summer residence, overlooking the Bay. Quiet, restful and bracing. Tels., Southbourne 1061. Wires, "Ocean," Bournemouth.—Write Secretary for Brochure.

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CROYDON.—CHARMING TUDOR RESIDENCE, situated in six acres exclusive grounds, yet within 17 minutes London. Ideal for golf. Gas and electric fires and hot and cold water bed rooms; lock-up garages for 20 cars; atmosphere, appointments and catering first-class; moderate terms. Illustrated tariff.—Resident Proprietor. Phone, Croydon 0737.

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You will find it in a really delightful spot at the foot of the Cotswold Hills.
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CHARLTON KINGS, CHELTENHAM SPA
(A.A. & R.A.C.)
Golf, tennis, motoring, hunting—whatever your pleasure, it can be followed at this Hotel. Hot and cold water in every bed room; central heating throughout; first-class garage accommodation and stabling. Every modern comfort; excellent cuisine.

DEEPDENE HOTEL, DORKING, SURREY.
Now under Resident ownership and management, standing in its own 50 acres of beautiful grounds.
Spend an ideal WHITSUN HOLIDAY at Deepdene Hotel; finest display of Rhododendrons in England (now in full bloom). High-class cuisine and every modern comfort; golf, hard tennis courts; commodious garage.—Write General Manager, or 'phone 193 Dorking.

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GEORGE HOTEL, STAMFORD ... Miles from London, 90
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The most luxurious Country Hotel in England. Hot and cold running water, 2gns fires, and P.O. phones in bed rooms. Well-kept extensive grounds are a glory to behold, and the facilities for games are unequalled.
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Facing South and Sea.
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A MODERN HOTEL of charm and distinction organized for the discriminating who insist on the best.
Garage 50 cars. Telephone 17.

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Best Hotel. Best position. Best Orchestra. Bathing from hotel. Fully licensed. Lift.
Max Chappell's Band, under the direction of Al. Rose, late of Ritz-Carlton and Piccadilly Hotels, London, W. Dances under personal direction of Mr. and Mrs. Alec Mackenzie of London, New York and Monte Carlo.
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Every Saturday Dinner and Dance 10s. 6d.
Jack Hylton presents his Rhythmicians.

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CROYDON.—Broad Green House, 181, London-road.
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A CHARACTER HOUSE REQUIRED for small family accommodation preferably on two floors, with not more than 10 bed rooms; any district would suit except Eastern Counties, if within two hours of London. Price around £6,000.—Write particulars, with photos, to Box K.462, The Times, E.C.4.

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PUBLIC NOTICES
4 lines 16s. (minimum)

SPECIAL NOTICE.
IN accordance with Rule XIV. Notice is hereby given that the 91st ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHIPWRECKED FISHERMEN and MARINERS' ROYAL BENEVOLENT SOCIETY will be held at the office on FRIDAY next, the 13th inst. at noon precisely, Admiral Alfred E. A. Grant (Chairman of the Committee of Management) in the Chair.
By Order,
L. E. AMAUDE, Secretary.
The Society's Central Office, Carlton House, Regent-street, London, S.W.1. June 6, 1930.

LONDON BUILDING ACT, 1894.—HEIGHT of BUILDINGS. Nos. 37 to 38, and 39, CHEAPSIDE, and 63, 64, and 65, FRIDAY-STREET, E.C.
Pursuant to the 48th Section of the above Act notice is hereby given that the London County Council DID on the 2nd day of June, 1930, CONSENT to a DEVIATION from the PLANS approved on 22nd October, 1928, under Section 47 of the London Building Act, 1894, for the ERECTION of the BUILDING so far as relates to the provision of a lift and a motor house on the roof.
Plans and particulars of such deviation and a copy of the consent of the Council may be inspected between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. (10 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. Saturdays) at the office of the Superintending Architect, The County Hall, Westminster Bridge, S.E.1.
Dated the 6th day of June, 1930.
(Signed) A. T. PANTON, Surveyor, Meakers, Ltd., 91, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1.

ST. PAUL'S GIRLS' SCHOOL.
STATEMENTS of the ACCOUNTS of this CHARITY and of the progress thereof during the year ending 31st December, 1929, have been prepared and published by the Governors of the School in accordance with the Scheme for the management thereof.
Copies of such statements may be obtained on application to me at Mercers' Hall, London, E.C.2, on payment of 6d. for each copy.
FRANK D. WATNEY, Clerk to the Governors.

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FRANK D. WATNEY, Clerk to the Governors.

THE ROYAL ASYLUM of ST. ANN'S SOCIETY.
THE ANNUAL GENERAL COURT of the GOVERNORS will be held at the Society's Office, Parliament-mansions, Orchard-street, S.W.1, on MONDAY, the 16th June, at 3.30 p.m., to receive the reports of the Committee and Auditors; to elect the Treasurer, Committee and Auditors for the ensuing year (Mr. C. Stork Holdsworth and Mr. C. Netherton-Tubb have served as co-opted Members of the Committee for the past year) and to consider and, if thought fit, to approve of the following alteration to the Society's rules:—
That in Rule 3—Qualification of Candidates for Selection paragraph (a) be altered to read as follows:—
"That such child shall at the date of selection be not less than nine years of age."
JOHN GRANT, Secretary.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS
3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

APPLICATIONS are invited for the POSITION of VISITOR (female) for the HEALTH DEPARTMENT of the JEWISH BOARD of GUARDIANS. Candidates should be between 25 and 35 years of age, and must be a trained and experienced social worker. Commencing salary £180 per annum.—Applications, stating age, qualification and experience, together with copies of testimonials, should be sent to the Secretary, Jewish Board of Guardians, 127, Middlesex-street, Bishopsgate, E.1.

BIRKBECK COLLEGE (University of London).
LECTURESHIP in GEOGRAPHY.
The Governors invite APPLICATIONS for the full-time APPOINTMENT of LECTURER in the Department of GEOGRAPHY, Salary £400 per annum.
Further particulars and forms of application may be obtained from the Secretary, Birkbeck College, Breams Buildings, Fetter-lane, E.C.4, by whom applications must be received not later than Friday, 13th June, 1930.

CITY and COUNTY of BRISTOL.
The Watch Committee are prepared to receive APPLICATIONS for the POSITION of CHIEF CONSTABLE of the Bristol Police Force.
The salary will be £1,100 per annum on appointment, rising by £100 every three years to a maximum of £1,400 per annum. The authorized strength of the Police Force is 610 men. The person appointed will also be the Officer responsible to the Committee for the control and efficiency of the Bristol Fire Brigade, which is a Police Fire Brigade with an authorized strength of 71 men, and will be required to perform such other duties as the Committee may from time to time determine.
Candidates must be about 35 to 45 years of age, and must have had previous experience in a Police Force.
The Chief Constable will be granted a non-pensionable allowance of not exceeding £100 per annum in lieu of a house, and will be required to reside in a convenient situation within the City.
Applications from candidates, stating their present positions and age, and their experience of police duties, with copies of three recent testimonials, and endorsed "Application for the position of Chief Constable," are to be sent to the Town Clerk on or before the 21st day of June next.
Canvassing, either directly or indirectly, any member of the Watch Committee or the Council will disqualify.
JOSIAH GREEN, Town Clerk.
The Council House, Bristol, May, 1930.

CROWN AGENTS for the COLONIES.
COLONIAL GOVERNMENT APPOINTMENTS.
APPLICATIONS from qualified candidates are invited for the following post:—
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Apply at once by letter, stating age and full particulars of qualifications and experience, to the Crown Agents for the Colonies,

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123, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE.

A Bare Minute Tubes, Hyde Park. Stay one day at 10s., and you will linger longer. From 21s.gns. weekly; special terms for families; young society. Padd. 8858.

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 31, Gloucester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE from 4½s.; excellent food. Padd. 4230.

HILLS.

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A Bare Minute Kensington Gardens.—FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for 24 visitors. Personally recommended for comfort and excellent food. English roast, &c. Not run as boarding house or private hotel. Double, single, or (Public School) or married couples preferred. Double room, single 3gns. quite inclusive, or 5gns. and £2 15s. without luncheon.—Write Box N.954, The Times, E.C.4.

A Bare Minute KENSINGTON GARDENS, most comfortable, with partial BOARD from 2gns.; really good cooking; excellent service, cuisine, cocktails. 127, Clarendon-gardens, W.2 (off Bayswater-road).

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Bare minute Kensington Gardens.—ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOMS; newly furnished; lounge and breakfast room; BREAKFAST ONLY; gas fires; close Tube and bus; from 35s. single, 60s. double; two bath rooms. —Owen Hill-gardens, W.2. Padd. 4057.

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SOUTH KENSINGTON (Frobisher 4907).

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A Bright refined HOME in lady's private house; every comfort; beautiful garden; nursing if required.—Miss Hawkins, 5, Ascott-avenue, Ealing. 'Phone 5618.

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A Comfortable PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, near Hyde Park; central heating; excellent French cuisine; 2½gns.

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Delightful COUNTRY HOME, visitors' comfort a primary consideration; adjacent station, 20min. Victoria; central heating; gas fires; garage; golf, billiards, bridge, riding; West End 45min.; 3 acres, quite exclusive, or 5gns. and £2 15s. without luncheon.—Write Box N.954, The Times, E.C.4.

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SPRING 1930.

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A HOME of COMFORT, good cuisine, and reliable attendance; hot and cold water in bed rooms, gas fires. Terms from three guineas per week; one minute Holland Park Tube Station.

'Phone PARK 0264.

A Luxuriously FURNISHED SITTING ROOM, TWO BED ROOMS (large), use of bath room, bath room and lovely garden; meals as required; perfectly appointed private house. 22, Cleveland-gardens, Hyde Park, W.2.

ARLINGTON COURT.

A Quiet, comfortable house; 50 bed rooms with running hot and cold water; gas fires; billiards; 2½gns. 27, Craven-hill-gardens, Lancaster-gate. Padd. 4163.

1, CLEVELAND-GARDENS,

HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BSOLUTELY up to date, with running hot and cold water, gas fires; quiet, comfortable, sunny rooms; highly recommended; personal supervision of cooking and service. Special terms from 4½gns. to 4gns. Padd. 2257.

GLOUCESTER HOUSE,

129-141, CROMWELL-ROAD, S.W.5.

A BSOLUTELY reliable for good cuisine and attendance; box-spring beds and inner sprung mattresses; gas fires; constant hot water; luxurious rooms, 4th floor. Terms from 2½gns. Frobisher 2770.

RIVIERA, 73, HOLLAND-PARK.

A BSOLUTELY BEST PART IN LONDON.—Most up-to-date (minute Tube, omnibuses all parts, eight minutes to West End) all bed rooms with hot and cold water, gas fires, box-springs, hair mattresses. First-floor rooms with private balcony. Cuisine is admirable. Private garden. From £3 5s. single, 6gns. double. Park 9173.

10, NORFOLK-SQUARE, W.2.

A BSOLUTELY up-to-date BED-SITTING ROOMS, beautifully furnished; fitted basins, hot and cold water, with breakfast, from 35s. Padd. 5661.

A DJACENT LANCASTER-GATE.—Charmingly Furnished Apartment; breakfast in private house; moderate.—Montague, 14, Devonshire-terrace, W.2. Padd. 2906.

AMERICAN ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Catering as desired. Moderate prices.

THE DORSET, 75, Linden-gardens, W.2. (Park 8057.

19, Queen's Gate-terrace, S.W.7. (Kens. 1075.)

136, Holland-road, W.14. (Park 9183.)

MARBLE ARCH.

AN unusually well appointed FRONT BED-SITTING ROOM, newly decorated; private bath room; personal supervision; meals as desired.—44, Seymour-street, W.1. Padd 4668.

HORNER GRANGE,

WEST-HILL, SYDENHAM. 'Phone 2701.

AN Ideal GUEST HOUSE, five miles London, one mile Dulwich. Lovely grounds. Tennis. Garages.

THE EXCELSIOR.

AN ideal position. Running hot and cold water day and night; gas fires; most comfortable lounge; really good liberal table. From £2 7s. 6d. full board.—1-2, Ladbroke-gardens, Notting Hill-gate. COM. 1.

FROM £50 PER ANNUM

ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS to be LET; excellent service; meals as required; close good station for City. Two Furnished Rooms for three months at £30 net. Also, £100 year, or singly. —Write Box K.323, The Times, E.C.4.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS (not the usual bed-sitting rooms); constant hot water, divan beds, gas fires and gillets (breakfast optional); from 27s. 6d., 2½gns. double. 5min. Victoria Station.—53, Belgrave-road. Vic. 0377.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Single 27s., double (large) 42s., including service, hot water, electric light, and hot baths; fires (coal or gas); central heating.—8, Grenville-place, S.W.7 (Western 1250) (close to Gloucester-road Tube); and 14, Emperor's-gate (adjoining), Western 0266.

AT GOLDERS GREEN.—BED-SITTING ROOM for gentleman in quiet, well-ordered house; fairy garden at back; with breakfast and late dinner £2 inclusive.—975, Finchley-road, N.W.11. Speedwell 5351.

THE EMERALD. (Park 9363.)

AT 20 and 21, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Newly opened. Gas fires. From 2gns.

THE QUEENS.

AT 86-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned; supervised by ex-Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary from 50s. daily.

AT 29, OXFORD-TERRACE, HYDE PARK.—Well-furnished bed room and sitting room; piano, electric light, bath, gas fires, every convenience.

WHITE HOUSE CHAMBERS.

AT Randolph-crescent, Maida Vale, W.9.—20 well-furnished SUITES and BED-SITTING ROOMS; gas fires; en pension from £2 17s. 6d.; handsome lounge, restaurant, large grounds, eight TENNIS COURTS; bridge; five minutes' walk Lord's Cricket Ground, 3mins. Warwick-avenue Tube, 10mins. Piccadilly; bus service all parts.—Mrs. Holt. 'Phone, Abercorn 2182.

GROVE MANSIONS, LTD.

AT 38 to 40, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2, board-residence from 2gns., partial board from 35s.; excellent cooking and service. Park 1982.

THE NORFOLK.

AT KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—42 BED ROOMS and Suites; full board from 4½s. 6d. Two large first-floor double, with balconies, 5½gns.

AT 20, SEVERN-SQUARE.—Large DOUBLE BED-SITTING ROOM; sharing, 22s. 6d., inclusive breakfast, bath, light. Also singles.—Frobisher 2422.

CROYDON.

AT HILLCROFT, 21, PARK HILL-RISE, EAST CROYDON.—A beautiful country Mansion, with large grounds, tennis court, own produce; first-class chef; luxurious comfort, with constant cold water and gas fires in all bed rooms; individual requirements studied; inclusive terms. 'Phone, Croydon 2689.

27, INVERNESS-TERRACE, W.2.

AT SHIRLEYS.—Highly recommended. Personal supervision. From 2½gns. Park 6066.

AT SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Luxuriously FURNISHED ROOM, ground floor; running water, electric fire, griller, 45s. ANOTHER similar, 35s. Delightful house; every convenience. 14, late of Flat 9000.—30, Harcourt-terrace, Redcliffe-square. 30 bus to The Grove, Bottom.

AT 155, GLOUCESTER-TERRACE, W.2.—Comfortable BED-SITTING ROOMS, breakfast, superior residence, from 2gns. to 3½gns., reduction double. Padd. 1529.

BACHELORS' SITTING and BED ROOMS communicating, own bath room; moderate terms, including excellent service, valeting and cooking; meals as required in own rooms.—Apply 3867, Finchley-road, Hampstead.

BACHELOR ROOMS, Furnished; breakfast, baths, every comfort and convenience; 10 minutes Piccadilly; good address, overlooking gardens.—Flaxman 5458.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

BACHELORS' SERVICE ROOMS or Suite; suit two or three; own bath room if desired; constant hot water.—27, Oxford-terrace, W.2. Padd. 0535.

BAKER-STREET.—Well-appointed BED-SITTING ROOMS for business or professional people; constant hot water.—24, Upper Gloucester-place. Padd. 6334.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished DRAWING ROOM and BED-ROOM adjoining in exclusive residential quarter; own 'phone; extra large entrance floor room available; meals served in own rooms as required.—Phone Kensington 5743.

MARBLE ARCH.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SINGLE and DOUBLE ROOMS in attractive house; fitted running water and gas fires; with breakfast and service, from 2½gns.; 'phone, meals by arrangement; run on most up-to-date lines.—53, Seymour-street, W.1.

BED-SITTING ROOMS to be LET with Breakfast from 32s. 6d. per week, other meals arranged.—3, Devonshire-terrace, Lancaster-gate, W.2. Padd. 8803.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, all fitted hot and cold water, electric light, gas fires; breakfast, bath, attendance; from 35s.; double, 3½gns.; dinners optional.—101 2-3, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flax. 6435.

BED-SITTING ROOM at SOUTH KENSINGTON, 25s.; up to date; ladies only.—22, Clareville-grove, S.W.7. 'Phone, 1358 Kens.

VICTORIA.

BED-SITTING ROOMS three minutes Station; breakfast and attendance, every convenience; moderate.—61, Warwick-street, Belgrave-road, S.W.1. Victoria 6215.

BROMLEY, KENT.

CRANFORD PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL.

Twenty minutes Victoria, Charing Cross; comfortable, good catering; personal supervision. From 2½gns. 'Phone, Ravensbourne 0273.

BROMLEY, KENT.—"RAVENSCROFT." 16th-CENTURY GUEST HOUSE, 2min. station, 20min. London; tennis, billiards; extensive grounds. 'Phone Ravensbourne 3040 for illustrated tariff.

CAMPDEN HILL, W.8.—2, Observatory-gardens, SERVICE ROOMS. Vacant now. Delightful suite. Open view. Meals if wanted. Western 2350.

CHARMING CAMPDEN HILL.—Excellent Furnished Rooms (double and single), with breakfast and bath, from 35s. per week.—10, Observatory-gardens, W.8.

CLEAN, quiet BED-SITTING ROOM; gas fire; constant hot water; moderate and well recommended; minute S. Kensington Station.—7, Manson-place, S.W.7.

KEW GARDENS.

CUMBERLAND HOUSE, facing Gardens, near Cumberland Gates; running water; slot fires. From 2½gns. inclusive tariff.

DOCTOR'S WIDOW offers comfortable HOME partial board; 2-3 rooms; large lounge, nice food; morning done; close Earl's Court, S. Kensington buses.—26, Harcourt-terrace, S.W.10. Flax. 1770.

123, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE.

Bare Minute Tubes, Hyde Park. Stay one day at 10s., and you will linger longer. From 21gns. weekly; special terms for families; young society. Padd. 8858.

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 31, Gloucester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE from 4½s.; excellent food. Padd. 4230.

HILLS.

A Bare three mins. Tube, 90 rooms. From 35s. Gas fires, garage; dancing. —37, Princes-square, W.2. Park 1867.

A Bare Minute Selfridge's.—Newly decorated and modernised house; ONE ROOM SERVICE FLAT. —Welbeck 2083.

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Bare Minute Kensington Gardens.—FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for 24 visitors. Personally recommended for comfort and excellent food. English roast, &c. Not run as boarding house or private hotel. Double, single, or (Public School) or married couples preferred. Double room, single 3gns. quite inclusive, or 5gns. and £2 15s. without luncheon.—Write Box N.954, The Times, E.C.4.

A Bare Minute KENSINGTON GARDENS, most comfortable, with partial BOARD from 2gns.; really good cooking; excellent service, cuisine, cocktails. 127, Clarendon-gardens, W.2 (off Bayswater-road).

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Bare minute Kensington Gardens.—ATTRACTIVE BED-SITTING ROOMS; newly furnished; lounge and breakfast room; BREAKFAST ONLY; gas fires; close Tube and bus; from 35s. single, 60s. double; two bath rooms. —Owen Hill-gardens, W.2. Padd. 4057.

THE MADRID,

SOUTH KENSINGTON (Frobisher 4907).

147, CROMWELL-ROAD, S.W.

A Beautiful and most attractive Private Residential noted for its excellent table and cuisine; 100 rooms, luxurious public rooms, comfortable bed rooms, gas fires, constant hot water, &c. Inclusive terms from 3gns.

VICTORIA.

A Beautifully decorated old-world ROOM; beam roof, antique furniture, lixed basin concealed; other private rooms; constant hot water; moderate terms, including baths, breakfast.—108, Cambridge-street, Warwick-square, Sloane Square, Victoria Station. (Opposite St. Gabriel's.)

A Beautifully FURNISHED FLATLETTE from 42s., including breakfast, hot and cold water, gas fires, light, baths, and attendance; public lounge and dining room.—25, Stanhope-gardens, S. Kensington. Kens. 9284.

A Beautifully appointed RESIDENTIAL CLUB offers unequalled facilities for BOARD-RESIDENCE; hard court tennis, squash, and dancing; cleanliness and good catering; attractive bed, rooms fitted wonderfully and cold running water. Terms extremely moderate. Omnibuses pass the grounds and Tubes to all parts.—Apply Manager, West Side Club, Eaton-rise, Ealing, W.5.

A Bright refined HOME in lady's private house; every comfort; beautiful garden; nursing if required.—Miss Hawkins, 5, Ascott-avenue, Ealing. 'Phone 5618.

GRANVILLE COURT.

A Charming Establishment most centrally situated in Granville Square, between Oxford-street and Fortman-square; excellent accommodation at 5 and 5½ gns. en pension; there is no more attractive residential proposition in London. Tele.: Mayfair 3503 and 6920.

LANCASTER-GATE.

A Charming Unfurnished BALCONY SUITE with private bath room, constant hot water, and complete service, £3 10s. weekly.—Padd. 6694.

53, PRINCES-SQUARE, W.2.

A Comfortable PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL, near Hyde Park; central heating; excellent French cuisine; 2½gns.

MAIDA VALE, W.9.

A Comfortable, good-class Residence; all modern conveniences; good table; large garden; tennis; close bus and Tube; moderate terms.—181, Sutherland-avenue.

KINGSWOOD HOUSE RESIDENTIAL, KINGSWOOD-ROAD Ravensbourne 4358.

SHORTLANDS, KENT.

Delightful COUNTRY HOME, visitors' comfort a primary consideration; adjacent station, 20min. Victoria; central heating; gas fires; garage; golf, billiards, bridge, riding; West End 45min.; 3 acres, quite exclusive, or 5gns. and £2 15s. without luncheon.—Write Box N.954, The Times, E.C.4.

A FIRST-FLOOR SELF-CONTAINED SERVICE SUITE with bath; also two single rooms; constant hot water, attendance, breakfast; central position. Sloane 6783.

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Before making arrangements elsewhere PLEASE INVESTIGATE.

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81 and 82, HOLLAND-PARK, W.11.

A HOME of COMFORT, good cuisine, and reliable attendance; hot and cold water in bed rooms, gas fires. Terms from three guineas per week; one minute Holland Park Tube Station.

'Phone PARK 0264.

A Luxuriously FURNISHED SITTING ROOM, TWO BED ROOMS (large), use of bath room, bath room and lovely garden; meals as required; perfectly appointed private house. 22, Cleveland-gardens, Hyde Park, W.2.

ARLINGTON COURT.

A Quiet, comfortable house; 50 bed rooms with running hot and cold water; gas fires; billiards; 2½gns. 27, Craven-hill-gardens, Lancaster-gate. Padd. 4163.

1, CLEVELAND-GARDENS,

HYDE PARK, W.2.

A BSOLUTELY up to date, with running hot and cold water, gas fires; quiet, comfortable, sunny rooms; highly recommended; personal supervision of cooking and service. Special terms from 4½gns. to 4gns. Padd. 2257.

GLOUCESTER HOUSE,

129-141, CROMWELL-ROAD, S.W.5.

A BSOLUTELY reliable for good cuisine and attendance; box-spring beds and inner sprung mattresses; gas fires; constant hot water; luxurious rooms, 4th floor. Terms from 2½gns. Frobisher 2770.

RIVIERA, 73, HOLLAND-PARK.

A BSOLUTELY BEST PART IN LONDON.—Most up-to-date (minute Tube, omnibuses all parts, eight minutes to West End) all bed rooms with hot and cold water, gas fires, box-springs, hair mattresses. First-floor rooms with private balcony. Cuisine is admirable. Private garden. From £3 5s. single, 6gns. double. Park 9173.

10, NORFOLK-SQUARE, W.2.

A BSOLUTELY up-to-date BED-SITTING ROOMS, beautifully furnished; fitted basins, hot and cold water, with breakfast, from 35s. Padd. 5661.

A DJACENT LANCASTER-GATE.—Charmingly Furnished Apartment; breakfast in private house; moderate.—Montague, 14, Devonshire-terrace, W.2. Padd. 2906.

AMERICAN ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Catering as desired. Moderate prices.

THE DORSET, 75, Linden-gardens, W.2. (Park 8057.

19, Queen's Gate-terrace, S.W.7. (Kens. 1075.)

136, Holland-road, W.14. (Park 9183.)

MARBLE ARCH.

AN unusually well appointed FRONT BED-SITTING ROOM, newly decorated; private bath room; personal supervision; meals as desired.—44, Seymour-street, W.1. Padd 4668.

HORNER GRANGE,

WEST-HILL, SYDENHAM. 'Phone 2701.

AN Ideal GUEST HOUSE, five miles London, one mile Dulwich. Lovely grounds. Tennis. Garages.

THE EXCELSIOR.

AN ideal position. Running hot and cold water day and night; gas fires; most comfortable lounge; really good liberal table. From £2 7s. 6d. full board.—1-2, Ladbroke-gardens, Notting Hill-gate. COM. 1.

FROM £50 PER ANNUM

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ATTRACTIVE ROOMS (not the usual bed-sitting rooms); constant hot water, divan beds, gas fires and gillets (breakfast optional); from 27s. 6d., 2½gns. double. 5min. Victoria Station.—53, Belgrave-road. Vic. 0377.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Single 27s., double (large) 42s., including service, hot water, electric light, and hot baths; fires (coal or gas); central heating.—8, Grenville-place, S.W.7 (Western 1250) (close to Gloucester-road Tube); and 14, Emperor's-gate (adjoining), Western 0266.

AT GOLDERS GREEN.—BED-SITTING ROOM for gentleman in quiet, well-ordered house; fairy garden at back; with breakfast and late dinner £2 inclusive.—975, Finchley-road, N.W.11. Speedwell 5351.

THE EMERALD. (Park 9363.)

AT 20 and 21, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Newly opened. Gas fires. From 2gns.

THE QUEENS.

AT 86-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned; supervised by ex-Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary from 50s. daily.

AT 29, OXFORD-TERRACE, HYDE PARK.—Well-furnished bed room and sitting room; piano, electric light, bath, gas fires, every convenience.

WHITE HOUSE CHAMBERS.

AT Randolph-crescent, Maida Vale, W.9.—20 well-furnished SUITES and BED-SITTING ROOMS; gas fires; en pension from £2 17s. 6d.; handsome lounge, restaurant, large grounds, eight TENNIS COURTS; bridge; five minutes' walk Lord's Cricket Ground, 3mins. Warwick-avenue Tube, 10mins. Piccadilly; bus service all parts.—Mrs. Holt. 'Phone, Abercorn 2182.

GROVE MANSIONS, LTD.

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THE NORFOLK.

AT KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—42 BED ROOMS and Suites; full board from 4½s. 6d. Two large first-floor double, with balconies, 5½gns.

AT 20, SEVERN-SQUARE.—Large DOUBLE BED-SITTING ROOM; sharing, 22s. 6d., inclusive breakfast, bath, light. Also singles.—Frobisher 2422.

CROYDON.

AT HILLCROFT, 21, PARK HILL-RISE, EAST CROYDON.—A beautiful country Mansion, with large grounds, tennis court, own produce; first-class chef; luxurious comfort, with constant cold water and gas fires in all bed rooms; individual requirements studied; inclusive terms. 'Phone, Croydon 2689.

27, INVERNESS-TERRACE, W.2.

AT SHIRLEYS.—Highly recommended. Personal supervision. From 2½gns. Park 6066.

AT SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Luxuriously FURNISHED ROOM, ground floor; running water, electric fire, griller, 45s. ANOTHER similar, 35s. Delightful house; every convenience. 14, late of Flat 9000.—30, Harcourt-terrace, Redcliffe-square. 30 bus to The Grove, Bottom.

AT 155, GLOUCESTER-TERRACE, W.2.—Comfortable BED-SITTING ROOMS, breakfast, superior residence, from 2gns. to 3½gns., reduction double. Padd. 1529.

BACHELORS' SITTING and BED ROOMS communicating, own bath room; moderate terms, including excellent service, valeting and cooking; meals as required in own rooms.—Apply 3867, Finchley-road, Hampstead.

BACHELOR ROOMS, Furnished; breakfast, baths, every comfort and convenience; 10 minutes Piccadilly; good address, overlooking gardens.—Flaxman 5458.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE (continued)

BACHELORS' SERVICE ROOMS or Suite; suit two or three; own bath room if desired; constant hot water.—27, Oxford-terrace, W.2. Padd. 0535.

BAKER-STREET.—Well-appointed BED-SITTING ROOMS for business or professional people; constant hot water.—24, Upper Gloucester-place. Padd. 6334.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished DRAWING ROOM and BED-ROOM adjoining in exclusive residential quarter; own 'phone; extra large entrance floor room available; meals served in own rooms as required.—Phone Kensington 5743.

MARBLE ARCH.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SINGLE and DOUBLE ROOMS in attractive house; fitted running water and gas fires; with breakfast and service, from 2½gns.; 'phone, meals by arrangement; run on most up-to-date lines.—53, Seymour-street, W.1.

BED-SITTING ROOMS to be LET with Breakfast from 32s. 6d. per week, other meals arranged.—3, Devonshire-terrace, Lancaster-gate, W.2. Padd. 8803.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, all fitted hot and cold water, electric light, gas fires; breakfast, bath, attendance; from 35s.; double, 3½gns.; dinners optional.—101 2-3, Oakley-street, Chelsea. Flax. 6435.

BED-SITTING ROOM at SOUTH KENSINGTON, 25s.; up to date; ladies only.—22, Clareville-grove, S.W.7. 'Phone, 1358 Kens.

VICTORIA.

BED-SITTING ROOMS three minutes Station; breakfast and attendance, every convenience; moderate.—61, Warwick-street, Belgrave-road, S.W.1. Victoria 6215.

BROMLEY, KENT.

CRANFORD PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL.

Twenty minutes Victoria, Charing Cross; comfortable, good catering; personal supervision. From 2½gns. 'Phone, Ravensbourne 0273.

BROMLEY, KENT.—"RAVENSCROFT." 16th-CENTURY GUEST HOUSE, 2min. station, 20min. London; tennis, billiards; extensive grounds. 'Phone Ravensbourne 3040 for illustrated tariff.

CAMPDEN HILL, W.8.—2, Observatory-gardens, SERVICE ROOMS. Vacant now. Delightful suite. Open view. Meals if wanted. Western 2350.

CHARMING CAMPDEN HILL.—Excellent Furnished Rooms (double and single), with breakfast and bath, from 35s. per week.—10, Observatory-gardens, W.8.

CLEAN, quiet BED-SITTING ROOM; gas fire; constant hot water; moderate and well recommended; minute S. Kensington Station.—7, Manson-place, S.W.7.

KEW GARDENS.

CUMBERLAND HOUSE, facing Gardens, near Cumberland Gates; running water; slot fires. From 2½gns. inclusive tariff.

DOCTOR'S WIDOW offers comfortable HOME partial board; 2-3 rooms; large lounge, nice food; morning done; close Earl's Court, S. Kensington buses.—26, Harcourt-terrace, S.W.10. Flax. 1770.

THE KENSINGTON.

DOUBLE ROOMS fitted hot, cold water; 5-7gns., single 3gns.; 12s. 6d. daily; no extras; expert chef.—117-9, Queen's-gate, S.W.7 (Kens. 2008). New management.

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PARK HILL HOUSE, STANHOPE-ROAD.—Delightful, quiet, comfortably furnished; shady lawns, tennis, bowls; home produce; 15 minutes London; modern comforts; moderate. 'Phone, Croydon 0657.

EVERY year finds an increasing number of women of advanced thought giving up the responsibility of housekeeping and beginning to live to and come at will. These are always glad to know of houses where they can find congenial company and be sure of the essentials of refined living.

LADIES' NATIONAL CLUBS

(60 branches) are just such houses. Western 6427 Offices, 11, Cromwell-road, S.W.7. (Stamp.)

EXCEPTIONALLY LOVELY UNFURNISHED TOP-FLOOR SUITE; five sunny rooms; £130. Also two-roomed Suite, Housekeeper cooks own food. Real bargain.—33, Trebovir-road, S.W.5. Frob. 3262.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

EXCLUSIVE BACHELOR ROOMS, bath, service, valeting, from 21s.; gas fires; sunny south rooms; minute stations.—11, Queensberry-place, Western 4596.

FEW GUESTS RECEIVED. English family; nice house and garden; Hampstead; near Tube and tennis; young people.—Write Box 8.1200, The Times, E.C.4.

77, HOLLAND-PARK, W.11.

FIRST-CLASS Residence and address; one minute Tube and buses; Flatlets beautifully furnished; ladies only; suit students or professional women catering for themselves; fitted basins (hot and cold); shared beds; cookers, gas fires, central heating; hot-water service and bath inclusive; 28s. to 32ns. Park 9343.

ORMOND CHAMBERS,

14, NOTTINGHAM-PLACE, W.1.

FURNISHED SUITES and BED-SITTING ROOMS; superior service and cooking; near Baker-street station. Welbeck 5585. Bed room and breakfast from 35s. weekly. Bed room, sitting room and bath, 4½ 6s.

GENTLEFOLK.—FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED ROOMS; food and service optional; Queen's Gate. Kelvin 8848.—Box 842, Harrods' Advertising Agency, S.W.1.

GENTLEWOMAN has few well FURNISHED ROOMS to LET in her private house, overlooking gardens and tennis court. Terms moderate.—Park 1472.

HAMPSTEAD.—Quiet, fresh ROOMS, newly decorated and comfortably furnished; gas fires and rings; board as required; separate tables, excellent food; comfortable home for business and professional people; 20 minutes City, 15 minutes Piccadilly, four minutes Finchley-road Met. Station.—61, Greencroft-gardens. Hampstead. Mansfield 3284. Maida Vale 3704.

HAMPSTEAD, minute Finchley-road Met.—Superior BED ROOMS in English family home; partial or full board.—57, Broadhurst-gardens (Maida Vale 2624).

HAMPSTEAD (best part).—Attractively FURNISHED, large gardens; one minute train, bus, 20 minutes City, West End.—32, Netherhall-gardens. Hampstead 8744.

HAMPSTEAD.—Charmingly Furnished Bed-Sitting Rooms in delightfully situated house, every convenience, one min. Tube. Board optional.—93, Fitzjohn's-avenue.

HAMPSTEAD.—ACCOMMODATION available in private guest house; large double and single room; newly decorated; excellent cooking; garden; tennis; moderate terms. Inclusive.—Hampstead 2988.—Mrs. Newman, 24, Belsize-crescent, Hampstead.

HAREWOOD CHAMBERS,

74-80, GOWER-STREET, W.C.1.

JUST OPENED.

Newly decorated and furnished, distinguished ROOMS, running hot and cold water, 'phones. Meal and a theatre or temporary residence for ladies or gentlemen. Rooms and breakfast from 4gns. per week. Room, breakfast, dinner from 5gns. per week. Bed, breakfast and bath 7s. 6d. Delightful restaurant and lounge. Museum 2941.

HYDE PARK, W.2.

38, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE.

Just opened. Modernised Corner Residence facing South and West. Up-to-date bed-sitting rooms, each with private bath rooms adjoining. Exceptionally well furnished and decorated. Running hot and cold water in all rooms; Continental beds. Compactone 'phone on floors. Single from 35s., including breakfast served in own room, bath, light, service. Inspection invited.

HYDE PARK.—FURNISHED APARTMENTS. Moderate.—4, Porchester-place, W.2. Padd. 8731.

HYDE PARK.—Exceptionally well FURNISHED SITTING ROOM, double BED ROOM, and kitchen, bath adjoining; electric gas. Also Bed-Sitting Room, 24, Cleveland-gardens (0487 Padd.), or 146, Gloucester-terrace. 'Phone, Padd. 8107.

61, OXFORD-TERRACE, W.2.

HYDE PARK.—Just opened, newly decorated BED-SITTING ROOMS, from 21s.; breakfast optional; gas fires, geyser bath. Padd. 9785.

HYDE PARK.—Well-appointed SINGLE and DOUBLE BED-SITTING ROOMS, fitted running hot and cold water and gas fires; terms moderate, including breakfast, baths, light.—58, Cambridge-terrace, W.2. 'Phone, Padd. 4299.

IDEAL BED-SITTING ROOMS, near Marble Arch; running hot water; portable reading lamps; breakfast, valeting. Padd. 4223.—16, Southwick-street, W.2.

INEXPENSIVE WEST-END RESIDENCE for quiet people. Bed-sitting rooms, with breakfast, from 2gns. Electric light, gas fires.—13, Radnor-place, W.2. Pad.2015.

QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

JUST OPENED, LUXURIOUS SUITES from 4½gns. BED-SITTING ROOMS with breakfast from 2gns.; running hot and cold water in every room. Close District and Tube.—32, Elvaston-place. Western 6051.

KENSINGTON TUBE, near.—Newly FURNISHED ROOM, breakfast, electric light, geyser, 25s.; inclusive; dinners and car by arrangement.—Phone Park 0750.

95, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.

KENYA PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL.—Small comfortable establishment; ideal position; good catering; personal supervision; 3-5gns. each. Kens. 8137.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE.—A perfectly equipped and beautiful First-Floor SUITE facing Gardens; also Bed-Sitting Room, use of bath, Tube, and Oratory.—Kens. 8754.

LADIES' FURNISHED CHAMBERS; off Queen's-gate; comfortable and attractive; service of private cooking facilities, but meals served in rooms as desired; constant hot water; central heating; from 25s.; double from 42s.—24, Thurloe-place. 'Phone, Kens. 3602.

LADIES' RESIDENTIAL CLUB, newly opened.—Attractively FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS, every convenience; central heating; from 25s. to 35s.; also Unfurnished; breakfast and other light meals.—15, Holland-park, W.11. Park 1524.

LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.—Two minutes Tube and Paddington.—RESIDENTIAL SERVICE SUITES and CHAMBERS. Well appointed. Newly furnished and decorated. Constant hot water. All meals available. Excellent cooking and valeting. Ring Paddington 7797.

LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.—Two minutes Tube and Paddington.—RESIDENTIAL SERVICE SUITES and CHAMBERS. Well appointed. Newly furnished and decorated. Constant hot water. All meals available. Excellent cooking and valeting. Ring Paddington 7797.

10, SUSSEX-GARDENS, W.2.

LARGE well FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE flat; running hot and cold water, bath, phone, gas fires, rings, meals optional. Padd. 5655. Also 72, Queensborough-terrace, W.2. Park 1652.

LARGE FRONT DIVAN BED-SITTING ROOM; gas fire; meals optional; constant hot water.—Oxford-terrace. Padd. 9118.

HAMPSTEAD.

LINDORES.—Delightful spacious rooms; good cuisine; partial board.—25, Belsize-park. (Primrose 2919.)

MAIDA VALE.—FURNISHED SERVICE SUITES and FLATS from 2½gns. to 4gns.; also rooms; restaurant.—Apply Lauderdale Residential Club, 138, Lauderdale-mansions. Tele.: Abercorn 2360.

MARBLE ARCH.

MINUTE HYDE PARK.

BACHELOR BED-SITTING ROOMS in attractive house; redecorated and furnished; bath rooms each floor; telephone; from 2gns. to 3gns., with breakfast and service.—53, Upper Berkeley-street, Portman-square, W.1.

MARBLE ARCH five minutes.—Small PRIVATE RESIDENT

LEGAL NOTICES (continued)

JOHN POTBURY CRIDLAND deceased. Pursuant to Section 27 of the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all persons having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of JOHN POTBURY CRIDLAND late of Vyvyan Place, Topsham, Devon, who died on the 26th March 1930, and whose will was proved at Exeter on the 12th of May 1930 are required to send particulars to the undersigned, before the 10th August 1930, after which date the Estate will be distributed, having regard only to the claims then received.
Dated the 2nd day of June 1930.
D.&W. & SON, 13, Bedford Circus, Exeter.
Solicitors to Samuel Mingo and John Potter Cridland, the Executors

MARGARET ELLEN BENNION, decd. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the ESTATE of MARGARET ELLEN BENNION late of the Cottage Manor Park Keswick in the County of Cumberland Widow deceased who died on the 27th day of January 1930 and to whose estate Probate of the Will was granted on the 21st day of March 1930 by the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice to Alfred Edmondson of Martins Bank Ltd. Keswick aforesaid the sole Executor are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims to us the undersigned on or before the 31st day of August 1930 after which date the assets of the said Testatrix will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto having regard to the claims of which notice shall have been received.
Dated this Fourth day of June 1930.
BROATCH & SON Keswick. Solicitors for the Executor.

MARY PLANE CHAMPION deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925, notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of MARY PLANE CHAMPION late of 54 Hayes Road Bromley in the County of Kent Spinster deceased (who died on the Second day of March 1930 and whose Will was proved by Walter Frederick Leslie Jones of 26 Bury Street in the City of London the Executor therein named on the First day of May 1930) in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice) are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the said Walter Frederick Leslie Jones or to the undersigned his Solicitors on or before the Ninth day of August 1930 and notice is hereby also given that after that day the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 4th day of June 1930.
GUSH & PHILLIPS. WALTERS & WILLIAMS.
5 Throgmorton Avenue, E.C.2. Solicitors for the Executor.

PHILIP BREDA VANDERBYL deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims against the estate of the late PHILIP BREDA VANDERBYL of 91 Albany Piccadilly London W.1. who died on the 20th March 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 19th May 1930 by Montrose Chote, Gladys Marion VanderByl and Alexander Robert Hamilton the Executors thereof are required to send particulars in writing of their claims to the undersigned the Solicitors for the said Executors on or before the 31st day of July 1930 after which date they will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.
Dated this 21st day of May 1930.
JANSON, COBB, PEARSON & Co., 22 College Hill, London, E.C.4.

RE the Estate of WILLIAM MOZART RUSSELL deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 section 27. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of WILLIAM MOZART RUSSELL late of Maadi near Cairo Egypt who died on the 15th day of February 1930 and whose Will with two Codicils was proved in His Britannic Majesty's Provincial Court for Egypt Cairo on the 22nd day of March 1930 by John Charles Sidley of Chatham House Cairo Egypt Chartered Accountant and Cyril William Fraser of 28 Sharia el Maghraby Cairo Egypt Barrister at law two of the executors named in the said Will a copy of which Probate was sealed with the seal of the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice in England on the 30th day of May 1930 are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the undersigned the Solicitors for the said executors on or before the 15th day of August 1930 after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which notice shall have been received.
Dated this Fourth day of June 1930.
WORDSWORTH MARR JOHNSON & SHAW 30 Lombard Street E.C.3. Solicitors to the said Executors.

RE ANNIE PARKER deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of ANNIE PARKER late of Bank House in the Parish of Grasmere in County of Cumberland Spinster deceased (who died on the 30th day of December 1929 and whose Will was proved by Thomas Dowker Shepherd, Edward Thomas Parker and Richard Pierce Butler, the Executors therein named on the 5th day of February 1930, in the Principal Probate Registry) are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of all their claims or demands to us, the undersigned Solicitors to the said Executors on or before the 15th day of August 1930 after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 3rd day of June 1930.
BLEAYMIRE & SHEPHERD 21, King Street, Penrith. Solicitors for the said Executors.

RE: ALFRED CHARLES SUFFIELD-JONES Deceased Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. All persons having any CLAIM against the ESTATE of ALFRED CHARLES SUFFIELD-JONES late of "Rosolven" 41 Bashley Road Alderley Edge Cheshire Manager Journalist who died on the 17th day of March 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry on the 22nd day of May 1930 by Lloyds Bank Limited the Sole Executor therein named are required to send their claims duly proved to the Trustee Department, Lloyds Bank Limited, 72 Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2, or to the undersigned on or before the 7th day of August 1930, after which date the Executor will proceed to distribute the said estate having regard only to the claims then notified.
Dated this 2nd day of June 1930.
W. G. DAVIDSON & Co. Bank Buildings, Acton, W.3. Solicitors for the said Executor.

RE CAPTAIN EDGAR UNWIN POYSER, deceased Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925 All persons having CLAIMS against the ESTATE of the late CAPTAIN EDGAR UNWIN POYSER late of Mowbray House, County of Exeter in the County of Devon, who died on the 30th day of December 1929 and whose Will was proved by Arthur Wellesley Peckham and Jack Haydon Hallow the Executors therein named on the 22nd day of May 1930 in the Principal Probate Registry are required to send particulars thereof in writing to the undersigned on or before the 7th day of August next, after which date the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.
Dated this 4th day of June 1930
WARTNABY & CHAPLIN 15 Lincolns Inn Fields, London, W.C.2. Solicitors for the said Executors

SHURLEYOUNG PRODUCTIONS Limited Pursuant to section 238 of the Companies Act 1929, notice is hereby given that a MEETING of CREDITORS of the above company will be held at the registered offices, 8, Henrietta Street, Strand, London W.C.2 at 12 noon on Saturday the 14th day of June 1930
Dated this 5th day of June 1930
B. W. DAVEY Secretary.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1929. D.C.G. CINEMAS Limited. Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 238 of the Companies Act, 1929, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of D.C.G. Cinemas Limited, will be held in Room 725a, Salisbury House, London Wall, London, E.C.2, on Thursday the 12th day of June, 1930, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose provided for in the said section.
Dated the 4th day of June, 1930.
A. D. COOPER, Secretary.
Registered Office:—845/850, Salisbury House, London Wall, London, E.C.2.

THE COMPANIES ACT, 1929 TRIPLE CAB COMPANY, Limited
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 238 of the Companies Act, 1929, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Lever Bros & Co., Chartered Accountants, Chiswell House, 133/139 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.2, on Thursday, the 12th day of June 1930 at 12 noon. Notice is hereby also given that, for the purpose of voting, secured Creditors are required (unless they surrender their security) to lodge at the Registered Office of the Company before the Meeting a Statement giving particulars of their security, the date when it was given, and the value at which it is assessed.
Dated this 3rd day of June 1930
N. ROSENTHAL. Secretary.

WILLIAM HENRY BICKNELL deceased. Late of 91 Tachbrook Road, Leamington. Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925. Notice is hereby given that all persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the ESTATE of the above deceased who died on the 15th day of March 1930 and whose Will was proved at Liverpool on the 15th day of May 1930 by the Public Trustee are required to send particulars in writing thereof to the undersigned the Solicitor for the Public Trustee in this matter on or before the 11th day of August 1930, after which date the assets of the Deceased will be distributed by the Public Trustee having regard only to the Claims which shall then have been notified.
Dated the 3rd day of June, 1930.
J. L. HAGGER, 42 Castle Street, Liverpool. Solicitor for the Public Trustee in this matter.

WILLIAM RAMSDALE BARDSLEY deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925. Notice is hereby given, that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of WILLIAM RAMSDALE BARDSLEY late of Caes do Sodre, 8, Lisbon, in Portugal, Merchant, deceased (who died on the 8th day of October, 1929, and whose Will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 8th day of November, 1929, by William Lourival Field Bardsley and Doris Alys Field Major-Lucas, the Executors therein named), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executors, on or before the 11th day of August, 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice.
Dated this 3rd day of June, 1930.
STONEHAM & SONS, 106a Cannon Street, London, E.C.4. Solicitors for the said Executors.

WALTER SAMUEL FORSTER, deceased Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925 (Section 27) Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of WALTER SAMUEL FORSTER, late of "Kintore," Broadway, Sandown in the Isle of Wight, and of Number 10 Imperial Arcade, Lodgate Circus, London, E.C.4, Printer and Publisher, trading as "E. Seale," who died on the 15th day of March 1930 and whose Will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Division of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 20th day of May 1930 by Barclays Bank Limited and Albert Edward Eley the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to the Trustee Department, Barclays Bank Limited, Number 37 King William Street, London, E.C.4, or to the undersigned, on or before the Fifteenth day of August 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands then notified, and will not be liable for the assets of the deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 4th day of June 1930.
GUNNER WILSON & JEROME Sandown, Isle of Wight. Solicitors for the said Executors.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

Unique opportunity for builders and speculators.
LARGE RIVERSIDE ESTATE for Sale as a whole or in plots, including 18LAND. Very attractive spot. High ground.—Apply JOHN ANDERSON, Estate Agent, 25, Clarence-street, Staines. Tele. 614.

Law Report, June 5

SUMMARY OF CASES

A Divisional Court—Mr. Justice Talbot and Mr. Justice Finlay, Mr. Justice Avory dissenting—held that on the true construction of the definition of "retail shop" in the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928, the words "premises of a similar character" meant premises which have the physical characteristics of and would ordinarily be called a shop. The fact that such premises are only used for repair work will not prevent them being a retail shop: on the other hand, the fact that retail repair work is done in a factory or workshop not of a similar character to a retail shop will not make the premises a retail shop within the definition. (REVENUE OFFICER, BARNSLEY v. EYRE BROS., LIMITED.)

Mr. Justice Wright gave judgment for the plaintiffs in the action tried before him and a City of London special jury in which Lever Brothers, Limited, and the Niger Company, Limited, claimed from the former chairman and vice-chairman of the Niger Company, Limited, the return of £30,000 and £20,000 which the defendants received as compensation for loss of office when the Niger Company was amalgamated with the African and Eastern Trade Corporation. (LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED v. BELL AND ANOTHER.)

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
DERATING OF MOTOR REPAIR WORKS
REVENUE OFFICER, BARNSLEY v. EYRE BROS., LIMITED.
REVENUE OFFICER, MIDDLESBROUGH v. MIDDLESBROUGH ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE.

(*Before* MR. JUSTICE AVORY, MR. JUSTICE TALBOT, *and* MR. JUSTICE FINLAY).

The COURT delivered reserved judgments in these two derating appeals, which raised questions relating to motor garages and repair works and involved the consideration of the definition in the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928, of "retail shop"—namely:—

"Retail shop" includes any premises of a similar character where retail trade or business (including repair work) is carried on.

In the first case the appeal of the occupiers was allowed; in the second case the appeal of the Revenue Officer was dismissed, Mr. Justice Avory dissenting in each case.

1. The first case was an appeal by Eyre Bros., Ltd., from the decision of Quarter Sessions for the West Riding of York.

2. Eyre Bros., Ltd., were a limited liability company with a registered office at 6, Eldon-street, Barnsley, and carried on business as motor-car builders, motor-car repairers, hirers of private cars, dealers in petrol and motor-car accessories, and garage proprietors in various premises in Barnsley and, *inter alia*, were the occupiers of an hereditament known as The Garage, Market-hill, Barnsley. The respondent was the Revenue Officer for the Barnsley Assessment Area.

3. In the draft special list the material entries relating to the said hereditament were as follows:—

Occupier	Description		
Eyre Bros., Ltd.	Garage		
	Industrial		
Gross Value	N.A.V.	N.A.V.	R.V.
£157	£127	Nil	Nil.
	Non-Industrial		
	N.A.V.	R.V.	
	£127	£127	
	£127	£127	£52
	R.V. £127		

THE APPEAL TO QUARTER SESSIONS

5. The Revenue Officer appealed to Quarter Sessions on the grounds:—that the hereditament was not an industrial hereditament within the meaning of section 3 (1) of the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928, in that it was primarily occupied and used for purposes not those of a factory or workshop: and/or that it was not an industrial hereditament within the meaning of that section in that it was primarily occupied and used for one of the following purposes or for a combination of such purposes, that was to say:—the purposes of a retail shop, the purposes of a garage and/or retail repairs which were not the purposes of a factory or workshop.

6. The appeal was heard on October 28, 1929.

7. On the hearing of the appeal the following was proved by the Revenue Officer or admitted:—

(1) The hereditament consisted of a large shed used for the deposit and care of motor-cars, some of which were repaired and some garaged for varying periods on the hereditament; and it was also occupied and used for the sale of petrol and motor accessories.

(2) Within the premises were two rooms, one used as an office or store for spare parts and the other as a mess room for workmen, and adjacent to the entrance were two petrol pumps. (3) The premises had a door opening on to a private road immediately opposite to the rear of the premises No. 6, Eldon-street, occupied by the respondents as a central office and sales shop for motor accessories, and the directors of the firm and others constantly during business hours used that means of communication between the Market-hill premises and the Eldon-street premises.

(4) The Revenue Officer was not in a position to give any evidence or estimate of the relative extent of user of the Market-hill premises for industrial and non-industrial purposes or of the extent to which the premises were ancillary to the premises in Eldon-street. (5) The company had furnished the local assessment committee with full particulars of their trade in the respective departments at the hearing on July 29, 1929.

A SUBMISSION

8. At the close of the Revenue Officer's case it was submitted by counsel for the company that there was no case for the company to answer.

9. The Court of Quarter Sessions ruled that there was a case to answer.

10. It was then proved by the company or admitted:—

(1) That the Market-hill premises occupied a floor space of 590 square yards, of which about 520 square yards were used for the repair of cars and the storage of cars undergoing or awaiting repairs, and about 70 square yards for the storage of spare parts and accessories needed for repairs, a mess room for the workmen, and for the accommodation of two motor-spirit pumps.

(2) That the Market-hill premises had originally accommodated the whole of the company's undertaking, but that during the last 12 years other premises had been gradually acquired in different parts of the town and the business had been departmentalized. (3) That the Market-hill premises were the principal repair shop for privately owned motor-vehicles in the county borough and that the company were recognized repairers to the principal motor-insurance companies.

(4) That six adult workmen and two boys were continuously employed on motor-vehicle repair work on the premises and that the premises were registered as a workshop under the Factory and Workshops Acts. (5) That during the 11 months ended March 31, 1929, 2,278 separate repair jobs, varying in character from simple part repairs to rebuilding of an engine, were carried out on separate individual cars, and during the six months ended August 31, 1929, the number of such jobs amounted to 1,032. (6) That orders for a small proportion of the foregoing jobs were given at the Eldon-street premises. (7) That the company's estimate of the user of the Market-hill premises was over 90 per cent. for workshop purposes.

11. Quarter Sessions held that the hereditament was not an industrial hereditament within the meaning of section 3 (1) of the Rating and Valuation (Apportionment) Act, 1928, in that it was primarily occupied and used as a retail shop within the meaning of the Act and allowed the appeal of the Revenue Officer.

The question for the opinion of the Court was, *inter alia*, whether on the facts Quarter Sessions came to a correct determination and decision in point of law.

THE SECOND CASE

The second case was stated by the Recorder of Middlesbrough. The Assessment Committee for the Borough of Middlesbrough Assessment Area heard an objection by the appellant to the inclusion of an hereditament described as garage and repair depôt, White House Garage, Ormesby-road, Middlesbrough, in the draft special list as an industrial hereditament, and decided that the said hereditament should remain in the special list. The appellant appealed to Quarter Sessions for the county borough of Middlesbrough on the grounds that the hereditament was not an industrial hereditament within the meaning of section 3 (1) of the Act of 1928, in that it was primarily occupied and used for purposes not those of a factory or workshop; and/or that it was not an industrial hereditament within the meaning of section 3 (1) in that it was primarily occupied and used for one of the following purposes:—The purposes of storage, and/or the purposes of a retail shop, and/or the purposes of a garage which were not the purposes of a factory or workshop.

The Recorder dismissed the appeal.

It was proved or admitted that the occupier, William Henry Bailey, built the hereditament and equipped it for the purpose of carrying on business on his own account as a motor mechanic and general engineer and as a garage proprietor. The hereditament, which was a brick-built structure with concrete floor, was divided into two bays, 80ft. by 25ft. A small portion of one of the bays was set apart as a show-room, but was little used. The rest of the floor space of the said hereditament was utilized as follows:—

Office and car washing place 25ft. by 23ft.; workshop, 25ft. by 34ft. 6in., in which were installed two lathes, a drilling machine, charging plant with two transformers and a 7 h.p. electric motor driving the other machinery by means of electric power supplied by Middlesbrough Corporation; two inspection pits; space for cars while standing for repairs, 25ft. by 34ft. 6in.; space for garaging cars, including incoming and outgoing space, 25ft. by 46ft.

No cars were stocked for sale and if the occupier sold a car he obtained it from another distributor and shared the commission. During 1929 the occupier sold one car and one motor-cycle. He also occasionally had on the premises a second-hand car for sale on commission for a customer, or which he had taken in part payment for a new car. The average number of cars garaged nightly was five at 3s. 6d. a week, and the occupier had a motor-cab which he used for hire purposes.

Practically the whole of the occupier's time was devoted to repair work, principally to motor-cars, but also to some extent to motor-boats and agricultural tractors; and he also employed two mechanics to assist in the repair work. By far the greater proportion of the repair work was done on cars sent to the premises for the express purpose of being repaired. No person was employed specifically for selling purposes.

At the front of the hereditament were windows in which small accessories were exposed for sale, and outside the premises were three petrol pumps for the retail supply of petrol. Sales of such accessories and petrol took place daily. Much of the larger part of the premises was devoted to repair work, which yielded the larger part of the income of the business carried on. The hereditament was a factory or workshop within the meaning of, and was registered under, the Factory and Workshop Acts, 1901-1920.

The Recorder held that the hereditament was an industrial hereditament, and he dismissed the appeal with costs. He stated that he decided the case entirely on its own facts and did not purport or intend to decide that all garages where repairs and retail selling were done as well as the garaging of cars were industrial hereditaments.

The question for the Court was whether it was open to him to find as aforesaid, and if not what should be done in the premises.

The Attorney-General (Sir William Jowitt, K.C.), Mr. Wilfrid Lewis, and Mr. Colin H. Pearson appeared for the Revenue Officer in each case; Mr. Willoughby Jardine, K.C., and Mr. Donald for the respondent occupiers in the first case; Mr. Walter Hedley, K.C., and Mr. C. Paley Scott for the occupiers in the second case.

JUDGMENT

MR. JUSTICE TALBOT read the following judgment of MR. JUSTICE FINLAY:—The real point in the first case was whether the hereditament in question was primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop. His Lordship referred to the definition of "retail shop," and said that the form of the case was inconvenient. It was clear that the facts in paragraph 10 (1) were inconsistent with the facts in paragraph 7 (1), and the case would probably have had to be sent back if Mr. Lewis had not, with his usual fairness, admitted that the facts in paragraph 10 (1) must be taken as substantially accurate.

His Lordship then described the hereditament and referred to the "shop, showroom, and office" of the respondents close by. He thought that, admitting the properties to be contiguous within the meaning of section 3 (3) of the Act, the respondents were right in saying that they were not used as parts of a single factory or workshop.

The main question on which, in his view, the case fell to be decided was whether the hereditaments should be excluded from the special list on the ground that it was primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop. Regard must, of course, be had to the special words of inclusion at the end of the section, but the first matter to be considered was whether the premises were, in the ordinary sense of the words, a retail shop. Retail trade meant, speaking generally, buying and selling in small quantities. A retail shop was a shop where such trade was carried on. Exceptional cases might be put, but in the overwhelming majority of cases there were, he thought, certain physical characteristics of shops distinguishing them on the one hand from houses and on the other from such places as factories and warehouses. No one mark was decisive, but by way of illustration he might refer to the window and the counter.

THE QUALIFYING WORDS

Coming to the construction of the words at the end of the section, he was of opinion that "premises of a similar character" meant premises resembling a shop in physical attributes. A thing which was not a shop and which no ordinary person would describe as a shop was not made a shop for the purpose of this Act. There remained the difficult words "including repair work." Repair work was being included in "retail trade or business," and difficult as it might be to find any definition of "retail repair work," the key to the meaning was, he thought, to be found in the fact that such repairs only as reasonably fell to be included in retail trade and as were likely to be performed in a retail shop were included. For example, a ship-repairing yard was not a retail shop, for two distinct reasons: (1) because it was not a shop or "premises of a similar character"; (2) because the sort of repairs there done were not the sort that would be done in a retail shop. In his view the words "including repair work" on their proper construction dealt with an entirely different class of case. They were introduced to make the position clear with regard to such places as cobblers' shops, in some of which nothing but repairs were done, but which would, in ordinary language, be considered shops. The intention of the Legislature was to ensure that they should not be brought within the Act.

He found support for that view in the judgments of Lord Sands in Avery's Case ([1930] S.L.T., 212) and of Lord Sands and Lord Fleming in Caplen's Case ([1930] S.L.T., 216). More important, because binding on the Court, was the decision in the case of Ideal Cleaners and Dyers, Limited (46 *The Times* L.R., 371). That case did not, he thought, decide anything inconsistent with the view which he was now taking. He thought it clear (though another possible ground of decision was indicated in the judgment of the Lord Chief Justice) that that case established the proposition that a place might be a retail shop though nothing but repairs were done in the shop and there was no retail selling. But it was not the result of that decision that every place where repairs were carried on was therefore a retail shop. A place "possessing all the marks of a retail shop" (in the words of the Lord Chief Justice) did not cease to be a retail shop because the only work done was repairs. But a place not possessing the marks of a retail shop did not become a retail shop because repairs were there carried on.

It did not follow that all garages must be derated. Each case must be judged on its own facts. A conclusion that the ordinary garage was not entitled to the benefits of derating because primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop would be in no way inconsistent with the opinion which he had formed in this case. On the whole, while he thought the case one of considerable difficulty, he had arrived at the conclusion that the facts stated did not afford any evidence justifying the decision of Quarter Sessions, and that that Court was wrong in reversing the decision of the assessment committee, which ought to be restored. The appeal would be allowed.

In the second case he had arrived at the conclusion, not without doubt, that it could not be said that the Recorder was wrong in law. On the facts stated it was essentially a question of degree whether the primary use and occupation was for repair or for retail sale, and it was open to the Recorder to find as he did on that point. For reasons explained in the first case, the Recorder was not bound in law to hold that the use and occupation for repair was use and occupation for the purposes of a retail shop. He thought, therefore, that the appeal should be dismissed.

MR. JUSTICE TALBOT also delivered his own judgment in favour of allowing the first and dismissing the second appeal.

THE DISSENTING JUDGMENT

MR. JUSTICE AVORY said that, after full consideration of the judgments delivered by the other members of the Court, he was unable to concur in them. In the first case he assumed for the purposes of his judgment that the facts were as stated in paragraph 10 (1) of the case and that parts and accessories of motor-vehicles and petrol were sold only to persons bringing vehicles for repair. Except that the garage might be larger than many others, he was unable to distinguish it from the ordinary garage where running and other repairs were done. The object of the Act of 1928 being to relieve productive industry from the burden of local rates, he could not believe that it was the intention of the Legislature to relieve the occupier of an hereditament such as this from that burden.

The Court of Quarter Sessions being judges both of law and fact, had held that the premises were primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop. He thought that there was evidence on which they could so find, and that it could not be said that they were wrong in law in so finding. In view of the definition of a shop in the Shops Act, 1912, as "any premises on which retail trade or business is carried on," he did not think it essential that the premises should resemble a shop in physical attributes, such as a shop window and counter. Having regard to the case of Ideal Cleaners and Dyers, Limited (*supra*), it was not essential that there should be the ordinary buying and selling on the premises. In those circumstances it was unnecessary to discuss the meaning of the words "of a similar character." The definition clause was designed to enlarge, not to narrow, the ordinary notion of a retail shop, and in his opinion the words were not limited to the physical appearance of the premises.

In his opinion the business on those premises was a retail as distinguished from a wholesale business in repair work, and, therefore, the hereditament, though a factory or workshop, could properly be held in law to be primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop. He thought that this appeal should be dismissed.

In the second case he was of opinion that the facts clearly established that the premises were primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a retail shop. It was an *a fortiori* case in some respects, and he thought that there was no evidence on which the Recorder could find that the hereditament was primarily occupied and used for the purposes of a factory or workshop, and the appeal, in his view, should be allowed.

Solicitors.—The Treasury Solicitor; Messrs. Corbin, Greener and Cook, for Messrs. Smith and Ibberson, Barnsley; Messrs. Cunliffes, Blake and Mossman, for Messrs. Meek, Stubbs and Barnley, Middlesbrough.

*** The judgments will appear in full in *The Times* Law Reports.

CHANCERY DIVISION
DOCTORS' PARTNERSHIP DISPUTE
LEAVEY v. O'FLAHERTY

(*Before* MR. JUSTICE BENNETT)

The hearing was continued of the action by Dr. Timothy Joseph Killard-Leavey, of Palmer House, Torrington, Devon, against Dr. Austin Romuald O'Flaherty, of Castle House, Torrington, with whom he had entered into partnership at Torrington in 1926, for a declaration that a notice given to him by the defendant determining the partnership was void and an injunction restraining the defendant from excluding him from the partnership premises at Castle House.

The defendant counterclaimed for a declaration that the notice was valid and that the partnership was thereby dissolved on the date thereof.

A dissolution of the partnership by the Court was now sought by both parties.

Mr. J. E. Singleton, K.C., and Mr. G. A. Rink appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Rayner Goddard, K.C., and Mr. R. H. Hodge for the defendant.

Mrs. O'Flaherty, the wife of the defendant, examined by Mr. GODDARD, said that, on the occasion of the illness of the farmer's daughter in November, 1929, her husband came back at about 10 p.m. She gave the message to her husband to go to the farm. She did not see Mrs. Fairchild, but the message was given to her (the witness) at 8.15 p.m. by the maid when she brought in the coffee after dinner.

Counsel addressed the Court on behalf of their clients, and the hearing was adjourned.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Blount, Lynch, Petre, and Colley; Messrs. Edell and Co.

STAY OF A WINDING-UP ORDER MADE ABSOLUTE
IN RE INTERNATIONAL TALKING SCREEN PRODUCTIONS, LIMITED

(*Before* MR. JUSTICE EVE)

His LORDSHIP granted this application to stay the order for the compulsory winding-up of International Talking Screen Productions, Limited, which again came before him.

Mr. J. B. LINDON, for Mr. G. W. Pearson, the managing director of the company, and unsecured creditors for £19,675, who desired to stay the winding-up, read an affidavit by Mr. Pearson to the effect that at an extraordinary general meeting of the company held on Monday a voluntary winding-up had been proposed and the resolutions had been passed by the requisite majorities.

At a meeting of creditors of International Talking Screen Productions, Limited, there were present creditors for £40,575 out of a total indebtedness of £59,501, the largest creditors being Mr. D. C. Leiper and Mr. W. R. Johnson, who claimed jointly £16,025 owing to them for unpaid purchase money. The creditors' meeting nominated a liquidator of the company, and appointed a committee of inspection to assist him. The only Debenture issued by the company was one for £30,000 in favour of holders of notes accepted by the company, and Mr. Pearson believed that that Debenture was now invalid.

MR. JUSTICE EVE said that, as the company was now in voluntary liquidation, he would make the stay of the order for compulsory winding-up absolute.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Romer, Skan and Brashier.

"THE TIMES" LAW REPORTS

Among the cases reported in the issue of *The Times* Law Reports published to-day (Friday), June 6, price 1s., are:—Bournemouth-Swanage Motor Road and Ferry Company v. Harvey and Sons (Right of ferry); Nachimson v. Nachimson (Soviet law of marriage); Hastings v. Walsingham Rural District Revenue Officer (Derating); Wimbledon Revenue Officer v. Surrey North-Eastern Assessment Committee (Derating); Wilsons and Clyde Coal Company v. Flynn (Workmen's compensation).

The reports of cases which appear under the heading of "Law Report" are prepared by members of the Bar and are accordingly accepted as authoritative by the Judges.

CHINESE SEAMAN'S ARMOURY

At the Thames Police Court yesterday NG FONG, a Chinese donkeyman on board the s.s. Benvrakie, lying in the West India Dock, was charged with concealing on the vessel four pistols and 400 rounds of ammunition with the intention of evading the prohibition of the importation of such goods into this country. He was also charged with the possession of the goods without having a certificate from the police. Mr. Woffenden prosecuted for the Customs and Excise authorities. It was stated that the ship came from Antwerp. The pistols were disclosed in a coal bunker, wrapped up in sailcloth with the ammunition. In Court Fong said that he was taking the articles home to China to protect his home from robbers from whom he had suffered. He was fined £10, with the alternative in default of two months' imprisonment.

DECREASE IN POOR LAW RELIEF

The average number of persons in receipt of Poor Law Relief in March was 858,100—a net decrease, as compared with February, of 10,600, which is made up of a decrease of 14,800 in the number relieved mainly on account of unemployment and an increase of 4,200 in the number relieved on account of other causes. Those in receipt of indoor relief on a day in March numbered 223,900—a decrease of 2,100 as compared with the previous month.

TWO DECREES MADE ABSOLUTE

In the Divorce Court yesterday MR. JUSTICE HILL made absolute the decrees *nisi* in the following causes:—Hawkins, F. v. Hawkins, H.; Fry v. Fry and Cox.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
THE CLAIM AGAINST FORMER OFFICERS OF THE NIGER COMPANY
LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED v. BELL AND ANOTHER

(*Before* MR. JUSTICE WRIGHT)

His LORDSHIP gave his reserved judgment in the action in which Lever Brothers, Limited, of Port Sunlight, Cheshire, and the Niger Company, Limited, of Union House, London, E.C.1, claimed against Mr. Ernest Hyslop Bell, of the Granby Hotel, Harrogate, Yorkshire, and Mr. Walter Edward Snelling, of St. Ronans, Putney Heath, London, formerly chairman and vice-chairman respectively of the Niger Company, Limited, damages for alleged fraudulent misrepresentation, breach of duty, and breach of contract in respect of their employment by entering into cocoa transactions on their own behalf. The plaintiffs further claimed the return of £30,000 and £20,000 paid, under agreements entered into in March, 1929, to Mr. Bell and Mr. Snelling respectively as compensation when their services were no longer necessary owing to the amalgamation of the African and Eastern Trade Corporation and the Niger Company, Limited.

The defendants denied the allegations except in so far as they admitted that they made a profit of £1,360 in respect of four specific transactions in cocoa which, they said, were entered into on their own behalf.

The jury found that there had been no misrepresentation or concealment; no appropriation of contracts or of money. They found that the defendants' admitted dealings would have justified their dismissal, and would have led to their dismissal. The jury also found that when Lever Brothers entered into the agreements of March, 1929, they did not know of the actings of the defendants with regard to the four admitted transactions, and that, if they had done so, they would not have made those agreements. They further found that at interviews before the agreements were made the defendants did not have in mind their actings in respect of the four transactions. They awarded the plaintiffs £1,360 in respect of the profit made by the defendants, and £5 nominal damages.

After legal argument on those findings his LORDSHIP reserved judgment, and to-day held that the plaintiffs were entitled to the two sums claimed, and to the £1,360 and the £5.

Mr. Stuart Bevan, K.C., Mr. Clement Davies, K.C., and Mr. Wilfrid Lewis appeared for the plaintiffs; Mr. D. N. Pritt, K.C., and Mr. Philip Vos for the defendants. Mr. Cyril Salmon held a watching brief for interested parties.

JUDGMENT

MR. JUSTICE WRIGHT, in giving judgment, said that there was reserved to the Court the decision whether Lever Brothers were entitled to recover from Mr. Bell £30,000 and the amount of certain premiums, and from Mr. Snelling £20,000, on the ground that the respective agreements under which those sums were paid were entered into under such mutual mistake of fact as to render them not binding, so that the sums so paid were recoverable as paid without consideration.

In November and December, 1927, the two defendants had entered into certain dealings in cocoa on their own account. Those dealings were very carefully kept secret from the Niger Company, and were only disclosed by the defendants on or about July 2, 1929, when, owing to other circumstances, the plaintiffs were put on inquiry. The defendants admitted that they were liable to account for the profits of the private dealings in cocoa, but they denied that they could be made to repay the moneys which they had received under the cancellation agreements of March, 1929 [under which their suspension was paid].

The question to be determined was whether those agreements should be set aside or declared not binding on the ground of mistake. The terms of Mr. Bell's contract presented correctly what the parties intended to agree, and no question of rectification arose. The mistake here invoked was of the type described as being of the substance, or fundamental basis. However described, what was meant was some mistake or misapprehension as to some facts which, by the common intention of the parties, whether expressed or more generally implied, constituted the underlying assumption without which the parties would not have made the contract they did.

The payment to Mr. Bell was such a bargain as was intended to be a purchase by Lever Brothers, for a consideration, of the rights which Mr. Bell was assumed to have against them under the service agreement of July 1, 1926, under which Mr. Bell was appointed chairman of the Niger Company at a salary of £8,000 a year. The bargain embodied in the cancellation agreement could not have stood if and when the facts were ascertained Lever Brothers had claimed to rescind. The existence of the service agreement must, on those principles, be held to have been the substance, or basis, or implied condition of the agreement to pay the compensation, since, if there were no employment, Mr. Bell would be giving up no rights in return for the money, and Lever Brothers would be paying for nothing.

THE DIFFICULTY IN THE CASE

The difficulty which arose on the facts of the present case was that the jury had found that the conduct of the defendants was such as to entitle Lever Brothers to terminate the service contract without compensation. The jury further found that, had Lever Brothers known of that conduct, they would have at once elected to dismiss the defendants, and would not have entered into the cancellation agreement or agreed to pay compensation.

As the findings stood, he thought that it must be held that the sole idea in the minds of Lever Brothers in making the agreement for compensation was the belief, erroneous as it proved, that they were under a legal obligation towards Mr. Bell which they could not end against his will, but from which they could only release themselves on terms of compensating him. It was only their ignorance of the facts which prevented them from simply treating the service agreement as at an end, as they were entitled to do and would have done if they had known the truth.

In his judgment, the mistake or misapprehension was as to the substance of the whole consideration and went to the root of the matter. From the standpoint of Mr. Bell, the existence of a definitely binding contract of employment giving him rights which could only be compromised by compensation was in the same way the root and basis of the cancellation agreement. He (his LORDSHIP) was satisfied, from the evidence, that Mr. Bell's mind was rather dwelling on his services than on any breach of duty.

In his judgment there was a total failure of consideration such as to v

Sporting News

RACING

EPSOM SUMMER MEETING

PLANTAGO'S VICTORY

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The Epsom Summer Meeting was continued yesterday afternoon in summer weather. There was a much smaller crowd than on Wednesday, and the Downs bore evidence of the appalling untidiness of the visitors on Derby Day, for there was paper and litter everywhere. If it had not been for the bright summer sunshine and the beauty of the surroundings the Downs would have been a most unpleasant sight.

The most important event on yesterday's programme was the race for the Coronation Cup, run over the Derby Course. A year ago this race was won by the American colt Reigh Count, who appeared to interfere during the race with both Plantago and Athford, but especially with the former. Both Athford and Plantago were in yesterday's field, other starters being Haste Away, Empire Builder, Jugo, and the French horse Palais Royal II. The pace for the early stages of the race seemed to be slow, and it was not until the field, headed by Empire Builder and Palais Royal II. were half-way down the hill into the Straight that the race became a gallop. At that moment Plantago and Athford were last, several lengths behind the leaders. Each moved up on the outside in the Straight, with Plantago always going the better of the two. Two furlongs from the finish Palais Royal II. had overcome Empire Builder, but he was at once challenged by Plantago, who, admirably ridden by Ray, quickly established his superiority and won cleverly, with Athford third. Palais Royal II. ran well to take second place, and although he may not seem well handicapped in the Royal Hunt Cup he is still a good horse and will probably win a good handicap before the season in this country is concluded. Although the pace in this race seemed slow, the time taken to cover the Derby course was only 2sec. slower than the time taken on the previous afternoon by Blenheim. The pace at which the early stages of the race was run was no good to Jugo or Haste Away, so that for future guidance the race is best forgotten. Athford is clearly not so good as he was a year ago. Plantago's success makes some compensation to his owner for his defeat a year ago, when the winner should most certainly have been disqualified by the Stewards without any objection from the owner of the second.

The Stewards yesterday had to deal with an inquiry after the first race on the programme, the Horton Selling Plate, which was won by an outsider, The Urchin, by a narrow margin from the very well backed Hard Rock, with Heath Lodge third. From an early stage of the race it was evident that the result was between the first and second. Hard Rock was drawn No. 1 on the rails, The Urchin No. 19. Yet at the bottom of the hill The Urchin was quite close to the rails, and very soon afterwards went very near to Hard Rock, who was on the rails. I understand that the rider of The Urchin is quite certain that he did not touch Hard Rock, although from my place on the top of the stands I was quite prepared for the objection which was lodged so soon as the riders had dismounted. The Stewards held a long inquiry into the objection, and in the end overruled it. It is possible that the winner never touched the second, but at the same time he did not keep a straight course, as he should have done according to the instruction of the Jockey Club. This instruction is so continually disregarded that the Stewards of the Jockey Club should either withdraw it or enforce it. They did not enforce it yesterday afternoon. Sir Robert Wilmot, who has only a few horses to train, is winning his full share of races this season, and he added to his recent successes when his own filly, Just So, won the Riddlesdown Selling Plate by inches from Still Free, with Mrs. Cocke's Happy Note third. The last named had made most of the running, but was caught and beaten a furlong from the finish by the first and second. It may be that too much use was made of the third, but at the same time she ran sufficiently well to be noted as a winner of a similar event in the near future.

The Great Surrey Foal Plate attracted several useful two-year-olds who had already been tried on the racecourse, as well as one or two newcomers who, by their looks, suggested that they were rather above the average. The winner turned up in the well-tried Lindos Ojos, better known as the Fourfold filly. It seems to me a pity that an English name could not have been found for her. She was not well drawn at the start and at one part of the race did not seem to have too good a chance of success, but she ran on gamely and, in the end, won by a head from Pharian, with Charlwood, another head away, third. The last-named was probably handicapped by having drawn the inside berth, for his rider had to keep him at full stretch all the way to prevent him from being cut off.

At the Spring Meeting here To You made a start for a six furlongs race look absurd. He did exactly the same yesterday in the Royal Stakes, another race run over six furlongs. After causing some trouble he was the best away, and, ridden by Ray, he made the best of his way home, never being in any real danger of defeat. Fingle Bridge was second, as he had been quite a long way from the finish, and Rattlin the Reefer third. It is not possible to see the start accurately from the Stands, but this time it did not seem that it was a good start. At the same time it should be remembered that To You is fast from the gate and that he was ridden by Ray, who has no superior at the present time as a quick beginner.

There is little that needs to be recorded about the Durdans Handicap, which was won with great ease by Moyresque, who left his Chester form a long way behind and won with great ease from John Silver and Merry Miller.

TO-DAY'S PROSPECTS

1.30.—WALTON SELLING PLATE (1m.).—Adherent, when at his best, is a useful horse in a race of this sort, but he does not always do his best, and is, for that reason, best left alone. Saint Nicolas II., who was entered for a number of races of this nature during the week, apparently will be missing again. Rhyolite does not seem so good as he was, but Invermark must have a chance in this company with 8st. 7lb. He missed a race yesterday to run here. Observer has won over the course, but since then has failed at Kempton Park. Abbess, with 6st. 10lb., must have a chance on some form, while Copacabana, as a winner at York, is entitled to serious consideration. Indeed, COPACABANA seems to me the probable winner.

2.5.—ACORN PLATE (5f.).—Atbara is bad at the gate, but she has shown that when she does get off she is exceptionally fast. If she gets well away here she will be difficult to beat. Bacchante, although she had been sent over from Ireland, will not be started, as she has not done well since she reached Epsom. Enyo has a chance over this course, as has Edgelaw, who showed fine speed at the last meeting at Newmarket. Miss Jinks has a name which suggests that, on her breeding, she should be able to go very fast. She might win, but she is a newcomer, and I have no public form in her case on which I can go. I shall therefore leave her out to select ATBARA, who, I hope, will get well away from the gate.

2.40.—MICKLEHAM SELLING PLATE (5f.).—Gay Girl colt, Ulster Queen colt, and The Limpet may all run well, but the best selection may well be ORANGELLE, who won a selling race at Lewes, a very similar course to this. G. Richards will ride her this afternoon.

3.20.—THE OAKS (1½m.).—Fair Isle won the One Thousand Guineas when she was not at her best, so that she must have a very good chance here this afternoon. She will, in my opinion, beat Torchere and Sister Clover, but I am not so certain that she will beat Rose of England, who, quite unfancied, ran very well against her at Newmarket. Rose of England being by Teddy should stay well, and should be improving. She will, I feel sure, run well, but, at the same time, I do not believe that she will beat Fair Isle, who is, in my opinion, a very good filly and a sound stayer. Gwyniad hardly seems good enough, while I know nothing in favour of, or against, the runners from France. FAIR ISLE, therefore, must be my selection.

3.55.—CHIPSTEAD HANDICAP (1¼m.).—The probable starters here are very moderate. The best of them may be REGAIN, who will be ridden by T. Burns, the Irish jockey, who has shown already at the meeting that he can ride over this course.

4.30.—BELMONT PLATE (5f.).—This is a good handicap, which is very difficult to deal with. On some form, especially, her running at the last meeting here, Scotford has a good chance. Oceana is also nicely in, as is Jock Trotter. Captain Hogg's selected is another that might run well, but for the winner I shall take MARBLE, who is rather better handicapped than she has been before this season, and who has shown already that she can act over this course.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

Newmarket trainers will saddle several well-fancied candidates at the final stage of the Epsom Meeting to-day, but it is doubtful if we shall have a representative in the Walton Selling Plate.

Atbara, with her good speed, will be suited by this quick course. She is not one of the best at the gate, but if she gets off well she will require a lot of beating in the Acorn Plate. Credenda filly is useful and is fancied, as is Edgelaw, but I think ATBARA will prove the best.

The Oaks Stakes.—Our runners have had a very good preparation. If we take the form in the One Thousand Guineas there is very little to choose between FAIR ISLE and Torchere. Both fillies have done well since that race, and a mile and a half will not be beyond them. Lord Derby's filly had a splendid gallop on Saturday against Bosworth and Servus, and if she shows the same form in the race I feel confident she will be returned the winner. Micmac, Tefnut, and Wedding Favour will win races.

In the Chipstead Handicap Tagra, who has good speed, will be suited by this course, and will require a lot of beating. She may find one a little too good in the Stanley House representative, FRIAR TUCK, who has been shaping well in recent gallops, and is greatly fancied. Grand Prince and Port Arthur are well.

In the Belmont Plate I like the chances of Blue Mermaid and Pippa Passes, two nice fillies, but I shall leave them to select ORATORIUM, who is now at the top of his form, and I believe this is a race he can win.

LIVERPOOL CUP ENTRIES

Kings Oven, Knight of the Grail, Athford, Lucky Tor, Six Wheeler, The Wheedler, Gang Warily, Leopardus, Leonidas II., Break of Day, Plantago, O'Curry, Ganga Singh, Grand Terrace, Larking, Spionella, Simeon's Charm, Grand Idol, Hot Bun, Ghost Train, N.P.B., Acragas, Song of Essex, Grand Prince, Golden Lyre, Hightide IV., Moyresque, Whitebury, Clarette, Candida, Blandishment, and Roral.

WEIGHTS

THE ASCOT STAKES

(To be run at Ascot on June 17)

The **ASCOT STAKES** (handicap) of 20 sovs. each, with 2,000 sovs. added; for three-year-olds and upwards; the second to receive 500 sovs. and the third 200 sovs. out of the stakes; the lowest weight not less than 6st. 7lb. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
Old Orkney	6	9	4
Brown Jack	6	9	4
Frolic	5	8	12
Arctic Star	6	8	13
Cacao	5	8	10
Jugo	6	8	10
Bartowa	4	8	7
Bonny Boy II.	6	8	5
Nopa	5	8	5
Hyador	4	8	5
Fils du Ciel	a	8	5
Brumeux	5	8	4
Buoyant Bachelor	5	8	4
Trelli	5	8	3
Poor Man	5	8	3
Coligny II.	5	8	3
Teresa	4	8	3
Coaster	4	8	3
West Wicklow	6	8	3
Skyrane	4	8	3
Waterfly	4	8	0
Dark Hillock	a	8	0
Grease Paint	4	7	13
Clear Cut	5	7	11
Rubicon II.	4	7	10
Eagle's Pride	a	7	9
Stockcross	4	7	9
Montclair	4	7	9
Paul Caret	4	7	8
Delste	3	7	8
Arctic Light	4	7	7
Richborough	5	7	5
Mint Master	5	7	4
Highbury	5	7	4
Sledmere	6	7	4
Promptitude	6	7	4
Ballyvor	6	7	3
South Hill	a	7	3
Troubadour	5	7	2
Monastic Haste	5	7	2
Libertine II.	4	7	2
Rol des Aulnes	5	7	2
Xenophobe	4	7	1
Leonard	4	7	1
First Flight	5	7	1
Aftab	4	7	0
Blue Mist	a	7	0
Brown Tony	4	7	0
The Niche	6	6	13
Alacrity	6	6	13
True Copy	5	6	12
Joyous Greeting	6	6	12
Gay Guy	4	6	12
Numero Un	3	6	12
Charnwood	4	6	10
Yu Shan	6	6	10
Cherry King	5	6	10
Flange	4	6	9
Duke	5	6	9
Medarlin	5	6	8
Visellus	4	6	8
Boss of the Show	4	6	8
Dunlavin Lass	6	6	7
Synot	5	6	7
Kilkenny	3	6	7
Vanilla	5	6	7
Your Call	5	6	7
Orange Tip	4	6	7
Persevere	4	6	7 dr.
Areska	4	6	7 dr.

THE ROYAL HUNT CUP

The **ROYAL HUNT CUP** (handicap), a piece of plate value 100 sovs., added to a sweepstakes of 20 sovs. each, with 2,000 sovs. added for the winner, 300 sovs. for the second, and 200 sovs. for the third; for three-year-olds and upwards; the lowest weight to be not less than 6st. 7lb. Seven furlongs and 155 yards.

(To be run at Ascot on June 18)

	Yrs	st	lb
Palais Royal II.	5	9	3
Songe	6	8	11
Leonidas II.	5	8	10
Rhyolite	5	8	7
Artist's Proof	4	8	4
Ghost Train	4	8	3
Hunstanton	4	8	3
Engelberg	4	8	3
Lion Hearted	4	8	3
May Lord	4	8	3
Sidonia	4	7	13
Fleeting Memory	5	7	13
Masked Bandit	4	7	11
Le Phare	4	7	11
Ecliath	4	7	11
Crazadour	4	7	11
Saint Nicolas II.	5	7	11
O'Curry	5	7	10
Saraseo	4	7	10
Guards' Parade	5	7	10
Caballero	5	7	10
Midlothian	4	7	10
Highbury	5	7	8
Libertine II.	4	7	8
Sartorius	5	7	7
Monastic Haste	5	7	6
Blue Mist	a	7	5
Alacrity	a	7	5
Laufnesa	4	7	5
Leonard	4	7	4
Crafty Captain	4	7	4
Mallock	4	6	13
Carade	4	6	12
Medarlin	5	6	12
Vhelhus	4	6	11
Kerr's Pink	4	6	9
Polonia	5	6	8
Ballymurphy	6	6	0
Queen's Orb	3	6	7
Black Ensign	4	6	7

THE WOKINGHAM STAKES

(To be run at Ascot on June 20)

The **WOKINGHAM STAKES** (handicap) of 15 sovs. each, with 1,000 sovs. added for the winner, 200 sovs. for the second, and 100 sovs. for the third; for three-year-olds and upwards; the lowest weight to be not less than 6st. 7lb. Six furlongs.

	Yrs	st	lb
Songe	6	9	4
Chestnut Oak	4	8	11
Gay Lord	5	8	10
Fleeting Memory	5	8	9
Costaki Pasha	4	8	8
Tommy Atkins	4	8	6
Ecliath	4	8	4
Le Phare	4	8	4
Guards' Parade	5	8	3
Midlothian	4	8	3
Caballero	5	8	3
Pachalik	5	8	2
Prebble	4	8	1
Rattlin the Reefer	4	8	1
Ophir	4	7	12
To You	4	7	12
Pahascarita	5	7	12
Sedirandа	4	7	12
Dark Fire	5	7	10
Fingle Bridge	5	7	9
Knight Error	4	7	9
Merton Abbey	4	7	7
Saint Fortunat	a	7	6
Crayford	4	7	5
Gay Light	4	7	5
Arzuide	4	7	2
Lord Marcus	3	7	2
Velocity II.	5	7	1
Elcot	5	7	1
Gareloch	4	7	1
Phonometer	5	7	0
Goodwood Park	3	7	1
Pegasus	3	7	1
Gold Seal	3	7	1
Grand Idol	4	7	0
Vance	6	7	1
Silver Mount	3	7	0
Meisringer	4	7	0
Woodchuck	3	7	0
Queen's Orb	3	6	13
Marble	4	6	12
Quodlibuan	5	6	12
Grandmaster	5	6	12
Brabant	3	6	11
Egeria	3	6	9
Kenda (bred in France)	4	6	7
Happy Chink	3	6	7
Zany	3	6	7

THE NORTHUMBERLAND PLATE

(To be run at Newcastle on June 25)

The **NORTHUMBERLAND PLATE** (handicap) of 1,500 sovs.; for three-year-olds and upwards; lowest weight may be 6st.; the owner of the second to receive 100 sovs. and of the third 50 sovs. out of the plate. Two miles.

	Yrs	st	lb
Cacao	5	9	0
Grease Cat	4	8	8
West Wicklow	6	8	7
Mountain Lad	5	8	6
Dark Hillock	a	8	4
Serve	a	8	4
Grease Paint	4	8	3
Clear Cash	5	8	2
Friendship	4	8	2
Paul Caret	4	7	13
Show Girl	4	7	11
Arctic Light	4	7	10
Richborough	5	7	9
Highbury	5	7	8
Libertine II.	4	7	8
Sartorius	5	7	7
Monastic Haste	5	7	6
Blue Mist	a	7	5
Alacrity	a	7	5
Laufnesa	4	7	5
Leonard	4	7	4
Crafty Captain	4	7	4
Mallock	4	6	13
Carade	4	6	12
Medarlin	5	6	12
Vhelhus	4	6	11
Kerr's Pink	4	6	9
Polonia	5	6	8
Ballymurphy	6	6	0
Queen's Orb	3	6	7
Black Ensign	4	6	7

*Entered by telegram, and not yet confirmed.

(Continued at foot of next column)

EPSOM RESULTS

2.0 (2.2).—The **HORTON SELLING PLATE** (handicap) of 300 sovs. Five furlongs.

THE URCHIN, br g. by Stratford—Lawless (Sir H. de Trafford), 4 yrs. 8st. 4lb. (car. 8st. 5lb.) R. Jones 1

HARD ROCK, b c, by Rockavage—Dryad (Mr. J. T. Downing), 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... T. Lowrey 2

HEATH LODGE, gr m, by Caligula—Fanusha (Mr. H. J. Brueton), 5 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... J. Simpson 3

Pheidon (Sir D. Broughton), aged, 9st. ..... M. Beary 0
Nonni (Mr. M. Stoerdman), 5 yrs, 8st. 13lb. E. Gough 0
Talkie (Mrs. A. Mackintosh), 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. C. Ray 0
Corn Cracker (Mr. S. Wootton), 3 yrs, 8st. 5lb. S. Magee 0
Lonesome (Mr. G. F. Waller), 6 yrs, 8st. 4lb. R. Smyth 0
Tyltyl (Mr. P. Thellusson), 3 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ... R. Dick 0
Double Spot (Major D. Mairs), aged, 8st. 6lb. E. Forsyth 0
Alembic (Mr. M. Dollar), 4 yrs, 8st. 5lb. C. Elliott 0
Pineadular (Mr. S. Sidebottom), 4 yrs, 8st. 5lb. H. Wragg 0
Tremble (Mr. G. Allen), 3 yrs, 8st. 5lb. ... S. Wragg 0
Beautiful Queen (Mr. W. J. Waldron), 3 yrs, 8st. 3lb. A. Burns 0
Hat Box (Mrs. R. Levy), 4 yrs, 8st. 2lb. M. Wing 0
Vanda (Mr. J. A. de Rothschild), 3 yrs, 7st. 7lb. G. Tidey 0
Quivil (Lord Glanely), 6 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ... G. Richards 0
Timely Gift (Mr. D. Fraser), 4 yrs, 7st. 9lb. (car. 7st. 10lb.) ..... F. Lane 0
Alone (Mr. A. H. Hughes), 4 yrs, 7st. 8lb. J. Dines 0
Tully Wood (Mr. B. Fitch), 6 yrs, 7st. 3lb. B. Rick 0
Smile (Mr. E. H. Webber), 6 yrs, 7st. 8lb. .. F. Fox 0
Transitive (Brigadier-General C. Lambton), 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. (car. 7st. 6lb.) ..... T. Weston 0
Fierce (Mr. J. B. Joel), 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ... F. Sharpe 0
Lady Clara (Mr. T. Davidson), aged, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 12lb.) ..... K. Gethin 0
Sans Avis (Mr. C. Saunders), 4 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 11lb.) ..... H. Gunn 0
Sir Arthur (Mr. R. Morgan), 4 yrs, 6st. 10lb. A. Smirke 0

(Winner trained by Pope, at Royston)

STARTING PRICES.—3 to 1 agst Hard Rock, 6 to 1 Corn Cracker, 8 to 1 Fierce, 10 to 1 each Pheidon, Talkie, Pincadular, and Alone, 100 to 8 each Tyltyl, Heath Lodge, Quivil, and Smile, 100 to 6 Sir Arthur, 20 to 1 each The Urchin and Tully Wood, 25 to 1 Vanda, 33 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 8s. 9d.; places, 4s. 3d., 5s. 3d. Total win pool, 13,715 units; total place pool, 5,680 units.

Won by a neck; a length separated second and third. Empire Builder was fourth and Jugo last.

3.50 (3.56).—The **GREAT SURREY FOAL PLATE** of 1,000 sovs.; for two-year-olds; breeder of winner receives 100 sovs., owner of second 50 sovs. Five furlongs.

LINDOS OJOS, gr f. by Buen Ojo—Fourfold (Lady H. McCalmont), 9st. 2lb. ..... H. Beasley 1

PHARIAN, b c, by Pharos—Waladia (Lord Allendale), 9st. 3lb. ..... C. Elliott 2

CHARLWOOD, b c, by Stratford—Eleni (Mr. A. E. Berry), 8st. 9lb. ..... G. Richards 3

Postboy (Mr. A. de Rothschild), 9st. 3lb. R. Perryman 0
Royal Warden (Mr. J. A. Hirst), 8st. 9lb. ..H. Wragg 0
Valora (Sir C. Bullough), 8st. 6lb. ..... H. Jelliss 0
Luxor (Sir C. Hyde), 8st. 6lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Extension (Mr. J. B. Joel), 8st. 6lb. ... B. Carshake 0
Bartavelle (The Aga Khan), 8st. 6lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Mischief (Sir H. de Trafford), 8st. 6lb. ..... J. Childs 0
Peer Gynt (Mr. A. Buston), 8st. 9lb. ..... M. Wing 0

(Winner trained by Persse, at Stockbridge)

STARTING PRICES.—2 to 1 agst Lindos Ojos, 3 to 1 Pharian, 9 to 2 Charlwood, 5 to 1 Postboy, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 7s.; places, 3s., 2s. 6d., 3s. Total win pool, 9,455 units; total place pool, 6,705 units.

Won by a head; the same distance separated second and third. Luxor was fourth and Royal Warden last.

4.25 (4.28).—The **ROYAL STAKES** (handicap) of 15 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added; second 50 sovs. Six furlongs on New Course.

TO YOU, gr c. by Tetratema—Laelia (Mr. J. Shepherd), 4 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... C. Ray 1

FINGLE BRIDGE, ch h, by Argosy—Mountain Queen (Mr. F. T. Halse), 5 yrs, 8st. G. Richards 2

RATTLIN THE REEFER, br or bl c, by Chaucer—Reef (Lord Woolavington), 4 yrs, 8st. 7lb. P. Beasley 3

Caballero (Mr. H. E. Steel), 5 yrs, 9st. 2lb. ..M. Wing 0
Fleeting Memory (Mr. S. B. Joel), 5 yrs, 9st. F. Winter 0
Lady Abbess (Lady Cunliffe-Owen), 3 yrs, 8st. H. Wragg 0
Polar Bear (Mrs. J. B. Joel), 3 yrs, 7st. 10lb. F. Fox 0
Fascicle (Lady Rosebery), 3 yrs, 7st. 8lb. T. Lowrey 0
Phonometer (Mr. E. G. de Mestre), 3 yrs, 7st. 6lb. T. Weston 0

(Winner trained by De Mestre, at Winchester)

STARTING PRICES.—100 to 30 agst Fleeting Memory, 7 to 2 To You, 4 to 1 Polar Bear, 7 to 1 Fingle Bridge, 8 to 1 Lady Abbess, 10 to 1 each Caballero and Rattlin the Reefer, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 15s. 3d.; places, 5s., 4s. 3d., 6s. 9d. Total win pool, 9,820 units; total place pool, 6,885 units.

Won by three lengths; half a length separated second and third. Fleeting Memory was fourth and Phonometer last.

5.0 (5.1).—The **DURDANS HANDICAP**, a sweepstakes of 15 sovs. each, with 500 sovs. added; second 50 sovs. About a mile and a quarter.

MOYRESQUE, bl c, by Galloper Light—Moyria (Mr. W. M. Cazalet), 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. J. Sirett 1

JOHN SILVER, bl or br h, by Grey Admiral—Freedom (Mr. H. E. Steel), 5 yrs, 8st. 8lb. M. Wing 2

MERRY MILLER, ch c, by Flamboyant—Mill Belle (Mrs. G. H. Drummond), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. A. Richardson 3

Sunny Trace (Mr. J. A. Dewar), 5 yrs, 9st. F. Fox
Ennis Bridge (Major A. Bonsor), 4 yrs, 8st. F. Lane 0
Guy Mannering (Lord Woolavington), 4 yrs, 8st. 6lb. P. Beasley 0
Hightide IV. (Sir A. Bailey), 4 yrs, 8st. ..... T. Weston 0
Corduroy (Mr. S. Wootton), 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. A. Wragg 0
Grandisson (Lord Glanely), 6 yrs, 7st. 11lb. G. Richards 0
Antiquary (Major J. S. Courtauld), 5 yrs, 7st. T. Lowrey 0
Monsieur Neuf (Mr. B. Davis), 4 yrs, 6st. 10lb. (car. 6st. 12lb.) ..... J. Simpson 0

(Winner trained by Lawson, at Manton)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 8 agst Corduroy, 4 to 1 Moyresque, 8 to 1 John Silver, 10 to 1 each Ennis Bridge, Hightide IV., Antiquary, and Merry Miller, 100 to 8 each Sunny Trace and Monsieur Neuf, 20 to 1 each agst the others.

TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 10s. 9d.; places, 3s. 3d., 5s. 3d., 12s. 9d. Total win pool, 7,980 units; total place pool, 5,420 units.

Won by six lengths; half a length separated second and third. Hightide IV. was fourth and Grandisson last.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

ASCOT ENGAGEMENTS THIS YEAR.—Areska at 4.1 p.m., Wednesday.
BOGSIDE ENGAGEMENTS.—Descender, Strathdoon, and Spotify.
HURST PARK ENGAGEMENTS.—Bridal March.
NELSON PLATE, YARMOUTH.—Novel Law.
SANDRINGHAM MAIDEN PLATE, YARMOUTH.—Silver Gon.
CARDIFF ENGAGEMENTS.—Rhybudd.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS.—Tarnish (dead).

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

(2s. UNIT.—STAKE AND WINNINGS)

2.0.—The Urchin, WIN 43s. 3d., PLACE 11s. 3d.; Hard Rock, PLACE 5s.; Heath Lodge, PLACE 16s.

2.35.—Just So, WIN 37s., PLACE 10s. 9d.; Still Free, PLACE 4s. 9d.; Happy Note, PLACE 6s. 6d.

3.15.—Plantago, WIN 8s. 3d., PLACE 3s. 9d.; Palais Royal II., PLACE 4s. 3d.

3.50.—Lindos Ojos, WIN 4s. 9d., PLACE 2s. 3d.; Pharian, PLACE 2s. 3d.; Charlwood, PLACE 2s. 6d.

4.25.—To You, WIN 10s. 6d., PLACE 4s.; Fingle Bridge, PLACE 3s. 6d.; Rattlin the Reefer, PLACE 5s. 6d.

5.0.—Moyresque, WIN 14s. 6d., PLACE 5s. 6d.; John Silver, PLACE 7s. 6d.; Merry Miller, PLACE 18s. 6d.

THE NEWBURY SUMMER CUP

(To be run at Newbury on June 26)

The **NEWBURY SUMMER CUP**, a handicap sweepstakes of 5 sovs. each, with 1,000 sovs. added; for three-year-olds and upwards; the lowest weight may be 6st.; the second to receive 150 sovs. and the third 50 sovs. One mile and a half.

	Yrs	st	lb
Plantago (120.ex.)	6	9	0
Brown Jack	6	9	0
Old Orkney	6	8	13
Athford	5	8	12
Lucky Tor	5	8	12
Sir Joshua	a	8	11
Kings Oven	5	8	9
Brumeux	5	8	8
Buoyant Bachelor	5	8	5
Poor Man	5	8	3
Oz and Ann	5	8	1
Break of Day	6	7	13
Rhang	4	7	13
Mountain Lad	5	7	13
Defoe	4	7	11
Servus	a	7	11
Posterity	4	7	11
Coligny II.	5	7	10
Clear Cash	5	7	10
Rubicon II.	4	7	10
Grease Paint	4	7	8
Promptitude	6	7	6
Plot	4	7	6
Montclair	4	7	5
Corduroy	4	7	3
Paul Caret	4	7	3
Sledmere	6	7	3
Le Voisur	4	7	2
Rol des Aulnes	5	7	2
Ganga Singh	4	7	2
Stockcross	4	7	0
Lyme Regis	4	7	0
Saints o' London	4	7	0
Pianola	4	6	10
Noble Star	3	6	9
Charnwood	4	6	9
Muezzin	4	6	5
Brown Tony	4	6	5
Calvados	5	6	0
Whitebury	4	6	0
Master Mint	3	6	0

EPSOM PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which have arrived or are trained at Epsom.)

1.30.—The **WALTON SELLING PLATE** of 300 sovs. The Epsom Mile (last mile and 110 yards of the Derby Course).

	Yrs	st	lb
ADHERENT (Mr. A. Douglas-Pennant) Douglas-Pennant	5	8	10
SAINT NICOLAS II. (Mr. A. K. Macomber) Leach, jun.	5	8	10
aLINKMAN (Mr. A. J. Redman) ..... V. Smyth	a	8	10
aTESTED (Mrs. T. Walton) ..... Killaline	6	8	10
BLACK BESS II. (Mr. A. E. Ansell) ..... Thrale	5	8	7
RHYOLITE (Mrs. H. E. Reddington) F. Hazlitan	5	8	7
aBERKELEY BRIDGE (Mr. G. W. Hands) ..... Saxby	a	8	7
aAUSTIN (Mr. J. M. Clayton) ..... J. Cannon	5	8	7
POMMADIS (Mr. A. Law) ..... A. Law	5	8	7
aFRANK BARE (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... F. Wootton	a	8	7
aINVERMARK (Mr. T. Richards) ..W. Nightingall	a	8	7
CLARAWOOD II. (Mr. A. K. Macomber) Leach, jun.	4	8	7
aHUNGCAT (Mrs. T. Setchell) ..... H. Smyth	4	8	4
COPACABANA (Major L. B. Holliday) De Mestre	4	8	4
aJUST SO (Sir R. Wilmot) ..... Wilmot	4	8	4
aOPTIMORNE (Mr. D. Heneage) ..... Pendarves	4	7	13
aPUELLA (Major T. Bouch) ..... W. Nightingall	3	7	1
aOBSERVER (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... F. Wootton	3	7	1
BOBBIE BURNS III. (Mr. A. K. Macomber) Leach, jun.	3	6	13
BROKEN ICE (Mr. G. Bates) ..... Thrale	3	6	10
aARREGS (Mr. H. L. Cottrill) ..... Cottrill	3	6	10

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

ADHERENT, C. Richards: TESTED, H. Graves; BLACK BESS II., S. Wragg; RHYOLITE, G. Richards; BERKELEY BRIDGE, F. Herbert; INVERMARK, R. Dick; COPACABANA, C. Ray; OBSERVER, —; BROKEN ICE, —; ARREGS, T. Lowrey.

2.5.—The **ACORN PLATE** of 1,000 sovs.; for two-year-old fillies; second to receive 50 sovs. Five furlongs.

	St	lb
aLINDOS OJOS (Lady H. McCalmont) ..... Persse	9	5
aATBARA (Lieutenant-Colonel G. Loder) ..... Gilpin	9	5
aCREDENDA F, by Beresford (Sir V. Sassoon) C. Waugh	9	3
aBACCHANTE (Captain C. Moore) ..... In Ireland	8	12
aMELLOWNESS F, by Buchan (Sir A. Bailey) ..R. Day	8	9
LUZERNE (Lord Carnarvon) ..... R. Dawson	8	9
LACONIC (Major J. S. Courtauld) ..... B. Jarvis	8	9
PESCARINA (Lord Crewe) ..... Watson	8	9
NAIADE (Mr. D. Cresswell) ..... Pope	8	9
aMARIE DIU (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ..... F. Darling	8	9
aEVENING GLORY (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogg	8	9
HOWDYDO F, by Chaworth (Mr. J. Hamer) ..Hart	8	9
LADY OF THE EAST (Mr. J. B. Joel) ..... C. Peck	8	9
aFINALE (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	8	9
EULOGY (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	8	9
aENTO (Mr. W. G. Lang) ..... Farquharson	8	9
aMISS JINKS (Major D. McCalmont) ..... Persse	8	9

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

CRICKET

AUSTRALIANS AT LORD'S

WALKER HURT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The Australians again had all the best of the play at Lord's yesterday, and at the close Middlesex, with only five wickets in hand in their second innings, were still eight runs behind. Kippax made an invaluable 102, and is now the fifth man on the Australian side to have scored a century in this tour, the others being Woodfull, W. H. Ponsford, D. G. Bradman, and V. Y. Richardson. In taking a ball on the leg side from Fairfax yesterday, C. M. Walker received a nasty blow. The ball, a fast one, rose very straight from the pitch, and Walker, who was unsighted by the batsman's body, was hit high up on the left arm.

Middlesex began well in the morning, McCabe being very well caught, low down, at second slip, by Lee after nine runs had been scored in a quarter of an hour. Fairfax came in to play defensive cricket, a game which he plays extremely well and which will probably prove to be his batting job for the tour. He has already had some practice at it. G. T. S. Stevens was put on for Allen when the latter showed signs of slowing down and for a time he bowled really well. Hearne, who went on first in the morning from the Pavilion end, could make the ball turn, and neither of the batsmen could do anything much except play the ball with the greatest care in strict defence. The rate of scoring was slow, but Kippax reached his 50 out of 83 runs made while he was in, after an hour and 50 minutes. Durston went on, bowling fast, after Hearne had had a lengish turn, but neither Kippax nor Fairfax looked like getting out, even if they did not score at any great pace. There is little more to be said about the Australian batting than that the players stayed there with certainty and that runs came along as runs were bound to do on a fastish wicket which had no devil in it. At the same time, when Stevens did bowl a very short one Kippax took his 4 to leg perfectly. After the double change and the new ball runs came quietly, but also certainly. Haig tried Lee at the Pavilion end at 229, and this change worked at once. Lee, with his low action and slow run up to the wicket, looks a simple bowler enough, but he sometimes swings the ball late in the air, and he often comes unexpectedly fast off the pitch. With his third ball Lee bowled Fairfax, who played late at the ball and was also inside it all the way, shaping as if he expected the ball to break from the off. Fairfax had batted an hour and a half for 34 runs, playing the right game for the side. While he was in Kippax could play to score at any pace that suited him best. Grimmett came in, and the chief interest before luncheon was whether Kippax would reach his hundred before the interval or not. He did not quite do it, being not out 98. After luncheon Grimmett, when he had made 5, was missed by Stevens at third slip, off Allen, who was bowling quite fast. Kippax reached his hundred after batting just over three hours and a half, but he was out soon afterwards, leg-before-wicket, playing over a ball that was to all intents and purposes a yorker.

Haig kept to the same order in the second innings. There were bare spots on the pitch, but after the roller had been on, the wicket seemed to play as a nice easy one. Richardson put Fairfax on at the Nursery end and Hornibrook at the Pavilion end, presumably for Hornibrook to bowl swingers into the wind. Ten runs, one of which was an "extra," came off the first two overs. In the third came the most unfortunate accident to Walker. After the completion of the over Richardson put Hurwood on for Hornibrook, and off his first ball Lee was out, leg-before-wicket. Hearne came in, and shortly afterwards Richardson met with deserved applause for the certain and almost nonchalant way he took a ball on the leg side standing up. Stevens, when he had made 14, mishit Fairfax, and the ball fell far too near mid-off to be pleasant: it looked as if one of the very quick mid-offs might have made the stroke into a catch. At 28 Grimmett went on at the Pavilion end, and Hornibrook went on for Fairfax. Shortly afterwards Stevens came right out to Grimmett, but was beaten by the flight and the break combined and stumped quite easily by Richardson. The 50 went up after an hour and five minutes' batting, and soon afterwards Hearne was l.-b.-w. to McCabe, who had gone on for Hornibrook. Hearne had appeared quite comfortable, though playing strictly unlimited time cricket, and his wicket falling was a blow. G. O. Allen came in to stop in and to worry about little else. Hendren, who was playing grand cricket, took most of the bowling, and again his duel with Grimmett was intensely interesting.

Score:—

MIDDLESEX

First Innings			Second Innings		
G. T. S. Stevens, c. Hurwood, b. Hornibrook	..	22	st. Richardson, b. Grimmett	..	18
Lee, b. Hornibrook	..	26	l.-b.-w., b. Hurwood	..	2
Hearne, c. Hurwood, b. Hornibrook	..	11	l.-b.-w., b. McCabe	..	21
Hendren, c. Richardson, b. Grimmett	..	17	not out	..	80
G. O. Allen, b. Hornibrook	..	4	l.-b.-w., b. Hornibrook	..	18
N. Haig, c. Richardson, b. Hornibrook	..	0	l.-b.-w., b. Grimmett	..	6
H. J. Enthoven, not out	..	15	not out	..	0
G. Newman, c. Fairfax, b. Grimmett	..	0			
Canning, b. Hornibrook	..	7			
Durston, c. McCabe, b. Grimmett	..	0			
Price, b. Hornibrook	..	0			
Leg-bye	..	1	Byes, 6; l.-b., 7; w., 1	..	14
Total	..	103	Total (5 wkts.)		159

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

W. H. Ponsford, l.-b.-w., b. Allen	..	5
A. Jackson, c. Canning, b. Stevens	..	14
D. G. Bradman, b. Hearne	..	35
C. V. Kippax, l.-b.-w., b. Allen	..	102
V. Y. Richardson, l.-b.-w., b. Hearne	..	1
S. McCabe, c. Lee, b. Allen	..	31
A. Fairfax, b. Lee	..	34
C. V. Grimmett, b. Allen	..	21
A. Hurwood, b. Allen	..	0
C. W. Walker, not out	..	1
P. M. Hornibrook, l.-b.-w., b. Allen	..	5
Byes, 2; l.-b., 6; n.-b., 2	..	17
Total	..	270

BOWLING ANALYSIS

MIDDLESEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Fairfax	9	1	29	0	Hornibrook	27.1	9	42	7
Hurwood	2	0	4	0	Grimmett	24	10	36	3

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allen	37.1	8	77	6	Hearne	25	10	34	2
Hair	13	3	24	0	Lee	3	2	1	1
Durston	15	2	37	0	Enthoven	7	3	20	0
Stevens	23	2	70	1					

UMPIRES.—Toone and Nash.

GOOD GAME AT SWANSEA

At the close of play yesterday in the match between Glamorgan and Derbyshire, at Swansea, Glamorgan, with four wickets in hand in their second innings, were leading by 236 runs.

Bates and Howard, who opened Glamorgan's second innings, scored 50 runs in 25 minutes. Then Bates, having scored 29, which included six 4's, was caught brilliantly by Alderman, who, fielding on the square-leg boundary, held the ball when it looked certain to go over the ring for 6. The umpires consulted the fieldsman before giving Bates out. Two more wickets fell quickly, and Howard took nearly an hour to increase his score from 29 to 37. Another great catch ended his innings, and three wickets fell for 16 runs.

Score:—

GLAMORGAN

First Innings			Second Innings		
Bates, b. Slater	..	3	c. Alderman, b. Mitchell	..	29
Howard, b. Mitchell	..	63	c. Elliott, b. Storer	..	37
M. J. Turnbull, c. Worthington, b. Mitchell	..	6	st. Elliott, b. Mitchell	..	6
Bell, l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	..	9	c. Worthington, b. Mitchell	..	9
Hills, c. Mitchell, b. Storer	..	60	b. Mitchell	..	39
Davies (D.), l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	..	54	b. Storer	..	5
Mercer, c. Lee, b. Worthington	..	54			
Dyson, run out	..	0	not out	..	13
Davies (E.), l.-b.-w., b. Townsend	..	30	not out	..	10
Every, l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	..	0			
Ryan, not out	..	0			
Byes, 5; l.-b., 1; w., 1	..	7	Byes, 6; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 1	..	9
Total	..	295	Total (6 wkts.)	..	157

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

Storer, b. Davies (D.)	..	7
Lee, c. Dyson, b. Davies (E.)	..	5
Bowden, c. Turnbull, b. Ryan	..	32
C. R. Jackson, st. Every, b. Davies (E.)	..	4
Townsend, c. Every, b. Davies (E.)	..	9
Worthington, l.-b.-w., b. Davies (D.)	..	31
Alderman, b. Davies (E.)	..	20
Hutchinson, c. Every, b. Davies (E.)	..	7
Slater, l.-b.-w., b. Mercer	..	58
Elliott, b. Mercer	..	13
Mitchell, not out	..	0
Byes, 8; l.-b., 4	..	12
Total	..	216

BOWLING ANALYSIS

GLAMORGAN—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Slater	22	12	31	1	Townsend	21	6	55	0
Worthington	23	2	63	2	Lee	3	0	18	1
Mitchell	35	7	96	4	Storer	11	2	25	1

DERBYSHIRE—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	34	12	66	2	Ryan	15	3	44	1
Davies (D.)	7	1	17	1	Bates	7	1	29	0
Davies (E.)	23.5	7	45	5					

UMPIRES.—Burrows and Reeves.

SUSSEX AT THE OVAL

A SPLENDID RECOVERY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Sussex showed at the Oval yesterday what a much better team they are on a faster pitch than a slow one. On Wednesday neither their batsmen nor their bowlers had been at home on a pitch which played slow all day, but yesterday, with the wicket playing faster as the day went on, they first took the five remaining Surrey wickets for an addition of only 40 runs, and then scored 333 for the loss of only three wickets. The mere figures, showing the recovery which Sussex made, are sufficient testimony to a great day's cricket.

When play was started yesterday morning Surrey were 64 runs in front with five wickets to fall, but when stumps were drawn Sussex were 229 runs in front with seven wickets in hand.

Langridge, who had made most use of the pitch on Wednesday, started the bowling yesterday with Tate, who, with the ball coming through much faster, was more like his true self. Surrey were then well placed, but with the total at 157 Gregory was caught in the slips. There followed a short partnership between Ducat and Wilson, most of the scoring being done by Ducat, but at 173 Wilson was stumped, and that was the end of Surrey. Ducat, who had played a plucky innings on the previous evening when there were signs of an early collapse, was the next to go, stumped when playing forward; Peach was bowled by Tate by a ball which he tried to hit to leg, and Brooks was out first ball, the last five wickets having fallen in less than an hour.

Sussex went in to bat again at a quarter to one, and the first half-hour's play in their innings provided the best cricket so far seen in the match. The manner in which Bowley at once attacked the bowling suggested that it was Sussex, not Surrey, who had a lead of over 100 on the first innings. There was no digging in or scraping about, but a definite intention to clear off the deficit and start all over again. Parks, for his part, did the right thing in keeping quiet and watching his partner, who scored 38 of the first 50 runs, which were made in half an hour. Bowley played three beautiful strokes for 4 off his body to the on off Peach, and hit just such another a little later off M. J. C. Allom. This meant a 4 all run, and, as usual, it was Gregory who had to chase the ball, and who was immediately put on to bowl. The change was successful, for just before luncheon Bowley hit a ball hard on to his wicket, and Sussex had to reconsider the situation. After luncheon Parks played much more confidently than he had done before, and, with K. S. Duleepsinhji refusing to respond to a brazen invitation to be caught in the slips, another good stand was soon in the making. P. G. H. Fender tried his normal changes of bowling, but the 100 went up after the innings had lasted 80 minutes, and by this time K. S. Duleepsinhji seemed set for a big score. He refused any longer to be worried by the off-side trap, cut one ball late, and made several good strokes on the on-side, but in the end hit his wicket in trying to cut a leg-break from Gregory.

That was two wickets down with a lead of only 41 runs, and Sussex then lost a lot of regained ground when, without another run scored, Parks was "yorked" by Allom. Without ever playing any spectacular strokes Parks had played the good, solid part of a No. 2, and for their subsequent success Sussex owed him a great deal. Langridge during the last two seasons has been an eminently sound left-handed batsman, but has appeared to be a little short of scoring strokes. Yesterday, once he had settled down, he offered all manner of strokes, though he scored most of his runs with firm hits to leg or straight drives. Cook has been known for years, when things go right for him, to be a great fighter in an awkward situation. His style is a model of orthodoxy, and he has an alarmingly strong punch in his forearm. These two had not been together for more than ½-hour before it was obvious that the Surrey bowlers were in for a sorry time. In three-quarters of an hour before the tea interval they took the score from 145 to 203, Langridge then having scored 34 and Cook 21. After tea they both continued to play the ball in the prescribed manner, and as time went on they were given more opportunities of showing their scoring strokes.

SUSSEX

First Innings			Second Innings		
Bowley, c. and b. Gregory	..	35	b. Gregory	..	40
Parks (J.), c. Brooks, b. Allom	..	3	b. Allom	..	58
K. S. Duleepsinhji, c. Shepherd, b. Peach	..	4	hit wkt., b. Gregory	..	40
Cook, l.-b.-w., b. Allom	..	5	not out	..	92
Langridge (James), c. Brooks, b. Fender	..	3	not out	..	87
A. H. H. Gilligan, l.-b.-w., b. Fender	..	5			
Tate, c. Gregory, b. Fender	..	5			
Flight-Lieutenant A. J. Holmes, c. Brooks, b. Gregory	..	2			
Wensley, c. Barling, b. Gregory	..	8			
G. A. K. Collins, run out	..	0			
Cornford, not out	..	0			
Byes	..	0	Byes, 8; l.-b., 7; w., 1; n.-b., 5	..	1
Total	..	72	Total (3 wkts.)		333

SURREY.—First Innings

Hobbs, c. Bowley, b. Langridge	..	43
Sandham, c. Wensley, b. Tate	..	41
Ducat, st. Cornford, b. Langridge	..	38
Shepherd, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Wensley	..	3
Barling, l.-b.-w., b. Langridge	..	5
P. G. H. Fender, b. Wensley	..	12
Gregory, c. Bowley, b. Langridge	..	23
Wilson, st. Cornford, b. Langridge	..	2
Peach, b. Tate	..	3
M. J. C. Allom not out	..	0
Brooks, l.-b.-w., b. Tate	..	0
Byes, 1; l.-b., 5	..	6
Total	..	176

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SUSSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Allom	11	4	13	2	Gregory	9.2	2	15	3
Peach	12	1	30	1	Fender	8	4	12	3

SURREY.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	29.5	15	26	3	Cook	4	0	8	0
Wensley	24	7	44	2	Bowley	3	0	6	0
Langridge	45	8	86	5					

UMPIRES.—Bestwick and Parry

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE'S EASY WIN

Nottinghamshire beat Worcestershire at Worcester yesterday by ten wickets.

The seven outstanding Nottinghamshire wickets fell before luncheon for an addition of 131 runs to the score of 131 for three. A. W. Carr and Payton were not separated until the partnership for the fourth wicket had realized 98 in an hour and 20 minutes. Afterwards only A. W. Carr offered any real resistance to the Worcestershire bowlers, of whom Brooke took six wickets at a cost of 80 runs.

Gibbons, as in the first innings, batted with some resolution, but he got little support until Walters joined him in a stand for the seventh wicket, which produced 58 runs. Quaife stayed with Gibbons to see the innings defeat averted, but with the total 163 Gibbons, having played with the utmost skill for two hours, was bowled by Barratt, and with his dismissal the innings was quickly finished off for a total of 172. A. Staples took the last five wickets at a cost of 14 runs, his full figures for the innings being five for 36. Larwood obtained three for 25.

Needing only 33 to win, Nottinghamshire made light of the task, Gunn and Whysall hitting off the runs without being parted.

WORCESTERSHIRE

First Innings			Second Innings		
Fox (J.), b. Larwood	..	2	b. Barratt	..	13
Wright, c. Staples (S. J.), b. Barratt	..	6	b. Larwood	..	18
Nichol, c. Lilley, b. Larwood	..	0	b. Larwood	..	17
Gibbons, b. Voce	..	43	b. Barratt	..	70
Fox (V.), b. Larwood	..	8	b. Larwood	..	0
C. F. Walters, c. Lilley b. Voce	..	4	c. Carr, b. Staples (A.)	..	19
B. W. Quaife, c. Staples (S. J.), b. Larwood	..	35	l.-b.-w., b. Staples (A.)	..	18
Root, st. Lilley, b. Staples (S. J.)	..	1	c. Barratt, b. Staples (A.)	..	8
Brooke, c. Lilley, b. Barratt	..	0	c. Voce, b. Staples (A.)	..	1
Styler, not out	..	1	b. Staples (A.)	..	0
Jackson, b. Larwood	..	4	not out	..	0
Byes, 10; l.-b., 8	..	18	Byes, 2; l.-b., 3; n.-b., 3	..	8
Total	..	122	Total	..	172

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), c. Gibbons, b. Brooke	..	42
Whysall, b. Jackson	..	28
Walker, l.-b.-w., b. Brooke	..	11
A. W. Carr, not out	..	101
Payton, c. Jackson, b. Brooke	..	40
Staples (A.), l.-b.-w., b. Wright	..	1
Lilley, l.-b.-w., b. Brooke	..	0
Barratt, b. Wright	..	8
Larwood, c. Wright, b. Brooke	..	12
Staples (S. J.), l.-b.-w., b. Jackson	..	0
Voce, st. Styler, b. Brooke	..	0
Byes, 10; l.-b., 9	..	19
Total	..	262

Second Innings.—Gunn (G.), not out, 15; Whysall, not out, 13; byes 4, l.-b. 1—5—total (no wkt.), 33.

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	19·4	6	46	5	Voce	15	6	21	2
Barratt	18	8	20	2	Staples (A.)	1	0	1	0
Staples (S. J.)	13	5	16	1					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	13	6	25	3	Staples (A.)	12·2	1	36	5
Staples (S. J.)	13	3	22	0	Barratt	14	0	47	2
Voce	11	0	33	0					

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	20	7	40	0	Wright	21	4	57	2
Jackson	28	2	51	2	Gibbons	2	0	10	0
Brooke	27·2	4	80	6	Nichol	3	1	5	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Jackson	5·4	0	29	0	Walters	1	0	1	0
Wright	4	3	7	0					

LANCASHIRE'S ADVANTAGE

TAYLOR AND WATSON SCORE CENTURIES

Lancashire had the better of their match against Oxford University in the Parks yesterday, and at the close of play Oxford needed 138 runs with nine wickets in hand to save the innings defeat. Taylor and Watson made hundreds for Lancashire, and the day was hot and sunny enough for there to be no sweater visible on the field.

When Oxford got down five Lancashire wickets for 118 runs on Wednesday there seemed a reasonable chance that they would not be an impossibly long way behind on the first innings, but, as it happened, Lancashire went on batting until 4 o'clock, when they declared with their total at 403 for seven wickets. The wicket was tame and easy when Watson and Iddon went out to bat, and, although H. M. Garland-Wells, by bowling just short of a length, prevented the batsmen from scoring at any outrageous pace, runs were always coming easily, and Watson, in the unfamiliar position of No. 7, showed by the freedom of his strokes that he appreciated his release from the responsibilities of a No. 1 batsman. At 195 Iddon was caught at the wicket trying to cut a short ball of Garland-Wells's, but Taylor came in to help Watson to bring the total up to 246 by luncheon. It is a great pity that more is not seen of Taylor in first-class cricket. In spite of the fact that one of his first boundaries came from a lovely stroke past extra cover-point off W. Bradshaw, he is not quite so strong on the off-side as on the leg, but he is properly severe on anything in the least over-pitched, and when he sees the outfield empty he is not afraid to lift the ball into it.

Watson, who had slowed down considerably in the forties, reached his 50 with a perfectly timed hook off a short, rising ball of J. H. Nevinson's, and at luncheon he had scored 62 to Taylor's 28. Although both batsmen went on to make their centuries, the Oxford out-cricket never fell below a reasonable standard of efficiency. A. Melville, P. G. T. Kingsley, D. N. Moore, and Garland-Wells all saved runs which the batsmen might justifiably have thought were theirs, and Garland-Wells, who had the chance of bringing off a miraculous caught-and-bowled, and Peebles each took a moral wicket. Taylor for a time after luncheon scored very fast. The first cousin to a shot of his which earns him many runs to mid-wicket is often seen on the village green, but it is none the worse for that, and Taylor's sureness of eye and timing and his discrimination in picking out the right ball make it as safe as it is profitable. He hit two 4's in succession off Peebles, and a little later two further 4's off Garland-Wells, the first the result of a straight drive off a ball he made into a full-pitch and the second by his own individual stroke. At one point it seemed likely that he would reach his hundred before Watson, but Watson suddenly went ahead by hitting a half-volley from Bradshaw firm-footed past mid-off to the boundary and turning the next ball to long-leg for 4. An over-throw gave him his 100, and he proceeded quickly to make another 35 runs, mostly by strokes played with a cross-bat without any movement of the feet. He was leg-before-wicket at 395, and after Taylor, who had dwelt an unconscionable time at 99, had made his 100 P. T. Eckersley declared the innings closed.

The pitch was perfect when Melville and Moore began the Oxford innings 266 runs behind, but a wicket fell at 22 through no fault of the batsman and no contrivance of the bowler. Moore, in turning a ball of Booth's round to leg, hit it down in the middle of the bat and mentally credited himself with five runs, but Duckworth, who had moved across, somehow got it into his hands and brought off a catch no other wicketkeeper in England would have made. Another wicket might have fallen soon afterwards, as the Nawab of Pataudi gave a chance in the slips off Hopwood, but as it happened he and Melville, making runs easily against some indifferent bowling, went on batting until the end and so gave Oxford a chance, since stumps are to be drawn at 4.30, of saving the game to-day. They both batted with the greatest confidence and an extra half-hour last night would have been of great value to Oxford.

Score:—

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—First Innings

D. N. Moore, c. Parnter, b. Hopwood	..	25
A. Melville, b. Booth	..	22
The Nawab of Pataudi, c. Duckworth, b. Booth	..	4
C. H. Gosling, c. Hallows, b. Sibbles	..	0
N. M. Ford, c. Duckworth, b. Booth	..	7
P. G. T. Kingsley, l.-b.-w., b. Booth	..	14
H. M. Garland-Wells, b. Booth	..	39
W. H. Bradshaw, b. Hopwood	..	2
J. A. R. Peebles, c. Duckworth, b. Booth	..	27
J. N. Mayhew, c. Parnter, b. Hopwood	..	3
J. H. Nevinson, not out	..	2
Byes, 8; l.-b., 1	..	9
Total	..	157

Second Innings.—D. N. Moore, c. Duckworth, b. Booth 7; A. Melville, not out, 66; the Nawab of Pataudi, not out, 46; byes 6, l.-b., 3—9. Total (1 wkt.), 128.

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

P. T. Eckersley, b. Garland-Wells	..	18
Hallows, c. Bradshaw, b. Peebles	..	19
Tyldesley (E.), l.-b.-w., b. Peebles	..	3
Iddon, c. Mayhew, b. Garland-Wells	..	76
Hopwood, b. Peebles	..	0
Parnter, c. Kingsley, b. Nevinson	..	23
Watson, l.-b.-w., b. Melville	..	135
Taylor, not out	..	107
Sibbles, not out	..	0
Byes, 8; l.-b., 10; n.-b., 2	..	20
Total (7 wkts.)	..	403

* Innings declared closed.

Duckworth and Booth did not go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Sibbles	8	3	15	1	Hopwood	26	9	46	3
Booth	27.2	11	49	6	Watson	6	2	18	0

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Nevinson	32	7	80	1	Peebles	34	8	92	3
Bradshaw	18	6	37	0	Melville	18	4	50	1
Garland-Wells	33	8	97	2	Moore	5	0	27	0

UMPIRES.—Ayres and Stoner.

SOMERSET LEAD CAMBRIDGE

Although the wicket at Cambridge yesterday appeared to be in perfect condition, most of the earlier University batsmen did not make a very satisfactory response to the Somerset total of 323. It was only when G. C. Grant was joined by F. R. Brown that the position was improved, and in the end they did well to finish within 40 runs of the Somerset total.

The three remaining Somerset wickets were secured in the first half-hour of the day for an addition of 21 runs. C. C. Case, who had been in for three hours and 20 minutes, had only four 4's in his score of 90. If the Somerset batting in the early stages on the previous day was of a somewhat uninteresting character, a similar remark might apply to some of the Cambridge players. T. J. Macdonald was in for an hour and three-quarters for 29, and J. T. Morgan appeared to be settling down when he was caught by Cunningham, the wicketkeeper, who had taken the place of Luckes. Six wickets were down for 126 when Grant was joined by Brown, and for the first time in the innings the bowling could really be said to be in any way mastered, 44 runs being added in as many minutes.

When A. H. Fabian partnered Grant the brightest batting of the day was seen. Runs came so freely that in the next 50 minutes 75 runs were added. Grant was ninth to leave when he required only two runs to complete what would have been his second successive hundred within a week, as he played a three-figure innings against Sussex last Friday. He was cautious during the greater part of his innings, as the situation demanded, but he had a fair share of the scoring when Brown and Fabian were with him, although his figures included only four 4's.

Score:—

SOMERSET—First Innings

E. F. Longrigg, c. Killick, b. Webster	..	67
R. F. Northway, b. Fabian	..	7
Lee (J. W.), l.-b.-w., b. Brown	..	4
R. A. Ingle, b. Brown	..	4
G. O. Boundy, c. Morgan, b. Webster	..	70
C. C. Case, c. Grant, b. Baring	..	0
E. G. Holt, b. Fabian	..	90
Hunt, b. Findlay	..	0
Wellard, c. Brown, b. Findlay	..	2
A. G. G. Cunningham, not out	..	47
Hazell, l.-b.-w., b. Findlay	..	6
Byes, 21; l.-b., 5; w., 1; n.-b., 2	..	29
Total	..	323

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY—First Innings

A. T. Ratcliffe, c. Lee, b. Wellard	..	13
T. J. Macdonald, c. Longrigg, b. Lee	..	29
F. R. Killick, c. Cunningham, b. Lee	..	4
G. C. Grant, c. Ingle, b. Lee	..	98
T. W. T. Baines, b. Lee	..	4
J. T. Morgan, c. Cunningham, b. Hunt	..	23
W. H. Webster, c. Lee, b. Hunt	..	5
F. R. Brown, l.-b.-w., b. Hunt	..	29
A. H. Fabian, c. Wellard, b. Lee	..	31
A. E. G. Baring, st. Cunningham, b. Lee	..	8
W. S. Findlay, not out	..	30
Byes, 7; n.-b., 2	..	9
Total	..	283

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SOMERSET.—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Baring	28	2	66	1	Brown	22	6	48	2
Findlay	29.5	0	53	3	Webster	20	9	42	2
Fabian	21	5	49	2	Macdonald	5	1	16	0

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—First Innings.

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wellard	33	7	86	1	Lee	40.2	12	73	6
Hunt	44	19	75	1	Hazell	14	4	40	0

UMPIRES.—King and Watts.

KENT IN A GOOD POSITION

GOOD BOWLING BY PEACH AND FREEMAN

Kent finished their second day's play against Essex at Tunbridge Wells yesterday in a good position, for, having dismissed their opponents for 113, thereby gaining a first innings lead of 66, they had scored 307 for five before stumps were pulled up. Freeman had the excellent figures of five wickets for 39.

In the morning the pitch had not recovered from rain earlier in the week, and heavy dew also helped to retard its recovery before the game started. Under the influence of brilliant sunshine, however, the turf dried quickly and the Essex batsmen were soon in difficulties. Going in 32 behind with six wicket in hand, Essex were all out in 55 minutes for the addition of 48 runs. Peach and Freeman were almost unplayable, though at least four of the batsmen got themselves out through misjudging the pace of the ball off the pitch. Daer and Smith made the best stand when they came together at the fall of the ninth wicket, but Hardinge soon separated them.

Hardinge and Deed gave Kent a useful start in their second innings by staying together for 50 minutes before luncheon for 32 runs. H. M. Morris used five bowlers in short spells, and each kept a perfect length. Deed played back exceedingly well, but he was beaten by a ball that went straight through. In the afternoon Hardinge and Woolley steadily improved the score in spite of continuous bowling changes and keen fielding. Then O'Connor bowled for nearly an hour, and though he kept the runs down he could not separate the batsmen. The first hundred occupied two hours, Woolley being very quiet. The second wicket added 89 in 75 minutes. When Ames came in the game brightened up, and in 40 minutes the pair put on 57, of which Ames made 29. Eventually Ames was out for 72, but after he left Ashdown and Todd were concerned in another useful stand.

Score:—

KENT

First Innings			Second Innings		
Hardinge, c. O'Connor, b. Smith	..	1	l.-b.-w., b. Daer	..	88
J. A. Deed, b. O'Connor	..	22	b. Smith	..	11
Woolley, b. O'Connor	..	19	c. Smith, b. Daer	..	34
Ames, b. Daer	..	0	c. and b. O'Connor	..	72
Ashdown, b. Nichols	..	13	c. Sheffield, b. Nichols	..	50
Todd, not out	..	55	not out	..	30
G. B. Legge, c. Sheffield, b. Nicholls	..	16	not out	..	15
Hubble, c. Pope, b. O'Connor	..	1			
Wright, c. Russell, b. Smith	..	38			
Freeman, b. Nicholls	..	2			
Peach, b. O'Connor	..	5			
Byes	..	7	Byes, 5; l.-b., 2	..	7
Total	..	179	Total (5 wkts.)		307

ESSEX.—First Innings

T. N. Pearce, b. Peach	..	12
Pope, b. Freeman	..	13
O'Connor, c. Ames, b. Ashdown	..	28
Russell, b. Freeman	..	11
Nichols, c. and b. Peach	..	22
Cutmore, st. Ames, b. Freeman	..	15
Sheffield, c. Deed, b. Freeman	..	11
H. M. Morris, b. Freeman	..	6
Hipkin, c. Ames, b. Peach	..	0
A. G. Daer, c. Woolley, b. Hardinge	..	4
Smith (P.), not out	..	6
Byes, 6; l.-b., 2	..	8
Total	..	113

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Nichols	19	4	50	3	O'Connor	24·4	8	57	4
Smith	10	2	22	2	Hipkin	10	2	39	0
Daer	14	7	22	2					

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Wright	4	2	4	0	Freeman	29	5	39	5
Ashdown	14	5	20	1	Hardinge	5·4	4	5	1
Peach	25	11	37	3					

ROBINSON'S ALL-ROUND PLAY

Yorkshire outplayed Hampshire at Bradford yesterday, and at the close of play Hampshire, who had to follow on, required 165 runs to avoid being beaten in an innings.

Declaring their innings closed at the overnight score of 478 for nine wickets, Yorkshire dismissed Hampshire for 169, and secured a lead of 309 run

Sporting News
(Continued from page 7)

LAWN TENNIS

THE DAVIS CUP

DECISIVE MATCH AT EASTBOURNE

Great Britain will meet Australia in the third round of the competition in the European zone for the Davis Cup in a match beginning at Devonshire Park, Eastbourne, to-day, and continuing to-morrow and Monday. The match is important, for the winner should have every chance of winning again in the next round and thus reaching the final round in the zone. Japan is likely to be the other country to get so far, and the match then will decide which is to meet the United States in the inter-zone round for the right to challenge the holders of the cup, France.

Australia did not take part in the competition last year and in 1928 they were knocked out in the first round by Italy. Their record since the War, however, has been of the best. They were the holders of the Cup when the competition was resumed in 1919, and they won again only to lose in the following year to the United States. The year after that they reached the final round; in the three following years they played in the challenge round, and the year after that they were only beaten in the inter-zone round. Those were the days when G. L. Patterson, J. O. Anderson, and P. O'Hara Wood were at their best and second only to the players of the United States. Now their day is past and Australia is now represented by a team of young players who have come to the front in the last few years. Their team now in this country includes J. Willard (captain), J. Crawford, H. O. Hopman, and E. F. Moon.

The British team chosen to oppose them is J. C. Gregory, I. G. Collins, H. G. N. Lee, and G. P. Hughes.

Both Hopman and Crawford came over here with the Australian Davis Cup team in 1928. Neither of them met with much success in Singles then though Hopman won three championships at the Northern meeting at Liverpool, but as a pair they made many excellent performances, carrying such redoubtable pairs as W. T. Tilden and F. T. Hunter, H. Cochet and J. Brugnon to five sets before being beaten. Unfortunately they will be without Moon, who is the reigning Australian Singles champion to-day. He strained himself in Paris during the French championships last week and will not be fit for a few days yet. J. Willard, the captain of the team, also will not take part in this match, and the whole of the Australian attack thus devolves on Crawford and Hopman. Both are young, active, and virile players, and they have had constant practice with one another in Doubles. It had been expected that Willard would play with Hopman in the Doubles, for that pair beat the British pair, J. C. Gregory and I. G. Collins, in the French championships a few day ago. It was a close match which was interrupted in the fifth set with the score 6 all, and when play was resumed the set was started anew and got to 6 all again before ending at 10—8 in the Australians' favour. Collins, who is generally the sounder of the British pair, was then off colour, and only Gregory's brilliance made the match so close.

Gregory and Collins as a pair have never been beaten in a Davis Cup match, and they may well uphold that record when they meet Crawford and Hopman to-morrow afternoon. They are well suited to one another, Collins generally safe, steady, and determined, and Gregory daring, dashing, and resistless at his best. They often let themselves be drawn into difficult places before they reveal what is in them.

In the English team G. P. Hughes is retained as a spare man, as he was last year. Little has been seen of him in England this season, but he did sufficiently well at Paris to justify his place in the team. Gregory will make his first appearance in Davis Cup matches in Singles this afternoon. He will have prestige on his side, for when the British touring team was in Australia 18 months ago he won the Australian Championship against the very men he has now to oppose. He also beat Crawford in three sets at Paris last week, showing greater steadiness than usual. At his best Gregory is the equal of most players, but he is so prone to be erratic that he often fails at critical moments. H. G. N. Lee did not have a very good time in Paris. He fell to Hopman in three sets, but he has come on greatly of late, and at Eastbourne he may show more of that steadiness and certainty which generally mark his play. The match promises to be well fought, and its issue seems wholly uncertain. Too much stress should not be laid on the results at Paris. The conditions and surroundings at Eastbourne will be vastly different. If all the British players are in their best form they should win, but their opponents are by no means to be despised or taken lightly.

The order of play will be:—

TO-DAY

H. G. N. Lee (Great Britain) v. J. B. Crawford.
J. C. Gregory (Great Britain) v. H. O. Hopman.

TO-MORROW

J. C. Gregory and I. G. Collins (Great Britain) v. J. B. Crawford and H. O. Hopman.

MONDAY

Lee v. Hopman: Gregory v. Crawford.
Play will be begun at 2.30 p.m. to-day and on Monday and at 3 p.m. to-morrow.

THE UNIVERSITY MATCH

Oxford will meet Cambridge for the forty-sixth time at Cambridge this afternoon, the first match having been played in 1881. Cambridge have won 22 times, and Oxford 14; one match in 1888 was abandoned after half an hour's play on account of rain, and eight matches have been drawn. Oxford won last year for the first time since 1924, Cambridge having won four years in succession. Of those who played then Oxford have three remaining—E. O. Mather and J. F. G. Lysaght, who were in the Singles, and E. M. Buzzard, who was in the Doubles then, and will play in the Singles as well this year. Cambridge have five of last year's team left—E. R. Avory (the captain), K. C. Gandar-Dower, C. A. Magrane, J. Charanjiva, R. T. Ritchie, of last year's team, and the only new-comer is C. E. Malfroy, a freshman who came up this term from New Zealand and won the Doherty Cup for Singles, beating Gandar-Dower in three sets, in which the loser won 17 games. Oxford have played well this term and won most of their matches, but Cambridge, with only one new player, and he perhaps their best, seem to be favourites. Up till 1905 the match was played at one of the clubs in London, mostly at Queen's, but at times at Wimbledon, Prince's, Hurlingham, and once at Surbiton. It seems a pity that that practice should have ceased, for there are many who would go to see the match if it were played in London.

The teams are:—

OXFORD

SINGLES.—E. O. Mather (Texas and Lincoln) (captain), J. F. G. Lysaght (Eton and Christ Church), E. M. Buzzard (Charterhouse and Magdalen), R. K. Tinkler (Repton and Balliol), P. H. Partridge (Eastbourne and Lincoln), H. C. Dhanda (Punjab and St. Catherine's).

DOUBLES.—Mather and Buzzard, Lysaght and Lord Furneaux (Eton and Christ Church), Tinkler and B. W. Finnigan (Wellington and Magdalen).

CAMBRIDGE

SINGLES.—E. R. Avory (Stowe and Magdalene) (captain), K. C. Gandar-Dower (Harrow and Trinity), C. E. Malfroy (New Zealand and Trinity Hall), C. A. Magrane (Argentine and Jesus), J. Charanjiva (Lahore and Emmanuel), and R. J. Ritchie (Eastbourne and Emmanuel).

DOUBLES.—Avory and Malfroy, Ritchie and Charanjiva, Magrane and Gandar-Dower.

THE NORTH LONDON CHAMPIONSHIPS

America did not quite sweep the board in the North London Women's Singles Championship at the Gipsy Club, Stamford Hill, yesterday; Miss Edith Cross, ranked third to Mrs. Moody and Miss Helen Jacobs in the United States, was beaten by 6—3, 11—9 by Miss E. R. Clarke, the only Englishwoman to reach the semi-final round.

The results were:—

SINGLES.—FOURTH ROUND.—E. Flury beat B. Hillyard (6—2, 11—9); J. H. Shales beat Beaumont (7—5, 6—3); Captain G. O. Jameson beat H. L. Soni (6—3, 6—4); D. H. Williams beat A. B. Dixon (6—0, 6—3).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—FOURTH ROUND.—Miss Ryan beat Miss M. Palfrey (7—5, 6—0); Miss E. R. Clarke beat Miss E. Cross (6—3, 11—9); Miss S. Palfrey beat Miss C. Hardie (7—5, 6—2); Miss M. Greef beat Miss D. Busby (6—1, 6—3).

DOUBLES.—FIRST ROUND.—Captain G. O. Jameson and M. W. Whitmore beat H. B. Johnson and M. Guignard (7—5, 6—4); W. Thrower and W. Tate beat S. Bazin and R. Stone (6—4, 5—7, 6—1); Beaumont and Setonius beat B. Pearce and D. Brasted (4—6, 6—2, 7—5). SECOND ROUND.—J. H. Mote and G. F. Mathieson w.o., Beaumont and Setonius scratched. THIRD ROUND.—D. R. Blasin and H. L. Soni beat D. H. Hazel and D. Leaberg (7—5, 6—3).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—SECOND ROUND.—Mrs. W. J. Dyson and Miss B. C. Brown beat Miss H. M. Barr and Miss D. Furnivall (6—4, 6—2); Mrs. H. Edgington and Miss D. Busby beat Miss J. Cunningham and Miss J. Morfey (6—2, 2—6, 6—3); Miss M. Greef and Miss M. Palfrey beat Mrs. H. G. Broadbridge and Miss D. Gordon (7—5, 6—4); Mrs. D. A. Alston and Miss B. Yorke beat Miss P. Lamb and Miss D. Sloane Stanley (6—4, 7—5).

MIXED DOUBLES.—SECOND ROUND.—E. Higgs and Miss Ryan beat G. F. Mathieson and Miss M. Burgess Smith (6—2, 6—1); V. Burr and Mrs. Burr beat E. Flury and Miss A. K. Penrose (6—3, 8—6); E. T. Lamb and Miss D. Sloane Stanley beat Setonius and Miss F. B. Hensman (3—6, 6—4, 7—5); L. H. Wheatcroft and Miss C. Hardie beat M. W. Whitmore and Mrs. W. J. Dyson (6—1, 6—4); W. A. R. Collins and the Hon. Mrs. G. Corbett beat G. E. Lines and Miss J. Morfey (6—1, 6—0); D. H. Williams and Miss D. Busby beat W. B. Henderson and Miss D. Furnivall (6—2, 7—5).

ST. GEORGE'S HILL TOURNAMENT

The St. George's Hill Tournament was continued at Weybridge yesterday, when the results were:—

SINGLES.—FOURTH ROUND.—R. Miki beat Major D. M. Evans (6—3, 6—4); Commander P. F. Glover beat M. J. G. Ritchie (6—0, 6—4); G. R. Sherwell beat C. H. Watson (6—2, 6—1); D. R. Rutnam beat S. F. Hepburn (6—2, 6—4).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—THIRD ROUND.—Miss J. Sandison beat Miss G. E. Tomblin (6—2, 6—1); Miss E. M. Dearman beat Miss J. E. Stevens (7—5, 6—4); Miss S. K. Johnson beat Mrs. J. E. Hill (8—6, 6—2); Miss V. H. Montgomery beat Miss N. M. Lyle (6—4, 6—3).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES.—THIRD ROUND.—Mrs. L. E. Houlder and Miss G. Maynard beat Mrs. J. E. Hill and Mrs. C. K. Pitt (6—1, 6—2). FOURTH ROUND.—Miss N. M. Lyle and Miss E. M. Dearman beat Mrs. P. Thomas and Miss C. M. Drabble (6—3, 8—6); Miss J. Sandison and Mrs. E. C. Simon beat Mrs. H. S. Uber and Miss K. Lewis (6—1, 6—4).

MIXED DOUBLES.—FOURTH ROUND.—G. R. Sherwell and Miss V. H. Montgomery beat R. Miki and Miss S. K. Johnson (6—1, 6—4).

NORTHERN TOURNAMENT

Miss J. Ingram, by beating Mrs. L. K. H. Gregson by 6—3, 6—4, and Miss D. E. Anderson, by beating Miss MacAlpine by 6—1, 6—1, joined Mrs. F. M. Strawson and Miss F. James in the last four in the Women's Singles at the Northern Tournament at Liverpool yesterday. There was no play in the Singles, which had been advanced to the semi-final stage on Wednesday.

BELGIAN CHAMPIONSHIPS

BRUSSELS, June 5.—Among the results in the Belgian Championships here to-day were:—

SINGLES.—THIRD ROUND.—H. K. Lester beat L. de Borman (6—2, 6—1); J. Lesueur beat E. C. Peters (6—3, 8—6); G. Lyttleton-Rogers beat J. Grandruillot (6—3, 3—6, 7—5); H. Cochet beat A. de Ridder (6—2, 6—1); P. Combemale beat J. Bonte (6—3, 3—6, 6—2); A. La Croix beat J. Malacek (6—3, 6—4).

WOMEN'S SINGLES.—SECOND ROUND.—Mrs. R. E. Havlock beat Mme. Meunier (6—3, 6—2); Mme. Desloges beat Mlle. Bouman (7—5, 6—1); Mlle. J. Sigart beat Mlle. Barbier (6—1, 6—2).—*Reuter.*

YACHTING

R.M.Y.C. REGATTA

A large fleet of racing yachts took part in the opening regatta of the Royal Motor Yacht Club for the International and Solent Classes off Hythe yesterday.

Bright sunshine favoured the fixture and a moderate south-easterly breeze was blowing. The 8-Metre International Class brought out 10 boats, two of which, built by Mr. C. E. Nicholson, the designer of Shamrock V., Sir Thomas Lipton's challenger for the America's Cup, won the first and second prizes.

The results were:—

8-METRE INTERNATIONAL CLASS.—Starters:—Fiola (Mr. H. Johnson), Nona (Lord Forster), June (Sir Howard Frank), Folly (Messrs. C. E. and A. W. Nicholson), Emily II. (Messrs. E. J. and E. R. Roney), Severn (Mr. R. B. Worth), Suzette II. (Colonel E. T. Peel), Cutty (Captain W. H. Dorman), Sasqua (Mr. Oliver May), Unity (Mr. B. W. Preston).

The start was rather crowded, and the wind gave them a beat to the Calshot Float, where Suzette II. was leading. The wind was somewhat fluky. Running back to the line, Cutty ran up from fourth place and made a close finish. The result and finishing times were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Suzette II. (winner)	3 25 40	Folly	3 27 57
Cutty (2nd prize)	3 25 54	Unity	3 28 5
June (3rd prize) ..	3 26 45	Fiola	3 28 10
Nona	3 27 30	Severn	3 30 48
Emily II. ..	3 27 30	Sasqua	3 34 43

6-METRE INTERNATIONAL CLASS.—Starters:—Felma (Mr. F. A. Richards), Zenith (Miss E. L. Lewis), Priscilla (Mr. S. Russell Cooke), Prudence (Mr. K. H. Preston).

The result and finishing times were:—

	H. M. S.		H. M. S.
Prudence (winner)	3 28 53	Zenith	3 31 29
Priscilla (2nd) ..	3 28 37	Felma	3 32 59

RACE FOR WEST SOLENT RESTRICTED CLASS.

The result was:—Squirrel (Miss Chetwynd), winner; Dinah (Mr. Burge), second; Sapphire (Mr. Cecil Brownlow), third.

HANDICAP CLASS RESULT.—Monsoon (Mr. W. F. Nutt), winner; Mignonette (General A. G. Dallas), second.

Mr. H. G. Reynolds was winner in the "X" Class and in the Annex Mr. Leslie Wilson was the winner.

CROQUET

SURREY CHAMPIONSHIP

The Surrey croquet championship meeting was continued at Surbiton yesterday. The results were:—

LEVEL SINGLES.—CLASS B (Challenge Cup).—SEMI-FINAL ROUND (concluded).—B. Kettle beat Mrs. A. W. Pickard by 6.

HANDICAP DOUBLES.—SECOND ROUND.—A. W. Pickard and Miss Patterson (17½) beat R. Leetham Jones and Mrs. H. L. Beardmore (7) by 9. THIRD ROUND (concluded).—Pickard and Miss Patterson beat A. Rutherford and Miss M. L. Lindam (10) by 18; Commander E. W. Lloyd and Mrs. A. Titley (11) beat Mrs. Wallace Elliot and Mrs. H. T. Farris (11½) by 2; E. E. Caffin and Mrs. W. F. Trevelyan (9½) beat L. C. Darby and Mrs. O. Hicks (8) by 4. SEMI-FINAL ROUND.—Caffin and Mrs. Trevelyan beat Lloyd and Mrs. Titley by 3.

THE SALE ROOM

ROBIN ADAIR MINIATURES

Miniatures of "Robin" Adair, the hero of the celebrated ballad, and his family, the property of Mrs. Russell Barrington, miniatures of the Earberry family, the property of Mrs. F. Hyde Maberly, and other miniatures and objects of vertu brought £1,309 at Sotheby's yesterday.

A miniature of Robert Adair (afterwards Sir Robert Adair), son of "Robin" Adair, by R. Cosway, in blue coat, buff vest, and white stock, oval, 1¾in., sold for £52; another by the same artist of the same personage, with powdered hair, in blue coat with gilt buttons, and high collar, white vest, and stock, 1792, oval, 2¼in.—£36; another by the same artist of Lady Adair (wife of Sir Robert Adair, daughter of the Marquis d'Hagincourt), with powdered hair, in high-necked white muslin dress, 3in.—£32; Robert ("Robin") Adair, by George Engleheart, in wig, blue velvet coat, and lace cravat, signed with initials, oval, 1¼in., in gold ribbon slide, inscribed on the back "He was a gift By Heaven designed To Benefit & bless mankind"—£16 (all bought by Hallom); Lady Caroline Adair, by George Engleheart, with dark hair dressed high, in décolleté blue dress, signed with initials, oval, 1¼in.—£31 (W. Barrington); and George Keppel, third Earl of Albermarle, father of Lady Caroline Adair, in scarlet robe, oval, 1¼in., signed P.C. 1755—£26 (Admiral Sir Colin Keppel). The other properties included an octagonal silver watch, with gilt dial, engraved in the centre with a river scene and a man fishing, the cover engraved inside with the arms of Henry, Prince of Wales, the back-plate inscribed "David Ramsay Scotus," 1¼in.—£145 (Mallett); a Louis XV. gold snuff box, oval, 3¼in., with translucent orange enamel and finely chased and enamelled borders in coloured golds—£56 (Otway); and an octagonal bronze plaque by Vincenzo Daddi, 9in.—£50 (M. Spero).

MODERN DRAWINGS AND PICTURES

Water-colour drawings, the property of the late Mr. George R. Bland, of Brondesbury Park, of the late Mrs. Henri Riviere, and from other sources brought £3,102 at Christie's yesterday. A drawing by Birket Foster, flower and vegetable market, Toulon, exhibited in 1887, and in Paris, fetched 150 guineas (Mitchell); and one in pastels by L. L'hermitte, "Le Récolte des pommes," 120 guineas (Dawson); and a picture by G. Segantini, "Vacca all' Abeverratojo," 1899, 68 guineas (Bryant).

NELSON RELICS

Some interesting Nelson relics were sold yesterday by Messrs. Glendining, 7, Argyll-street, the property of a collector. Lord Nelson's breast stars of the Order of St. Ferdinand of Sicily and the Turkish Order of the Crescent, which appear in all his portraits after the Battle of the Nile, sold for £40, and Nelson's original sea-going dressing case, a three-tier mahogany box, brass label engraved H (oratio) V (iscount) N (elson) in old stamping—£24 (both bought by a collector). The official mace or baton of the Knight Marshal of the Royal Household of King George IV., heavily mounted in silver-gilt, 1824, one end engraved with the Royal Arms, the other with the arms of the Knight Marshal, Sir Charles Lamb, Bt., fetched £21 (Mackenzie) and a *papier mâché* tea tray, by Clay, painted "Glorious 1st of June," three ships engaged, French and English, 28in. by 23in.—£17 (Gillingham).

FINE OLD SILVER

Sotheby's have arranged for June 26 an exceptionally important sale of old English silver, comprising the properties of Mr. H. Avray Tipping, Mr. A. C. B. Sheridan, of Frampton Court, Dorchester, and others. The chief feature is a remarkable Elizabethan nautilus cup of silver-gilt, with shell bowl, the mounts of the rim finely engraved with English scrolling flowers, the stem formed as a figure of Neptune riding on a dolphin, 10in. high, *circa* 1580. The cup is the property of the Misses Foxcroft, of Hinton Charterhouse, and is believed to have come from one of the Beckford sales at Fonthill Abbey at the beginning of the last century. The Sheridan silver is chiefly noteworthy for a fine Charles II. rose-water ewer, with bucket-shaped bowl engraved with the armorials of Cranwell, 10¼in. high, London, 1664. Other features of the sale include early spoons, London and provincial, three Newcastle tankards by John Langlands, 1769-73; a George I. large tray by B. Pyne, London, 1719, over 73oz. in weight; and various other objects of interest to collectors. An illustrated catalogue has been issued.

PRIOR PARK COLLEGE

CLOSE OF CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BATH, June 5

The centenary celebrations at Prior Park College, the Roman Catholic school overlooking Bath from the mansion built by Ralph Allen in 1735, in which it is housed, ended to-day. At the Old Boys' dinner last evening ABBOT A. H. WHITE, LORD ARUNDELL of WARDOUR, the president of the association, CANON CHARD, and the REV. BROTHER J. S. ROCHE, President of the College, gave reminiscences of their early days at the school. Each night the mansion has been illuminated by means of electric flood lamps, and has been visible from the hills for many miles.

The Old Boys' Association held its annual general meeting this morning and re-elected the Bishop of Clifton (Dr. Burton) and Brother Roche, President of the College, as patrons. Lord Arundell of Wardour is again the president, Abbot White the honorary chaplain, and the Rev. H. L. Bilsborrow the secretary and treasurer. There was a cricket match between Old Boys and the School, at which Lord Arundell of Wardour umpired.

NEW ROMAN CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL

SIR EDWIN LUTYENS'S DESIGNS FOR LIVERPOOL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LIVERPOOL, June 5

There is now every prospect that the great Roman Catholic Cathedral for Liverpool will be built on the Brownlow Hill site desired by Archbishop Downey and his co-religionists. They have offered £100,000 for the site and the City Council has decided to sell it, leaving the Ministry of Health to fix the price.

It is claimed that the Cathedral, which will cost about £3,000,000, will be the largest in the world. The Archbishop stated to-day that the preliminary plans of Sir Edwin Lutyens have already been submitted. According to Professor C. H. Reilly, who has seen Sir Edwin Lutyens's sketches, the design is for a massive structure crowned with a dome, under which and from the surrounding arches 10,000 persons can see the high altar, but without the columns and classical dressings of St. Paul's, London, or St. Peter's, Rome. The dome will be welded to the superstructure by eight massive buttress structures. As a foil to it there is a pair of tall bell towers on the end of each of the short transepts.

THE CITY AND THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS

DR. DALTON, M.P., ON GROWTH OF ARMAMENTS

Dr. Hugh Dalton, M.P., Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, was the principal guest at luncheon yesterday, in the Crypt of the Guildhall, of the City of London branch of the League of Nations. Mr. Percy Hargreaves, the chairman of Lloyd's, presided.

DR. DALTON said that it was good to find that in the City of London there was so active an interest in the League. In 1883 this country spent £26,000,000 sterling on armaments, and Lord Randolph Churchill resigned from the Chancellorship of the Exchequer rather than support a small increase. In 1893 the figure had risen to £33,000,000, and Mr. Gladstone resigned because he would not stand for an increase. In 1905 we were spending £70,000,000 on armaments, while by 1913-14 the sum had risen to £77,000,000. During the War the expenditure leapt to £14,000,000,000, or double our complete National Debt before the War, which was a legacy from previous wars. We were now spending £110,000,000 a year on armaments, a slight reduction over the expenditure in the preceding years. He hoped that both here and in other countries such inflated figures would be forced down.

It was an error to suppose that the League of Nations cost this country a great deal of money. The total cost was £1,000,000 a year, and the share of this country was £100,000. That worked out at ¼d. a head a year. The Government was determined not only to be in but to be of the League. The value of contact between foreign delegates alone was tremendous.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

NEW SLOOPS

It has been arranged to begin the actual construction of H.M.S. BIDEFORD at Devonport Dockyard on Tuesday next, June 10, in the presence of the Mayor and Mayoress of Bideford (Mr. and Mrs. Lee). The formal ceremony of laying the first keelplate will be performed by the Mayoress. The BIDEFORD is one of four sloops in the 1929 programme. Six were authorized, but two of them were cancelled by the present Government last January. Two are being built at Devonport, the FOWEY and BIDEFORD; and two at Chatham, the SHOREHAM and ROCHESTER. They bring up the total of sloops in the post-War replacement programmes to 10, in addition to the HINDUSTAN, which was recently launched for the Royal Indian Marine. No programme for 1930 has yet been announced in this or any other type.

OPERATIONS DIVISION CHANGE

Commander J. W. A. Waller has been selected for duty in the Operations Division of the Naval Staff, in succession to Commander S. F. Gaisford St. Lawrence, who has completed the usual two-year term. Commander Waller entered Osborne as a cadet in September, 1904, and became a lieutenant in February, 1913, with only nine months' seniority as sub-lieutenant, having taken first-class certificates in all subjects in his examinations. He served in the Grand Fleet during the War as a watch-keeper in the battleships KING EDWARD VII. and ROYAL OAK, and, having qualified in the VERNON, as torpedo officer from 1918 of the MARLBOROUGH. In 1924-26 he was Fleet torpedo officer on the Africa Station, and was promoted, after which he served for two years in the Naval Equipment Department, and during 1929 qualified at the Staff College.

NEW ZEALAND CRUISES

The vessels of the New Zealand Division, which have been at their base at Auckland for several weeks, are now beginning their autumn programmes. The cruiser DUNEDIN, flying the broad pennant of Commodore Geoffrey Blake, C.B., D.S.O., is due to leave to-day for the Hauraki Gulf, where she will be for a fortnight. On June 20 she will proceed to Nukualofa, the capital of the Tonga or Friendly Islands. The sloop VERONICA, Commander G. W. T. Robertson, is leaving Auckland for Suva, Fiji, where she will stay until July 5. Her sister ship, the LABURNUM, Commander C. E. Hotham, D.S.C., is to leave Auckland on Monday for the Hauraki Gulf, returning at the end of next week. On June 18 she will leave for Vavau and Pago Pago.

ADMIRALTY CIVIL POSTS

The following civilian appointments have been made in H.M. Naval Establishments:—

Mr. R. J. Browne, deputy expense accounts officer, Portsmouth yard; Mr. H. B. Bray, Mr. S. T. Butteris, and Mr. H. A. W. Eyers, acting assistant accounts officers, Accountant-General's Department, Admiralty; Mr. G. R. Leib, second grade clerk, Naval Store Department, Hong-kong; Mr. G. J. Henderson and Mr. C. Pinnington, assistant technical officers, Admiralty Garage; Mr. G. H. Fruin and Mr. R. L. Waters, assistant electrical engineers, Admiralty and Chatham respectively.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

BEPPU, June 3.—Petersfield arrived.
BIDBURY BAY, June 4.—Concord arrived.
DEVONPORT, June 4.—Glorious arrived.
DOVER, June 3.—Kellett left.
GARELOCH, June 4.—Pandora arrived.
HENJAM, June 3.—Lupin arrived.
INVERGORDON, June 4.—Mist arrived and left for Inverness.
LOBITO, June 2.—Delphinium arrived.
MARSEILLES, June 4.—Bryony arrived.
OSLO, June 3.—First Minesweeping Flotilla (less Selkirk and Dunoon) arrived.
PORT ELIZABETH, June 3.—Carlisle arrived.
PORTLAND, June 4.—Concord left for Torbay.
PORTSMOUTH, June 3.—Glorious left for Devonport.
QUEENSTOWN, June 4.—Scythe left for Berehaven.
RAS AL KHAIMAH, June 3.—Lupin left for Henjam.
ST. HELIER, June 3.—Carstairs arrived.
SINGAPORE, June 4.—Castor left for Penang.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty yesterday:—

COMMR.—P. J. MACK, to President, for duty inside Admiralty with D.O.D. (July 7).

LIEUT.-COMMRS.—D. B. DOWLING, to Seamew (June 9); K. J. S. KNOCKER, F. C. MOTT, and D. W. GRAHAM, to Resolution (June 27); W. G. CAMIDGE, to Courageous (June 8); and C. WAUCHOPE, to Britannia, for R.N. College, (July 1).

LIEUTS.—D. T. DOWLER, to Acheron (July 1); and R. H. DEWHURST, to Salmon (July 8).

SURGN. LIEUT.-COMMRS. (D.).—L. R. OSBORNE, to Defiance (June 9); and R. J. ANDREWS, to Vivid, for R.N. Barracks, Devonport (June 10).

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

SUB-LIEUTS.—A. E. COLES, to Pangbourne (June 14); and W. K. BOTHERAS and G. GERATY, promoted to Lieut. (seniority respectively Oct. 28, 1929, and May 17, 1930).

PAYR. COMMR.—H. V. SUCH, O.B.E., R.D., to Defiance (June 23).

PAYR. LIEUT.—J. T. BRUTON, to Iron Duke (June 21).

PROBY. PAYMR. SUB-LIEUTS.—L. STOREY, to Cleopatra (June 14); and R. W. CHAMBERLEN, to Warspite (June 28).

CD. ENGNR.—E. V. HASLAM, to Renown (June 21).

ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE

SUB-LIEUT.—P. F. CAMMIADE, to Pangbourne (June 9).

SURGN. LIEUT.-COMMRS.—F. L. CASSIDI, to Constance (June 28); and H. O. MARTIN, to Rodney (July 15).

SURGN. LIEUTS.—R. L. STUBBS, to Victory, for R.N. Hospital, Haslar (June 14); and P. W. CHIPPINDALE, to Champion (June 24).

PROBY. SURGN. LIEUT.—W. B. WILSON, to Marlborough (June 17).

SURGN. SUB-LIEUT.—A. F. DAVY, to Champion (June 10).

PROBY. SURGN. SUB-LIEUTS.—W. H. C. WATSON, to Renown (June 16); J. C. LIVINGSTON, to Rodney (June 17); and R. W. RIDDLE, to Concord, H. A. LOCKHART, to Courageous, and J. F. M. MILNER, to Warspite (June 21).

PAYMR. LIEUT. (C.).—F. BARRITT, to Renown (June 14).

R.A.F. APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments in the Royal Air Force are notified:—

GENERAL DUTIES BRANCH

SQUADRON LEADERS.—J. S. T. FALL, D.S.C., A.F.C., to Half-pay List (June 1); J. J. WILLIAMSON, A.F.C., to No. 5 Flying Training School, Sealand (June 2).

FLIGHT LIEUTENANTS.—K. DRUDGE, M.B.E., to No. 203 Squadron, Iraq (April 19); G. R. BRAMISH, to Half-pay List (June 1); A. W. BATES, to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (May 11); J. F. F. PAIN, to No. 208 Squadron, India (May 7); R. T. HOOD, to Station Headquarters, Worthy Down (May 27).

FLYING OFFICERS.—P. G. J. ATKINSON, to R.A.F. Practice Camp, North Coates Fitties (May 29); V. J. SOPIASO, to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge, on appointment to a Short Service Commission (Supplementary List) (May 26).

PILOT OFFICER.—H. V. SATTERLY, to No. 99 Squadron, Upper Heyford, on appointment to a Permanent Commission as Pilot Officer (on probation) (May 19).

MEDICAL BRANCH

FLIGHT LIEUTENANTS.—J. A. QUIS, to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (April 17); W. S. STALKER, to R.A.F. Depôt, Uxbridge (April 25).

ALDERSHOT TATTOO

A KHAKI REHEARSAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALDERSHOT, June 5

To-morrow the first complete rehearsal of the Ascot Week Tattoo will be held in the arena at Rushmoor. It will be complete only so far as *personnel* are concerned. Held in daylight, the great light which can be developed collectively by the anti-aircraft lamps will not be needed, and the coloured flood lights and flares which help the illusion at night would be ineffective were they used in daylight. Because the committee will be the only spectators costumes will not be worn, and although the plain khaki uniforms will rob the performance of much of its attractiveness, the rehearsal will still serve the purpose for which it is to be held—for the correction of faults and the testing of times. Like military field operations, the rehearsal will be followed by a conference, which will be attended by all who are in any way responsible for the "tactics" of the exercise.

The rehearsal will be held 12 hours early—that is to say, it will begin at 9.40 a.m. instead of 9.40 p.m. The programme, under the amended times, will run as follows:—

9.40 a.m.—"Retreat" and instrumental concert by massed bugles, fifes and drums, and regimental bands.

10.5 a.m.—Cavalry evolutions by regiments of the 1st Cavalry Brigade in Light Dragoon uniforms of 1790-1800.

10.20 a.m.—Physical training display by a squad of 200 young soldiers.

10.28 a.m.—The transformation in 1661 of General Monck's Regiment from a unit of the Commonwealth Army into the Royal Regiment, which subsequently became the Coldstream Guards.

10.43 a.m.—The Battle of Dettingen, which will begin with "Honouring the Colours." The battle will be staged in rather unusual fashion. Previously Tattoo "battles" have been fought east and west and the full length of the oval arena utilised. "Dettingen" will be fought from south to north, with the British troops advancing upon an enemy which has its back to the grand stand.

11.2 a.m.—Display and music by massed pipers, in which will be included the pipes and drums of The Royal Scots, Black Watch, Cameronians, Cameron Highlanders, Royal Scots Fusiliers, King's Own Scottish Borderers, Seaforth Highlanders, and Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders.

11.13 a.m.—Queen Elizabeth's Review at Tilbury Fort. The fort erected for this item is by far the largest structure that has been built within the Tattoo arena. Its walls, however, are low enough to show the masts and sails of ships, which suggest the vessels from the Thames that swelled Effingham's fleet. At night the fort will not be immediately visible, but a spot-light will disclose Drake and other naval officers playing bowls while beacons, lighting up in the distance, notify the approach of the Armada.

11.32.—"For Valour," an impressionist sketch suggesting the "atmosphere" of the Victoria Cross, and the words used by the Prince of Wales at the V.C. dinner: "That most enviable order of chivalry."

11.43 a.m.—The finale, which develops from the V.C. spectacle, does not differ a great deal from previous Tattoo endings, except that it will present a new central figure. It will include the hymns and music which have become inseparably connected with the last phase, and is timed to conclude two minutes before midnight.

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CHANNEL TUNNEL

THE GOVERNMENT'S DECISION

INSURANCE AND INCOME-TAX

MR. SNOWDEN'S CONCESSION

HOUSE OF COMMONS

THURSDAY, JUNE 5

The SPEAKER took the Chair at a quarter to 3 o'clock.

The Lancaster Corporation Bill was read the third time.

COTTON TRADE INQUIRY

REPORT COMPLETED

Asked by Mr. TOUT (Sowerby, Lab.) when the report of the Committee of Inquiry into the cotton trade would be completed, Mr. MACDONALD, Prime Minister (Seaham), said:—The Committee completed their report yesterday. The question of publishing the report cannot be decided until his Majesty's Government have had an opportunity of considering the Committee's recommendations.

UNEMPLOYMENT

THE RESPONSIBLE MINISTER

In reply to VISCOUNT WOLMER (Aldershot, U.), who asked which Minister would in future answer for the Government in respect of unemployment policy, Mr. MACDONALD said:—After Whitsuntide we shall revert to the old practice of putting questions on unemployment to the Departments concerned; when Government policy is involved the questions should be addressed to me. (Hear, hear.)

The MARQUESS of TITCHFIELD (Newark, U.).—Is this another proof of the utter failure of the Government in regard to unemployment? (Laughter.)

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN (Birmingham, W., U.) asked whether, if at any time the Opposition wanted a general discussion on unemployment, the Vote they would have to ask for would be the salary of the First Lord of the Treasury.

Mr. MAC DONALD.—It all depends on whether the general discussion is going to be mainly departmental. We shall always accommodate the Opposition, and if they will tell us what they want at the time they want it, we will always put down the appropriate Vote. (Laughter.)

LONDON GARBAGE PROBLEM

Mr. GREENWOOD, Minister of Health (Nelson and Colne), replying to LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER KENWORTHY (Hull, Central, Lab.), who asked whether any steps were being taken to deal with the nuisance caused by the dumping of rubbish and garbage by certain local authorities or their contractors in the open country, especially in the rural districts around London, said that the report of the Departmental Committee on London Cleansing which had been considering this question had now been submitted and would be published as soon as possible.

RATES ON PLAYING FIELDS

SIR K. WOOD (Woolwich, W., U.) asked whether the Minister of Health proposed at an early date to introduce legislation to relieve playing fields from rate burdens.

Mr. D. SOMERVILLE (Willesden, E., U.) also asked whether the Minister's attention had been called to the fact that unless some attempt was made to reduce the heavy taxation now imposed upon the amateur sports grounds of the country at least 30 to 35 per cent. would be abandoned during the next 12 months, and whether he would reconsider the Government opposition to relieving such playing fields of rates.

Mr. GREENWOOD.—I have seen statements as to increases in the assessments of playing fields and I am asking the Central Valuation Committee to make some inquiries on the subject. I have the greatest sympathy with any movement which aims at the provision of playing fields for children and young persons, especially of the working classes, and it is the policy of the Ministry of Health to encourage such provision. There may be a case in some instances for some revision of recent assessments, and this is a matter on which the Central Valuation Committee, who are concerned to promote uniformity of assessment, may be able to make recommendations. But I do not think that complete exemption, which is also claimed for a number of other worthy objects, could be justified, or is the right way of dealing with any anomalies which may be shown to exist.

YORKSHIRE WOOLLEN INDUSTRY

MR. SNOWDEN AND PROFITS

Mr. BRACKEN (Paddington, N., U.) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer whether the Board of Inland Revenue had received any information modifying the conclusions of the Hitchcock Committee with regard to the profits made by the Yorkshire woollen industry.

Mr. SNOWDEN, Chancellor of the Exchequer (Colne Valley).—I must refer the hon. member to my replies to previous questions by him on this subject when I informed him that the statistics collected by the Inland Revenue Department do not distinguish the profits to which he refers.

Mr. BRACKEN.—How does the right hon. gentleman calculate the basis of his statement that some industries in Yorkshire made a thousand per cent. on their turnover; had he any statistics?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—That is precisely the question that the hon. member put on a former occasion. He seems to be quite unable to frame a question which will elucidate that information. When he can, I will give the information.

Mr. BRACKEN.—Is not the Chancellor quite incapable of providing statistics to prove his statement? (Opposition cheers.)

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS (Westminster, St. George's, U.).—Does not the right hon. gentleman welcome the opportunity of correcting the wholly incorrect and untrue statement that he made with regard to the Yorkshire woollen industry profits? Can he give any single instance of a thousand per cent. profit on the turnover? Is not that a mathematical impossibility?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—That information is not asked for in the question. The statement which the right. hon. gentleman has made, to use his own phrase, is utterly incorrect and untrue. I told the hon. member last week that if he would put down a question asking for information in support of the statement which I made I would supply it, and I am prepared to supply it now.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—Do I understand that the right hon. gentleman is admitting that his statement is inaccurate? If not, will he give an instance of 1,000 per cent. profit on the turnover?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—I made no such admission. I said that the description of my statement as being wholly inaccurate and untrue applied to the remarks which he has just made. My authority is this, if I may be permitted to give it. A Sub-committee on the investigation of prices appointed under the Profiteering Acts reported in 1921 that in the case of five firms of woolcombers whose accounts had been investigated the average profit in pence per pound was multiplied between 1912 and 1919 about 15 times after deduction of excess profits duty. The Committee reported that:—

> Their figures represented an increase in the average profit per pound for the five firms of approximately 22 times before deduction of excess profits duty and 15 times after deduction of excess profits duty, the highest increase being 55 times the pre-War profit before deduction of excess profits duty and 37 times after the deduction of excess profits duty, while the lowest increases were eight times before deduction and five times after deduction.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—How does the right hon. gentleman attempt to justify his statement that it was 1,000 per cent. on the turnover? Mr. SNOWDEN.—If the right hon. gentleman will make a calculation, he will see that an increase of 22 times, an increase on their turnover—— SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—It does not say so. Mr. SNOWDEN.—The right hon. gentleman seems to be assuming that I said upon the turnover of their capital. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—On their turnover. Mr. SNOWDEN.—Yes, turnover of their production, and that is the very basis of this statement. It represented an increase, they say, in average profit per pound—that is, per pound turnover—(hon. members.—"No")—but I am certainly not going to quibble with hon. members opposite.

Mr. CHURCHILL (Epping, U.) rose, but the SPEAKER called Mr. BROCKWAY (Leyton, E., Lab.), who asked whether, in view of the profits which had been made in the woollen industry, the Government could not do something to prevent wages being driven down to starvation level.

The SPEAKER.—That has nothing to do with this question.

Mr. CHURCHILL.—Would it not simplify matters very much if the Chancellor of the Exchequer had said quite frankly that he used the word "turnover" when he meant the word "profits"?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—What I said was perfectly true. As a matter of fact, I was using the identical words of this report, that it represented an increase in the average profits per pound.

COMMUNISTS AND SOLDIERS

SIR G. PENNY (Kingston-upon-Thames, U.) asked the Attorney-General whether his attention had been drawn to the leaflets issued by the Communist group of British soldiers enclosed in envelopes, entitled Lee's Tip for the Derby, which were recently distributed to soldiers at Aldershot inciting them to mutiny and rebellion; and whether it was his intention to take steps against the printers, publishers, and distributors to stop these incitements to mutiny.

SIR J. MELVILLE, Solicitor-General (Gateshead), said it would be unwise in the public interest to give any answer.

SIR G. PENNY.—I rather understood that an answer was to be given that the case was being dealt with, but that as it was *sub judice* I was not to press any further question. What I wished to ask was that the Government would bring this to the special notice of the Secretary for India, to prevent such propaganda as this reaching India in the present inflamed state of India.

SIR J. MELVILLE.—I am very sorry if there has been any misapprehension. I am sure there has been, and I hope the hon. member will not press me further.

CHANNEL TUNNEL

GOVERNMENT'S DECISION

Mr. MAC DONALD, Prime Minister (Seaham), replying to SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN (Birmingham, W., U.), who asked whether he had any statement to make with regard to the Channel Tunnel, said:—I intended to make a statement to-day, and it has been prepared. On reading it over, however, I found that it was so long that it could not very appropriately be given in reply to a question; and it occurred to me that it would suit the convenience of the House much better if I circulated it as a White Paper. It is now in the printer's hands, and I hope it will be circulated to-morrow. I may say that the decision of the Government will be found to be against the Tunnel. (Cheers.)

LIEUT.-COL. ASHLEY (New Forest and Christchurch, U.) asked whether the House would be given an opportunity to discuss the question. Mr. MACDONALD.—As I said yesterday, communications will be made on that subject through the usual channels.

Mr. CHURCHILL (Epping, U.).—I suppose the House may take it that this announcement by the right hon. gentleman of the views which the Government have come to about the Channel Tunnel in no way abrogates the undertaking which the Prime Minister has given to the House that the whole matter shall be referred to debate and the free vote of the House?

Mr. MAC DONALD.—I gave no such undertaking. What I said yesterday is what I have just said, that, when communications are opened up on the subject through the usual channels and in the ordinary official way, the Government will be willing to give whatever facilities the House want for discussion. Mr. CHURCHILL.—I think if the right hon. gentleman would reflect, he would find that he said definitely that it was the intention of the Government, or that the Government were perfectly willing as an ultimate solution, to allow the House of Commons to have a free vote. Mr. MACDONALD.—Quite the contrary. I gave my answer fully aware of the meaning I gave to the words, and in order to avoid saying what the right hon. gentleman says I said. (Laughter.)

Mr. CHURCHILL.—Are there to be absolutely no means by which the great volume of opinion which has gathered on either side of this question in the country over so many years is to obtain decisive expression one way or the other in Parliament?

Mr. MAC DONALD.—The right hon. gentleman has got no business to put that meaning into the words I used. I stated quite specifically, and I repeat it to-day, that if a debate is desired or asked for in the ordinary way the Government is willing to make arrangements for the debate.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN.—The Prime Minister, as I understand, offers to find time for discussion if that is the desire, without insisting that the discussion shall take the form of a vote of censure, because some of us are in agreement with the decision they have come to? (Laughter.)

Mr. MAC DONALD.—I am perfectly well aware of the fact that division on this subject runs through, at any rate, two parties, and I am not sure (indicating the Liberal Party) about the third. I know that the Conservative Party is divided on the subject, and it would be an abuse if I insisted or arranged that if the question is to be put to the House it should be in the nature of a vote of censure on the Government. That certainly will not be done.

AGRICULTURE

SUGGESTED INTER-PARTY CONFERENCE

Mr. LLOYD GEORGE (Carnarvon, L.) asked the Prime Minister what steps he had taken to implement the promise he gave that he would invite the two Opposition parties to enter into a conference with the Government on the question of agriculture.

Mr. MAC DONALD.—I have communicated with the leaders of the two Opposition parties. The Leader of the Conservative Opposition replied yesterday asking for some further information on certain points. This information I will send to him as soon as possible. I have received a reply from Mr. Lloyd George, and this is favourable.

THE FINANCE BILL

DEDUCTIONS FOR LIFE INSURANCE

The House again went into Committee on the Finance Bill, Mr. DUNNICO, Deputy Chairman of Committees (Consett), in the Chair.

On Clause 10 (Amendment as to relief in respect of life insurance premiums),

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS moved a formal amendment in order to initiate a general discussion on the clause. He said that in the debate on the financial resolution three Ministers sought to explain the purpose and scope of this clause, and it was only after the explanation of the President of the Board of Trade that their suspicions were confirmed that the clause, which had been represented by the Financial Secretary and the Chancellor of the Exchequer as harmless and necessary only to prevent double benefits, did, in fact, disturb the whole basis on which the great thrift movement expressed in insurance had been founded. Mr. Gladstone justified the principle of rebate on insurance premiums as an encouragement to thrift, and the selection of this particular form of thrift because it was helpful to those who had earned incomes. During the War it became necessary to review the position and changes were made in the Finance Act of 1920. As regarded pre-1916 policies no alteration was made. Taxpayers were allowed to deduct the standard rate of income-tax or proportions of the standard rate according to the amount of the income. Policies later than 1916 received an allowance of only half the standard rate. But in every case the allowance was based on the standard rate. For 140 years the standard rate of income-tax had been taken as a basis upon which deductions were to be calculated. It had been reserved for the present Chancellor of the Exchequer to break the bargain that had been kept during that period. If the abatement was an encouragement to thrift, did the Chancellor of the Exchequer say that thrift ought to be encouraged or that it ought not to be encouraged? The practical results from the State point of view were of extreme importance. They had been told that £18,000,000 on the average was added to the values of estates in respect of the policies included in the estates of persons dying in any year. The Chancellor of the Exchequer had said that he did not see how thrift could be discouraged, because as regarded the pre-1916 policies, they were already taken up. But the future had also to be taken into account. What about those who were contemplating insurance? This year instead of half the standard rate, half the assumed standard rate of 4s. was to be taken. Some people were to be cheated in future of 3d., and in order to gain that relatively small sum the Chancellor of the Exchequer was going to reverse the process of 140 years.

Once this change was started, where would the Chancellor of the Exchequer stop? The change would come as a great shock to thrift. The great proportion of the insured people were of relatively small means and liable to pay income-tax at reduced rates. The Chancellor of the Exchequer was not merely casting adrift the anchorage of the insured person to the standard rate of income-tax, but was increasing the total taxation of those who were relatively poor people. This was being done to gain for the Treasury some £500,000, of which between one-fourth and one-third was to be exacted from those who had their policies before 1916. This money was not coming from the luxury spenders or the "idle rich," but from the saving poor, whose earned incomes were to have a larger tax owing to the reduction in the abatements hitherto made to them. While the country was raising very large sums of money each year to give pensions to widows, the Chancellor of the Exchequer was taxing the very people who were trying to help themselves. (Opposition cheers.) This was not a rich man's complaint. He had had communications from the associations of industrial insurance companies and collecting friendly societies, who were very much alarmed. The right hon. gentleman ought to drop this clause. If he got money out of it, it would be dirty money obtained by a breach of legislative practice of 140 years' standing.

MR. SNOWDEN'S REPLY

Mr. SNOWDEN, who was heard with great difficulty in the Reporters' Gallery, said that members of the Committee ignorant of what was in the clause who had listened to the right hon. gentleman would have come to the conclusion that he (Mr. Snowden) had committed a crime unparalleled in the criminal annals of this country. The right hon. gentleman indulged in a great many general and rhetorical statements, but he had refrained from giving one figure or one case in support of his accusations. He had said that this clause would inflict a grievous burden on people of small means, and that it was in the interests of those people that he was making his vigorous appeal. The right hon. gentleman knew quite well that there was not an atom of foundation for that statement. He knew that people of small means, and with an income—providing they had certain life insurances—of below £2,000 or £3,000 were not affected at all by the proposals in this clause. The right hon. gentleman had said that it had taken three Ministers, in discussing this matter on the Report stage, to explain what was meant by the proposal. He (Mr. Snowden) would put it in another way, and say that it took three Ministers to make the Conservative Party understand what was embodied in the provisions of the Bill. (Laughter.) The Bill provided rates of relief. Last year those rates were half the income-tax rates, so that, with income-tax at 4s. in the £, the general rate of allowance for life insurance premiums was 2s. The pre-1916 policies had a different rate, which varied, according to the amount of the income, between 2s., 3s., and 4s. The Royal Commission on Income Tax had pointed out that if some new graduation of the income-tax should be carried in the future it would be necessary to review those abatements for income-tax and harmonize them with the new system of graduation. The new graduation enacted in Clause 9 upset those reliefs, and therefore some adjustment had been made necessary. The relief for life insurance was made on taxable income, which was very different from the gross income. Last year the first £225 of taxable income paid 2s. in the £. The Government had altered that, and had raised it to £250. If he had followed the ordinary course, the one-half would now be 2s. 3d. in the £ instead of 2s., but now only 2s. in the £ would be paid on the first £250.

In regard to life insurance allowances, there was a limit which could not exceed one-sixth of a person's income and seven per cent. of the capital value of the sum insured. The right hon. gentleman had opposed the Government proposal because it would inflict hardship on poor people. The fact was that any ground of complaint could only apply to something like one per cent. of the people who were affected by life insurance abatements; it was only where premiums exceeded £475 a year, and everybody would agree that such a sum was a very exceptional premium to pay. Poor people certainly did not pay premiums of that amount. (Hear, hear.) The figure of £475 represented one-sixth of an income of £2,800. The right hon. gentleman had repeated several times the charge that the Government were breaking a bargain. There could be no such thing as a bargain, or even a moral obligation, to maintain a rate of income-tax, a rate of any form of taxation, or to maintain any allowance which might be in existence. It would appear as if the right hon. gentleman thought that no changes in regard to life insurance inimical to the taxpayer had ever been made, but Mr. McKenna made certain changes in 1916.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—That was during the War.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—Then the right hon. gentleman is not aware that the War is not yet over financially. (Hear, hear.) Continuing, Mr. Snowden said that 99 per cent. of the people would not be affected injuriously by this proposal. There was a small minority, he admitted, who would be injuriously affected, but it would be quite impossible to make a necessary change without doing perhaps some slight injury to one person here and there. They had dealt with this matter in a way which would inflict the smallest possible amount of hardship on the individual. There was no intention at all of interfering with the general question of life insurance abatements. He was not making an attack on them. If he thought that his proposal would strike a blow at thrift or involve any real hardship he would willingly sacrifice the small revenue.

Mr. E. BROWN (Leith, L.) regretted that the Chancellor had not seen fit to meet the Opposition on this point. The relation between the rate of allowance and the standard rate of income-tax should be safeguarded.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that he had been asked to consider this matter again before Report stage. Was the hon. member suggesting that the post-1916 policy, which, under the new graduation scheme, could only pay 2s. in the pound, should get the half-rate returned—that was 2s. 3d. returned?

Mr. E. BROWN said his suggestion was that 2s. should be returned where the policy was liable to 2s. and 2s. 3d. when it was liable to 2s. 3d. If the relation between the rate of allowance and the standard rate of income-tax was disturbed there might in the future be far greater distortion. The matter was causing great uneasiness.

MAJOR HILLS (Ripon, U.) said that apparently no one would be affected unless they paid £475 a year in premiums.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—That is, after 1916.

MAJOR HILLS.—That means until a man's income is very nearly £3,000 a year. It is a point of very great importance and must affect the way in which one approaches this clause.

Mr. CHURCHILL.—Then it does not matter how unjust it is?

MAJOR HILLS.—I do not say that; but it is not a matter for the small income.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS, intervening, said that Mr. Snowden's statement was only true if they took into account what these people got by the £225 being raised to £250. That was given to every one, whether he was insured or not.

MAJOR HILLS, proceeding, said that he thought there was probably some catch in it. What they were asking in this amendment was that the relief should not be divorced from the standard rate of income-tax. If people thought that there was less advantage in taking out a life policy than there was before, was it not highly probable that in the end the revenue would suffer? Already an excessive burden was laid upon insured persons, and especially persons insured in mutual societies. The very small return which the Chancellor of the Exchequer would get would not make it worth upsetting an arrangement which had obtained for 10 years and had been considered to be permanent.

Mr. RUNCIMAN (St. Ives, L.) asked Mr. Snowden if he would not reconsider this matter before the Report stage, because it affected the whole relation of the Exchequer and the State to the insurance societies. Many of the proprietary companies dealt with a great deal of their profits by way of bonus, and thus had a mutual element. Others were mutual societies and did not divide any profits among shareholders. Such societies were in the nature of cooperative societies, and they ought to be especially in the mind of the Chancellor of the Exchequer. Insurance policies were long-term contracts, made in the belief that the Chancellor of the Exchequer would apply the same principles of continuity to these long-term contracts as he did to his own financial obligations. If the right hon. gentleman departed from what had been something in the nature of an understanding, it would disturb the whole atmosphere in which life insurance was conducted.

MR. SNOWDEN'S CONCESSION

After further discussion,

Mr. SNOWDEN said he could not resist the appeals which had been made to him from both the parties opposite on this question. There was not a great deal of money involved in this proposal, and it was not made for the sake of the paltry £150,000 involved, but because it was thought to be a necessary corollary to the changes that had been effected in the graduations of income-tax. If the Committee would agree to give a formal and non-committal passage to the clause, he was quite willing to take the matter into full consideration before the Report stage, and he hoped that, with the ingenuity of the able officials of the Revenue Department, it might be possible to devise some amendment to meet the criticisms and suggestions which had been made. He added that, while he could not be committed to detail, he would make every effort to meet what was intended in the amendment which appeared on the Order Paper in the name of Mr. A. M. Samuel providing that "relief shall not be granted at a greater rate than the maximum rate of income-tax payable by the taxpayer."

The amendment was by leave withdrawn, and the question that Clause 10 stand part of the Bill was agreed to.

TAX DEDUCTIONS FROM DIVIDENDS

On Clause 11 (Deduction of tax),

SIR D. HERBERT moved the omission of subsection (1), which provided that if an over-deduction of income-tax on dividends paid to a shareholder was made by a company it was to be readjusted by a reduction of the amount of tax deducted from the next payment of dividend on the security or share in question. He urged that the proper course was for the company at once to make good the over-deduction to the shareholder concerned. If the subsection were allowed to stand the reduction of the amount of the tax on the subsequent payment of dividend might fall to a different person by whom the shares were purchased in the meantime.

Mr. OLIVER STANLEY (Westmorland, U.) complained that the repayment of the over-deduction of tax was made without any reference to the equity of the case. The benefit of the clause was to inure, not to the person who was put under the hardship of over-deduction, but to the person who happened to be possessed of the shares in respect of which the over-deduction was made at the time of the repayment of the over-deduction. The only possible reason that could be given for adopting that course was that it was easier from the point of view of the Exchequer and of the company, as agent for the Exchequer, but they ought not to allow difficulties of machinery to stand in the way of doing justice to the taxpayer.

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE, Financial Secretary to the Treasury (Leicester, W.), said that the object of this clause, about which there seemed to be a good deal of misconception, was not to effect any gain to the Exchequer, but simply to provide a convenient method of collection. So far as revenue was concerned, the company paid the tax to the Exchequer, and, therefore, it was not a matter between the taxpayer and the Exchequer, but a continuing of the relation between the taxpayer and the company. This was done for the convenience of the company. The Exchequer was perfectly satisfied with the arrangement by which it received the money from the company. Difficulties had, however, arisen in cases where dividend warrants were made out subsequently to the end of the financial year but before the Budget statement had been made, and it was with a view to meeting those difficulties that, after full consultation with the companies, this particular scheme had been brought forward. So long as the same holder was in possession of the shares all the time, he thought it would be generally agreed that the method which it was proposed to follow was the simplest. In regard to the case where a man disposed of his shares, it might be said that it was unfair that the additional reduction should go to the man who held the shares in the autumn, after failure to make the allowance that ought to have been made to the March holder. The answer to that was that the fact that the additional payment would be made would be taken into account in the price of the shares. He hoped that this arrangement, which was put forward by the companies as a solution of a rather difficult question, would be accepted.

Mr. MARJORIBANKS (Eastbourne, U.) said the proposal seemed to be an elaborate joke on the House. He should have thought that the time to introduce a proposal of that kind would have been when there was some prospect of lower taxation.

SIR W. JOWITT, Attorney-General (Preston), agreed that the clause was complicated. Each one of the subsections effected a change in the existing law. He would take the opportunity of consulting the Parliamentary draftsman, and, if better words could be found, the matter would be put right before the Report stage.

The closure having been carried by 247 votes to 120—majority, 127—the amendment was negatived and the clause was added to the Bill.

LOANS FOR SINGLE-PREMIUM POLICIES

On Clause 12 (Deduction not to be allowable for purpose of surtax in respect of interest on loans used for payment of premiums, &c.),

SIR D. HERBERT said the clause was designed to meet a particular form of tax avoidance effected by what was known as single-payment policy or short-term endowment policy. Some of the life insurance companies drew attention to the matter some years ago, urging that it should be dealt with by legislation, and were at the present time endeavouring to stop all methods of tax avoidance. He had put down a new clause designed for the same purpose, and he felt that if Clause 12 were postponed to a later stage it would be possible for representatives of the Revenue, the life offices, and members interested in the question to draft a new clause that would be much clearer than the present clause and effective for its purpose.

Mr. SNOWDEN explained that it was not possible to consult the life insurance offices until after the Budget was introduced. Since then, however, constant negotiations had been going on between representatives of the insurance offices and the Board of Inland Revenue. Most of the offices were anxious that this matter should be dealt with, and he desired to acknowledge the assistance they had given in trying to prevent this abuse of genuine life insurance, and at the same time putting no obstacles in the way of genuine life insurance. There were still a few points on which agreement or undestanding had not been reached, but grateful as he was to Sir D. Herbert for the kind way in which he had submitted his proposal, he was afraid he could hardly accept it. It would be better, he thought, if they put the clause in the Bill now rather than postpone it to the end of the new clauses. He hoped that before the Report stage they would be able to come to a satisfactory understanding with the life insurance companies on the outstanding points and then, on Report, he could submit a redraft of the clause embodying the changes that might be necessary to carry out the arrangement come to.

After further conversation, Mr. SNOWDEN said he was willing to postpone the consideration of the clause until the end of the new clauses was reached. In the meantime he would do his best to advance the negotiations so that he might be able to put the decision reached before the Committee when the end of the new clauses was reached. A Committee of the House of Commons was not a suitable body for dealing with a complicated and highly technical matter like this. He was sure the best way to get a good and acceptable clause would be, if it were at all practicable, to adopt the suggestion that had been made and get half a dozen or nine members who really understood the question round a table and let them hammer out the whole matter. The whole Committee were anxious to devise some practicable means by which the abuse they were trying to stop could be removed.

SIR D. HERBERT thanked the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the attitude he had adopted.

The postponement of the clause was then agreed to.

Clause 13 was agreed to.

On Clause 14, which makes provision as to the computation of profits and gains for the purpose of charge to tax in the two years next after the year in which a trade, profession or vocation is set up or commenced,

SIR H. BUCKINGHAM (Guildford, U.) urged that the clause required more consideration and should be postponed. It gave a concession to new businesses, but those businesses in which a change of partnership took place would not benefit, as under the Income Tax Acts as they existed at present, change of partnership did not constitute a new business.

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE said that the clause was in the nature of a concession to the taxpayer. There was some substance in Sir H. Buckingham's point, and he would see whether, before the Report stage, an amendment could not be brought forward to deal with the matter. If not, and if it were found that some small grievance could not be put right as the clause would involve a loss of revenue, the Government were not particularly anxious to see it carried. He felt confident, however, that a solution of the difficulty would be found before the Report stage.

The clause was added to the Bill as, also, was the cognate clause, 15.

On clause 16 (Provision as to relief from double taxation on certain profits from sale of goods),

SIR W. JOWITT said the object of the clause was to make it possible for them to enter into reciprocal arrangements with the Dominions and foreign countries for the exemption from taxation of non-residents who carried on trade through an agent. The cases they had in mind were those in which the agency was a matter of legal disputation, dependent on whether a contract was signed here or abroad. It was not proposed to exempt from taxation the non-residents who had regular branches over here.

SIR D. HERBERT moved to leave out the words in the clause which limited the profits or gains of the non-resident to those arising from "the sale of goods."

Mr SNOWDEN said the clause was drafted after consultation with commercial interests in this country and abroad. That being so, he was reluctant to accept an amendment which would change the understanding that had been come to, but he would bear the point in mind and see what could be done by the report stage.

DR. BURGIN (Luton, L.) thought the clause was a good beginning, and hoped it would be extended by bringing under its operations agents for the purchase of goods as well as agents for the sale of goods.

SIR W. JOWITT said that profits come not from the purchase of goods but from their sale.

The amendment was negatived, and the clause was added to the Bill.

Progress was reported.

The House stood adjourned at 13 minutes before midnight.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES

HOUSE OF COMMONS

AT 11

Motion for Whitsuntide adjournment.

USE OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

ADVISORY COMMITTEE APPOINTED

The Minister of Agriculture has appointed the following to be a committee to advise the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries on the development of the use of machinery in agriculture:—

Mr. W. C. D. Dampier-Whetham, F.R.S. (chairman), Mr. T. Baxter, Mr. J. R. Bond, Mr. G. Clarke, Mr. C. Davies, Mr. Henry Deck, Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Garrett, Mr. E. G. H. Maddy, Mr. A. C. Nicholson, Dr. B. J. Owen, Mr. J. B. Passmore, Mr. Colin D. Ross, Mr. W. P. Seabrook, and Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Stanyforth.

For the purpose of inquiry into any special subject, the chairman is empowered to invite other qualified persons to take part in the deliberations of the committee. Mr. P. Barker, of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, is appointed secretary of the committee.

RECOGNITION OF CADET FORCE

TERRITORIAL ASSOCIATIONS' APPEAL

The Council of County Territorial Associations, which administers the Territorial Cadet Force on behalf of the War Office, has unanimously adopted the following resolution:—

"This Council desires to protest against the decision of the Government to discontinue its support and recognition of Cadet Corps. It notes the recent intimation by the Secretary of State for War that this decision may still be modified, and, having regard to the protests that have been received from County Territorial Army Associations in all parts of the country, presses for War Office recognition at least in the case of cadets of and over the age of 14 years, in order to meet the views expressed by the Secretary of State, and recommends that the practice adopted by the great majority of Cadet units of obtaining the consent of parents or guardians prior to enrolment be made universal."

MR. J. H. THOMAS AT OXFORD

DEFENCE OF UNEMPLOYMENT POLICY

Mr. J. H. THOMAS, M.P., addressing the Oxford Union last night, defended the Government's unemployment policy.

The subject of the debate was: "That this house is dissatisfied with the Government's treatment of the unemployment problem." The motion was proposed by Mr. J. A. Boyd-Carpenter (Balliol).

Mr. THOMAS said that no Government had faced a situation such as they had faced. It was an abnormal situation. If he were to sanction £50,000,000 of expenditure on temporary work he could put in employment half the people who had been thrown out of work by the drop in the value of silver to 16d. an ounce. He could have taken heroic measures; he could have taken the Liberal Yellow-book and talked about spending millions, but he had boldly faced the fact that there was no country where social service and the standard of living were higher than ours. If this country was to maintain that position they must not be blind to the fact that if the dead weight of the National Debt was added to they would render it impossible for this country to take its place in competing for the world's markets. He had sanctioned expenditure to relieve unemployment only if it could stand this test—that in addition to providing work it would also add to the efficiency of industry.

Referring to Sir Oswald Mosley, Mr. Thomas said: "I am quite indifferent to these questions about unity; I am content with following this line: do not let us worry about differences in the party but test each party's remedy." So far as the Government was concerned everything that could be done in the way of a remedy had been done. He had deliberately proceeded, and would continue, on the basis of a process of rationalization, which must for weeks increase unemployment figures. If we are going to compete in the world markets and maintain our standard of living we must be what we are not to-day—the most efficient nation in the world. (Cheers.)

The result of the division was as follows:—For the motion, 172; against, 182.

CHAIRS FOR NEW ULSTER PARLIAMENT

ALLEGATION OF GERMAN MANUFACTURE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BELFAST, JUNE 5.

In the Northern Ireland Parliament to-day Mr. William Grant (Unionist-Labour) drew attention to a report in the Press that a cargo of chairs had been landed at Belfast quay for the new Ulster Parliament House. He understood these chairs were labelled "made in Germany." A great campaign was proceeding urging the people to buy British goods and he hoped the Minister of Finance would be able to assure the House that, no matter what the Imperial Government might say, those chairs would not be allowed into the new Parliament House.

THE SPEAKER.—You can only ask this Government to make representations to the Imperial Government, which is entirely responsible for the seating of the new house. This Government here is not responsible for it.

Mr. GRANT.—I am not particular what the Minister does so long as they don't go into the Parliament buildings.

The SPEAKER.—But I particularly want you to ask the Minister to make representations to the Imperial Government; otherwise you are out of order.

Mr. Grant made his request accordingly.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (Mr. Pollock) said that if Mr. Grant was sure of his facts, he was justified in calling attention to the matter. Investigations would be made, and if the facts were as stated representations would be made. It would be over two years before the necessity would arise for the chairs, and it was hardly likely that a British Department was in any hurry to provide the material to which Mr. Grant referred.

BLACKBURN CONSERVATIVES AND MR. BALDWIN

The executive of the Blackburn Conservative Association have decided to support Mr. Baldwin's policy of safeguarding and Empire economic unity. Hitherto the party locally has been favourable to free trade, and the late Conservative member, Sir Sydney Henn, twice won the seat as a Conservative free trade candidate. Sir Russell Hornby, whose father represented Blackburn in Parliament for nearly a quarter of a century as a free trade Conservative, has resigned the party leadership. Commander Percy Dean, V.C., who was returned as a Coalition Conservative member for the borough in 1918, has been appointed his successor.

PRIME MINISTER AND UNEMPLOYMENT

APPEAL FOR PARTY UNITY

The first steps which might be taken towards the drawing up of a domestic workers' charter were considered by the delegates attending the National Conference of Labour Women which concluded at Kingsway Hall yesterday.

According to a special report it was shown by the Census of 1921 that 1,148,698 women and girls over 12 years of age earned their living as indoor domestic workers in England and Wales. Of these 795,819 were over the age of 20, and formed 217 out of every 1,000 women employed.

ALDERMAN ROSE DAVIES (Glamorgan), in moving the report, said that they wished to place domestic workers on such a plane, and to give them such a status in their work that they would be able to rally together in a trade union. They wanted to get their conditions and rates of pay stabilized.

The delegates adopted the report and authorized a *questionnaire* to be sent out as widely as possible to domestic servants inviting them to give their views.

Mr. MACDONALD, addressing the delegates, said that it had been a year full of endeavour. They had not done everything they would have liked, but when they compared the record of last year he thought they would find that in achievement, in work, in business done, and in helpfulness they would have to go very far to find a year richer than 1929-30. "Unemployment, I know, remains in your minds," he said, "just as it remains in your hearts too. I am perfectly certain of this, that had the unemployment problem as we had to face it during the election and immediately after remained what it then was the figures would have been under 1,000,000 as the result of what we had done. There was something in store for us which nobody foresaw, and that was a great world economic crisis. That is what we have to face now, and not the old problem of unemployment of last year. The Government has declared that that is both an international and a national crisis, and we are preparing to take steps to deal with the question from that point of view."

In these days when the power of finance was even greater than the power of creative industry, when capitalization went on betting and gambling in stocks and shares, when what they had gained in productive effectiveness threatened to be absorbed by the owners of cash, of finance, and of credit, then they would have every now and again experiences like they had in America when he was there in the autumn when the great Stock Exchange crash came. He did not say that that state of things could be cured by any Government, but that had there been no Labour Government in office since last June the people who were now unemployed would be very much worse off than they were. They could do as much as they liked for foreign trade, and they were going to do it, but they had to keep their eyes centred very much on the home market. What they wanted to do was to develop the foreign market and the home market at the same time, and the way to develop the home market was to see to it that the children of the working classes, the wives and the men, could live in decency and in comfort, always asking them to work hard in exchange, to work honestly, and to feel that every penny that came into their possession that they had not earned was not a source of pride, but of regret. That was the spirit of the Labour movement and of the Government. If as a Government they had turned down some of the proposals that might appear to be all right, they turned them down, rightly or wrongly, because after examination they did not think they were going to produce good results.

They issued "Labour and the Nation," and by that they stood. They never said it would be carried out in the first 11 months of a Labour Government, but exactly the opposite. They said they were leading the party into a war which had to be carried on stage by stage and step by step. They were marching to possess a new land. Those who looking back 12 months set up golden calves and said: "They have failed us and so we want something new to worship," were not rebels, or Left-Wingers—they were those who were fainting and falling by the way. The Government had done something for the cause of peace. Of course they were not satisfied, but had there been no Labour Government in office during the last 12 months, the mind of the world would not be so friendly as it was at the present time. (Cheers.) So let them go on together. In their own families they had quarrels and disagreements. He was glad to say that at his breakfast table the blessedness of unity was always proved by the expression of independent views. Let them be bound together by mutual confidence and trust.

The delegates passed a resolution welcoming the declaration that the Prime Minister, regarding unemployment as a national emergency, was to give special attention to the problem of finding the immediate means of dealing with the situation, and pledged themselves to give their utmost vigorous support to all forward measures.

CITY OF LONDON AND UNEMPLOYMENT

PRIME MINISTER'S LETTER TO LORD MAYOR

At a meeting of the Corporation at Guildhall yesterday the Lord Mayor read a letter he had received from the Prime Minister as follows:—

The Government have been surveying with anxiety the mounting figures of unemployment and we are desirous of consulting with local authorities as to further measures which may be taken by cooperation between the Government and local authorities for dealing with this urgent problem. For this purpose the Government propose to arrange a conference over which I would preside on Tuesday, June 17, at 10 a.m., and an attendance of between 250 and 300 persons is anticipated. It has occurred to me that nothing could invest this meeting with so much importance in the public mind as if it were to be held in the Guildhall, and I am therefore venturing to make this suggestion to you and to ask whether you could possibly see your way to put accommodation in the Guildhall at our disposal that day and perhaps even to offer a welcome to the gathering in your own person. I should be most grateful if you could see your way to help us in this way.

On the motion of Mr. F. E. Newson-Smith, the Prime Minister's request was complied with amid applause, and the City Lands Committee were directed to make the necessary arrangements.

PICCADILLY CIRCUS AND FLOWER SELLERS

WESTMIN

CHANCELLOR OF CAMBRIDGE

INSTALLATION OF MR. BALDWIN

HONORARY DEGREES

(FROM OUR CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY CORRESPONDENT)

Early in the year June 5 had been marked for festival at Cambridge. It was known that honorary degrees would then be conferred on several most eminent visitors, including the Duke of Gloucester, the American Ambassador (General Dawes), and Professor Einstein. The death of Lord Balfour, leaving the Chancellorship vacant, made it probable that the new Chancellor would choose this date for his installation ; and Mr. Baldwin yesterday performed the first acts of his office, conferring the degrees and adding to the list of recipients a certain number on his own nomination. In these last he included a representative of each of the three political parties, thus gracefully acknowledging the non-political nature of his election.

There had been a great demand for tickets in the Senate House and in the Senate House Yard ; and King's Parade was crowded with members of the University in academical dress and with interested spectators from the town and county. The Vice-Chancellor proceeded to the Senate House shortly before noon, and a few minutes afterwards the Chancellor was escorted there from Trinity Lodge by the Master of Downing and the Master of Trinity. He was ushered in by the Senior Esquire Bedell ; the Vice-Chancellor advanced to meet him, addressed to him a speech of welcome, presented him with the Book of the Statutes, and read the Affirmation, the Chancellor replying "*Ita do fidem.*" The Chancellor then retired to the robing room, and on his return was handed to the Chair by the Vice-Chancellor, his robe being borne by his page, Mr. Francis Warre-Cornish, a Scholar of King's College. The Orator read a Latin address in which Cambridge was described as a paradise of beauty and peace, well suited by its lasting foundations and active learning for the recall of a son so illustrious and so beloved.

CHANCELLOR'S REPLY

The Chancellor, in his reply, paid a noble tribute of gratitude and affection to his University, and expressed his deep consciousness of the high duties that he had undertaken. He paid a high tribute to the public work of his predecessor in office and to all the many *principes* who had gone forth from the University to promote the well-being of the *respublica*. He spoke reverently of the dark shadow of tragedy which had fallen on a great college, and indeed upon the whole University, and had made the aspect of this day other than it would have been; and he named the beloved tutor of that college among the true leaders of men and faithful servants of the State. The firm devotion of such men inspired him and deepened his consciousness of the duties he had undertaken.

A happier note was struck by the important announcement that that day the University had found it could fulfil the conditions attached to the munificent offer of the International Education Board, and that the great scheme, which included the building of the New Library, could now proceed. That the Chancellor should be the bearer of such good tidings on the first day of his reign was felt to be of happiest augury, as he left the Senate House amid plaudits and cheers. When he came out by the south door the clamour of Great St. Mary's bells greeted him, and a crowd of undergraduates cheered him on his way to Caius College.

THE ROCKEFELLER TRUST GIFT

Mr. BALDWIN, in announcing that the gift from the Rockefeller Foundation had been made available that day through the completion of the collection of a sum which was made a condition of the grant, said that Cambridge had been sorely in need, for her buildings, her library, and her research work, of the immense sum of £1,179,000. The International Education Board, now known as the Rockefeller Foundation, had promised £700,000 conditional on the balance being raised by the end of 1931. That included £500,000 for the library, and £679,000 for research and advanced teaching in science. Cambridge was left with the problem of raising £470,000. The University contributed £250,000, and the residents in the University raised £12,000, which was a remarkable feat considering the position of residents in any university to-day. Many of them probably in Cambridge had been hard put to it to educate their own families, and none of them were men of large private means. Lord Melchett, an old Cambridge man, formed a committee which raised £60,000, while Lord Balfour took control of the University Association, which contributed between £60,000 and £70,000. They had got to the position where the amount yet to be collected was infinitesimal, and it was his happy duty to announce that he was to cable to the Rockefeller Foundation the news that the University could now fulfil the condition imposed by the munificent offer of the Foundation.

The luncheon was to have been at King's; but the tragic death of the tutor on Tuesday had left that college in mourning, and the Master and Fellows of Caius had sympathetically stepped forward to take the part of hosts. The Duke of Gloucester arrived from Babraham with the Lord Lieutenant and Mrs. Adeane and was received by the Master and conducted to the Hall. After the luncheon he made a gracious reply to the Master's welcome and then signed the Registrary's book with the others who were to receive degrees. A long procession was formed in the courts of the college and took its way, through the Gate of Honour, round the Senate House yard, and into the Senate House, where, one by one, the Duke of Gloucester and the other recipients stood before the Chancellor, were lauded by the Orator, and became Doctors of Law, or Science, or Letters.

ORATOR'S LATIN TRIBUTES

In preparing speeches for 17 recipients of honorary degrees, the Orator had been faced with an unusually difficult task, which he discharged with cunning variety and a pleasant adaptation of the Latin language to modern conditions. He recalled how, 11 years ago, the two Princes had studied in Cambridge, and expressed the pride which the University now takes in their eminent and popular share in public life. Especial reference was made to the DUKE OF GLOUCESTER'S recent embassy to Japan and to the many ministrations by which the King's sons show their sympathy with the labours, the sorrows, and the joys of the whole nation. *ita ut illud evangelicum videatur esse et regum peculiare, non ministrari sed ministrare.* GENERAL DAWES was a conspicuous example of the distinguished class from which America selected the Ambassadors she sent to London. Among so many *conciliatores amicitiae* he stood out as one *cuius nomen per totam Europam pacem significat et bonam voluntatem.* Laughter was stirred by the introduction of LORD BEAUCHAMP as a born Liberal :—

Puellula, puerulus,
Si nascitur in mundo vivus,
Aut fato Liberalis fit
Aut fato fit Conservativus.

A student of Oxford, and then Chancellor of the University of London, was he not made perfect by this final step of a degree at Cambridge? Another Oxonian, LORD SUMNER, had attained the highest eminence by his legal ability: *non tantum iuris nodos et legum aenigmata solvit sed ipsa principia iuris enucleat.* In LORD BRIDGEMAN we honoured one of that host of men who had won England's victories on the playing fields of Eton; *constat ex illis campis exisse innumerabiles, qui Britanniae profuerint, nec illum inter extremos quem vobis praesento.* Mr. ARTHUR HENDERSON had given us proof, in his political career, of the stability of human nature in changing times. Catilines had turned out to be Catos, and the country was wisely ruled by the avuncular admonitions of a prudent statesman who showed us *quanto plus res mutari videantur, tanto minus mutari.* Very welcome among our *honorati* was SIR JOHN WITHERS, Senior Burgess of the University. A fine scholar, distinguished for skill in the composition of Greek verse, an eminent jurist, a daring and ambitious mountaineer, *ad Camum revocatur ut tandem summis tollatur honoribus.*

When PROFESSOR EINSTEIN stepped forward all eyes were turned on him with natural curiosity, and the Orator made merry with the strange word *Relativitas*, which had become so familiar to old and young. *Quis non garrit, quis non graviter, leviter, ridicule etiam, proponit ?* But the revolutionizer of mathematical theory was no foe of things divine: *mentibus omnium nova regna aperit, veritati deditus.* PROFESSOR MAX PLANCH, famous for the quantum theory, and winner of a Nobel prize, had transformed the conception and method of physical study: *non nostrum est de mysteriis latibus halucinari, sed nobis in aures insusurravit quidam: "Quantum mutatur ab illo."* SIR JOHN ROSE BRADFORD was one of many who had helped to lift the study of medicine into a glorious position, and had richly deserved the eminence he had reached in the Royal College of Physicians: *Inter illos qui laboranti generi spem salutem hilaritatem reddunt, insignis est hospes noster.* SIR JAMES IRVINE gave the Orator an opportunity of singing the praise of St. Andrews as the nurse of poets and divines. Her Chancellor had become ours, and now we welcomed among us her President: *Cum Cancellarium communem habeamus, Universitatis Sanctandreanae Praesidem inter nos libenter accipimus.*

SCHOLARS AND AUTHORS

This concluded the list of scientists. Now the scholars and authors appeared, and first among them PROFESSOR WILHELM MEYER-LÜBKE, famous for his investigation of the laws of speech and language. SIR JAMES BARRIE followed, who had filled the world with many charming characters which would speak for him themselves: *silere praestat inter personas tam amabiles.* PROFESSOR LASCELLES ABERCROMBIE was an example of the rare conjunction of author and critic, *qui criticus epicos aequa pensaverit trutina, qui lyricus leviore plectro criticis ipsis arrideat.* Mr. SYDNEY COCKERELL was hailed as one who had established the high claims of art among the proper studies of a university: *Ad pulcriorem sane vitam semper nos advocat Musei nostri rector.* Mr. JOHN GALSWORTHY was the educator of an age which delighted in fiction: *Lectitamus omnes, et in primis fabulas fictas, qua in arte praecipuus est.* PROFESSOR GRIERSON had helped to make his *Ultima Thule* famous as *doctorum mater filiorum*, and had pursued the study of the theological poets with the true Scottish instinct which *nec ipsa potest Oxonia expellere.*

When the last degree had been conferred, the prize exercises were recited and the medals were presented ; and it gave general satisfaction to see this ceremony restored to its proper place and the youth of the University taking their share of honour on the great day. After the recitations the procession left by the south door, and, turning into Trinity-street, escorted the Chancellor to Trinity Lodge. The whole throng then dispersed, and soon gathered again in the beautiful gardens of Magdalene College, where the guests were received by the Vice-Chancellor and Miss Ramsay. These gardens, crowded with a thousand people, mostly in academic dress, and brilliant with silk hoods and scarlet gowns, presented a picture wonderful to be seen.

BRITAIN AND AMERICA

In the evening a dinner was given in the Hall of Trinity College, at which speeches were delivered by the Master, the Chancellor, the American Ambassador, and Lord Sumner.

The AMERICAN AMBASSADOR said in the course of his speech :—

Reference has been made to the friendly relationship of the two English-speaking peoples. It exists, and why ? It is not because of what Ambassadors may say or do. It is not because of what self-appointed spokesmen of the peoples of either country may say or do. If it were, with the generous sprinkling of nationalistic demagogues in the public life of both countries, there could be no such thing as permanent good relations. The friendly attitude of the two English-speaking peoples exists because of a blood tie, and thus rests upon a foundation as immovable as the Rock of Gibraltar. I have the honour to represent in this country the Government of a people numbering over 120,000,000, of whom about half are of British descent. In my country, therefore, there are at least 10,000,000 more people of British descent than live in the island of Britain itself. The history of this portion of my people up to 300 years ago is the history of the British people, their traditions are the traditions of the British people ; and through the last 300 years as well they have preserved the British traditions of free government, of minority and individual rights, of law and order, and of liberty under law.

As American Ambassador I come frequently into contact with certain travelled Britons and Americans who are continual purveyors of the trivial and irritating in international relationship. They do not seem to have sensed the inevitable consequence of an existing tie of blood upon the permanent and fundamental attitude of the two peoples. But we have recently had in London a body of American travellers representing a cross-section of the American people, representing the heart and soul of the American people, the bone and sinew of the American people, and the proud attitude of the American people—a body of travellers not self-invited, with their minds occupied by thoughts of society reporters or fashionable dressmakers, but mothers invited by the Government of the United States to make their first and last visit to the graves of their sons in France, who fell in the 27th and 30th Divisions of the American Army, fighting under British command by the side of their comrades of the British Army. They brought no social introductions. The credentials which each carried were but the photograph of a son and a few withered flowers from a garden at home to lay on a grave in France. They needed no more. The heads of many of them were grey and the years had left them feeble, but the heart-beats of two great peoples were keeping time with their footsteps. As Ambassador of the United States I met them at Westminster Hall, where they were assembled at the invitation of the British Government. That, to me, was the proudest hour of my sojourn here. There I presented the best representatives of my people to those who represented his Majesty the King, the British Legion, and the British people—most of them likewise personally bereaved, and they met with that emotion and affection which a common understanding, a common suffering, and a common blood alone make possible.

I shall ever remember it, for then the strength of the tie between the English-speaking peoples could be measured in its full and lasting strength. It is well for the world that this tie exists, for in the joint hands of these two peoples rests the ark of the covenant of human freedom.

BIRMINGHAM HOSPITAL SCHEME

IDENTITY OF GIVER OF £100,000 DISCLOSED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BIRMINGHAM, JUNE 5

It was disclosed to-night that the Birmingham business man who promised £100,000 to the Birmingham Hospitals Centre Scheme on condition that £350,000 was raised or promised by June 6 is Mr. Harry Vincent, a well-known toffee manufacturer, and president of the Birmingham and Midland Hospital for Diseases of the Nervous System. The response to the Lord Mayor's urgent appeal has made it possible to take advantage of Mr. Vincent's generous offer, the fund to date, including his gift, now reaching the total of £477,997. Messrs. Cadbury Bros., Limited, have already contributed £100,000, including the value of the site, and other large gifts are :—

Sir Charles Hyde, £25,000 ; the Austin Motor Company, £21,000; Messrs. Mitchells and Butlers, Limited, £20,000 ; Tube Investments, Limited, £15,000 ; Alderman and Mrs. W. A. Cadbury, £15,000 ; Ansell's Brewery and Davenport (C.B.), Limited, £10,000 each ; Mr. Baron Davenport, £10,000 ; the W. A. Cadbury Trust, £10,000 ; Sir William Waters Butler, £10,000 ; Mr. E. L. Payton, £5,000 ; Mr. and Mrs. Barrow Cadbury, £5,000 ; Sir Herbert Austin, £5,000.

BOYS' BRIGADE REVIEW IN HYDE PARK

The Duke of Gloucester will inspect companies of the London and Home Counties District, the Boys' Brigade, in Hyde Park on Saturday, June 21, at 4.30 p.m. More than 5,000 boys will be on parade. After the inspection and march past a display of physical training will be given by 350 boys, and a massed bugle band of 100 performers will play.

CAMBRIDGE LIBRARY

REALIZATION OF A GREAT SCHEME

(FROM OUR CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY CORRESPONDENT)

The announcement made in the Senate House at Cambridge by Mr. Baldwin (the new Chancellor) is one of the most momentous in the history of the University, and it assures the realization of schemes that have in former years appeared to be hopeless. In particular, it means that the whole of the new library will be erected and not, as seemed probable a little while ago, only a truncated building to stand waiting in disfigurement for its other half, and perhaps never to be completed.

In 1923 the crowded condition of the library was a matter of such grave anxiety that a tentative appeal for funds was sent to a limited number of Cambridge men, and Sir Giles Scott contributed to this appeal a few provisional drawings merely by way of illustration. The response was not encouraging, and four years later the University decided that the need for a new library was so urgent that all its available resources must be expended for this purpose. A scheme to finance £250,000, mainly from internal loans, was approved, and with great courage the University embarked on the project of providing one half of the building.

Then gradually the whole outlook was enlarged and transformed ; for Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, hearing of the scheme from Lord Balfour, sent the letter to the International Education Board, one of the branches of the Rockefeller Foundation. Negotiations followed between the Board and Sir Hugh Anderson, acting on behalf of the University ; and then the great offer was made, by which £700,000 would be contributed towards a total sum of £1,179,000, of which £509,000 would be used for the library and the remainder for the development of research and advanced teaching in Science. This left £229,000 to be collected by the University, in addition to the £250,000 already found. The offer was strictly conditional ; for the Rockefeller Trust dispenses its many and great bounties on the principle that it helps only those who help themselves ; but it was felt that such terms implied a compliment of the highest order and a deep sense of the merits of Cambridge as a University. The time allowed in which to raise the remaining £229,000 was three years, ending in December, 1931. It was a huge sum to collect in England, and the time seemed none too long. But all true friends of Cambridge, inspired by the splendour of the benefaction, got to work at once, and the Chancellor took an especial interest in the scheme and gave it his full attention during the last years of his life.

NEW SUPPORTERS

Again, in the hour of need, great allies appeared. Recognizing the national importance of the scheme, the Ministry of Agriculture and the Empire Marketing Board each subscribed £50,000, of which £84,000 was to meet the Rockefeller offer and £16,000 was to go to allied purposes. The Royal Agricultural Society were also early supporters. Then Lord Melchett undertook the chairmanship of a special committee for the raising of funds, and their efforts brought in about £60,000. By December, 1929, the sum still required had fallen, owing to these great contributions, to £100,000 ; and at this point the Cambridge Association, the handmaid of the University for such purposes, having stood and waited for a time, stepped forward into service. It was felt that the residents, being the principal users of the Library, should be given the first chance of contributing, and, with an optimism kindled by success, the committee suggested £10,000 as the sum to which they might aspire. The result was astonishing ; subscriptions large and small came pouring in, and within a few weeks a total of £12,000 had been attained by an academic community which, it should be remembered, is for the most part thrifty and poor, however studious and devoted.

Then the appeal was sent forth to the greater Cambridge world without ; interest was stirred everywhere by the indefatigable enthusiasm of Mr. H. A. Roberts, the secretary of the association, and once more public bodies, and notably some of the great City Companies especially allied by common interests with the University, sent noble contributions. Offerings were received from the sons and lovers of Cambridge, rich and poor ; and before half the second year was out it became known that what had seemed barely possible of attainment in three years had been actually achieved in 18 months. An outstanding sum of £10,000 has been guaranteed by the Syndics of the Press in order to allow of the immediate acceptance of the Rockefeller offer, so that negotiations can be begun this summer as to the detailed working of the scheme.

THE CHANCELLOR'S MESSAGE

The Chancellor has cabled to the President of the Rockefeller Foundation :—

At my installation to-day, in succession to the late Lord Balfour, as Chancellor of the University of Cambridge, I have had the pleasure of announcing that the University can now fulfil the conditions attached to the munificent offer of the International Education Board, and I welcome the opportunity of informing you that the great scheme initiated by your Foundation can now proceed.

Such a conclusion to such a story gives proof of the vitality of the University and of her confidence in her future. Cambridge is famous for her schools of science, and she wishes to see no bounds set to her investigations ; and by this scheme she has been assisted in the promotion of many scientific projects, and at the same time has been stimulated into the active preparation of her much-desired library. The fine response she has made to the friendly challenge of her benefactors has once more justified her position as a national and international institution, and one of the monuments of that claim will be the great library which will be seen slowly and grandly rising during the next few years.

From The Times of 1880

MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1830. Price 7d.

THE HEIR PRESUMPTIVE AND HIS FAMILY.—His Royal Highness [the Duke of Clarence] was united to the Princess Adelaide Louisa Theresa Caroline Amelia, eldest daughter of the late and sister of the reigning Duke of Saxe Meiningen, 11th of July, 1818, when the Duke was in his 53rd year, and the Princess in her 26th. The issue of this marriage was the Princess Charlotte Augusta, born and died the 27th of March, 1819, and the Princess Elizabeth Georgina Adelaide, born the 10th of December, 1820, died the 4th of March in the following year. The Earl of Errol, the Hon. John Erskine Kennedy (second son of Earl Cassillis), Mr. Philip Sydney (the Member for Eye, and only son of Sir James Sydney, Bart.) and Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Fox, of the 34th Regiment of Foot, stand in the relation of sons-in-law to the illustrious Duke, having married the Misses Elizabeth, Augusta, Sophia, and Mary Fitzclarence, his Royal Highness's daughters. Colonel Fitzclarence, of the 7th Fusiliers, married in 1821 Lady Augusta Boyle, daughter of the Earl of Glasgow, and Colonel George Fitzclarence is son-in-law to the Earl of Egremont. Captain Adolphus Fitzclarence, R.N., and the Rev. Augustus Fitzclarence, rector of Maple Durham, are unmarried.

SMALL TRADERS AND TRUSTS

CONSUMERS' COUNCIL BILL

SLOW PROGRESS

The Consumers' Council was further discussed yesterday by Standing Committee D of the House of Commons, Mr. J. P. Gardner (Hammersmith, N., Lab.) presiding. After two days' debate the Committee adjourned over Whitsun, having passed the first 15 words of Clause 1.

The first amendment on the paper proposed to insert at the beginning of Clause 1 (which sets up a Consumers' Council) words to provide that the council should exercise their powers only with the consent of the county councils.

The CHAIRMAN ruled that this amendment was out of order on the ground that the Committee could not define the duties of a council which had not yet been established.

Protests were made by the opposition and numerous points of order were raised, but the chairman adhered to his decision, and for the same reason passed over the first two pages of amendments.

MAJOR COLFOX (Dorset, W., U.) moved that "On and after the appointed day" a Consumers' Council should be established.

LIEUT-COLONEL CLIFTON BROWN (Hexham, U.) said that small shopkeepers were afraid that under this Bill they would be subject to a series of inquisitions into all the details of their businesses and their private affairs. If the proposed words were inserted they would at any rate know that until the appointed day had been fixed they would be secure from interference and could get on with their business.

Mr. GRAHAM, President, Board of Trade (Edinburgh Central), said he thought it had been made perfectly clear that there was no foundation for any fears of that kind. It was not intended that the Consumers' Council should dissipate their energies in an endless variety of inquiries into the conduct of small establishments, which would only defeat the real object of the measure, the protection of the consumer. Their business would be to deal with the central organizations of supply, of which the milk combine and the London master bakers' organizations might be taken as illustrations. The Government did not propose to insert a date in the Bill. They hoped to get the Bill through as quickly as possible, and to bring it into operation as soon as possible after it reached the Statute-book.

SIR PHILIP CUNLIFFE-LISTER (Hendon, U.) said the statement made by the President of the Board of Trade was very important. If the purpose of the Government was to inquire into the operations of large trusts, where there was a *prima facie* case presumably that they were operating to the detriment of the public, then they might shorten the proceedings by striking out nine-tenths of the Bill. The proper course would be to report progress, so that when they reassembled after the recess they could see the Bill in its new form. Failing that, they must take it that the Bill would operate with regard to every single trader. No doubt traders would like as long a close time as possible, but they ought to know when the hunt would start, because when the hunt was up any covert, large or small, could be drawn.

DISTURBED SHOPKEEPERS

SIR JOHN SANDEMAN ALLEN (West Derby, U.) said the point before them was not what was the intention of the President of the Board of Trade but what was in the Bill. Not only small shopkeepers but the whole business community were thoroughly disturbed by this attempt to pry into all sorts of questions.

SIR PHILIP CUNLIFFE-LISTER appealed to the President of the Board of Trade to elaborate his view of the purpose of the Bill.

Mr. GRAHAM said he was only dealing with the so-called anxiety of shopkeepers. On later clauses he would give a very clear explanation of the way in which the Bill would operate. That would be out of order now.

The amendment was negatived by 28 to 15.

CAPTAIN CROOKSHANK (Gainsborough, U.) moved to insert at the beginning of Clause 1: "In order to safeguard the agricultural producer." He said that as the President of the Board of Trade wanted to turn the Bill into an anti-trust measure he might also use it as a peg on which to hang an agricultural policy.

MAJOR COLFOX was speaking on the vital interest of the country in maintaining a prosperous agricultural industry, when

Mr. SANDHAM (Kirkdale, Lab.) asked: Is there no way of protecting members who come here to discuss the merits of the Bill ? Is there no way of stopping this criminal waste of time ?

SIR PHILIP CUNLIFFE-LISTER asked whether it was in order to describe a speech by such an unparliamentary phrase when the hon. member had not once been called to order by the Chairman.

The CHAIRMAN.—Hon. members have it in their own hands. There is the closure if any member desires to move it.

The discussion proceeded, and eventually the amendment was rejected by 27 to 8.

Mr. GRAHAM said there had been two full days' discussion, and the Committee had not yet dealt with the first line of the first clause. Progress must be more rapid than that, and he moved that the words "With a view to enabling the Board of Trade to obtain information with respect to" should stand part of the clause. Then when the Committee reassembled they could discuss the subjects on which the Board of Trade might obtain information.

After some protest this was agreed to by 24 to 10.

The Committee adjourned until Thursday, June 19.

DANGEROUS DRUGS ACT

EX-CAIRO POLICEMAN SENT TO PRISON

JAMES MCCABE, 37, an ex-constable of the Egyptian Police, of no fixed home, was charged on remand at Bow-street Police Court yesterday, before Sir Chartres Biron, with offering to procure 27 tubes of cocaine, 11½oz. of opium, 11½oz. of morphine, 45 tubes of morphine, and 15 tubes of opium, contrary to the Dangerous Drugs Acts.

It was alleged that McCabe told Detective Lount that he had "pinched" out of bond at Cardiff a quantity of cocaine, morphine, and opium tablets and offered to sell them to him for £200. When he became aware of the detective's identity he said that he was only "on the tap" to get a few shillings. Later he said that he was trying to sell the stuff for a man who had promised to pay his fare back to Egypt.

Detective Lount, of Scotland Yard, said that inquiries made at Cardiff revealed that no drugs had been reported as lost there. McCabe served for some years in the Cairo Police until September, 1925. He was then discharged as a result of injuries received while on duty and was compensated. His character was good.

The MAGISTRATE, remarking that it seemed as if McCabe had been trying to obtain money by false pretences, sentenced him to two months' imprisonment.

POLITICAL BROADCASTING

PRIME MINISTER ON A PARTY CONFERENCE

The Prime Minister circulated yesterday a reply to Mr. Churchill, who had asked him "whether he can state to the House the cause of the deadlock which prevents the reasonable use of the broadcast for controversial politics; and whether he will consider an arrangement whereby each political party shall be entitled to use the broadcast in proportion to its votes at the last General Election, the Government of the day being entitled, in addition, to certain necessary facilities for the purposes of a national and non-party character."

Mr. MacDonald's reply was as follows :—

"The conversations which took place between the three political parties by the usual channels during the last Parliament failed to result in agreement owing to the fact that our predecessors claimed that the Government should be entitled to reply to each section of the Opposition in turn. If there is a desire on the part of the parties opposite that these conversations should be resumed, I should be glad to comply with the request, and the suggestion contained in the latter part of the right hon. gentleman's question would no doubt be carefully considered by the parties to the proposed conference."

FOOTBALL WITH A MILLS BOMB

Two schoolboys playing football in Liverpool-road, Islington, yesterday afternoon, attracted the attention of a policeman. When he went towards them they ran away. He examined the object which they had been kicking and took it to the local police station, where it was identified officially as a "rusty, mud-encrusted, unexploded Mills bomb."

THE VIRGINIAN DELEGATION

VIEWS ON BRITISH SALESMANSHIP

Members of the delegation from the Virginia State Chamber of Commerce visiting this country were entertained at luncheon at the Hotel Victoria yesterday by the American Chamber of Commerce in London.

Mr. P. E. POWELL presided, and the company included :—

Sir Arthur Balfour, Sir Gilbert C. Vyle, Mr. Albert Halstead (American Consul-General in London), Mr. R. B. Dunwoody (secretary, Association of British Chambers of Commerce), Mr. A. Corrie Rouse (American section, Federation of British Industries), Mr. C. W. Phippe, and Mr. S. Homer Fox (acting commercial attaché).

The CHAIRMAN, pointing out that the visit of the delegation was based on Anglo-American friendship, emphasized the need for enthusiastic salesmanship to push British goods in the United States.

Mr. J. GORDON BOHANNAN, chairman of the delegation, said that conditions in this country, from what they had seen and heard, were not so bad as they had been led to believe. He paid a tribute to the excellent salesmanship of London shopkeepers and said that if British manufacturers were as good they had nothing to fear as to Anglo-American trade. The boundaries of trade and industry, he went on, had no relation to the boundaries of nations. Commercial relations were thus established which must have an important bearing on international good will, and be a powerful influence for international peace. They were learning in America—they learned it very clearly some years ago—that, in spite of its size and its geographical position, America could not live in a fancied isolation, either economically or politically. It must become interested, and, as history had recorded, it must become involved, if necessary, in the affairs of Europe. International interdependence was the surest foundation of international intercourse and the best basis of abiding peace between the nations of the world.

Mr. J. SCOTT PARRISH, of Richmond, Virginia, said that he, too, had been greatly impressed by the wonderful salesmanship shown in this country. Speaking quite frankly, members of the delegation were rather surprised that this salesmanship had not been carried across to the American people. It had occurred to him that a group of British people might set up an organization by means of which British-made goods could be sold in British shops in some of the cities of America.

Yesterday the Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress received the delegates at the Mansion House.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY)
SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Waller and King	The Auction Mart, Southampton (3.0)	Country Properties
A. Darby and Co.	Corn Exchange, Chelmsford (4.0)	Freehold Properties

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c.
SALES THIS DAY

Mr. W. E. Hurcomb	Calder House, Piccadilly, W. (10.30)	Rare Silver, Jewels, &c.
Tooth and Tooth	187-9, Oxford-street, W. (12.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hanover-square, W. (1.0)	English and French Furniture, Engravings, &c.
Phillips, Son and Neale	73, New Bond-street, W. (1.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Hodgson and Co.	115, Chancery-lane, W. (1.0)	Rare Books
Puttick and Simpson	47, Leicester-square, W.C. (1.10)	Old English Furniture, Baxter and Le Mond Colour Prints, &c.

SALES BY AUCTION

GREEN and SON

BEDFORD PARK.—30, Addison-road	£1,030

STIMSON and SONS

NEWINGTON BUTTS.—9, Alberta-street ..	145
11, Alberta-street	150
CAMBERWELL.—58 and 60, Foreign-street ..	340

GEO. A. McDOWALL and FRANCIS

WALTHAMSTOW.—331 to 337 (odd), Higham Hill-road, freehold	980

The Worshipful Company of Paviors acknowledge the receipt of a donation to the fund for the establishment and upkeep of the Chair of Highway Engineering at London University of 500 guineas from the National Gas Council of Great Britain and Ireland.

The Estate Market

RIVERSIDE SITES

THE BIRDSALL SALE

Sir Hugo Cunliffe-Owen intends to sell 186 acres and the riverside residence Weir Bank, three miles from Maidenhead, with Weir Bank stud farm, in lots, locally on July 9. Messrs. Lane, Saville and Co. (Carlos-place) and Messrs. J. H. Humfrey and Co. (Maidenhead) are the agents. There will be 10 lots of building land, with 3,560 feet of frontage to the main roads from Maidenhead to Windsor and Bray.

Lady Helen Kerr has ordered Messrs. Woolley and Wallis (Salisbury) to sell Lavender Cottage, a freehold of three acres at Woodgreen, on the border of the New Forest. It commands views of the Avon valley. A local auction will be held on June 18.

Lord Middleton's sale of the Birdsall estate, near Malton, by Messrs. Gerald Eve and Co. (Chancery-lane) comprises the mansion, enlarged in 1820 and 1873, and 10,130 acres, with a rent roll of £8,675 a year, exclusive of the mansion and sporting rights.

Heyford Manor, Northants, believed to have been built by William, Lord Powis, has been sold by Messrs. Winkworth and Co. (Curzon-street) to a client of Messrs. John D. Wood and Co. (Mount-street).

Ormonde Hall, Bolney, a restored fifteenth-century house, and 25 acres, will be offered by auction by Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley.

Next Tuesday the Hants freehold Georgian house and 40 acres, South Hall, Preston Candover, near Basingstoke and Alresford, will be sold by Messrs. Giffard, Robertson and Lucey (Mount-street). They have to dispose of a large modern house and 30 acres on Cooden Beach, with elaborate gardens.

Warwickshire offers by Messrs. James Styles and Whitlock (Rugby) include a stone house and 108 acres near Kineton, and a hunting-box and 14 acres close to the kennels, both to be sold at Leamington Spa on June 24.

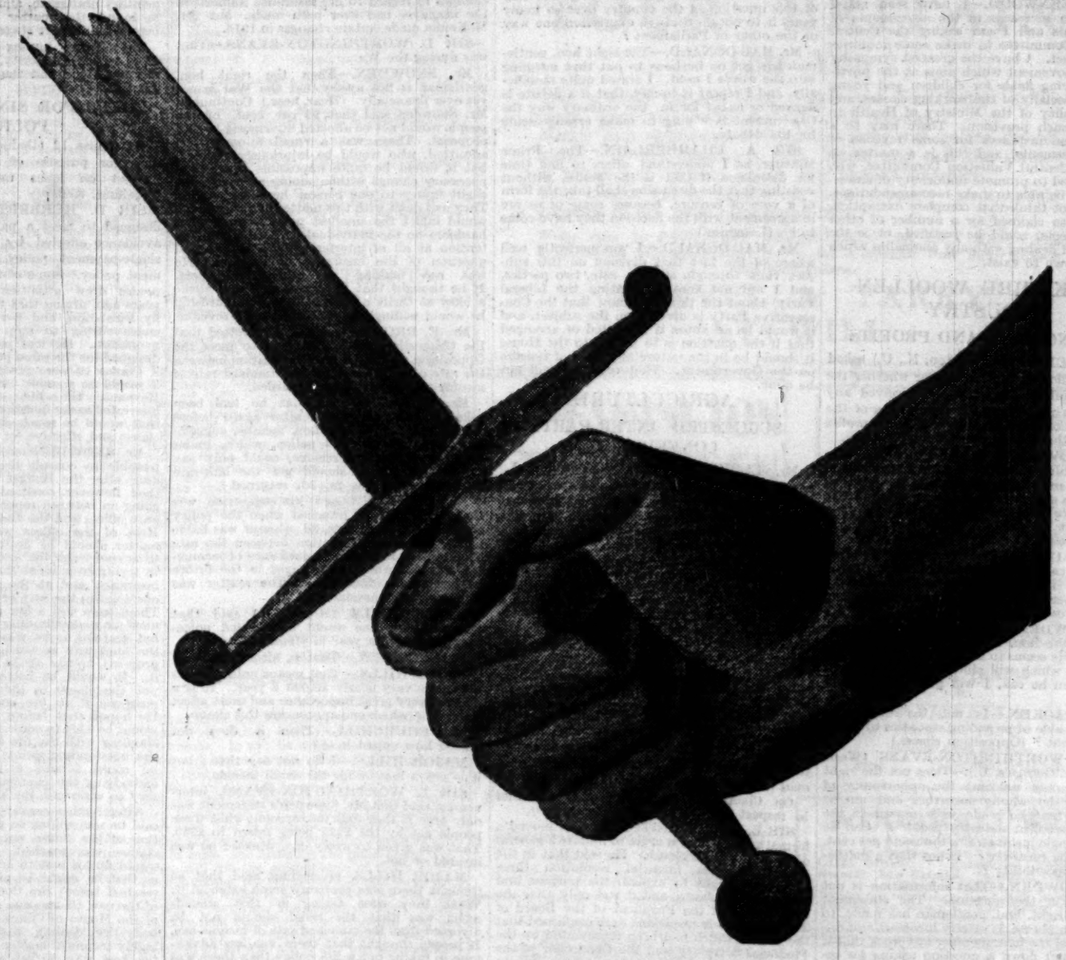
Kent and Sussex properties, of from two to 80 acres, for sale, some of them by auction on June 25, include Woodgate, near Rye, three acres ; and Farthingmore, Udimore, Rye, 21 acres, partly orchard. Messrs. Geering and Colyer (Ashford) are the agents.

Messrs. Alex. King and Gould (Conduit-street) have a site of three acres with cottage, near Hales Place, overlooking Canterbury, for sale for £1,250 ; and a freehold of nine acres, near Camberley Heath golf course, for £3,750.

Lady Durand has directed Messrs. Norfolk and Prior (Hay-hill) to sell Croft House, Somerford Keynes, and 68 acres, at Cirencester, on July 7. It was shown with three other country houses in the firm's list on Wednesday (p. 30).

The 24 years' lease, at a ground-rent of £2 a year, of a corner house in Onslow-gardens, South Kensington, is for sale, by order of executors, by Messrs. Knight and Co. (Cromwell-place), who have other Kensington houses and flats for disposal, according to their list yesterday (p. 26).

A small sixteenth-century house is included in the Park Hall sale with farms, altogether hundreds of acres, in many lots, on July 9, by Messrs. Kemsleys (Bishopsgate) and Messrs. Chettins (Saffron Walden). It is a good centre for meets of the Essex and East Essex Foxhounds.



FIGHTING TO WIN • • •

fighting, it might almost be said, with warworn weapons and inadequate munitions, Westminster Hospital is asking for help. For over two hundred years this, the oldest voluntary hospital, has registered victory after victory against illness and disease of every kind. If the hospital is supported now, still more can be done, for illness is an unnecessary evil which can and should be overcome.

In what it has done against cancer alone, in what it has done for research, Westminster Hospital has earned your support. If it is to continue the battle against disease it must first win the battle against debt. That is where you can help—by subscribing something to Westminster Hospital's Fighting Fund. Somehow £50,000 must be raised and must be raised now. The amount is not large. The need for it is enormous. Will you help?

Cheques should be made payable to Westminster Hospital, and addressed to the Hon. Treasurers (E.H. Hoare, Esq., and the Hon. Sir William Goschen, K.B.E.), Westminster Hospital, Broad Sanctuary, London, S.W.1

THE WOLFE STATUE

GIFT OF UNITED CANADA

UNVEILING IN GREENWICH PARK

The Marquis de Montcalm unveiled in Greenwich Park yesterday a statue of his great ancestor's great adversary, General Wolfe. The two commanders fell together at the Battle of Quebec, and out of that mingling of British and French blood arose the united Canada which has given this monument to Britain. The assembly yesterday included descendants of both Wolfe and Montcalm, and of others who fought on one side or the other upon the Plains of Abraham. Throughout Canada and this country there must have been many more who heard the broadcast of the ceremony. The speeches were relayed across the Atlantic by the Canadian beam service, and re-broadcast through nine stations from Quebec to Winnipeg by the Canadian National Railways.

The bronze figure of James Wolfe gazes across the Thames, as he gazed in life across the Plains of Abraham before the battle, from a magnificent site upon the summit of Greenwich Park. Below are the Royal Naval College and the Royal Hospital School. Small boys from the Royal Hospital School in sailor dress were formed up round the statue, under their officers. Behind the monument stood small detachments of officers, warrant officers, and N.C.O.s from 12 regiments which took part in Wolfe's campaign—namely, 2nd Bn., The East Yorkshire Regt., 2nd Bn., The Gloucestershire Regt., 1st Bn., The Royal Sussex Regt., 2nd Bn., The Loyal Regt., 2nd Bn., The Northamptonshire Regt., 2nd Bn., The King's Royal Rifle Corps, 2nd Bn., The Cheshire Regt., 1st Bn., The Prince of Wales's Volunteers, 1st Bn., The Sherwood Foresters, 2nd Bn., The Hampshire Regt., 1st Bn., The Lancashire Fusiliers, and 18th Medium Battery, R.A. The special enclosure was reserved for the delegates to the Imperial Press Conference, drawn from Canada and every corner of the Empire, who had travelled from London to Greenwich Pier by water.

A covered pavilion accommodated the principal guests. They walked to the spot from the Royal Observatory, and a fanfare was sounded as each group approached. First came the Mayor and Mayoress of Greenwich, with Dr. Tait McKenzie, the sculptor, Mr. A. S. C. Butler, the architect, and the Town Clerk and the Aldermen of the borough. The Canadian Minister to France (Mr. Philippe Roy), representing the Canadian Government, came next with Mr. Charles Cambie, and the audience stood as the band of the Royal Hospital School played "O Canada." To the music of "La Marseillaise" the French Ambassador, representing the French Government, and the Marquis de Montcalm, arrived in company with Mr. G. C. Cassels. Field-Marshal the Duke of Connaught, who was in uniform, the First Lord of the Admiralty, representing the Government, and Sir Campbell Stuart, the chairman of the Wolfe Memorial Committee, were the last to take their places.

THE KING'S MESSAGE

The National Anthem was played, and Sir Campbell Stuart then read this message from Lord Stamfordham:—

"Please convey to the members of the Wolfe Memorial Committee the King's sincere thanks for their loyal message sent on the occasion of the unveiling at Greenwich by the Marquis de Montcalm of the Monument to Major-General James Wolfe. His Majesty is glad to think that the Duke of Connaught is able to be present at this ceremony. The King takes this opportunity of expressing to the people of Canada his gratitude for this act of generosity, which has enabled so great an event in the annals of this country to be fittingly commemorated on the historic banks of the River Thames."

SIR CAMPBELL STUART said that the funds for the monument were raised before the War, largely through the enthusiasm and public spirit of the late Mr. F. C. Wade, then Agent-General for British Columbia. When the present committee, consisting of Mr. Cassels, Mr. Cambie, and the speaker, were asked two years ago to carry the task to a conclusion their chairman at the beginning was the late Mr. Peter Larkin, who did not live to witness the result of their labours. It was very fitting that a Canadian artist should fashion this Canadian gift, and the committee believed that no craftsman in their land could do them greater honour than the eminent sculptor whose world-wide fame was a cause of intense satisfaction to all his countrymen.

MARQUIS DE MONTCALM'S TRIBUTE

The MARQUIS DE MONTCALM removed the flags in which the monument had been swathed, and said in his address, which was given in French:—

"In doing me the honour of inviting me to this impressive ceremony, you were fulfilling a great and generous idea. At the time when you were erecting a monument to the imperishable glory of Wolfe, you in your great courtesy associated with his name that of his glorious adversary.

"It is the fate of these two heroes, who have both shed their blood in the service of their country, to be for ever united in the memory of men. Wolfe and Montcalm were both worthy of each other. They were great to the end in their courteous and generous struggle. They were great in Death, who folds them in her wings, in their last sacrifice. Commanders of two rival armies, hundreds of miles from their countries, both felt in the course of the campaign that death would be the price of this tragic struggle. And when Wolfe before the attack murmured thoughtfully, in the dark and mystic night which surrounded his ship, the beautiful lines of Gray—

'The paths of glory lead but to the grave'

—there yonder in the field of Beauport, wearied by so many night watches, among the brave soldiers of Carillon, his Canadian volunteers whom he inspired with his iron will, Montcalm too was oppressed with melancholy, and told his companions of his gloomy forebodings. Both faced death with the same disregard of life, thinking only of their country, of the greatness of their mission. Their last words were for their soldiers, their valiant comrades in arms. Both leaders were mourned and respected, and at their tombs the citizens of two great peoples, adversaries yesterday, friends to-day, pay homage. Allow me to thank you for your gesture and acknowledge your great kindness, not only in the name of the descendants of the French who fought for Canada, but also in the name of those who wish with pious faith to keep in their hearts the ties which bind them to the vanished past."

CANADIAN ANNALS

The CANADIAN MINISTER to FRANCE, Mr. Philippe Roy, read the following message from the Prime Minister of Canada:—

"I regret exceedingly that official duties prevent my attendance at the unveiling of a monument, the creation of a Canadian sculptor, in memory of Major-General James Wolfe. The ceremony to-day has many features of special interest to Canada. You have with you as the representative of the Dominion our first Minister to France, a Canadian of French origin. You have also others who have figured in our national life. Wolfe, the hero of a momentous event in world history, is more than a hero to us. His death upon the Plains of Abraham marks the beginning of a new era in government, the success of which is emphasized by your presence here to-day.

"One hundred years ago the Governor-General of Canada unveiled a monument at Quebec bearing the inscription of Wolfe and Montcalm; and to-day the Marquis de Montcalm has crossed the Channel to unveil a monument to the illustrious opponent of his heroic ancestor. Old feuds were buried on the Plains of Abraham 170 years ago, and from that time English and French have lived side by side, each race guarding jealously its own traditions but uniting in purpose and determination to uphold the glory of the Canadian national history under the aegis of the British Crown."

The CANADIAN MINISTER said that Canada was indeed happy that it could boast a magnificent dual history, the history of the two great races with which its birth and development were proudly associated. Whether they came from England or from France, the discoverers, the pioneers, the missionaries, and the warriors were equally the objects of their gratitude and their pride. James Wolfe was in the front rank of the national heroes whose renown embellished Canadian annals. His brief and brilliant career recalled one of the heroic tales of antiquity. Wolfe was but 32 when he found himself appointed Major-General and Commander-in-Chief. That year, 1759, proved to be the year of his victory and also of his death. He succumbed on the very scene of his exploits, and his gallant adversary, Montcalm, was mortally wounded. The two leaders, sufferers both in the cause of patriotism, had become reconciled in the serenity of the tomb and in the radiance of a common glory.

In consequence of their sacrifice on the field of the Battle of Quebec, there arose a new nation. Some 15 years afterwards English and French in Canada united for the defence of the very soil for which they had so ardently contended.

The Duke of Connaught inspected the detachments of the Wolfe regiments before departing, and the ceremonies closed with a reception by the Mayor and Mayoress of Greenwich, in the gymnasium of the Royal Hospital School. Those present at the unveiling of the monument included:—

Mme. de Fleuriau, the First Commissioner of Works and Mrs. D. Pestgate, the Acting High Commissioner for Canada, Mme. Philippe Roy, le Prince Levis Mirepoix Robech, le Duc et la Duchesse de Levis Mirepoix, le Comte Jean de Montcalm, le Comte et la Comtesse Francois de Ramel, le Comte du Chaffault, le Comte Fleury, le Comte et la Comtesse des Etangs, le Baron Roger, M. et Mme. de Longueuil, Mlle. de Longueuil, the Duchess of Devonshire, Lord Londonderry, Lord and Lady Normanby, Lord Townshend, Marchioness Townshend, Lord Donegall, Lord and Lady Minto, Dowager Lady Minto, Lord and Lady Bathurst, Lord Stanhope, Lord and Lady Peel, Dowager Lady Grey, Lord and Lady Strafford, Lord and Lady Elgin, Dowager Lady Antrim, Earl and Countess Grey, Lord Durham, Lord and Lady Liverpool, Lord and Lady Albemarle, Mrs. Stirling, Lord and Lady Elibank, Lord and Lady Burnham, Lord and Lady Hardinge, Lord Richard Nevill, Lady Margaret Boscawen, Lady Northcote, Lady Theodora Davidson, Lady Bagot, Lady Head, Lord and Lady Greenwood and Miss Angela Greenwood, Lord Darling, Major Astor, M.P., and Lady Violet Astor, Mr. P. J. Pybus, M.P.

The Archbishop of New Westminster and Mrs. de Pencier, the British High Commissioner to Canada and Lady Clark, the Quartermaster-General and Lady Anderson, Sir Robert Vansittart, Sir Courtauld Thomson and Miss Thomson, Sir William and Lady McLintock, Sir John and Lady Hanbury Williams, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Malcolm Murray, Vice-Admiral W. H. D. and Lady Boyle, Major-General J. E. B. Seely and Mrs. Seely, Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Oliphant, Colonel and Mrs. George Monckton-Arundell, Mrs. Ronald Greville, Mr. L. S. Amery, M.P., and Mrs. Amery, Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Wolfe-Aylward, Captain John Warde, Miss Wade, Mr. George Wolfe, Captain R. L. Saunders, the Dean of Windsor, Mr. J. M. B. Wolfe, the Vicar of St. Alfege's and Mrs. Tackley, the Agent-General for Quebec, the Agent-General for Ontario, the Agent-General for Alberta and Mrs. Greenfield, the Agent-General for British Columbia and Mrs. Pauline, the Acting Agent-General for Nova Scotia, Mrs. John Howard, Sir Edward and Lady Harding, Lord and Lady Ashwith, Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Rowell, Sir William and Lady Plender, Sir George and Lady McLaren Brown, Sir Frederick and Lady Williams Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Sale, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Corin, Mr. C. J. Smith, Miss Jessie Smith, Miss Ursula Blackwood, Mrs. Appleby, M. Th. Beauchesne, Mr. Christopher Carlile, Sir George and Lady Badgerow, Sir A. Shirley Benn, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Ronald and Lady Waterhouse, Sir Hardman and Lady Lever, Sir Albert and Lady Stern, Sir Trevor and Lady Dawson, Lieutenant-General Sir Charles and Lady Dobell, Sir John and Lady Dashwood, Mr. and Mrs. Lionel Guest, Sir Hector Duff, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Peacock, Lady Hull, Gertrude Lady Dunn, Captain Sir Ion Hamilton and Lady Benn.

Major-General Sir Newton J. Moore and Lady Moore, Colonel and Mrs. H. Bonham-Carter, Major Sir Gerald Fowler Burton, Sir Archibald and Lady Hurd, Sir George and Lady Kirkpatrick, Sir Robert Evans, Miss Margaret Sinclair, Sir Vivian and Lady Henderson, Archdeacon and Mrs. Beamish, Lady Dawkins, Sir Lionel and Lady Earle, the Astronomer Royal and Lady Dyson, Mrs. Tait McKenzie, Mrs. Ernest Stuart, Mrs. G. C. Cassels, Mrs. C. Cambie, Mr. E. T. Palmer, M.P., and Mrs. Palmer, Alderman and Mrs. Harry Keough, Alderman and Mrs. R. S. Jackson, Alderman and Mrs. H. A. H. Newington, Alderman and Mrs. R. F. A. Purkis, Alderman and Mrs. W. O. Willis, Mrs. F. J. Simpson, the Chaplain to the Mayor and Mrs. Harold T. Pinchback, the Mayor and Mayoress of Kensington, Sir John Thornycroft, Miss Mercer Nairne, Mr. J. C. Akerman, Sir Harry Brittain, Sir Robert Donald, Mr. Cecil Harmsworth, and Professor and Mrs. J. E. G. de Montmorency.

CANADA CLUB

THE PRIME MINISTER'S MESSAGE

Sir Campbell Stuart presided at a dinner of the Canada Club last evening at the Savoy Hotel, held in connexion with the unveiling earlier in the day by the Marquis de Montcalm of the monument at Greenwich to General Wolfe, the hero of Quebec. The Marquis was among the guests, and many delegates of the Imperial Press Conference were present.

The Prime Minister, who was prevented by public duties from attending, wrote:—

"I regret that I cannot be with you to-day to show by my presence how keenly I share in the feelings of those who have provided this memorial. The pure human chivalry which made Wolfe and Montcalm of the same kindred, and the fate which overtook them on the same field of battle, have given them a peculiar and special place amidst the company of those who have fought nobly and have fallen gloriously. Regarding them, the achievements of the soldier have been enshrined in the graces of the man. When I go to Quebec, I make it a duty to visit the battlefield and to pass by the monument erected to their common memory. How appropriate is it then to think of that old Border ballad which tells how of two fated lovers, one was buried in St. Mary's Kirk and the other in St. Mary's Choir, how 'out of the one there grew a red rose and out of the other a briar' and how the branches entwined together and could not be riven apart. The memory of Wolfe and Montcalm has done as much as political sagacity to bind all Canadians in a common loyalty. I am so sorry that Mr. Larkin, who, I know, had his heart in this, did not live to see this day."

Lord Aberdeen, a former Governor-General of Canada, also wrote to express regret and associate himself with the welcome to the Marquis de Montcalm.

The CHAIRMAN gave "The King," "The President of the French Republic," and "The Queen, the Prince of Wales, and other members of the Royal Family." He coupled with the last toast the name of the DUKE of CONNAUGHT, who, in reply, said that he had a deep regard for the Dominion of Canada, and it was a great pleasure to him to be at Greenwich and with them on that occasion. That the Marquis de Montcalm should have performed the ceremony was an example of the French adage *noblesse oblige*. It was proof of the friendly feelings existing between England and France that that day a statue of Marshal Foch was unveiled by an Englishman, the Prince of Wales, while in the afternoon a distinguished member of the French aristocracy unveiled a memorial to the English General Wolfe. (Cheers.)

The CHAIRMAN, proposing the toast to the memory of Wolfe and Montcalm, referred to the presence of the Marquis de Montcalm, and said that, true to the traditions of an illustrious name, he had joined them to do honour to the memory of another gallant soldier, James Wolfe. They had thought much that day of Greenwich, but they must not forget the village of Westerham where Wolfe was born. Wolfe's first home was Westerham—Quebec House, where Mr. Wolfe-Aylward lived—had become for all time the property of the nation thanks to the public spirit and the generosity of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Learmont, of Montreal. The Prime Minister had spoken in his message of the memory of Wolfe and Montcalm binding all Canadians in a common loyalty. In the population of Canada, which numbered less than 10,000,000, the race of Montcalm was represented by 3,500,000. The two races had lived together for over a century and a half, and the two languages and the two civilizations had given individuality and distinctiveness to the North American people.

The next Imperial Conference presented an opportunity to British statesmen and statecraft such as the world had never known. He was glad that in such an important hour the Fourth Imperial Press Conference had assembled in London. He spoke of our Imperial responsibilities and our Empire problems in the presence of friends from France, for they, as much as we, were interested in the well-being of society and appreciated the need for stable forces in the world.

The FRENCH AMBASSADOR, replying, said that a brotherhood always existed between British and French soldiers whether they fought together or against one another. That brotherhood had now extended to a brotherhood of the British and French nations. It was always recognized that soldiers, when they fought one another as enemies, never kept alive feelings of hate. These truths of chivalry explained their invitation that evening to the Marquis de Montcalm and its acceptance. (Cheers.)

LORD ELIBANK, who also responded, said that Canada had shown by word and deed a desire for closer trade and unity with the Mother Country. (Cheers.) The recent Canadian tariff proposals were much appreciated. Canada was only on the threshold of her great destiny. (Cheers.)

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. H. WOODS, who also replied, said that the Pressmen of the Dominions joined in their appreciation of the Imperial significance of the events of that day. He was born in Quebec, and there was no English Canadian, he felt, who would not be a better man and a more generous-hearted citizen because of what Montcalm had done. Both the French Canadian and the English Canadian were necessary to the development of Canada's great destiny.

There were also present:—

Lord Grey, Lord Greenwood, Lord Liverpool, Lord Stanhope, Lord Londonderry, Lord Peel, Lord Riddell, Lord Elgin, Lord Dorchester, Lord Durham, Lord Stratford, Lord Treowen, Lord Cassel, Lord Albemarle, Lord Burnham, Lord Hardinge, Lord Coulston, Lieutenant-General Sir Hastings Anderson, Major Astor, M.P., Mr. E. W. Beatty, K.C., the Belgian Ambassador, Sir George McLaren Brown, le Comte du Chaffault, Sir William Clark, Sir Frank Dyson, Sir Lionel Earle, Mr. Theodore Fink, le Comte Serge Fleury, le Comte Jean Montcalm, Prince Levis Mirepoix de Robech, le Comte Francois de Ramel, Sir Thomas Horder, Sir J. Betts, Sir Gilbert Parker, the Duc de Levis Mirepoix, Sir G. Wyatt Truscott, le Baron Roger, Mr. Philippe Roy, Major-General J. E. B. Seely, Sir G. Courthope, Sir E. Vansittart, Sir H. Brittain, Sir F. Williams-Taylor, Sir G. A. Sutton, Mr. A. O. Wolfe-Aylward, Mr. George Wolfe, Mr. P. J. Pybus, M.P., and the Rev. J. W. Tockley.

IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

SURVEY BY THE P.M.G.

The first technical session of the Imperial Press Conference was held yesterday at Grosvenor House. The Postmaster-General, Mr. H. B. Lees-Smith, outlined the overseas and Imperial services carried on by the Post Office, and Sir Basil Blackett, chairman of the Imperial and International Communications, Limited, spoke on "Empire Communications and the Empire Press." Major Astor, M.P., presided, and welcomed the Postmaster-General.

The POSTMASTER-GENERAL explained in detail the arrangements made for the carriage of mails overseas. Dealing with the criticism that no substantial advance had been made in speed in the last 20 years, he said there were special reasons for it, and the cost of subsidizing services at speeds beyond what trade required would be out of all proportion to the acceleration which the mails would secure. Recent developments in other directions had put the question of obtaining higher speeds over ordinary mails on a very different footing. He referred to the development of the air mail services.

AIR MAIL SERVICES

They had many air mail services, but the only Imperial air mail service at present was the Indian air mail between Croydon and Karachi. This service was barely more than a year old. In spite of two accidents, due to sheer mischance, it had a very satisfactory and creditable year's operation behind it. The volume of traffic carried by this service and the rate at which it was offered to the public were without parallel in any air service in the world. It gave a saving in time of nearly a week in comparison with the ordinary service. It now carried about 5 per cent. of the mail, including newspapers, between the two lands; and had rather exceeded the estimates which they formed when the service began. He looked forward to the time not far distant when they would extend the Indian air mail service to Australia.

It was clear that the Press was making quite an appreciable use of the air mail, and that, for example, the Indian newspapers were now able to print a good deal of matter about a week earlier than was possible if they waited for the ordinary post. Another Imperial development was the air service between London and South Africa, which would come into operation quite soon. As far as Central Africa was concerned, a regular service would come into operation in the autumn, and the extension to the Cape would only be a matter of a few months after that. He thought that the saving in time of transmission would be comparable to that obtained for India.

Telegraph services between this country and the Dominions, both by cable and wireless, were in the hands of the Imperial and International Communications Company. The conference would probably discuss telegraph rates to the Dominions and might conceivably have it in their minds to suggest that the rates might be a little lower. (Cheers.) If that were so, he would remind them that they were very considerably lowered only four years ago.

PICTURE TELEGRAPHY

Referring to the recent opening of a picture telegraphy service between London and Berlin, he said the Post Office was now conducting similar services with Frankfort, Munich, Copenhagen, and Vienna, and extensions to other Continental cities were under consideration. He had no doubt that before many years picture telegraphy services would be developed between all the principal countries of the world. It was an example of the exceeding modesty of this country in general, and the British Post Office in particular, and its aversion from self-advertisement, that there was very little knowledge of the fact that this country possessed at Rugby the largest and most powerful wireless station in the world. In January, 1927, the Post Office began the Transatlantic wireless telephone service between London and New York. The service carried conversations ranging from 300 to 600 a week, and arrangements were in preparation by which in due time similar services would be provided to the Dominions and the other chief countries of the world. The public use of the Australian service, opened a month ago, had been encouraging, and the number of calls had been higher than was expected in the early days of the service.

As a result of the link established by the London and New York service, a subscriber in Vienna could speak to Montreal, provided his message went through Rugby. They had quietly and unostentatiously secured for this country a very important position in the system of long-distance telephone services of the world and enabled the subscriber to a British telephone to communicate with 90 per cent. of all the telephone subscribers in the world. They had started on a task of holding together an Empire of which the political and constitutional bonds were looser than at any previous time.

The thanks of the conference to the Postmaster-General were expressed by SIR HUGH R. DENISON (Australia).

IMPERIAL COMMUNICATIONS

SIR BASIL BLACKETT said the Press of the Empire was the organ of the expression of the family; Imperial and International Communications, Limited, provided the vocal cords. The company was an experiment in a new synthesis of private enterprise and public control, and was an attempt to combine some of the best features of both. If it succeeded it might prove both a landmark and a signpost in our commercial and industrial system. He believed that active cooperation between the Governments of the Empire and Imperial and International Communications was vital to the success of this new great Imperial public utility company, and he appealed for the support and encouragement of all the Governments of the Empire.

It was a great disappointment to him and his company when the Post Office in this country refused their offer to cooperate with them in providing the wireless link for the overseas telephone service. He did not believe it would be found to be in the true interest of the country and the Empire that there should be competition between Government-run overseas telephone services and telegraph services operated by the Communications Company, specially constituted as it was as a public utility company under considerable Government control, any more than it was found desirable to continue the position that had developed in 1928 when Government-operated beam wireless services were competing with cable services operated both by Government and by companies. He believed the future would prove it to be entirely irrational and economically and scientifically wasteful to draw a hard and fast line between radio-electric telegraphy and radio-electric telephony.

At present they had negotiations in progress in India, Australia, and South Africa for amalgamating cables and wireless in those countries. They had to wait the conclusion of agreements with the Governments concerned, but as soon as the amalgamation took place they intended to reduce the cable rate to the level of the wireless rate.

With regard to the tendency to publish the same newspaper or a chain of newspapers at different points, he said the company had something to offer in facsimile transmission. A whole page of *The Times* had been transmitted experimentally across the Atlantic within half an hour, and full-page American newspaper advertisements had been transmitted commercially from the United States for publication in European newspapers simultaneously with their appearance in America.

PERIODICAL NEWS LETTERS

MR. W. A. CRAICK (Canada) moved a resolution expressing the conference's approval of the action of the Canadian section in inaugurating periodical news letters covering the economic and cultural sides of Canadian life for distribution throughout the Empire Press Union, and recommending to the various sections cooperation on similar lines.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. H. WOODS (Canada) seconded.

LORD BURNHAM commended the action of the Canadian section as the best thing done by any section of the union in the last two years.

Further discussion of the resolution was adjourned till this morning.

BRITISH NEWS FOR WEST INDIES

In order to meet the demand, which has been more and more insistent during recent years, for a direct British service of news to the West Indies, Imperial and International Communications, Limited, who under the cable and wireless merger are now responsible for telegraphy to that part of the Empire, have arranged with Reuters to provide a supply of news throughout the 24 hours for Bermuda, Turk's Island, and Jamaica. The service started yesterday, and by means of it these islands will in future be kept in close touch with events in this country and in other parts of the Empire as well as with foreign affairs.

PROGRESS

1831 1930

The Sydney Morning Herald

AUSTRALIA'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Established in 1831, the "Sydney Morning Herald" for nearly a century has been the leading newspaper in the first city of the Commonwealth.

Constant always to the best ideals of British journalism as to the best interests of Australia, the pre-eminent position that the "Sydney Morning Herald" occupies has been attained by sound journalism and the truthful presentation of news.

The "Herald" has the largest circulation of any Australian morning newspaper, exceeding 200,000 daily, and its circulation steadily is increasing. It goes into nearly every home in New South Wales, irrespective of class, creed or politics, and is read for its advertisements as well as for the news.

Advertisements in the "Sydney Morning Herald" carry weight and inspire confidence, being subject to censorship that admits none considered to be misleading, in doubtful taste, or over-displayed, the same rigorous care being exercised in this respect as in the publication of news. It enjoys, therefore, a unique measure of reader-confidence. It carries more advertisements, classified and display combined, than any other newspaper in Australia. The classified advertisements average 512 columns weekly, a total immeasurably greater than the aggregate of all other papers published in Sydney.

The "Sydney Morning Herald" is the only Australian newspaper to publish every morning a special edition on rag-made paper for filing purposes. It also publishes an Index to its news.

In 1831, when Sydney slumbered on the shores of the Pacific, when hardy colonists, imbued with a great faith in this new world in which they had made their homes, were moulding the destinies of their Commonwealth, the "Sydney Morning Herald" was born to play its part and become one of the most powerful influences for the good of the Empire's furthest outpost. The entire population of Australia, Tasmania included, in those days amounted only to some 70,000 souls. The ships that came into the harbour then were the forerunners of great fleets that have since flocked here; the town that received them was the nucleus of the splendid city of to-day; from that humble beginning Australia has blossomed into a New World of the South.

To-day a great city with well over a million inhabitants stands where the camp was formed beside the stream running down the hills to the harbour, and for nearly a hundred years its development and welfare have been watched over and fostered by the "Herald" with the addition later of the "Sydney Mail." While the continent became peopled and the cities grew, the influence of true citizens' newspapers was an instrument of aid of incalculable value, and the two journals advanced with the State on its way to a glorious manhood, the principal partner in the Commonwealth. Like a rock they have stood the test of Time, the trials and tribulations of the years, and to-day are among the Commonwealth's chief emblems of progress.

The New Sydney Harbour Bridge under Construction.

Sydney, the Second Greatest White City in the Empire, and, as it may justly be acclaimed, the Capital of the Pacific, is a fitting home for a newspaper standing in the front rank of world journalism. In prestige, circulation and volume of advertising the "Sydney Morning Herald" is without a rival in the Empire of the South.

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Do you feel as though you could push over a house? Are you brimming over with health? If not, a cup of the "Allenburys" Diet taken at 11 a.m. and again at 10 p.m. each day will provide quickly that extra power which is required to effect a successful push in the strenuous game of life. Prepared in a moment with boiling water it is an invigorating and refreshing tonic food beverage.

Contains ample proportions of Vitamin D.

The Allenburys DIET

Easy to make. Pleasant to take.

In tins at 2/1, 4/- and 7/6 of all Chemists.

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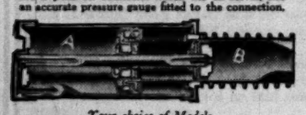
There is more in this than meets the eye!

The patent super-charged action of the KISMET DUPLEX Footpump will inflate a tyre with the greatest ease and rapidity, because it is really two pumps in one, the outer cylinder "A" keeping the inner cylinder "B" constantly charged with air under pressure. This pump is the best you can buy, and GUARANTEED FOR EVER. Other features are a push-on connector which fits all valves, and an accurate pressure gauge fitted to the connection.



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GENUINE ANTIQUE FOUR-POST BEDS, Tallboy and Shaped-front Chests, Corner Washstands, Wig Stands, Toilet Mirrors, Sofa Tables, Bow-front Wardrobes and Dressing Tables, 5,000 CARPETS and RUGS, including Wilton, Axminster, Turkey, Persian, Chinese, Aubusson, &c. A quantity of pile carpets offered at 2s. 9d. per yard, a large number of square carpets in various designs from 55s. each.
750 SETTEES and LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS, covered morocco leather, heavy woven art tapestries, rich silk, and a large quantity covered plain art linen, all being of excellent quality and in most cases equal to new. SEVERAL SMALL LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS offered at 25s. each. Small-size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS in REAL HIDE, 3gns. Larger size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS from £4 17s. 6d. to 12gns. well-made SOFTLY SPRUNG CHESTERFIELD SETTEES, 3gns.; LARGE-SIZE CHESTERFIELD AND OTHER SETTEES, many with loose down pillow seats and backs, from £7 15s. to 25gns.
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ON SALE DAILY, 9 till 7 (Thursdays close at 1 o'clock). Any item may be purchased separately, can remain warehoused free for 12 months, or delivered to any part. Settlement of account can be arranged to suit customer's convenience.
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Every Saturday——3d.

Letters to the Editor

THE REFERENDUM

AGREEMENTS WITH THE DOMINIONS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In saying that a Referendum on food taxes would, if accepted, give greater security to an agreement with the Dominions, Colonel Boraston is not raising a new point, as he thinks, but merely elaborating an argument used by Mr. Baldwin.

Also, if a General Election turned on an agreement with the Dominions which involved food taxes, it is a very bold statement to say that a decision in favour of such agreement would certainly be reversed by any change of Government. It might be, of course, and so also might it be by any of the Dominions, whether we have a Referendum or not.

I take it that, if an agreement were made with the Dominions on the strength of a General Election, it would be subject to revision at the end of a definite period and not before, except by consent, so that no succeeding Government could upset the agreement before that period had elapsed. If, during that period, the agreement were not a success, no one would wish to continue it; and if it were a success no one would wish to cancel it.

This view may, of course, be wrong; but I think that, at this stage in the discussion, Conservatives ought to express their views, and then leave it to their leader to decide. For if—to use Colonel Boraston's expression—there is "certain knowledge" about any phase of this question, it is that unless we stand by our leader we shall get nowhere.

I am your obedient servant,
HUNSDON.
Briggens, Ware, Herts, June 4.

UNEMPLOYMENT POLICY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your leading article to-day commenting upon Sir Oswald Mosley's "short-period" proposals certain questions of principle are, by implication, raised. I should like, with your permission, to say a word on these.

When industry is in equilibrium, the conditions of demand and the rates of wages being so adjusted to one another that, apart from people in process of movement from one place or occupation to another, everybody seeking work can find it, there is a presumption that State action designed to stimulate employment in any particular field will be injurious. It will, in general, merely divert labour from more productive to less productive occupations. This presumption is capable of being stated in a great variety of forms, and is frequently to be found in current discussions of the unemployment problem. There is also a presumption that men set to work in "artificially created" occupations will not be worth their wage—for, if they had been, these occupations would have been filled spontaneously—and that, therefore, the "artificial creation" of employment is a waste of national resources. This presumption also is straw for many current argumentative bricks.

Both these presumptions, whether in pure form or wrapped up in the customary trappings, would provide good reasons for deprecating State action designed to reduce unemployment, whether by Governmental programmes of national development or in other ways—provided that there were no unemployment to reduce! When, however, as at the present time, there is an enormous mass of unemployment, their virtue and their relevance are lost. If employment is "artificially created" in these conditions, men are available to come into it, not merely from more useful occupations elsewhere, but from soul-destroying idleness. It may well be that, when they come in, they will not be worth the wage paid to them. But this does not now imply a waste of national resources. So long as they are worth more than the excess of their wage over what they would otherwise have received in unemployment benefit and so on, there is not a loss to the rest of the community, but a gain.

I need hardly say that these few lines are not intended as a discussion of practical policy. But practical policy, negative as well as positive, derives from certain presuppositions. It is important to be sure that our presuppositions are adjusted not to imaginary but to actual conditions.

I am, Sir, yours &c.,
A. C. PIGOU.
King's College, Cambridge, June 2.

NORTHERN RHODESIA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In *The Times* of Tuesday, June 3, a communication appeared from your correspondent in Northern Rhodesia, which, I regret to say, is incorrect.

The native troops (by which is meant the Northern Rhodesia Police) were not recalled to Livingstone, neither all nor any detachment of them. I did not say what is attributed to me; in fact I did not address the troops at all either shortly before going on leave on April 25 or at any time this year. The site of the new capital is not yet definitely settled, and when it is settled the troops will not be used to clear the bush and make roads on the site. This will be done in the usual manner by the employment of paid native labour.

Announcements in *The Times* are generally regarded as authoritative and as there is the implication in the announcement that the Government of Northern Rhodesia is to resort to a form of forced labour by employing the enlisted police to do the work of labourers, I should be glad if this denial might be published.

Your obedient servant,
J. C. MAXWELL.
Langham Hotel, Portland-place, London, W.1., June 5.

THE BATTLE OF LEIPZIG

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Referring to a note in your correspondence columns of Wednesday as to my statement that no British cavalry were present at the battle of Maida, which a correspondent seems to doubt, may I make the following reply?

By "cavalry" I mean an organized body of mounted troops. There were present at Maida a few orderlies from the 20th Light Dragoons, attached to the Staff; there were not, if all were put together, even half a troop of them. I do not call dispersed individuals attached to general officers a cavalry unit. It is quite correct, however, to say that an organized British unit was present at Leipzig—namely, the rocket troop, which acted as a body and effectively.

I am yours truly,
C. W. C. OMAN.
House of Commons, June 5.

NAVAL REPLACEMENTS

NEED OF A DEFINITE PROGRAMME

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—You have kindly allowed the Navy League in former letters to refer to the vital necessity of an adequate naval building programme, and it is because of the urgency of the matter that we ask you to publish this letter.

The debates on the Naval Treaty in Parliament have shown that there is every likelihood of its being ratified in due course by this country, if it be duly passed by the U.S. Senate; so there would seem to be no excuse for any delay in the announcement of a definite programme of replacement in accordance with the terms of the Treaty.

The number of cruisers which should be laid down between now and December 31, 1936, in order to comply with Article 20 of the Treaty is 14, reckoning each vessel as about 6,500 tons. This number is really totally inadequate, but as the Treaty prohibits a greater number of tonnage of this category being laid down, and as we have under the Treaty abandoned our freedom to build in accordance with our needs, we must make the best of it. Nevertheless, we believe there are powerful forces at work endeavouring to persuade our politicians not to build up to this minimum, and there is grave danger that even this attenuated number may not be built.

As regards destroyers, it would appear that one flotilla leader and eight destroyers should be laid down in each year. No indication, however, has been given that this minimum number will be duly commenced.

We think that the people of this country should be told the facts plainly. The facts are:—This Treaty cuts our Navy to the bone, and that in accepting it our risks are great; if its very limited terms are not fully built up to and satisfied, our situation will be so full of peril that our consequent defencelessness is extremely likely to cause that very war which it is every one's object to avoid.

Even now our cruiser and destroyer forces available are, in the opinion of many experts, hardly able to ensure the security of our food supplies; in five or six years' time, when many other nations have created squadrons of new and most powerful cruisers and submarines, it seems to be still more problematical if we could not be starved into subjection by an aggressor: certainly we shall be open to such attack if we do not provide new ships to replace our old and worn-out ones. We feel sure it is not the desire of our people that our sailors should have to go to fight in old ships against the new modern ones of an enemy. This would only be asking for a series of disasters such as Coronel, without the chance of retrieving our fortunes at another Falkland Islands.

The Navy League, and the country generally, have been most patient and reasonable about this matter, not pressing unduly whilst negotiations and conferences were in progress: now we can wait no longer, and we think our people in this country and in the Dominions should insist on an adequate building programme being brought forward at once by their respective Governments.

Yours faithfully,
LLOYD, President.
CYRIL S. COBB, Chairman.
H. M. DENNY, Commander, R.N., General Secretary.
The Navy League, 13, Victoria-street, S.W.1, June 5.

COAL PRICES IN CANADA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The letter appearing under the heading "Coal Prices in Canada" in your issue of May 2, signed by Mr. E. Evans, of Montreal, is of interest to the association which I represent as secretary, and which consists of the collieries in Scotland whose anthracite coals have for many years been sent to the Canadian market. Proof that the price at which this coal has been, and is being, sold is satisfactory to the great majority of Canadian consumers may be gleaned from the fact that for many seasons past the demand for Scottish anthracite in Canada has been greater than the Scottish collieries could supply.

The reason for the difference in values between British and American anthracite, to which Mr. Evans refers, is not difficult to find. The ash content of Scottish anthracite is probably less than one-half of the ash content in the average grade of American anthracite, which is vended in Montreal and other parts of Canada, and it can safely be asserted that the Canadian householder, in view of the long winter, Arctic climate, and the necessity for intensive heating of his home, studies his coal problems and his coal bills much more scientifically than is the case with the British householder. One ton of Scottish anthracite coal will do the work of much more than one ton of American anthracite, and the Canadian buyer, with his keen sense of relative values, knows from past experience that one ton of Scottish coal, though it may cost him, as Mr. E. Evans states, $1.25 per ton more than one ton of American coal, means not only a lesser coal bill for the whole year, but a better heated home and much less trouble with his furnaceman, who, instead of having a large number of buckets of heavy clinker per day to remove from the furnace, is only called upon to handle a few shovelfuls of light ash.

Mr. Evans's concluding remark in regard to the difference between the long and short ton has no real application, as this point is taken into consideration in fixing the delivered price, and the benefit which is reaped by the Canadian importers is in this way passed on to the Canadian householder. I shall feel obliged if you will be courteous enough to publish this reply in order that any misunderstanding which might otherwise arise in regard to this situation may be dispelled.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN MORTON, Secretary, the Scottish Anthracite Producers' Association.
195, West George-street, Glasgow, C.2, June 4.

A BARBER'S SUNDAY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On the afternoon of Friday, May 16, in the presence of a mere handful of members, the Hairdressers' and Barbers' Shops (Sunday Closing) Bill—not a Government measure—was piloted by Mr. Stewart, a Scottish Labour member, through its third reading.

Now that the Bill has reached the House of Lords it is to be hoped that a little business thought and justice will be meted out to it. No other trade or profession is compulsorily restrained from working on a Sunday. Let Parliament restrict the hours of assistants on the number of opening hours, but in the name of fair play give to the proprietor of a hairdressing saloon the same right of choosing his working hours as other tradesmen have. For it must be remembered that, be a saloon open for 60 or 70 hours a week, the working hours are confined to the time that the clients have at their disposal for attending; and usually these are restricted in suburban and provincial saloons to three hours of an evening for four days, eight hours on a Saturday, and four hours on a Sunday morning, when most of the week's work has to be done. So will the House of Lords please see that we get justice?

I am, &c.,
HAIRDRESSER.

PENSIONS APPOINTMENTS

The Minister of Pensions has appointed Mr. R. F. Gould, M.P. (Frome Division, Somerset), Alderman D. Hardaker (Yorkshire), and Alderman Arthur Jenkins (Monmouthshire), to fill existing vacancies in the membership of the Special Grants Committee.

ETHYL PETROL

A PLEA FOR MEDICAL EVIDENCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In view of the letter recently published by you from the Chairman of the Anglo-American Oil Company upon ethyl petrol, I am urged to address you once more upon this unpleasant subject. My previous letters won for me the tardy recognition of the Committee. In point of fact, I am the only witness heard in public in the interval between the issue of the preliminary report in July, 1928, and of the present final report. A courteous reference is made to the objection I took to the validity of the American medical evidence, but there is no indication that the gravamen of my charge was appreciated.

Mr. Powell states that the Committee gives a complete bill of health to ethyl petrol. I do not so read the report. It has little to do with lead tetrethide, the incriminated constituent. It does not touch the question of the possible poisonous character of this substance specifically; £2,947 15s. 8d. of public money has been spent in showing what was already known—that we can put up with small amounts of lead. Nothing has been learnt of the effect of the tetrethide upon human beings—which ostensibly was what the Committee was "out for to see." No impartial medical study of the problem has been made. Under the general direction of Sir Robert Robertson, the Government chemist, a member of the Committee, a most interesting inquiry has been carried out—with an improved method devised for the occasion—into the secretion of lead in the urine by members of the community at large as well as by those exposed to lead risks. The result is that we are all found to be more or less guilty of the practice: apparently, lead is one of the unconsidered trifles we pick up in dust.

The Committee has studied the extent to which ethyl petrol may be volatilized under garage conditions; the results are little more than self-evident, however. Finally, a set of experiments has been made by Professor Dixon, F.R.S. Professor Dixon, unfortunately, has not made a study of what is likely to be the effect of lead tetrethide upon the human being, but has confined himself to anointing the shaven backs of a small number of rabbits with a 2 per cent. lead ethide petrol mixture over a period of 131 days, piously excluding Sundays. The results are negative. No evidence was obtained that the compound was absorbed. Lead was sought for in the animals but only found in minute amount: it is assumed that the absorbed compound mostly escaped through the bowels. Such experiments are scarcely to be called "scientific." We are not rabbits: our skin is not as their hide. It seems to me that my friend might as well have applied his lotion to the back of his housemaid's rabbit fur wrap, if she have one, and expected her health to be affected. Who knows if Sunday be not the one day upon which the rabbit is sensitive?

The American inquiry was directed to detecting signs of lead poisoning. I urged this consideration upon our Committee. The American medical evidence is suspect on this account. I pointed out that there were distinct references by their observers to ill-health, of which no account was taken. Both here and in the U.S.A. the inquiry throughout has been prejudiced by the lead obsession. It has never involved the scientific study of the possible specific poisonous action of lead tetrethide upon human beings. Failing this the public use of such a substance should not be allowed.

The Committee as a whole, I venture to say, was not the Committee needed for such an inquiry, really one of extraordinary technical difficulty. There was not an organic chemist upon it. Committees are never chosen scientifically: understanding of the subject to be considered is not regarded as a necessary qualification. The people called upon these occasions mostly belong to a semi-official class who naturally acquire the habit of "going with the Government." Outside opinion is rarely consulted. Were it not for assistance such as you give, experience would seldom be heard in protection of the public interest. It is as pointed out recently in your delightful leader, "Left?—Right?—Left?" We do not read. We will not use our knowledge. There is no teaching of scientific method in our schools: the judicial spirit is lacking everywhere. The statement frequently made that we live in a scientific age is false. We are in an age of make-believe, in politics especially. The inquiry has been too much on political lines.

Yours obediently,
HENRY E. ARMSTRONG.

CHEAP ELECTRICITY

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As one who has specialized for many years upon the application of electric power for industrial purposes, may I be permitted to make some observations upon a subject of considerable importance at the present time?

The problem with which the Central Electricity Board is faced is undoubtedly a difficult one, and every source should be tapped from which a cheap supply of electricity can be derived. We have not in this country vast water powers such as obtain in Canada, Switzerland, Italy, and Scandinavia, but on the other hand we have a very important asset in the shape of waste and low-grade fuel at present lying dormant in various coalfields of this country, which can be utilized for the production of cheap electric power, and fed into the secondary mains of the grid.

This aspect of the case has so far received but scant attention, but I would submit that it is a most important factor, and one that should be closely examined and developed if the scheme envisaged by the Central Electricity Board is to bear good fruit, and provide a really cheap supply of electricity for the nation.

Yours faithfully,
D. L. SELBY BIGGE.

A HOME FOR SURGICAL CASES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—May I, as chaplain to the Hampshire Home of Recovery for Surgical Cases and rector of the parish in which it is situated, make an appeal to your readers to help us to provide a permanent chapel for this truly delightful Home? Surgical cases, both men and women, from the hospitals are sent to us as soon as they can be moved to be nursed back to health, and the response they make to the spiritual ministrations we are able to offer them is most encouraging. There are 51 patients in the Home and a staff of 16, and we often have 30 to 35 communicants at a celebration of Holy Communion and a congregation of 50 or 60 at our other services. These at present have to be held in the dining room, and a chapel is an urgent need not only for the services but for the rest and quiet it would afford for private prayer and meditation, for which, as things are, there is no opportunity. As the trustees have only just completed the women's wing, they feel they cannot appeal again just now to our regular supporters, but they have given me permission to appeal to Church people generally to help us to raise the £3,000 to £4,000 that will be needed for the chapel. Any subscriptions sent to me at North Stoneham Rectory, Bassett, Southampton, will be most gratefully acknowledged.

Yours, &c.,
THOMAS SALMON.

Points from Letters

CHARING CROSS BRIDGE

The L.C.C. suggests a committee "to prepare a scheme for a bridge and approaches at Charing Cross." These terms of reference will be found to preclude the committee from relating its scheme properly either to the road traffic problem or to the town planning of London. What is wanted first and foremost is a scheme prepared by a body free of sectional or parochial representatives. To this body should be referred the question: "What bridge and highways construction is required to ease the traffic conditions of that central part of London which lies within the circle of the great railway termini?" When that scheme has been approved Charing Cross Bridge and its approaches must fall in with it.—Mr. MERVYN O'GORMAN, 21, Embankment-gardens, Chelsea, S.W.3.

INTEREST ON FRENCH LOANS

If Mr. Arthur S. Browne, of Nice, France, knew at the time of the issue of the French Loans in England that a participation in them was, as he terms it, a "gamble," he must have had knowledge of some factor or factors which were not apparent from the prospectuses, for it is amply evident from the correspondence which you have published that the average Englishman, and the Press here, regarded them as sound investments, as they were entitled to do, especially seeing that the issues were made by the Bank of England with the consent and approval of his Majesty's Government. At the rates of exchange fixed for the issues there was a possibility of appreciation therein of something considerably less than 10 per cent., but the ordinary investor had no reason for thinking that the French Government would allow a permanent depreciation of 80 per cent. in the value of their currency, and it would be interesting to learn how Mr. Browne knew when the loans were issued that they were to be regarded as a gamble.—Mr. F. R. BELLAMY, 17, Hindes-road, Harrow-on-the-Hill.

LATIN BIBLES

By the omission of the two important words "with glosses," your correspondent has failed accurately to describe the old Latin Bible which has recently been presented to the Bible House Library. The book is a copy of what is recognized to be "the earliest Latin Bible printed with glosses." It is usually ascribed to the press of Adolph Rusch, Strassburg, and the date is given as probably 1480. As every bibliographer knows, the first printed Latin Bible is generally accepted to be that described as the "Mazarin" or "42" line Bible, which was printed in Mainz about 1456. Unfortunately we have not yet a specimen of this *editio princeps* in our collection. It will be a proud day for the Library when that gap is filled.—The REV. DR. R. KILGOUR, Librarian, British and Foreign Bible Society, 146, Queen Victoria-street, E.C.4.

THE INDIAN EXCISE SERVICE

A case for the Indian Police has been most deservedly made out in your columns. But there is yet another branch of executive service under the Government which deserves as much consideration and whose cause has not been championed so far. I refer to the Indian Excise Service. In these days of heavy picketing of liquor shops in India the responsibility of the Excise sub-inspector, who is the backbone of the department, is very great indeed. In spite of the many handicaps he suffers—poor pay, no travelling allowance within his range, no adequate allowance for quarters, and no arms with which to protect himself—he has remained thoroughly loyal to the Government and has done "his bit" to maintain law and order. No officer in any service in India—even including the police—runs more serious risks and dangers than the Excise officer when he sets out to put down *Abkari* offences in remote jungles and solitary places, accompanied by no more than half a dozen half-starved, unarmed peons. Is it too much to ask the Government to supply these men with arms, so that they may be able to use them in self-defence when they are attacked?—Mr. J. CHINNA DURAI, Sundari, Devonshire-way, Shirley.

THE CADET CORPS

In a letter from abroad, which you kindly published on May 29, I referred to my official connexion with the British Council of the World Alliance for Promoting International Friendship through the Churches as *prima facie* evidence that I am no "militarist." I ought perhaps to have said explicitly that the opinions I expressed were merely my own; and, in view of apprehensions which, on returning to England, I find to exist among some of my friends on the British Council, I hope you will allow me to do so now.—The BISHOP of RIPON, The Palace, Ripon.

BRITISH STONE FOR BRITISH ROADS

May I congratulate members of the Surrey County Council upon their enlightened and patriotic decision to purchase British materials in preference to foreign? I have just received from the Highway and Bridges Department of the council an order for the supply of Leicestershire granite chippings, and it is interesting to note that the official order form bears the words "All goods must be of British manufacture." In view of the enormous amount of unemployment at present existing throughout the kingdom, it is to be hoped that Surrey's example will be followed by other local authorities.—Mr. B. EVERARD, Director, Bardon Hill Quarries (Ellis and Everard), Limited, near Leicester.

THE LIE DETECTOR

The traditional methods of discovering the guilty by testing for fear quoted by Rear-Admiral Beadnell are only operative when the victims are unaware of the nature of the test. Secondly, the proportion of adrenalin and sugar in the blood is no indication of whether the fear manifested is from a consciousness of guilt, or the reverse. Thirdly, such tests are all baffled by the criminal who has no conscience, and, fourthly, mechanical lie-detectors would, alas! be useless applied to election candidates, since the prudent politician invariably means his promises.—Mr. W. K. SCUDAMORE, 100, Oakley-street, S.W.3.

TAXES WITHOUT REPRESENTATION

Liking travel and disliking English winters I have no permanent residence in England. I have just learned at a town hall that in these circumstances I cannot get my name on the electoral register. Making a practice of spending some time in England each summer, I am for income-tax purposes deemed "ordinarily resident" in England, and I pay taxes accordingly. That is, I pay in direct taxation as much as any other man of my income, and am effectually debarred from having any voice in the election of the Governments which ordain that taxation.—Mr. A. E. BONUS, Oxford and Cambridge Club, Pall Mall, S.W.1.

THE CHURCH AND DIVORCE

If the Church is to bind men and women to lifelong vows at the solemnization of their marriage, then it must be made clear to all parties concerned that the vows are for life; that no conditions, in view of the vows taken, can set either free to marry again until "death us do part." Further it should be made clear that such solemn vows are part of a context. The Marriage Service is preceded by Baptism, Catechism, Confirmation; and Holy Communion is assumed to be a regular part of the Christian life. In addition those who come to be married are supposed, if need requires, to have had some experience of penitence and pardon. Lightly to bind ourselves with lifelong vows, apart from all the helps provided to keep them, is the root cause of the now commonly prevailing idea that in view of easy divorce one need not take the vows too seriously.—The REV. BERNARD M. HANCOCK, Monksilver Rectory, Somerset.

BISHOP BROWNE

In the obituary notice you refer to Bishop Browne's "terse and effective style." Many besides myself will, I feel sure, remember an instance of this. When Bishop of Stepney he was sitting in the Lower House of Convocation. We were meeting in a small, noisy room at the back of the recently opened block of the Church House. A catering firm had supplied light refreshment for us at the previous session by way of experiment; and had incurred considerable loss. They made an appeal *ad misericordiam* to the House to help them meet it. Our country cousins began discussing the matter as one *of stantie aut cadentis ecclesiæ*; when Dr. Browne rose up, and with an impatient snap of the jaw said:—"Mr. Prolocutor, we don't owe this; I vote we pay it"; and that closured the discussion.—CANON HENRY PROCTOR, Stroud, Glos.

FARES ON SOUTHERN RAILWAY

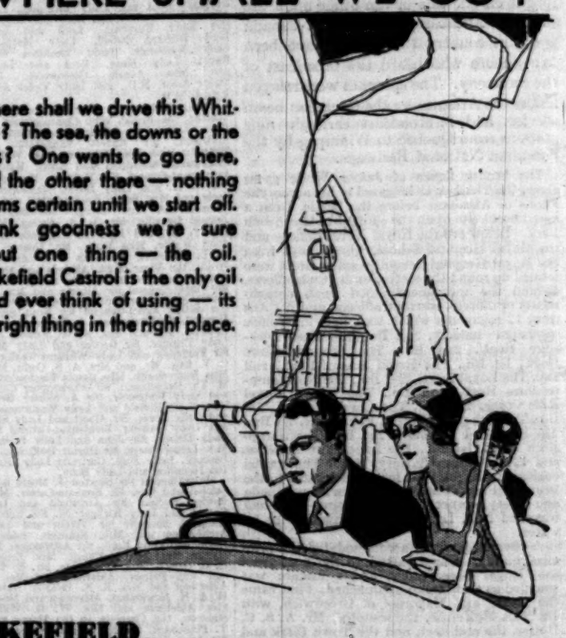
The ordinary Southern Railway third-class day return fare between Wallington and Sutton (Surrey) after 10 a.m. is 3d. On Bank Holidays it is 6d. On Derby Day, between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., it is 1s. 5d.! Can the Southern Railway explain this anomaly?—Mr. W. R. BOUSFIELD, 48, Osmond-gardens, Wallington, Surrey.

THE AGE OF SAIL

In 1853 I came home with my family in the barque Blackwall, of the Blackwall Line, from Melbourne to London *via* the Horn, 93 days to the Channel and a week beating up the Channel to the docks. The barque was under 1,000 tons.—Miss E. S. LA TROBE, 48, Blackwater-road, Eastbourne.

THIS WHITSUN— WHAT SHALL WE DO?

WHERE SHALL WE GO?



Where shall we drive this Whitsun? The sea, the downs or the hills? One wants to go here, and the other there—nothing seems certain until we start off. Thank goodness we're sure about one thing—the oil. Wakefield Castrol is the only oil we'd ever think of using—its the right thing in the right place.

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PUBLIC HEALTH CONGRESS

SUN TREATMENT FOR TUBERCULOSIS

THE ENGLISH CLIMATE

The Congress of the Royal Institute of Public Health continued its sittings at Portsmouth yesterday.

SIR HENRY GAUVAIN delivered the presidential address in the Tuberculosis Section of the Congress. He said that in this country, with its notoriously capricious and uncertain climate and with its high proportion of cloudy and misty days, some were inclined to deny that sun treatment could be possible or effective. Why not send the patient, people said, to the most sunny climate possible, where he might indulge in insolation all day long all the year round? Such a suggestion was shallow in the extreme. Tuberculosis was endemic and rampant in Switzerland, the European country most extolled for heliotherapy. Tuberculosis might be contracted at a sun cure station in that country, and even the native experts admitted that to obtain cure the patient must leave for the less sunny plains. So prevalent was tuberculosis in Switzerland that a special sanatorium had been erected for university students.

Tubercle was one of the most serious scourges in Egypt and India. It had been claimed by some that sun treatment would cure all forms of surgical tuberculosis. Such a statement was both fallacious and mendacious and needed contradiction. It was as absurd to send a person to a very sunny climate for sun treatment as to journey to Rheims for champagne. Hundreds, probably thousands, of credulous invalids impoverished themselves unnecessarily, enriched a foreign country to the detriment of their own, subjected themselves to the inconvenience of distant travel and the discomfort and expense of foreign residence, when they might equally well, and often better, have obtained sun treatment at home.

It was, Sir Henry continued, of the utmost importance to ascertain why the results of light treatment in surgical tuberculosis were so variable. One was compelled to the conclusion that there was no particular response which by itself could be a measure of the benefit of light or could explain its utility. The subject must be considered on much broader lines. If we considered a patient undergoing insolation we implied treatment of the nude body in the open air under conditions which underwent seasonal and even daily and hourly variations. The intensity and character of the solar variation varied with the angle of the incidence of the sun's rays, the position the sun occupied in the heavens, the density of the atmosphere through which its rays penetrated, the purity of the atmosphere, the amount of sky shine or reflected light, and the intervention of passing clouds.

RESPONSE TO LIGHT STIMULUS

Latitude, altitude, climate, temperature, proximity of sea, mountains, rivers, or lakes, forests and fields, and even the nature of the soil were factors which must not be neglected. It was considered that, we were at once struck by the fact that sun treatment wherever undertaken must be administered under conditions which were continually changing. It was true the extent of these variations differed much in different localities, but the one common and unchanging factor was that of constant change. Sun treatment for its general effects, especially in surgical tuberculosis, was more effective in those constantly changing conditions, not merely solar, which were found in temperate climates, than in the comparatively stable conditions found in many tropical regions, where the intensity of the light might be much greater and not subject to such variation. Not only was there great diversity in the intensity of light, but there was equally great diversity in response to the light stimulus.

Individuals varied in their response even when the light applied and other factors were constant, as in the application of the artificial light. If half a dozen individuals were exposed to the same source of light the response of each one would be found to differ. Even in the same individual there was both a seasonal and a daily variation in response. The greatest seasonal response was found in the late spring and early summer, and that occurred both in the animal and the vegetable world. As the summer advanced response became less vigorous, even though the intensity of the light might increase. A patient's greatest power of response to the light stimulus might be anticipated after that period when he had received the minimal stimulation.

The patient kept in the country for light treatment during the early summer might rapidly improve, but there came a period when further response could not be obtained, and in such a case if further stimulation from light was required it would be necessary to change the locality and transfer such a patient, say, to the seaside, where, under different conditions, with a new type of stimulus, notable acceleration of improvement was often obtainable. Combined with the effect of the light bath the basal metabolism was enormously increased by cool sea breezes, sea bathing, spraying, and paddling. Progress again became rapid provided stimulation was not pressed beyond the patient's capacity of response. In other words, given the minimum light value the benefits of insolation might be ascribed not so much to the intensity of the light as to the shock of varying stimuli (light and other) eliciting favourable responses. There was also a diurnal variation in response. It had long been recognized that morning light had the greatest therapeutic value, and yet morning light was often of much less intensity than light under the midday sun.

"This variation in response," Sir Henry said, "is, in my opinion, not due solely, or even chiefly, to the intensity of the light or the nature of the light, but because the light shock evokes a greater response as immediately following the darkness which was necessarily antecedent. In other words, paradoxical as it may appear, darkness is equally essential for light treatment as light itself."

OUR CHANGEABLE CLIMATE

Continuous exposure to the sunlight in the summer would not produce beneficial results as speedily as alternations of light and shade, heat and cold, humid and dry air. Even the onset of a week or so of continuously rainy or cloudy weather might be of considerable advantage to the sun cure in a hot summer. The very fact that the English climate was so very changeable that continuous exposure was rarely possible for prolonged periods was, in his opinion, one of the greatest advantages which climate could convey in the conduct of sun treatment.

With regard to individual powers of response, they varied enormously in different patients. While a strong adolescent, with good reacting powers, who tanned easily, could stand intense sunlight with advantage and revelled in, and felt better by, exposures to such light, a weakly person with feeble powers of response might, if such exposure was attempted, suffer irremediable harm. Subjects with great recuperative power, capable of responding to intense stimulation, would often benefit enormously by such stimulation, and in these rapid and striking initial progress might be anticipated until their power of response became exhausted. The dramatic improvement obtained in such cases encouraged many totally incapable of such improvement to essay the same intensive treatment. Indeed, very ill people or animals might instinctively desire and benefit by darkness. The progress which might be anticipated by a patient did not depend on the extent, activity, or nature of the lesion. It depended on the individual power of response. Very young children, elderly people, those seriously ill, were among those who rapidly became exhausted and were unable to respond to the excessive stimulation they might be called on to receive. The ordinary strong young adult could expose himself with little risk early to a considerable amount of sunshine, and that with benefit.

We had in England, particularly in the South of England, which had abundant sunshine during the larger part of the year, a climate which, by virtue of its very changes, its uncertainty, and capriciousness, lent itself particularly well to sun and open-air treatment. Regarded as a mass, the average Englishman was at least as physically fit as, and probably fitter than, the inhabitant of almost any other country. His physical superiority might be enhanced by sun and open-air treatment conducted on sane and sensible lines.

HEALTH OF WORKERS

PROFESSOR SIR THOMAS OLIVER, Durham, President of the Industrial Hygiene Section, discussing "The Health of the Worker of To-day," said the mortality rate between 45 and 54 years of age was 43 per cent. higher than that of the general population. Between 55 and 64 it was 34 per cent. higher. The age at which man was at the height of his physical efficiency had been stated as between 35 and 40. If that were the case there would be some excuse for Osler's "too old at 40." But physical efficiency was not a question of years but of heredity, environment, and occupation. Medically speaking, a man could work as long as his production was satisfactory to his employer. The trade union contention was reasonable that men should retire at 65 to create opportunity for younger men, but for a business man who was still capable of doing work that could hardly be regarded as equitable. The duty of medical men was to keep the working classes fit and prolong their lives.

Medical men had nothing to do with the economic problems of industry. If they would prolong their period of usefulness beyond 60 men of all classes, professional and industrial, should submit to medical examination. American experience showed that 30 per cent. of the physical difficulties then detected were capable of removal, and several more years of usefulness might be attained if we did not allow the process of ageing to go on but took steps to prevent or control it. In America, the physical condition of men at 40 was declining. In Great Britain it was improving. That might be a consequence of the great industrial expansion and development that was being pushed on in America.

MILK IN SCHOOLS

In the State Medicine and Municipal Hygiene Section, PROFESSOR H. R. KENWOOD, London, the president, dealt with the reduction of preventible disease. This, he contended, would be greatly helped if the children in elementary schools were given a daily drink of milk to supplement the food they received in their homes.

SURGEON REAR-ADMIRAL H. C. WHITESIDE, R.N. Hospital, Haslar, president of the Naval, Military, and Air Section, described "Some problems, old and new, of the seafaring doctor." The greatest problems, he said, were tuberculosis and venereal disease. In many great ships numbers of the men were like troglodytes, living and working in enclosed spaces which, despite improved ventilation, created conditions favourable to causing latent tuberculosis to develop. Everything possible was being done to combat this, but the rate of invaliding from this disease was still high. Venereal disease was the curse of sailors the world over. In recent years considerable success in dealing with it had been achieved, but the problem still remained.

SURGEON CAPTAIN F. C. B. GITTINGS, R.N. (retired), dealt with the subject: "Has the Navy any Ophthalmic Sequelae?" Concluding, he said that, except in cases of squint, no one should be frightened by the tale that unless glasses were worn blindness would ensue. With some possible doubtful exceptions glasses had never prevented anyone from losing the sight.

LADY KEYES, presiding over the Women, Children, and Public Health Section, spoke on "The Voluntary Worker in relation to the Public Health Service." Most of the services included under that heading, she pointed out, had been initiated by voluntary workers, who alone could have in the initial stages freedom to experiment. Public money could not be used to finance experiments, however fascinating they might be in their inception. As illustrating the extent of voluntary effort, Lady Keyes said that while there were 962 health visitors employed by local authorities there were no fewer than 3,108 trained women carrying out other health work, chiefly under voluntary organizations, and devoting part of their time to health visiting for local authorities. The total financial responsibility of voluntary organizations carrying out maternity and child welfare work in England must be colossal, as nearly £250,000 was paid in 1929, by the Ministry of Health in grants to voluntary agencies for these services.

During the afternoon the conference visited the dockyard and Lord Mayor Treloar's Home at Alton. At night the annual congress dinner was held.

EXPLOITS OF HENRY HUDSON

MEMORIAL WINDOW IN CITY CHURCH

A third window in memory of Henry Hudson, the navigator, was unveiled yesterday in the little Church of St. Ethelburga the Virgin, Bishopsgate, where Hudson and the members of his crew took a last Communion on April 19, 1607, before sailing on a voyage with the object of discovering a north-west passage. The window is the gift of the citizens of the British Empire, the others having been given by the Hudson Bay Company and the people of America respectively. The Rev. Dr. Geikie Cobb, the rector, officiated.

The LORD MAYOR, who unveiled the window, said that to celebrate the exploits of Henry Hudson was to pay honour not to him alone but to all our gallant ancestors who went forth from our shores to conquer. He was another example of the close connexion between the desire for gain and the spirit of adventure which animated most of our great explorers. Hudson was employed by "certaine worshipfull merchants of London"—otherwise known as the Muscovy Company. They formed a company of merchant adventurers who desired to open up trade with Russia and with a wider ambition "to discover a passage by the North Sea to Japan and China." In 1609 Hudson, undaunted by two failures, again set sail to find a passage by either the north-east or the north-west. He had with him 18 or 20 men in a vessel called the Half Moon. He succeeded in coasting Newfoundland and in exploring the bay of New York. In 1610 with faith undimmed by three failures, he sailed from London in the Discovery and met his mysterious and tragic end. His men mutinied and put their captain with eight of the crew out of the ship to perish. That took place in June, 1611. His name, however, persisted in a river, a territory, a bay, and a strait, and was enshrined in the hearts of all who valued courage, fortitude, and the adventurous spirit.

The RECTOR said that owing to the death of a New York merchant a short time ago in Paris, who had guaranteed any deficiency in connexion with the cost of the windows, the church had been deprived of a sum of £300. The executors in the absence of instructions were not able to carry out his wishes.

The window has been designed and executed by Mr. Leonard Walker, and shows Hudson adrift in the boat into which he was cast by the mutineers.

RETIREMENT OF L.C.C. OFFICIAL

MR. PERCY J. EDWARDS'S LONG SERVICE

Mr. Percy J. Edwards, one of the assistant clerks of the London County Council, retires to-day under the age limit, after 46 years' service under the Council and its predecessor, the Metropolitan Board of Works. His colleagues in the service have presented him with a gold watch and other gifts on his retirement.

Mr. Edwards wrote "The History of London Street Improvements," issued under the authority of the London County Council.

NEW EXPERIMENTAL AIR SERVICE

LINK BETWEEN LONDON AND THREE CITIES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 5

Representatives of Liverpool, Manchester, and Birmingham met in Liverpool to-day to discuss a proposal for an experimental air service. The proposal, which came from Imperial Airways, Limited, is to run during the summer months a service of aeroplanes to link the three cities with London and through London with Continental centres.

SIR MAX MUSPRATT, who presided over the conference, stated at its close that there was now no doubt that the proposed service would be established. It was hoped that a beginning would be made at the end of June. The Liverpool committee had power to contribute £1,000 towards the expenses, and there was no doubt Manchester and Birmingham would pay their shares. Many details had yet to be arranged. There were technical points, technical not from the engineering but from the municipal point of view, yet to be settled. All the representatives were satisfied that these could be arranged and he did not think another conference would be necessary. No announcement could at present be made as to the time-table and the fares to be charged.

UNION OF GIRLS' SCHOOLS

Nearly 1,600 members of the Union of Girls' Schools for Social Service attended yesterday afternoon their annual service in Southwark Cathedral, where they were addressed by the Rev. B. F. Simpson, The Bishop of Kingston officiated and a number of South London clergymen assisted. The preacher emphasized the duty of social service and interest in the welfare of fellow-creatures. They had no right, he said, to be simply consumers and not producers; they had no right to read the story of the book of life without writing a page of it.

The Albion Motor Car Company, Limited, of Glasgow, has received from the Government of India a further contract for the supply of 59 special six-wheeled Albion vehicles, specially designed to travel over open country.

"A GREAT SOLDIER OF FRANCE"

FOCH STATUE IN LONDON

PRINCE OF WALES'S TRIBUTE

The statue of Marshal Foch, placed in Grosvenor-gardens looking towards Victoria Station, was yesterday unveiled by the Prince of Wales, who recalled the great French soldier's words that he was conscious of having served England as if she had been his own country.

The ceremony was dignified and significant. On one side of the statue were the highest representatives of the British Army in full-dress uniform—six field-marshals and nine or ten generals in scarlet. On the other were Mme. Foch and her two daughters, the French Ambassador, three French officers, and prominent members of the French colony. Near them in civilian dress stood Lord Jellicoe, Mr. Lloyd George, and many specially associated with the relations between Great Britain and France. In the roadway, across which the statue looks, a guard of honour of the Scots Guards was drawn up with its band, and behind the soldiers a very great crowd gathered out of affection for the memory of Foch.

Due respect marked the ceremony; and yet it may be said that the presence of Mme. Foch saved the occasion from any sort of stiffness. Much feeling for the dead leader found unceremonial expression in the greetings that were offered her. All the Field-Marshals went across to pay their respects. The Duke of Connaught, when he arrived, acknowledged her curtsey by kissing her hand; the Prince, soon afterwards, shook her warmly by the hand, and later, when the statue had been unveiled, stood for some time talking to her.

While the Prince made a speech in memory of the great soldier, Mme. Foch, Mme. de Fleuriau, and Mme. Weygand had seats at the side of the memorial recess. Behind them were Foch's daughters, and near were General Weygand, in uniform of black and gold, with *képi* of red, braided also in gold, and other French officers in the familiar blue uniforms. The statue was covered by the flags of Great Britain and France, and the whole assembly in this place, usually so busy, was utterly silent till that moment when the flags were drawn aside and buglers among the trees behind sounded the Last Post and then Reveille. The Duke of Connaught laid a wreath of white carnations and blue irises at the foot of the statue, and when the band had played the "Marseillaise" the ceremony was over.

The statue, which represents Marshal Foch seated on his charger in Service dress, has been placed in an excellent position in the gardens, given for the purpose by the Duke of Westminster. A paved recess on the Victoria side has been made for it, and the bronze figure is set high on a stone plinth. Plane trees spread a bright green curtain in a semi-circle behind it, and make, too, the triangle of turf in the rear of it shady and restful though in the midst of loud traffic. The statue looks across Buckingham Palace-road to the façade of the station where, in the War, so many British troops entrained for service in France under the supreme command of Foch.

The figure is the work of M. Malissard, the French sculptor who, two years ago, made a similar statue for erection at Cassel. He received the presentation of the great Marshal is a faithful one. He sat as the model for it; his charger, since dead, was available to the sculptor at the making of the original statue; and he did not attempt either to give it a specially martial air or to adorn the essential idea of war service and quiet uniform. It depicts a kindly but keen soldier, mounted as he often was on a good yet not showy horse, in days when serious work had to be done. The cost has been assumed by the Foch Memorial Committee, and although the statue has been set in place and unveiled funds are still needed to meet the expense.

"A GREAT SOLDIER"

The speech of the Prince of Wales was the only address delivered at the ceremony. He said:—

We are here to-day to unveil this statue of a great soldier of France. "I am conscious of having served England as if she had been my own country." This was what Marshal Foch said shortly before his death, and these words—spoken to his faithful aide-de-camp—surely justify our claim to share in honouring the memory of one whose career began under the simplest conditions and closed in the zenith of glory. It is not for us, who had the honour of serving with and under him in France, to measure the military merits which raised Marshal Foch to his pinnacle. History has already assumed her charge of him, and history may be trusted to assign him his rightful place among those commanders whose names are immortal and whose memories will never fade. Suffice to recall that, in a moment of supreme crisis, this man was strong to lead our armies forward to success, and to set a term to a struggle in which, for over four long years, the civilized world had stood to arms. And as in the heat of conflict Marshal Foch sought and would bear of nothing less than decisive victory, so in the hour of victory he looked for nothing else than a permanent peace.

And if the Marshal may rightly be regarded as the greatest military teacher of his time, yet to the end, as he himself said, he never ceased to be a learner, for he was one of those to whom the work of to-day, however important, is chiefly valuable as preparation for the work of to-morrow. His rule of life was as simple as it was sure: to serve his God and defend his country, and, just as his religious faith never faltered, so, tried as gold in the fire, his courage never dropped. Just as success could never unduly elate him, so reverse was powerless at any time or in any degree to depress him. We are glad to learn that a memorial is being raised on French soil to our great soldier, Marshal Haig; and it is indeed fitting that, owing to a most generous gift, the statue which we are unveiling to-day is so placed that sons of France, as they step into our great city, will for their first gesture salute the figure of their illustrious compatriot.

Marshal Foch lived for his country; he spent himself in her service, and, as we know from his own lips, in ours as well. He laboured with heart and hand and brain for the cause which in his very soul he believed to be just. France and England, who strove together in that cause, will never forget.

Among those present were:—

Prince Arthur of Connaught; Field-Marshals Lord Methuen, Lord Plumer, Sir William Robertson, Lord Allenby, Sir Claud Jacob, and Sir George Milne; Marshal Lord Trenchard; Generals Lord Byng, Sir Herbert Lawrence, Sir Noel Birch, and Lord Cavan; Lieutenant-General Sir A. A. Montgomery-Massingberd; Major-Generals J. E. B. Seely, Sir Frederick Maurice, and G. S. Clive; Brigadier-General J. H. Morgan; Colonel Weston Jarvis, Colonel Wilford N. Lloyd; the Rev. P. M. G. Leonard (Anglican Chaplain to the Forces), the Rev. Owen Watkins (Wesleyan Chaplain to the Forces), Bishop Keating (Roman Catholic Chaplain to the Forces), the Dean of Westminster (Dr. W. Foxley-Norris), Monsigner Howlett; Lord and Lady Cambridge, Lord Crewe, Susan Duchess of Somerset, Sir Lionel Earle, Sir Frederick Ponsonby, Lady Plymouth, Lord Dysart, Lady Gladstone, Lord Desborough, Lord Melchett, Lady Sumner, Lady Airlie, Baroness d'Erlanger, Countess Roberts, Lady Broome, Lady Byng, Sir George Arthur, Lady Beauchamp, Lady Jacob, Sir Ian Malcolm, Mr. and Mrs. Detmar Blow, Mr. Neville Lytton, the Vicomte de la Panouse, Sir Vincent Baddeley, Canon R. A. Mitchell (St. Michael's, Chester-square), and the Rev. Austin Thompson (St. Peter's, Eaton-square).

DISPUTED TOLL GATE

An action involving the right of the public to two footpaths leading to Aber Waterfalls, near Bangor, was opened at the Carnarvonshire Assizes yesterday before a special jury. The Ogwen Rural District Council were the plaintiffs, and the defendant was Mr. Henry Jones, of Nant Farm, who was alleged to have obstructed the footpaths by placing a swing gate across and charging a penny upon each person passing through. Mr. CLEMENT DAVIES, K.C., who appeared for the plaintiffs, said the defendant bought Nant Farm from Lord Penrhyn in 1925. He was already tenant, and his father also had previously been tenant for many years. While the land was in the possession of Lord Penrhyn there was no interference of any kind with the public rights. This continued up to last year, when, according to counsel, Mr. Jones suddenly discovered that there was money to be made, and placed a man in a hut to collect a penny toll from every person entering upon the footpaths. The hearing was adjourned.

The freedom of Luton is to be conferred on Alderman Herbert Owen Williams, who has served on the town and county councils for nearly 40 years, has been High Sheriff, and also Mayor three times.

BIRMINGHAM AND GRADED BEEF

CHAMBER OF AGRICULTURE AND THE BOYCOTT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BIRMINGHAM, JUNE 5

The boycott of graded beef at Birmingham was considered at the annual meeting to-day of the Birmingham and Midland Chamber of Agriculture, which passed a resolution commending the action taken by the Ministry of Agriculture regarding the marking of beef in Birmingham, and offering the Ministry the support of the Chamber. Copies of the resolution are to be sent to the Ministry and to the members of Parliament for Birmingham.

Mr. LAWRENCE DE TIPPER, who presided, mentioned that representatives of the wholesale and retail butchers organizations had been invited, but they did not appear to have responded to the invitation. He thought the public might be inclined to interpret their absence as indicating that they did not care to "face the music."

Colonel E. R. ORME, representing the Ministry of Agriculture, admitted that the withdrawal of supplies to the consumer was at the moment pretty complete. Apart from the grading and marking done in private slaughter-houses in the city very little meat was being marked and graded. It was significant, however, that many firms whose names were well known in Birmingham for the quality of the goods they sold were still handling national mark beef, while no retailer in Birmingham was in the position of saying to his customers if he was asked for national mark beef, "I am sorry I cannot supply you." The Ministry had made arrangements on the Birmingham market whereby any retailer could obtain graded and marked beef. The issue, Colonel ORME declared, was not between the butchers and a Government Department, but between the butchers and the farmers of England and Wales. The real opposition came from a section of the retail trade.

Mr. G. H. COLLINGE, an ex-president of the National Federation of Meat Traders, suggested that while the scheme was supposed to have been given a fair trial it had been undermined by insidious propaganda.

READY-MONEY FOOTBALL BETTING

MAGISTRATE AND PRINTERS OF COUPONS

MESSRS. HENRY DAVIS, LIMITED, printers, of Crane-court, Fleet-street, were at Bow-street Police Court yesterday ordered by Sir Chartres Biron to pay a fine of £25 and £5 5s. costs for printing coupons relating to a ready-money football betting business.

The prosecution arose out of the conviction of a bookmaker for using premises at Woburn-mansions, W.C., for the purpose of ready-money betting by means of football coupons. The coupons were printed by Messrs. Davis and were headed "Credit accounts only."

Mr. E. B. Knight, prosecuting for the police, submitted that the words "Credit accounts only" were put on the coupons for *camouflage* purposes. "People who print these coupons," he said, "are partners in this curse of wholesale ready-money betting on football matches which afflicts the country."

Mr. Laurence Vine (instructed by Messrs. Ashfield Rose and Co.), who defended, said that the section of the Ready Money Football Betting Act, 1920, under which the proceedings were taken, was loosely drawn and very ambiguous, but he contended that before the printers could be convicted guilty knowledge must be established. If the Legislature had intended to depart from the general principle of law the fact should have been specifically mentioned in the statute. There were only a few isolated cases where a person could be convicted without guilty knowledge, and counsel instanced the Licensing Act, 1873, and the Motor Car Act, 1903.

SIR CHARTRES BIRON said that this statute was not very artistically phrased, and he agreed that it was not easy to interpret. He was inclined to think that it was not necessary to establish guilty knowledge.

SLUM CLEARANCE

PROTECTION OF ANCIENT BUILDINGS

RENT REBATES FOR CHILDREN

The Standing Committee of the House of Commons which is considering the Housing (No. 2) Bill began its eleventh sitting yesterday with 47 clauses out of 56, and five schedules, still to be examined.

Mr. Arthur Greenwood (Minister of Health) attended the Committee for the first time since his accident. As he entered the room carrying his right arm in a sling he was received with a general cheer. Considerable progress was made with the consideration of the Bill, a large number of clauses being carried, with minor drafting amendments, after brief debates. During the discussion of Clause 14, giving power to the local authorities to require the repair of insanitary houses occupied by persons of the working classes with a view to rendering them fit for human habitation, Miss SUSAN LAWRENCE, Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Health, moved an amendment, which was agreed to, extending the application of the clause to unoccupied houses.

On Clause 22, which imposes on local authorities the duty of reviewing housing conditions in their areas and framing proposals in connexion therewith, DR. VERNON DAVIES (Royton, U.) moved an amendment designed to prevent any works of architectural, historical, or artistic interest being altered or destroyed without the consent of the Minister. He appealed to Mr. Greenwood to approach this proposal, not in his bureaucratic capacity, but as a man of education and refinement. (Laughter.) At the present time old houses were being taken to pieces, and removed brick by brick and stone by stone to America. We were proud of our old buildings, and did not want Americans to have the power to come over here and, by offering the local authorities huge sums, be enabled to remove the old buildings from the country.

Mr. GREENWOOD said existing legislation already met the point which had been raised, and the amendment was, therefore, unnecessary. Public sentiment was generally in favour of protecting ancient buildings of historic interest, and the local authorities also desired their retention.

After some further discussion, Mr. Greenwood undertook to see whether any additional safeguard could be inserted in the Bill, and the amendment was withdrawn.

Having reached Clause 23 the Committee, satisfied with the progress made, adjourned until June 19.

RENT REBATES

Children's rent rebates in connexion with housing schemes were discussed yesterday at the meeting of the Standing Committee on Scottish Bills, which resumed consideration of the Housing (Scotland) Bill.

Mr. LOVAT FRASER (Lichfield, Lab.) moved an amendment providing that the rents of houses built under an improvement scheme should be fixed in such a way as to facilitate and encourage the removal of children from the slums, either by a system of children's rent rebates, or by other suitable means approved by the Secretary for Scotland. He said that there were 2,000,000 children in the slums and the problem was how to get them away from those overcrowded conditions. The principle which he was advocating had been already adopted in some garden cities and by several public utility companies.

Mr. JOHNSTON, Under-Secretary for Scotland, said the essential principle contained in the amendment had already been enshrined in the Bill. One of the objects of the measure was to encourage the removal of children from the slums. The Bill did that, not only with regard to clearance areas, but also in the case of individual houses where overcrowding conditions existed. There was nothing in the Bill to prevent local authorities from deciding that persons with large families, who had to spend a large proportion of their income on food and clothing for their children, should be regarded as a special class for whom it might be necessary to provide additional assistance in housing. Under the Wheatley Act of 1924 it was provided that a reasonable preference should be given to large families in the letting of houses. The Bill carried that principle a stage further. Under the Bill the rent for a two-apartment house would be £12 and for a three-apartment house £14. There was nothing to hinder authorities from fixing the rent at £10 in the cases in question.

After some discussion the amendment was withdrawn, and the Committee adjourned till Tuesday, June 17.

R.A.F. RIFLE MEETING

DUKE OF SUTHERLAND CUP

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

N.R.A. CAMP, BISLEY, JUNE 5

Corporal C. Willott, of the Eastchurch station, won the Rifle Championship to-day for the second time in the short history of the R.A.F. Rifle Association, and won it with an aggregate nine points higher than the best that has been made in any previous year. Willott's last championship success was registered in 1926, and during the intervenng years he has been well up in most of the R.A.F. prize lists and has represented his Service with revolver and rifle in most of the N.R.A. inter-Services events. He came very near to winning the First Stage Cup as well as the Duke of Sutherland Championship Cup, as Flight-Lieutenant Stainforth did in 1928 and Flight-Lieutenant Wallingford in 1929; but although he tied for the Grant-Dalton Cup on Tuesday, he was beaten in the shoot-off yesterday.

In the revolver bays Flight-Lieutenant C. W. Hill bettered his score of last year and won the Barton Championship Cup; Corporal Willott, after a successful tie-shoot with Worden, who beat him yesterday, won the Pistol Individual Championship, and Netheravon won the Pistol Team Championship with a score 10 points better than last year's. In the tie-shoot for the Burge Snap-shooting Cup, Flight-Lieutenant C. J. W. Hatcher, Felixstowe, won with 34 points.

The principal results to-day were as follows:—

THE RIFLE CHAMPIONSHIP

	1st Stage	Final Stage	Agg.
1. Cpl. C. Willott, Eastchurch .. (Duke of Sutherland's Cup and N.R.A. and R.A.F. Silver Medals.)	168	172	340
2. Flt.-Lt. C. W. Hill, Henlow ..	158	171	329
3. Sgt. A. Worden, Wittering ..	168	156	324
4. A.C. W. Hall, Cranwell ..	153	166	319
5. Flt.-Lt. E. R. C. Hobson, Air Min. ..	165	151	316
6. Sgt. J. Goude, Gosport ..	164	151	315
7. Flt.-Sgt. J. Burton, Eastchurch ..	162	153	315
8. Flt.-Lt. G. H. Stainforth, Uxbridge ..	147	167	314
9. L.A.C. S. T. Carpenter, Seaford ..	157	157	314
10. Sqdrn.-Ldr. T. S. Ivens, Andover ..	154	156	310
11. Flt.-Lt. W. E. Staton, Calshot	159	147	306
12. Crpl. P. Spooner, Manston ..	163	142	305
13. Flg.-Off. R. Harston, Old Sarum ..	159	145	304
14. Flt.-Sgt. B. Crane, Wittering	145	158	303
15. Crpl. W. Edmunds, Grantham	142	160	302
16. Crpl. G. F. Sanders, Manston	152	149	301
17. Flt.-Sgt. F. Ford, Halton ..	153	148	301
18. Flg.-Off. E. D. Elliott, Aldergrove	149	152	301

BARTON REVOLVER CHAMPIONSHIP CUP.—Two Whitehead practices.—1, Flight-Lieutenant C. W. Hill, Henlow, 199; 2, Flight-Lieutenant G. H. Stainforth, Uxbridge, 177; 3, Flight-Sergeant A. Worden, Wittering, 176; 4, Group-Captain R. J. F. Barton, Netheravon, 169; 5, Corporal C. Willott, Eastchurch, 168; 7, Sergeant Miller, Aldergrove, 158; 8, Flight-Sergeant F. Ford, Halton, 155.

PISTOL CHAMPIONSHIP.—Salmon Cup.—1, Netheravon, 209; 2, Eastchurch, 204; 3, C. F. S., Wittering, 199. F.C. Halahan Individual Cup.—1 (after tie shoot), Corporal C. Willott, Eastchurch, 97; 2, Flight-Sergeant A. Worden, Wittering, 67; 3, Sergeant Clark, Netheravon, 59; 4, Sergeant Miller, Aldergrove, 59; 5, Flight-Lieutenant C. W. Hill, Henlow, 59; 6, Flight-Lieutenant G. H. Stainforth, Uxbridge, 58; 7, Group-Captain R. J. F. Barton, Netheravon, 57; 8, Squadron-Leader T. S. Ivens, Andover, 56.

APPRENTICES' MATCH.—S.R.b; teams of four; 200, 200, and 500 yards; seven shots at each distance; h.p.s. 405 points.—1, B. Sqdrn., No. 4 Wing, Halton, 334; 2, A Sqdrn., No. 1 Wing, Halton, 325; 3, B Sqdrn., No. 1 Wing, Halton, 317; 4, A Sqdrn., No. 4 Wing, Halton, 306; 5, B Sqdrn., No. 2 Wing, Halton, 295; 6, C Sqdrn., No. 1 Wing, Halton, 294; 7, C Sqdrn., No. 4 Wing, Halton, 293; 8, C Sqdrn., No. 2 Wing, Halton, 260; 9, Rudlp B team, 258; 10, Rudlp A team, 247; 11, A Sqdrn., No. 2 Wing, Halton, 243.

ENGLISH EIGHT CLUB'S JEWEL SHOOT

The first stage of the English Eight Club's Annual Match Rifle Competition was shot at 900, 1,000, and 1,100 yards on the Stickledown Range to-day, and Sir Philip Richardson, with 216 out of a possible 225 points, won the Long Range Challenge Cup. The second stage will be shot to-morrow at the same distances. Lord Cottesloe and Mr. D. A. Grenfell tied with "possibles" in a sweepstakes shot at 900 yards, and there were 12 scores of 49 which tied for third place. The match totals were as follows:—

1, Sir Philip Richardson, 216; 2, D. A. Grenfell, 215; 3, J. Fremantle, 214; Lord Cottesloe, 214; A. E. Rogers, 212; Maurice Blood, 211; Lieutenant-Colonel G. Leigh, 210; Cecil Mack, 210; C. F. Hill, 209; E. C. Ransome, 208; F. W. Jones, 208; C. J. Woodrow, 207; Sir Richard Barnett, 207; Major G. Burrard, 205; Colonel W. J. Perkins, 205; Major S. A. Pixley, 204; A. H. Vicars, 203; Captain H. St. G. Maxwell, 202; Captain Rex Jones, 202; O. Western, 201; Captain C. H. Vernon (G.M.), 201; Wing-Commander A. T. Whitelock, 200; Captain M. W. Parr, 200; J. B. Nevitt, 198; Major M. W. Wright, 197; Colonel J. Hopton, 192.

News in Brief

The Queen has conferred her patronage upon the Queen's Hospital for Children, Hackney-road.

The council school at South Stainmore, near Kirkby Stephen, Westmorland, was burned down yesterday.

The Postmaster-General announces that there will be no dispatches of letters or parcels by air to the Continent on Whit Monday.

Because of slackness in the coal trade 2,000 men and boys employed at Harton Colliery, South Shields, have received 14 days' notice.

The Ulster Volunteer Force Hospital at Gal-wally, Belfast, is about to be closed down. It was established as an emergency war hospital in 1915.

The Grimsby trawler Lord Percy, which was stranded on Swona, Orkney, on Wednesday, slipped off the rocks yesterday morning and disappeared in deep water.

The 8.5 a.m. non-stop train from Brighton to Victoria was delayed for half an hour at Burgess Hill yesterday by a slight defect. Three following trains were also delayed.

At the annual meeting of the Coroners' Society for England and Wales at the Holborn Restaurant yesterday, Mr. Ernest F. Hadow, Coroner for Central Warwickshire, was elected president for the ensuing year.

Mr. W. J. House, who keeps a confectioner's shop in South Side, Clapham, returned on Wednesday night to find a man inside the shop who struck him in the face and ran off, having taken some money from the till.

Westminster City Council yesterday elected Mr. M. E. F. Crealock as alderman in place of the late Alderman S. P. B. Bucknill. The present Mayor, Captain J. F. C. Bennett, has been adopted as Mayor Elect for 1930-31.

The 800-year-old Norman castle at Orford Ness, which Sir Arthur Churchman has given to the Suffolk coastal town of Orford, will to-day be officially opened and declared public property by the Lord Lieutenant of the county, Sir Courtenay Warner.

A fire broke out at the Penarth County School yesterday. The boys were immediately mustered and marched out to the playground in good order. They and the masters afterwards helped the town fire brigade to subdue the outbreak.

A steam-lorry belonging to Messrs. Smith and Sons, Brentford, and loaded with beeswax, overturned on Sun Rising Hill, Warwickshire, yesterday afternoon. The beeswax caught fire and the lorry and contents were destroyed. Harry Beckett, the driver, was badly burned and was taken to Banbury Hospital.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

A reward of £400 is offered in respect of a lost graduated diamond and platinum necklace. (p. 1)

The R.S.P.C.A. requests owners of dogs, cats, or other pets, to make provision for their food and water during the holidays. (p. 1)

An engineer is required by the Government of Nigeria for the maintenance of the Lago Waterworks. (p. 3)

A manufacturing concern, about to issue to their customers a periodical in magazine form, requires a well-educated man to edit and take general charge of its production. (p. 3)

Notice is given that the statements of accounts of the charities of St. Paul's School and St. Paul's Girls' School for the year 1929 have been prepared and published. (p. 3)

AUTOMATIC STAMP MACHINES AT RAILWAY STATIONS

It has been arranged between the Post Office authorities and the railway companies for automatic stamp-selling machines to be installed at railway stations in cities and large towns for the convenience of passengers. The machines will, as far as possible, be placed near the pillar or wall collecting boxes, where such exist, and have already been fixed at most of the London termini and also at Bristol and Birmingham (Snow Hill). The following stations will be equipped with machines in the near future:—

Glasgow (Central, Buchanan-street, St. Enoch, and Queen-street); Edinburgh (Waverley and Princes-street); Manchester (London-road, Victoria, and Exchange); Leeds (Central, New, and Wellington); Sheffield (Victoria); Newcastle (Central); Liverpool (Lime-street); Birmingham (New-street); Parkeston Quay; Norwich (Thorpe); and Sheffield (L.M.S.).

"For ten years in constant use . . . and still looks like running another ten years, easily!"

Owner Report No. 322; Austin Twenty; Chassis No. P1025; Registration No. NB 5004.*

Do Austin cars last *too long?* This was the question put to the makers recently.

From the user's point of view the answer, of course, is in the negative. A car cannot be made too conscientiously. A car cannot last too long.

It is this inherent soundness of design and build, that has made the phrase "outstanding dependability" synonymous with the word Austin.

For proof of this, think over the following Owner Report:

The car, delivered in 1920, was run for eight years . . . . for another two years it was employed as a van. The mileage is

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Rooms), London.
NOTE—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

THE SURGERY OF EFFICIENCY

By CALLISTHENES

Ruthlessness is always wrong. It must be. It means treating men and women as pieces of machinery—to be scrapped without a moment of feeling; whereas in business as in everything else we must treat men and women as we ourselves would reasonably wish to be treated. It can never be right to put a willing and loyal man out of work or office without regret for the loss and anxiety which it may mean to him.

But though ruthlessness must always be wrong, there is such a thing as the "surgery of efficiency"—and the two are not to be confused.

There are businesses, there are offices, there are institutions, public and private, of all kinds in which the surgery of efficiency is plainly necessary. Throughout every department of them there are people who are not adding one bit to the strength of the firm or the institution. They occupy posts the work of which they no longer wisely or adequately perform. Not only are they drawing money or filling chairs which they have not earned by Service, but they are blocking the way for men who are much more fit than they.

The trouble is most often seen in old institutions. The number of people who are retained out of friendliness, or respect for mere length of service, gradually increases till there comes a time when scarcely half the incumbents are pulling their weight.

It is not ruthlessness then to replace the unfit by the fit. It may be the highest form of service to the members of the Store and to the community. For without such surgery these ailing institutions must inevitably collapse, and in their fall take with them hundreds of men and women who might still have been organized into a unit of economic strength and public worth. The kindness then is in the preservation of the efficient not of the inefficient. To retain old people who have ceased to show effort or initiative simply because they are old and pleasant people is a luxury which may be bought so dearly as to ruin a business or an institution or what you will.

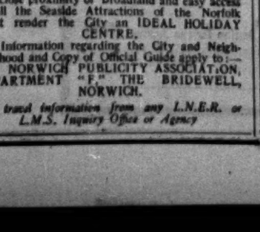
The surgical problem does not arise, for example, so often in a young and strong business such as the one for which I write. Ivy grows mostly on old trees. Strong businesses choose their staffs for their efficiency. Their vitality keeps the members vital. They rearrange the staff according to changes of fitness. They make retirement of long-service members economically possible.

But where it does arise, where people of thirty and forty years' service who have lost all energy or interest must be asked to resign if the business or the institution is to be kept from foundering, it is a duty which should be carried out without charges of "ruthlessness," or fear of such charges. "The greatest good of the greatest number" gives guidance and authority.

The surgeon is a benefactor, not a foe; a preserver, not a destroyer.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION
ALL THIS WEEK
THE CASE OF SERGEANT GRISCHA
ALL TALKING
A Masterly Film of ARNOLD ZWEIG'S BRILLIANT STORY
CHESTER MORRIS as GRISCHA
BETTY COMPSON as BABKA
Also (Sundays excepted)
RICHARD DIX
in
SEVEN KEYS TO BALDPATE
ALL TALKING
Ideal-Radio Pictures. R.C.A. Recording.

Palate pleasing and Health increasing

Blue Goose Grape Fruit
See the words Blue Goose on every Grape Fruit
For LOSS OF APPETITE, ACIDITY, FLATULENCE,
coated tongue, bad breath, headache, take on rising or retiring ½ to 1 tumbler of
Hunyadi János
NATURAL APERIENT WATER
Physicians and specialists in stomach and intestinal complaints emphasise the fact that Hunyadi János is an ideal and unrivalled aperient. All good Chemists sell it.

VISIT NORWICH.
The Capital of East Anglia is one of the most Beautiful Mediaeval Cities in England. The Norman Cathedral and Castle, 15th Century Guildhall, 14th Century Bridewell, 16th Century Strangers' Hall, and a host of Mediaeval Churches afford the Visitor endless variety and interest, and appeal especially to the American Tourist. The close proximity of Broadland and easy access to all the Seaside Attractions of the Norfolk Coast render the City an IDEAL HOLIDAY CENTRE.
For information regarding the City and Neighbourhood and Copy of Official Guide apply to:—THE NORWICH PUBLICITY ASSOCIATION, DEPARTMENT "F," THE BRIDEWELL, NORWICH.
Full travel information from any L.N.E.R. or L.M.S. Inquiry Office or Agency

Entertainments

THE COLONNE ORCHESTRA

CONCERT AT QUEEN'S HALL

Last, but by no means the least welcome, of our orchestral visitors this season are M. Gabriel Pierné and the Colonne Orchestra of Paris, who gave their concert at Queen's Hall last night. They have been taking part in the Anglo-French week at Bristol, and London happily detained them for one night on their return journey. They had not come, like others, to overawe us with the costly perfection of their playing, to intensify that inferiority complex about native orchestras from which Londoners have been suffering so badly. One could listen and dare to think that this or that bar has sometimes been played better by English players under English conductors, even, though what they played was all French music. We had no hesitation in thinking that while they played two of Debussy's Nocturnes, "Nuages" and "Fêtes." The latter, especially, in its strongly marked contrasts of time between the principal theme and the one begun on muted trumpets, lost that flexible rhythm which gives wings to the Scherzo.

But the Colonne Orchestra has an interest beyond that of virtuosity. They came to play us the music that is their own, to show us what they find in it and why they hold by it. Nearly 60 years ago Edouard Colonne founded this orchestra to further the art of the younger French composers, and he and his successor have consistently kept that purpose before them ever since. This programme was an epitome of the orchestra's life. It began with Lalo's brilliant if rather superficial overture to *Le Roi d'Ys*, played with great beauty of tone in the wood-wind parts and that dash and energy which we think of as characteristic of French style. Two less familiar works were the suite "Escales," by Jacques Ibert, who, in his dainty handling of colour, seems to be a Lalo of the twentieth century, and M. Pierné's own "Fantaisie Basque," in which M. Darrieux (solo violin) and the orchestra combined to weave piquant arabesques round the irregular rhythms of the Basque folk melodies. After the interval came Debussy's pieces, Dukas's "La Péri" and Ravel's "La Valse." Of these "La Péri" proved the most enjoyable performance, through the whirling impulse by which its climax was reached. Ravel looks on the Viennese waltz with a half supercilious appreciation of its charm; Dukas's dance music is perhaps a little heavy in its complexity, but filled with an exuberant seriousness.

LUTE MUSIC

HERR HANS NEEMANN'S RECITAL

Herr Hans Neemann, whose performance on the large lute or theorbo is to be broadcast by the B.B.C. to-day, gave a private recital yesterday at 10, Marloes-road, Kensington, at the invitation of the Philharmonic Society of Guitarists. The programme consisted of a selection of works, mostly of the suite type, by composers of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, whose names have been more or less forgotten along with the technique of the delicate instrument for which they wrote. Such are the French Esaias, Rensner, and Denis Gaultier, and our own Thomas Mace, whose name is better remembered through the quotations of historians from his "Musick's Monument" than through the actual music, much of it very charming, that he wrote. Among the German composers of Herr Neeman's second part the only famous name was that of J. S. Bach, represented by a Bourée and Mennet; a Prelude, Sarabande and Anglaise, by Silvius Weiss, proved specially attractive; an Aria by J. W. Hagen appeared to be exceptionally difficult of execution, and an interesting if rather stilted Fugue by Adam Falckenhagen served for finale.

If Herr Neemann's playing sometimes allowed us to be conscious of difficulties, he is none the less a fine exponent of what is practically a lost art, and his gradations of tone and delicate phrasings showed that the theorbo is an instrument well worth reviving. He plays on a close copy of a seventeenth-century model, long necked with double pegbox. Of its 24 strings, 10 tuned in octave pairs (one a covered string and one of catgut in each pair), provide the open bass notes, and possess a beautiful resonance. There are six similar pairs of strings over the finger board (which has metal frets) and two high strings tuned singly. The octave tunings provide a tone colour, which is like that of the harpsichord.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

A GIFT FROM THE QUEEN TO LONDON

LONDON, JUNE 5

LORD MACMILLAN presided at a meeting of the Court of London University yesterday. The Queen has presented to the University Library a copy of "The Book of the Queen's Doll's House," and the Court asked that the grateful thanks of the University may be conveyed to her Majesty.

Thanks were accorded also to the Court of Common Council, the Cutlers' Company, and the London Parochial Charities for the renewal for 1930 of their grants of £105, £26 5s., and £500, respectively, in aid of the extension work of the University; and to the Cassel Trustees, who have decided to renew for a further period of five years the grant, not exceeding £3,000 a year, for the provision of modern language instruction for the students of the Faculty of Commerce, and of £1,000 a year for the maintenance of travelling scholarships for students of commerce.

The Rev. Harold Smith, D.D., A.K.C., Professor of Greek Testament in St. John's Hall, Highbury, has been elected to a Fellowship at King's College.

In the third (M.B., B.S.) examination for medical degrees in May (for internal and external students) the following passed with Honours:—

Ascroft, P. B. (*d*), Middlesex Hospital; Cook, Margaret E. (*b*), London (R.F.H.) School of Medicine for Women; Robertson, K. M. (*a*), St. Thomas's Hospital; Shelley, Ursula (*c*, *d*), University Medal, London (R.F.H.) School of Medicine for Women. (*a*) Distinguished in Medicine; (*b*) distinguished in Pathology; (*c*) distinguished in Forensic Medicine; (*d*) distinguished in Surgery.

HONORARY DEGREES AT LIVERPOOL

LIVERPOOL, JUNE 5

Lord Derby, as Chancellor of Liverpool University, presided to-day over a large gathering in St. George's Hall to witness the conferment of honorary degrees on the following:—

Doctors of Laws.—Mr. James Carlton Stitt, Mr. Robert Ludwig Mond, the Marquis de Merry del Val, and Sir Arthur Greer.

Doctor of Science.—Professor George Barger.

Doctors of Letters.—Dr. John Sampson, Professor William Rennie, and Mr. John Masefield, Poet Laureate.

On the platform were the Mayors of surrounding boroughs, representatives of the University and of the civic life of Liverpool, including the Lord Mayor (Mr. Lawrence Holt), and Dr. Downey, the Archbishop of Liverpool. The recipients of honorary degrees were introduced by the Public Orator.

BROADSTONE GOLF COURSE SOLD

Lord Wimborne has sold the golf course at Broadstone, the home of the Dorset County Club.

Messrs. Hankinson and Son (Bournemouth) were instrumental in selling the links, and the purchaser, Mr. F. Toley, will take them over on August 1. It is his intention to lay water on to the greens immediately, an improvement which has long been felt to be necessary. Mr. Toley is taking over the club and carrying it on with its present staff.

Mr. E. P. Dougherty, a broker's junior clerk living in Brooklyn, NEW YORK, who drew Bleenheim in the Quebec Army and Navy Veterans Charity Sweepstake on the Derby has won $140,000 [£20,800].

MODERN FRENCH ART

EXHIBITION AT BRISTOL

(FROM OUR ART CRITIC)

BRISTOL, JUNE 5

In connexion with Bristol "British-French Week," which has the general object of promoting a closer friendship between France and Great Britain and the particular one of linking together Bristol and Rouen, there has been arranged at the Royal West of England Academy a comprehensive exhibition of modern French art in all its forms. The organizers of the exhibition, which is under the auspices of the Association Française d'Expansion et d'Echanges Artistiques and of the Alliance Française, have several reasons to congratulate themselves. They have taken the lead in the eminently desirable movement for establishing cultural links between the two countries other than those already existing between London and Paris; while acknowledging their debt to the French Government they have demonstrated the fact that modern French art is very well represented in private collections in this country—such as those of Lord Sandwich, Lord Ivor Churchill, and Mr. Samuel Courtauld, described in special articles in *The Times* during the summer of 1928—a representation that we should be glad to see applied to English art on the other side of the Channel. The exhibition, in which Mr. Percy Moore Turner has lent valuable assistance to the French Committee in selecting works over here, is admirably adapted to its purpose; and, thanks largely to the taste and judgment of M. Charles Terrasse, the French Commissioner, and Mme. Terrasse, it is very well hung and arranged.

It can be said without hesitation that such an exhibition has never been held before outside London. Even in London—though we may have had more important exhibitions of paintings—there has been nothing so comprehensive; for here, in addition to paintings and sculpture—including medals—there are drawings, engravings, furniture, ceramics, glass, metal work, and tapestries. So far as is possible in the space, the whole range of fine and applied contemporary art in France is shown. To quote the foreword to the illustrated catalogue, it is "a synoptic glimpse of modern French painting and design," representing a selection made from Paris by French connoisseurs, and therefore indicative of present French standards.

The period covered is roughly the last 50 years. Very wisely—for this particular purpose—the more extreme phases of such movements as "cubism" have been excluded, though the tendencies in painting which gave rise to them could be pointed out, so that, whether he likes or dislikes the examples, there is nothing to puzzle the intelligent layman. While showing its inflections in one direction or another, what the exhibition brings out most strongly is the continuity of French painting. In individual works, such as "Pyramids of Port Coton, Belle-Isle," by Monet; "Study for 'La Baignade,'" by Seurat; and "Bathers," by Cézanne; and "Nevermore," by Gauguin, to name no others, it shows what is meant by such terms as "Impressionism," "Neo-Impressionism," and "Post-Impressionism," but the general emphasis is upon what links these movements together rather than what divides them. Except out of curiosity the visitor need not bother his head about any labels. Above all, and this is particularly valuable in a place like Bristol, which—though adventurous in some directions—is English of the English in its artistic traditions, the exhibition brings out the abidingly classical character of French art.

This is apparent the moment you enter the first room, where the tapestries are hung. Of modern design they are from the famous factories of Gobelins and Beauvais, and they show to advantage the mingled strains which have gone to the making of the French artistic tradition. In the Gobelins examples, such as the large panels of "Le Quercy," after Balande, and "Les Nymphes de la Seine," after Jean Serrière, the classical influence is more direct, while in the chairs from Beauvais, representing "Les Animaux dans la Forêt," after Jean Veber, with their greater control of the design by the character of the workmanship and less direct interpretation of painting, there is a lingering Gothic feeling reconciled with classical design. It is only necessary to compare these delightful chairs with the work of Morris and his associates to feel the difference. The same story is told to perfection in the collection of medals from the French Mint. Some of them, cast from the original moulds, were designed several centuries ago; others are from contemporary designs; but the same classical feeling persists throughout.

Among the pictures the emphasis is, if anywhere, upon good painting as distinct from the more intellectual exercises that go to the designing of a work of art—or rather upon the kind of painting in which thinking is completely fused with feeling at the moment of execution. There are, for example, special groups of works by Renoir and Bonnard, both specifically painters with a delight in the sensuous qualities of their materials. There is a splendid "Portrait of a Man," by Degas, and other works that show celebrated French painters to advantage are the pictures by Monet, Seurat, Cézanne, and Gauguin already mentioned, "Landscape," by Derain, "Girl with Mandoline," by Bissière, "Landscape" and "Joinville Bridge," by Segonzac, "Sleeping Woman," by Matisse, "Provençal Landscape," by Marchand, and "Church of Saint-Denis," by Utrillo.

All the leading living, and recent, French sculptors—Rodin, Bourdelle, Maillol, Despiau, and Joseph Bernard—are represented by important works, and there are two of the little-known bronzes by Degas and an "Owl," in bronze, and a "Bear," in glazed pottery, by the adorable Pompon. These two pieces are likely to be among the most popular things in the exhibition.

In connexion with the exhibition there has been arranged at the Central Library a special display of illustrated books dealing with different phases of modern French art. That the inhabitants of Bristol will appreciate what has been done by the Art Exhibition Committee, under the chairmanship of Mr. J. E. Barton, cannot be doubted, and the exhibition—which runs for a fortnight—will certainly attract visitors to the city.

THE PRINCE'S ART EXHIBITION

PAINTERS AND THE BRITISH LEGION

An exhibition of works of art, for the most part by living British artists, will be held at the Grafton Galleries from June 14 to 28. These works were contributed in response to an invitation sent to the artists on behalf of the Prince of Wales. Every work has been given, not lent, and the generosity of the artists is remarkable.

Those who have contributed include Sir William Llewellyn, P.R.A., Sir William Orpen, R.A., Sir David Cameron, R.A., Sir George Clausen, R.A., Sir Arthur Cope, R.A., Sir John Lavery, R.A., Sir Frank Short, R.A., Sir Herbert Hughes-Stanton, R.A., Dame Laura Knight, A.R.A., Professor William Rothenstein, Mr. William Nicholson, Messrs. Paul and John Nash, Mr. James McBey, and Mr. Wilson Steer.

The pictures and other works of art will be on sale during the exhibition, and there will also be an auction at the end of it, at which the Duke of Marlborough will make an opening speech. Press view will be on Thursday, June 12, and the exhibition will be opened on Friday afternoon, June 13, by Lady Patricia Ramsay.

The proceeds of the exhibition, which represents work from many hundreds of artists from all over the country, and also from abroad, will go to the special fund which the Prince of Wales opened with the proceeds from the sale of "The Legion Book."

HYDE PARK CARILLON

The detailed programmes of the Whitsun Holiday arrangements for the Wellington (New Zealand) War Memorial Carillon in Hyde Park will be published to-morrow. The times of the recitals to be given by Mr. Clifford Ball are:—Saturday, 6.15 p.m. to 7 p.m.; Whit-Sunday, 7.15 p.m. to 8 p.m.; Whit-Monday, 6 p.m. to 7 p.m.

RECITALS OF THE WEEK

MME. HEIM AT WIGMORE HALL

An important recital was that of Mme. Emmy Heim at Wigmore Hall on Tuesday afternoon—important in that it proved her a singer to be heard whenever she cares to come to England to sing *Lieder* here. She draws a firm vocal line with a clear voice—hence her singing of Bach is admirable. The tone is slightly nasal, and when she needs a softer or more seductive effect than she can command from the natural coloration of her voice she is driven to a slight portamento which, combined with the trick of swelling on wide intervals such as occur in "Who is Sylvia?" turns the Viennese sentiment of Schubert into sentimentality. But her range of vocal colour is by no means restricted, as a magnificent performance of Wolf's "In der Frühe" showed. Early morning freshness was also in Mahler's "Frühlingsmorgen," but "Scheiden und Meiden" was spoiled (by Mahler not by Mme. Heim) with an operatic ending. Rhythm is another strong point with Mme. Heim, and was combined with clear articulation in Schubert and in a number of Central European folk-songs. Among these must be mentioned "L'Angelus," with its wonderful realization of atmosphere. Mme. Heim further showed her good taste in refusing to repeat her remarkable performance of this song.

GUILD OF SINGERS AND PLAYERS

Concerts were given at Wigmore Hall on Tuesday and Wednesday by the Guild of Singers and Players. At the latter Miss Patricia Elsley sang a group of German songs prettily, though she still needs more flexibility for quickly moving music such as Brahms's "Ständchen" and Loewe's "Niemand hat's geseh'n," and more colour variety. The oboe-playing of Miss Mary Keel was neat and clear in some solos, and she also took part with Miss Irina Meyrick and Miss Evelyn Clare in one of Loeillet's trios for pianoforte, flute, and oboe. Miss Meyrick's playing of some Debussy pieces was just a shade too prosaic. Tuesday's programme was carried out by Miss Simlie Guillermos, pianoforte, Miss Violet Brough, viola d'amore, and Mr. Austen Carnegie, baritone. The last-named has a good voice and clear enunciation, but the singing, though animated in style, requires greater refinement in phrasing. Miss Brough showed us some of the agreeable qualities of tone her instrument possesses in pieces of Marais and Milandre. Miss Guillermos played Mendelssohn's "Variations Sérieuses" and some old-world pieces. Her touch was pleasant, but the technique somewhat weak both in agility and in tone.

MISS GLADYS GREENE

At her recital at the Wigmore Hall on Wednesday Miss Gladys Greene sang a varied programme with considerable success. She is fortunate in possessing a voice of liquid beauty which throughout its range is pleasing and flexible. Her tone never became hard, and even though some of the subtleties of interpretation were missed there was much in her concert which one could admire. Miss Greene's classical group was spoilt by a *forte* accompaniment. The combination between singer and accompanist was much happier in the Schubert group, in which we were given a really delightful performance of "Who is Sylvia?" In her interpretation of "Bei dir," Miss Greene worked up to a convincing climax by intelligent phrasing and careful restraint in the less important passages; "Wehmut" was lacking in variety of tone, while "Der Schiffer" instead of being gently playful was made dully dramatic. The singer was at her best in Debussy's "La mer est plus belle," where she showed real insight; the fragile nature of Verlaine's verse was never out of sight, yet we were always conscious of the immensity and splendour of the subject. In a group of British songs Miss Greene proved her adaptability, notably so in Bantock's "Feast of Lanterns," which she sang in a most spirited manner.

MR. ARNOLD DOLMETSCH

A concert given by Mr. Arnold Dolmetsch at 6, Queen-square on Wednesday was the first of three to be held on successive Wednesday evenings. The little festival is in the Dolmetsch tradition; the programmes range from the sixteenth century to Bach and a little beyond, the music is almost entirely instrumental, and it is played on the instruments for which it was composed, the players being members of the Dolmetsch family. To complete the summary of the Dolmetsch tradition, the meetings are sociable, the programmes may be altered on the impulse of the moment, and imperfections in performance are exhibited with a complacence that is meant to be, but is not quite, disarming. Mr. Dolmetsch is, frankly, an inexpert lute-player, and one has to peer through his performances to the musical curiosities that are displayed by them. One of these, on Wednesday, was an engaging little piece from a Palermo book of 1601, of which Mr. Dolmetsch discovered, and then lost, an apparently unique copy. Its strains were clearly of the south, but one would not have guessed sixteenth century. Another of the minor revelations of the concert was a "Musette de Taverni" for two recorders and drone bass by Couperin. Two flautists with modern instruments would have put a polish on this, but the shepherd-notes of Messrs. Rudolph and Carl Dolmetsch would have been a sacrifice. Mr. Arnold Dolmetsch also played Bach on the clavichord. His progress was jerky and striving, his rhythm wayward. If it be claimed, as an authority has claimed, that the B flat Prelude from Bock I. of the forty-eight belongs to the clavichord, then the clavichord must receive the music into its own quiet realm and not take it by a rivalry of effort from hardier instruments.

The weightier matter of the programme included music for *ensemble* of viols—a Pavane and Galliard published by Attaignant and a Fantasy by the Spaniard Cabeçon. The latter was a work of fine decisions and ardours that brought into question the adequacy of the performance. If, as Mr. Dolmetsch says, these pieces represent the humours and affections of their time, it cannot be right to play them as if they stood aside from life. Mr. Dolmetsch is at pains to give such music its proper environment and its proper instruments; we can still ask that he shall give it breath.

MISS HARRIET EELLS

At her recital at the Aeolian Hall Miss Harriet Eells sang in German, French, Italian, and English, a feat that was not discounted, as it usually is, by a commonplace selection of songs and an air of doing the fashionable thing. Her Schubert included "Die Stadt," her Schumann, "Er ist's," her Brahms "Das Mädchen," and her Chausson, Fauré, and Respighi were further fruits of a musician's choice. In other ways than by her knowledge of songs Miss Eells stood before her audience as a cultured artist. Her interpretations were invariably right in intention, and in their reticent moments, which were frequent, one could feel that an alert sense of values was quietly at work. What stood in the way of success was the want of colour in the voice itself. Over and over again the mood that the singer willed was denied by an unresponsive instrument; thus there was no inspiration in "Er ist's," no tremor from the depths in "Das Mädchen," no smile in "Frühlingsgedränge," but a general level of unemotional quality in the sound while the singer was trying to send a variety of expressive messages.

INTERCHANGE OF MUSIC BETWEEN NATIONS

M. PIERNE'S SUGGESTION

M. Gabriel Pierné, conductor of the Colonne Orchestra, was the guest of honour of the Anglo-French Club at the Criterion Restaurant yesterday, and among other guests were Mme. Foch, General and Mme. Weygand, and M. and Mme. Malissard, who had attended the unveiling of the Foch statue. Mr. Eugene Goossens presided, and among the British guests were Sir Henry Wood, Sir Landon Ronald, Major-General G. S. Clive, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Hambourg, Mr. Basil Cameron, and Mr. Adrian Boult.

The CHAIRMAN, in proposing the toast of "The Guest of Honour," said French music was known in London almost as well as in Paris, and they were proud to find in their guest one of its distinguished interpreters and composers. It was largely owing to Sir Henry Wood and his orchestra that British people had heard not only performances of the great French classics but also many first performances of contemporary French music.

M. PIERNÉ, replying in French, suggested the need for some organization to arrange exchanges of musical art between different countries in order that each might be made familiar with contemporary work.

MAJOR-GENERAL CLIVE proposed the toast of "Our Guests from France," and GENERAL WEYGAND responded.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 27

"ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT"

FILM VERSION OF THE NOVEL

Mr. Carl Lemmle's adaptation of "All Quiet on the Western Front," which was shown privately in London yesterday and will be seen at the Regal and the Alhambra on June 14, has many of the qualities of the novel.

Mr. Lemmle has not once yielded to the temptation to improve upon the story of the book. Even the faults of this film—it is inordinately long, and several of the scenes would be immensely improved by judicious cutting—are the result of a conscientious effort not to omit any essential. Not many of the scenes in the trenches fail to justify their length. They are meant to strip war of its last rag of romance and they spare us nothing. When the young recruit, into whose ravings of fear we have been admitted, breaks at last from the battered dug-out he carries us with him into the open, and there, with the earth bursting about us and the air thick with flying fragments of steel, smoke, and noise, we experience, as if for the first time, the authentic terrors of bombardment. The famous scene in which a young German is alone for many hours in a shell-hole with the Frenchman he has stabbed is comparatively ineffective. Its horror depends upon acting rather than upon spectacular contrivance, and Mr. Lewis Ayres, whose Paul is, on the whole, restrained and skilful, here fails to convey the grim irony of the situation. In the film, as in the book, the most complete portrait is that of Katczinsky, and Mr. Louis Wolheim brilliantly succeeds in making of him the perfect soldier for trench warfare—brave, steady, crafty, and humorous. It is the supreme merit of the film that it contrives to suggest in its final scenes the soldiers' lack of enthusiasm, their recognition of defeat and their willingness to go on fighting to the last.

CONCERTS, &c.

ROYAL ALBERT HALL.
JUNE 9th to 21st inclusive.
EVENINGS, at 8 p.m.
SATURDAY MATINEES, at 2.30 p.m.
EXTRA MATINEE, WHIT-MONDAY, June 9, at 2.30 p.m.
THE ROYAL CHORAL SOCIETY
will present
"HIAWATHA."
(Coleridge-Taylor.)
A DRAMATIC VERSION with SCENERY and COSTUMES,
arranged and produced by T. C. FAIRBAIRN.
1,000 PERFORMERS.
The Cast will include:

ANITA DESMOND	WILLIAM BOLAND
MOLLY ELVAR	ANDREW CLAYTON
PHYLLIS EVENS	ARTHUR COX
PHYLLIS KELLY	BEN DAVIES
ELIZABETH MELLOR	HOWARD FRY
ELSIE SUDDABY	HORACE STEVENS
STILES-ALLEN	FREDERICK TAYLOR
FLORA WOODMAN	HENRY WENDON
	FRANK WEBSTER
	HAROLD WILLIAMS
	BEN WILLIAMS

Chief OS-KE-NON-TON.
BALLET.

PHYLLIS BEDELLS	KELLAND ESPINOSA
HERMIONE DARNBOROUGH	ALGERANOFF
M. LUKIN.	

Choreographist: ESPHAR MACLAREN.
THE NEW SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Musical Director: DR. MALCOLM SARGENT.
PRICES: Stalls, 10s. 6d.; Balcony, 5s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.; Gallery, 2s. 4d. Boxes, £3 15s. 0d., £3 0s. 0d., and £1 17s. 6d. Tickets at the Royal Albert Hall (telephone, Kensington 3560) and usual Agents.

EXHIBITIONS

INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW,
OLYMPIA.
JUNE 19 to 28. Seats booked from 2s. 6d. upwards at 12, Hanover-square (Mayfair 0593) and at usual libraries.

KODAK EXHIBITION of PICTURES by Royalty. 10 a.m.-8 p.m.—5a, Pall Mall E. (ad). Trafalgar-square). 1s. Sats., inclusive.

MADAME TUSSAUD'S, Baker-street Stn. Dly. 10-10. Sun., 2-10. Latest Additions: W. M. Woodfull, Australian Captain; also Amy Johnson. Admission 1s. 3d. (including tax). Children under 12, 6d.

ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS. 9 a.m. till 8 p.m. Thurs. only till Aug. 28 open till 11 p.m. Mondays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s.; Children 6d. Aquarium, Mondays, 6d. Other days: Adults 1s.; Children 6d. Free on Thurs. only after 8.30 p.m. Sundays, Fellows and Fellows' Orders only.

EXHIBITION OF POTTERY PAINTING by Miss Clarice Cliff, the famous Pottery artist, Monday, June 2nd, to Saturday, June 7th. Admission free. From 10.30 to 5.30 p.m., Saturday 10.30 to 12 noon, at Lawleys, Ltd., Glass and China Specialists, 154, Regent-street, London, W.1.

ART EXHIBITIONS

ROYAL ACADEMY.
SUMMER EXHIBITION
Now open 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. Admission 1s. 6d.
Catalogue 1s. Season Ticket, 5s.

OLD ENGLISH SPORTING PICTURES AND PRINTS
ON EXHIBITION AT THE
ACKERMANN GALLERIES,
157, NEW BOND-STREET, W.1.
10-6; Saturdays, 10-1.

THE FOYLE ART GALLERY.
DRAWINGS of LONDON by HANSLIP FLETCHER.
121, Charing Cross-road.
Admission and Catalogue free. 10-7. Saturdays included.

WALKER'S GALLERIES, 118, New Bond-st.
1. Thirteenth Exhibition of PASTORAL Water-Colours by Modern Painters.
2. Water-Colours by ROMILLY FEDDEN, R.W.A.
3. Water-Colours of Rural England by W. W. COLLINS, R.I., R.B.C.
Admission and Catalogues free.

EXHIBITION of HISTORIC WEDGWOOD WARES, including pieces lent by H.M. The Queen. Also reproductions and modern pieces, which are for Sale. May 20 to June 27. Admission free.
HEAL'S MANSARD GALLERY,
196, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

FRANK DOBSON'S masterly new work in sculpture, "TRUTH," should be acquired for the nation."—Roger Fry.—On view
LEICESTER GALLERIES, Leicester-sq. 10-6.

FINE ART SOCIETY EXHIBITIONS.
1. REMBRANDT ETCHINGS, 1606-1669.
2. PAINTINGS by BRANGWYN, CAMERON, and other LEADING ARTISTS.
148, New Bond-street. ADMISSION FREE.

WALLIS & SON,
Paintings by
MONET, PISSARRO, RENOIR, SISLEY, FANTIN, &c.
The French Gallery, 158, New Bond-street, W.

IMPERIAL GALLERY OF ART,
Imperial Institute (East Entrance), South Kensington.
CONTEMPORARY BRITISH ART.
Daily, 10-5. Sundays excepted.
Admission free.

M. KNOEDLER and Co., Inc.
15, Old Bond-street, W.1.
THE MADONNA AND CHILD
and some Drawings by
EPSTEIN.
Daily 10-6 (Sats. 10-1) until June 14th.

BEAUX ARTS GALLERY, Bruton-place, W.
PAINTINGS by LACROIX.
Also Brabazon Water-Colours, 10-6.

PAUL GUILLAUME, BRANDON DAVIS, LTD.
Paintings by
MODIGLIANI, PICASSO, DERAIN, UTRILLO, &c.
73, Grosvenor-street (off New Bond-street).

THE BODLEY HEAD EXHIBITION
of Original Paintings and Drawings
by FRANK C. PAPE, ALASTAIR, JOHN AUSTEN, DONALD MAXWELL, E. H. SHEPARD, CHARLES SIMPSON, PISHL, E. H. NEW, GEORGE SHERINGHAM, and other artists.
THE NEW BURLINGTON GALLERIES,
5, Burlington-gardens, W.1. 10 to 5.

VAN GOGH EXHIBITION
and Exhibition of Lithographs by DERAIN, GAUGUIN, MAILLOL, MATISSE, LAUTREC, &c. 10-6. Sats. 10-1.
LEICESTER GALLERIES, Leicester-square.

LONDON ARTISTS ASSOCIATION.
ENGLISH LANDSCAPE PAINTINGS.
1750 to 1930.
COOLING GALLERIES, 92, New Bond-st.

CLARIDGE GALLERY, 52, Brook-st., W.1.
Paintings by Stuart Somerville and Teng H. Chiu and Chelsea-Derby pottery models by Madeline Raper.
Daily, 10-6. Admission free.

COTSWOLD GALLERY.
WATER-COLOURS by J. M. W. TURNER, R.A., COTMAN, DAYES, VARLEY, FARINGTON, &c.
59, Fifth-street, Soho-square. 10-5.30. Sat. till 1.

NATIONAL SOCIETY
(Painters, Sculptors, Engravers, Potters).
GRAFTON GALLERIES,
Grafton-street, W.1.
THE MOST INTERESTING and COMPREHENSIVE EXHIBITION of CONTEMPORARY ART.
Daily 10-5. LAST DAY. Admission 1s.

ABBEY GALLERY, Abbey House, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Water-colours of London, Yorkshire, and Norfolk, by FREDK. E. KERR.
10-6 (Sat. 10-1). Closes to-morrow (Saturday).

R.B.A.—ROYAL SOCIETY OF BRITISH ARTISTS.
Suffolk-street, Pall Mall, S.W.1.
173rd EXHIBITION, 10-5. Admission 1s. Last day.

REDFERN GALLERY, 27, Old Bond-st., W.1.
Recent Oils of Tahiti, North Africa, &c., by Gerald Reitlinger. Hours 10 to 6. Sats. 10 to 1. Free.

BARBIZON HOUSE.—Exhibition of Paintings, Water-Colours and Drawings by W. G. DE GLEHN, A.R.A., 9, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square, W.1. 10-6. Sats., to 1.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessees: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.
OTELLO. TO-NIGHT, at 8.
Tamara Beltacchi, Iva Pacetti; Fernando Autori, Octave Dua, Michele Sampieri, Mariano Stabile, Renato Zanelli.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
TOSCA. Monday, at 8.30.
Iva Pacetti, Gladys Palmer; Aristide Baracchi, Alfred Barrett, Octave Dua, Angelo Minghetti, Michele Sampieri, Mariano Stabile.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
MADAMA BUTTERFLY . . Tuesday, at 8.15.
With Margherita Sheridan, Andrea Burdino.
MARTA . . . . Wednesday, at 8.
With Edith Mason, Beniamino Gigli.
AIDA . . . . Thursday, at 8.
PRICES (including tax): Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 28s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, £1; Amphitheatre, 12s.; Gallery (unreserved), 3s. 6d.
Box-office 10 to 6. Telephone: Temple Bar 7061.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
EVENINGS, 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES of
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.
OLIVE GROVES and FREDERICK RANALOW.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.
1,686TH PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15.
Matinees, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. 2.30, 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Tues., Thur., 2.30. G. 6970.
"INSULT."
MARJORIE MARS. LESLIE PERRINS.
DENYS BLAKELOCK. DAVID HORNE.
"THIS IS A TREMENDOUS PLAY."—*Vide* Press.

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
"REAL DRAMA. PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D. Sketch.*

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30.
"NINE TILL SIX."
A Play by Aimée and Phillip Stuart.

DALY'S. Gerrard 0201.
TUESDAY next, at 8, subsequently at 8.30.
THE COMMAND TO LOVE.
YVONNE ARNAUD.
RONALD SQUIRE.
ISOBEL ELSOM.
Matinées, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUS

Imperial and Foreign News

CHANGES IN VENICE

A NEW CANAL

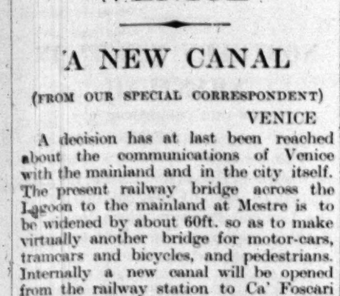
(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

VENICE

A decision has at last been reached about the communications of Venice with the mainland and in the city itself. The present railway bridge across the Lagoon to the mainland at Mestre is to be widened by about 60ft. so as to make virtually another bridge for motor-cars, tramcars and bicycles, and pedestrians. Internally a new canal will be opened from the railway station to Ca' Foscari on the Grand Canal, to be called the Canale Piccolo (Little Canal).

The two projects were presented by Signor Mussolini on March 12 to the Council of Ministers, which approved them. On April 28 the Council decided to devote to these public works in Venice part of the receipts from the death duties which have recently been re-established. The estimated cost for the bridge alone is 82,500,000 lire (about £890,000), of which the State will contribute 75 per cent. and the City and the Province of Venice the rest between them. The estimate for the canal has not yet been definitely approved. Work has already begun for the bridge on the Mestre side.

The problem is an old one. It has been discussed for the last 30 or 40 years. Years ago the population was divided into the "bridge party" and the "anti-bridge party." The *Gazzetta di Venezia* arranged for a plebiscite, and its results showed that then at least the anti-bridge party was in a great majority. Artists, students, and scholars were all against the bridge. They said scornfully that the



bridge was wanted only by the *campaltine*, the girl milk-sellers coming from Campalto, near Mestre. But times have changed. Above all, there is the new industrial port of Marghera, which is part of the commune of Venice, though on the other side of the Lagoon near Mestre.

Within a very few years this port has grown rapidly and now has big warehouses, many factories and offices, with a working population continually increasing, and a traffic and trade which, if Venice could not attract them, would flow towards Padua. Two or three thousand workmen go every morning from Venice to Marghera, and it would be a great advantage to them to be able to get there by bicycle or tramcar. Also the land communications with Udine, Trieste, Chioggia, and Ravenna have been greatly improved, but Venice will not be able to take advantage of these improvements if she remains isolated in the Lagoon.

TRAFFIC DIFFICULTIES

If Venice is to profit from the industrial and commercial development promised by the port of Marghera she must offer her inhabitants means of moving about more rapidly inside the city. Increase in the traffic between Venice and the mainland will mean increasing the discomforts of the city, whose internal communications are few and slow and already inadequate for her needs. If you are in a hurry in Venice it is better to walk than to take a gondola. By steamer it takes about three-quarters of an hour to go from the station to the Public Gardens—about as long as to go by train from Venice to Padua.

Between the Futurists, on the one side, who would like to abolish Venice and the *clair de lune*, and the conservatives and historical bigots, who would not see a single stone of the city touched, a middle party of practical men has formulated the two projects. The bridge will start near Mestre in continuation of the motor road to be built from Padua to Venice and will join up with the southern side of the old railway bridge built by Austria in 1846. The new bridge—the 60ft. additions—will split off from the old bridge just before reaching Venice at a height of about 22ft. from the ground, and its three parts—the motor-car, tram, and footway sections—will divide. The motor road will end at the maritime station (where some very spacious garages will be built); the trams will come to land near the new buildings of the railway station, and the footway will end over the goods station, with stairs down to the street.

THE CANALE PICCOLO

The new canal, the Canale Piccolo, will start at Santa Lucia, almost in front of the present railway station, and end at Ca' Foscari (now housing the Superior School of Commerce), on the Grand Canal, halfway between the Rialto Bridge and the Accademia Bridge, thus cutting across the neck of the curve of the Grand Canal, shortening the course by nearly a mile. It will be 60ft. wide. It will be made by widening the Rii of the Tolentini, Gaffaro, Malcanton, S. Pantaleone, and Ca' Foscari. Altogether 43 houses will be pulled down, and 23 others will undergo alteration. A few bridges will be demolished and rebuilt higher above the water so that the steamers can pass beneath them. A section of the Rio del Malcanton will be filled in and two porticoes built.

The majority of the population seem to be satisfied with these innovations, but some people think that the internal communications might have been improved simply by supplanting the slow and heavy steamers of the Grand Canal, built 42 years ago, by small, swift, shallow-draught motor-boats. But it was said that such a fleet would have been very costly. In any case, the bridge and the Canale Piccolo have definitely been decided on. All that remains to discuss is whether the innovations will alter the typical aspect of Venice, and whether any building of historical or artistic value will be sacrificed.

An impartial answer is difficult. Only the coming years will show whether the new aerial structures over the railway station are in keeping with the traditional and unique aspect of the City of the Lagoon. As to the Canale Piccolo, anyone may take a gondola now and pass through the *rii* which are to be widened, and carefully examine the *fondamenta* and the houses on both sides which are to be destroyed. One can say that the doomed houses are ugly and unhealthy popular dwellings, which would one day have been pulled down, and one can say, with almost equal certainty, that the poor houses, with their peeling, greenish walls, the small dirty *rii*, and the *fondamenta*, are precious and charming. And there is a very picturesque view of a wide expanse of roofs from the bridge which used to be called *squartai* (dismembered). Heaven alone knows what will happen to this view or what new prospects will appear.

Undoubtedly one who would protest were he alive would be Ruskin, because, among the houses which are to be demolished in order to open the Canale Piccolo, there is one which he loved as "the wreck of one of the most ancient and interesting palaces of Venice"—the house of the Rio di Ca' Foscari. Today it would escape the common observer because it has been completely altered by the superstructures and the renovations of many centuries. Ruskin made a drawing of it in the winter of 1849 from a gondola below.

I made the sketch (he wrote) before I fully appreciated the importance of the building, chiefly for the sake of its picturesqueness. . . . Afterwards discovering the great importance of these remains, I went up to examine every piece of them and found the supposed upright leaf to be the Byzantine symbol—a hand between the Sun and the Moon, in the attitude of benediction. This sign is almost always in the centre of Byzantine arches and crosses.

From a study of the building he assumed "almost with certainty" that the great archivolt was originally in its centre and that the entire water-story was composed of nine arches. The shafts were in all probability of white marble, the archivolts richly gilded, perhaps in the hollows of the carving touched with blue; the bands of the red marble intended to relieve the whole, yet remain. . . . The whole is evidently of the twelfth century.

After 81 years the house of Rio di Ca' Foscari is what it was then. It is a precious relic for students because it is probably the oldest of the very few houses in Byzantine style in Venice. Now only a few fragments of it will survive, to be put in a museum.

THE LENA GOLDFIELDS

FATE OF CONCESSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, JUNE 5

Kameneff, the Chairman of the Concessions Department of the Soviet Government, stated in Moscow to-day that the actions of the concessionnaires of the Lena Goldfields had entitled the Soviet Government to acquire and exploit as Soviet State property without compensation all enterprises hitherto embraced by this concession.

Kameneff explained that from the beginning the concession was an integral part of the Soviet's plans for economic development, but at the end of 1929 the Soviet Government became convinced that the concessionnaires could not, or would not, bring in any more money, but were showing undue desire to derive profit from the exploiting of the natural resources of the country; therefore, the Soviet Government, which had accorded them certain forms of credit, withdrew its financial support.

The statement does not make it clear whether the Soviet Government has already formally appropriated the concessionnaires' property or merely considers such action to be justifiable.

ADELAIDE WATERFRONT DISTURBANCE

VOLUNTEER WORKERS ATTACKED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ADELAIDE, JUNE 5

There was renewed trouble between trade unionists and volunteer labourers on the waterfront last night, as a result of which 10 men were injured. Eight volunteers waiting to board a train for the outer Harbour, where they were engaged to work on the Maloja, were attacked by about 50 unionists, who knocked them down, stoned them and kicked them, and made off before the police could arrive. Six volunteers were similarly attacked elsewhere, and were badly cut by stones.

There was a smaller demonstration at Port Adelaide to-day, when a group of volunteers under police escort were stoned near the unionists' picking-up place on their way to work on a coastal steamship. Police troopers on wharf patrol were quickly reinforced by traffic police and the disturbance was quelled. In reply to questions in Parliament this afternoon on what steps were being taken to maintain law and order, Mr. Hill, the Premier, said that the Police Commissioner was co-operating with the Government and that there was no fear of the situation getting out of control.

The recent formation of a strong union by the volunteers themselves, to which the bulk of the work on the waterfront has gone, has added to the hostility shown them by the regular unionists ever since the strike of 1928. Though the new South Australian Government made representations on behalf of the regular unionists to the Federal Government soon after it came into power, no change on the waterfront in favour of the unionists seems likely.

CANADA AND IMPERIAL TRADE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, JUNE 5

The Tariff Committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, after a meeting in Toronto to-day, issued a statement declaring that the Association was in favour of inter-Imperial trade, provided Canadian interests were adequately safeguarded so as to maintain Canadian standards of living and to protect Canadian producers, whether agricultural or industrial.

The statement referred to the differences in the fiscal policies of the various countries of the Empire, particularly Great Britain and Canada, and pointed out that a large proportion of the goods admitted into Canada from Great Britain were protected in the Canadian market by a preferential tariff, but only a small proportion of Canadian exports to Great Britain were protected in their home market. Hence, if it was desirable to protect British products in the Canadian market it should be equally desirable to protect Canadian products there.

CLASH WITH POLICE IN BERLIN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 5

A clash occurred between police and Communists after an unemployment demonstration in the Lustgarten this evening. The police were attacked with showers of stones. They endeavoured to clear the streets with their truncheons, but as the mob still advanced threateningly they made use of their firearms. Details have not yet reached police headquarters, but so far as is known only warning shots were fired into the air.

FATAL R.A.F. CRASH IN MALTA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, JUNE 5

Seaplane 202 of the R.A.F., piloted by Flying Officer R. F. Francis, crashed near the R.A.F. base at Calafrana this morning and was completely destroyed. Both the pilot and the wireless operator, No. 357,622 Leading Aircraftman Harris, were killed. The cause is unknown. A court of inquiry is now sitting.

THE DELHI SHRINE INCIDENT

POLICE VINDICATED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JUNE 5

The Government of India late last night issued the report made by Mr. Abdul Samad, the Special Magistrate who was appointed to inquire into the action of the police in entering the Sikh Gurdwara (shrine), overlooking the Kotwali (police headquarters) in the Chandni Chowk, and other questions connected with the firing by the police during the riots at Delhi on May 6. The Magistrate, in his present report, deals only with the shrine episode. He says he has come to the conclusion that the firing at the Gurdwara was inevitable, and that if there had been any hesitation by the police in firing the Senior Superintendent of Police and the party with him, as well as several police whom they were rescuing from a lorry isolated by the crowd, would have lost their lives. The Magistrate concludes:—

In the end I am unable to withhold myself from expressing the opinion that the manly spirit shown by Mr. R. C. Jeffreys, Senior Superintendent of Police, in saving his men is creditable.

With the Magistrate's findings the Government publishes the evidence on which they are founded. Although the inquiry was public and citizens were invited to give evidence, the only witnesses were officials who either took part in or witnessed the scene in the Chandni Chowk when the firing occurred. The most striking testimony was that of Mr. Jeffreys.

Mr. Jeffreys described how four lorries containing police were sent from the Kotwali on a false alarm, and how, on their return with a fifth lorry, one of the five somehow stopped in the midst of a crowd in an open space and was thereupon fiercely attacked. He called for a party of police, and rushed to the rescue. Reaching the lorry he found four or five men injured and half unconscious, and the lorry wrecked. He ordered his men to get the lorry to the Kotwali, but they were met with a stream of stones, bricks, and other building material from the Gurdwara, one side of which abuts on to the Chandni Chowk and another side bounds the front courtyard of the Kotwali.

The police near the Kotwali were repeatedly struck, including those trying to take in the injured. He then heard gunshots, and realized that the Kotwali police were coming to his assistance. He successfully got his men to the Kotwali, taking the wounded and stragglers with them, and telephoned for troops. On the arrival of the troops the crowd dispersed. Supported by troops, he ordered a number of Sikh and Hindu police to bring out the people in the Gurdwara, and was astonished to see many of these people emerge with their shoes on.

The Government, in a note attached to the report, says it has not yet formed any conclusions in regard to it, and has requested the Chief Commissioner to furnish it with further information on certain points.

BOMBAY FINANCIAL STRINGENCY

SIND DEVELOPMENT CHECKED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 5

Mr. B. V. Jadhav, Bombay Minister of Agriculture, said to-day that the financial stringency under which the Bombay Government was labouring was due largely to a drop in revenue and to increased expenditure on the maintenance of law and order.

He expected that the effect of the present agitation would be worse in Sind than in other parts of the Presidency because the future of Sind depended almost entirely on development schemes which had had to be greatly curtailed through lack of funds. It was hoped that the irrigated land would fetch 150 rupees [£11 5s.] an acre, but, judging from present indications, he doubted whether it would fetch 100. It had also been hoped that private enterprise would carry on the development work, but the Sindis had so strongly identified themselves with the present unrest that the confidence of possible investors had been seriously shaken. Only if provision were made by the Government for more capital from loans could the development of Sind be carried on. Sind was at present being developed in the hope that when the irrigation scheme was complete it would become entirely self-supporting, but that hope was now hardly justifiable.

TRAIN-WRECKING TRIAL IN BOMBAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 5

Six men were charged to-day with conspiracy in connexion with bomb explosions at the Masjid and Byculla stations on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway in April. One of the accused has been made approver. Of the rest one, who is stated to have been the manufacturer of the bombs, was a police-constable; three others are railwaymen, including a leader of the Railway Union.

The prosecution charges them with having entered into a criminal conspiracy to cause the derailment of trains by exploding bombs on the lines and platforms, with causing explosions, and with possessing and manufacturing explosives without a licence. The motive of three of the accused is said to have been personal gain and that of the others a desire to further the cause of the railway strike. The approver was examined to-day, and there is a long list of witnesses.

"GANDHI DAY" IN BOMBAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JUNE 5

"Gandhi Day"—marking the end of a month's imprisonment of Mr. Gandhi—was celebrated to-day by a *hartal* in the Indian business quarters, but an attempt by Congress volunteers to make the mills join was only partly successful. About half the mills observed the *hartal*, and, as usual in such a case, there was trouble. Two mills were stoned in order to bring the men out, and when the police arrived two sergeants were stoned, but the mob was dispersed without much difficulty and police pickets were stationed at the mills to prevent further trouble.

There were two processions this morning, organized by Congress, known as *takli* processions. The *takli* is a small instrument rather like a steel crochet hook with a small weight attached to the blunt end. It is used for spinning, and since it is easily portable can be used in processions. This symbol of *swadeshi*—for it is little more—has become common recently and *taklis* are hawked for sale in the streets. To be seen spinning with a *takli* is more or less regarded as a sign of devotion to the Congress cause. There is to be another big procession to-night.

POLICE PROTECTION FOR RUSSIAN BANKER

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 5

M. Krukoff-Angarouthy, the Russian banker who has given up his position as director of a Soviet bank in Paris, has been put under police protection.

FIRE IN U.S. BATTLESHIP

PANAMA CITY, June 5.—The United States battleship Colorado is proceeding to the Navy yard at New York to undergo repairs following a fire resulting from a short circuit. The damage is estimated at 200,000 dollars (£40,000).—*Reuter.*

BRITISH GREENLAND EXPEDITION

COLLECTING SLEDGE DOGS

In advance of the expedition of British experts which is leaving at the beginning of July to survey the ice cap of Greenland with a view to establishing a safe and quick air route to Canada across the Arctic, a party under Mr. Scott, of the expedition, has been at work on the West Coast of Greenland collecting dogs for sledge work on the ice. The dogs will be shipped to the Faroe Islands to be picked up by the expedition in the Quest and taken to the base on the East Coast. The following telegram has come from the advance party.

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(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

JAKOBSHAVN (GREENLAND)

Greenland's coast is so rough and so ragged and mountainous that travel by land is often extremely difficult, and the only smooth route is on sea. Where the sea freezes extensively in winter dogs are used for travelling and for hunting seals. In the south, where it is comparatively warm, and in certain places where there are strong currents the Greenlanders rely entirely on the *kayak* (sealskin canoe).

To buy good dogs one must go to the West Coast settlements within the Arctic

Circle. Dogs from this part of Greenland have splendid strength and courage, earned in the Arctic and in long journeys across Greenland's ice cap.

Mr. Scott arrived at Jakobshavn in the ss. Gertrudrask on May 19, and in this district has been able to secure 50 dogs. Jakobshavn is a settlement of about 500 Eskimos, looked after by a Danish doctor and the Governor of the Danish trading station. They live by hunting seals and walruses, though in recent years these have become very rare, and by catching sharks, cod, and a fish similar to halibut. They see little of the outside world, for ice prevents ships from reaching the harbour between October and May.

Choosing a large number of dogs is not always easy. There is no difficulty in buying 50 dogs in summer when they are no longer needed for sledging, and consequently do not earn their food. But Greenlanders are naturally anxious to sell one or two poorer dogs from each team. However, owing to the generous assistance of the Governor, Mr. Scott has not only been able to secure good individual dogs, but also many which have worked together. This is of the greatest importance in sledging, and especially when there is the immediate prospect of a long voyage, for they will not fight so seriously as if they had never met before.

At this time of the year dogs are given very little food, and have to support themselves by scavenging; consequently one sees them at their worst and must take this into consideration when judging their value. Another important point is that dogs should have plenty of spirit. A lively animal does a lot to encourage team mates, and is a great deal more interesting to drive than the more stolid variety. The bitches are small and are not often driven with sledge, but the presence of a female in a team sometimes seems to encourage the dogs. The best leaders are often bitches.

The Gertrudrask has still to make the journey to the coalmine in the north of Disko Island. Mr. Scott will stay at Jakobshavn until she returns at the beginning of June. Then the dogs will be embarked for the trip to the Faroe Islands. Where there are dogs it is not easy to buy much food. A husky is not particular what he eats, but needs about 2lb. of meat a day to keep in condition, and for safety one must take enough food to last three weeks for the voyage from Jakobshavn to the Faroe Islands. Enough fresh fish can be bought at Jakobshavn to last till the Gertrudrask reaches Holstensborg, where there are few dogs, and consequently no difficulty in securing half a ton of fish, and if it is calm the dogs should reach the Faroe Islands in good condition.

ELECTRICITY CONCESSIONS IN POLAND

HARRIMAN PROPOSAL REFUSED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

WARSAW, JUNE 5

The Polish Government rejected to-day the proposal made last year by Mr. W. A. Harriman concerning the electrification of six provinces of Central Poland, covering an area of approximately 40,000 square miles.

Mr. Harriman proposed to build a series of electric plants and transmission lines, using both fuel and water power. In return for this construction a 60 years' concession on the distribution of electric power was to be granted to him. He was to invest at least 25,000,000 dollars (£5,000,000) during the first 10 years of operation in Poland.

The proposal was published a year ago in the official *Gazette*, and all concerned were invited to present possible objections within three months. A Press campaign against the proposal was begun immediately after the announcement.

FASCISM IN FINLAND

DISTURBANCES AT WASA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HELSINGFORS, JUNE 5

Feeling against the Communists is still running high, particularly in Ostrobothnia, and caused new disorders at Wasa yesterday in connexion with the trial of the persons charged with the destruction of a Communist newspaper and printing works on April 9. Some 1,200 "Whites" from rural districts arranged an expedition to Wasa, where they held patriotic meetings at the graves of the "Whites" killed in the insurrection of 1918; afterwards the demonstrators turned their attention to the Communists, assaulting some of them in the street. Subsequently some of the "Whites" forced their way into the Court, where one Communist witness was seized, thrown into the street, and stripped of his clothing before the police could rescue him.

The plaintiffs' counsel, a Communist solicitor and member of Parliament, M. Asser Salo, when leaving the Court with the Governor of the Province and the Chief of Police, was seized by the demonstrators and taken out of the town in a motor-car. Some hours later he was released after promising not to return to Wasa.

Mr. R. E. Montgomery, M.R.C.V.S., late Veterinary Adviser to the Governments of Uganda, Kenya, and Tanganyika Territory, has been appointed adviser on Animal Health to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

MR. MORROW'S FUTURE

"PRESIDENTIAL TIMBER"

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JUNE 5

Mr. Dwight Morrow, the outgoing Ambassador to Mexico, was named last night as a possible Republican candidate for the Presidency of the United States in the election of 1932. This was done by Mr. E. C. Stokes, a former Governor of New Jersey, and Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University, who were speakers at a meeting held at Trenton, New Jersey, in support of Mr. Morrow's candidature for the Republican nomination for Senator in the primary elections, which are being held in New Jersey this month. Mr. Morrow is opposed in the primary election by Mr. Frelinghuysen and Mr. Franklin Fort, a Republican member of the House of Representatives. It was immediately after Mr. Morrow, at the opening of the campaign on May 15, had declared himself squarely for the repeal of the Eighteenth [Prohibition] Amendment that Mr. Fort appeared as a "bone-dry candidate," supported by the Anti-Saloon League. Mr. Fort is a close friend of President Hoover, and it has been assumed on excellent authority that Mr. Morrow's defeat would not be unwelcome to the Hoover faction of the Republican Party, which was alarmed at the prospect of Mr. Morrow's winning from Mr. Hoover the party's nomination for the Presidency in 1932.

Although it was rumoured that Mr. Morrow would disclaim any such intention, he was on the platform last night during the speeches of Mr. Stokes and Dr. Hibben and did not disavow what they said, merely remarking that their compliments left him "speechless."

Mr. Stokes, after reviewing Mr. Morrow's career, said: "Mr. Morrow is not only worthy to have a seat in the United States Senate; Ambassador Morrow is Presidential timber," a remark which was greeted with prolonged cheers. Mr. Stokes said that he knew that he was on delicate ground, in view of the reports that Mr. Morrow would deny that he had any intention to run for President, but "no man in this country is big enough to decline the call to the Presidency of this Republic . . . We had a Democratic President from New Jersey [President Wilson]: now we are going to have a Republican President from New Jersey."

GLAZUNOFF ASKED TO RETURN BY SOVIET

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

RIGA, JUNE 5

The head of the Soviet Art Department has sent to the composer Glazunoff, who has stayed abroad beyond the period allotted to him, a first official summons, in which he is asked to fix the date of his return to the U.S.S.R.

This first summons does not mention the so-called "Biezedovsky decree," under which a Soviet citizen who refuses to return to Russia is liable to execution within 24 hours if he subsequently crosses the Soviet frontier.

NEWFOUNDLAND NEWSPRINT PROPOSAL REJECTED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ST. JOHN'S (NF.), JUNE 5

The Government announces that it has rejected the proposed agreement with the Hearst syndicate for the establishment on the River Gander of a newsprint plant of 1,000 tons daily capacity, involving a grant of 10,000 square miles of timber land in Labrador.

HEIMWEHR DEPUTIES IN AUSTRIA

LOYALTY TO TWO OATHS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

VIENNA, JUNE 5

An official declaration issued by the Austrian Christian Socialist [Government] Party yesterday, after a conference lasting eight hours, says that the Christian Socialist Deputy, who has sworn that he will respect and uphold the laws and Constitution of the Republic, may yet lawfully take the oath demanded of him by the Heimwehr, whereby he swears to aid the Heimwehr's efforts to give Austria a Fascist Constitution. The party justifies its decision on the ground that the aims of the Heimwehr do not absolutely contrast with the principles of the Christian Socialist Party.

The Heimwehr leaders, who were in touch with the Christian Socialist Deputies all yesterday, refused to alter the wording of the oath they demand of their representatives in Parliament. In a communication issued by them to-day they promise that, before they proceed with any action calculated to embarrass a deputy who is a member of the Heimwehr, they will give him due warning.

UNIFORMED PROCESSIONS IN BAVARIA

MINISTERIAL INTERDICT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MUNICH, JUNE 5

The Bavarian Minister of the Interior issued an order to-day prohibiting the holding of all open-air meetings, processions and demonstrations by political or semi-political associations the members of which wear uniforms or clothing of a distinctive and uniform character. This order will take effect immediately and remain in force until further notice. There is little doubt that this step taken by the Government is the result of the numerous affrays which have recently taken place in Bavaria between the different political factions, and especially of the increasingly provocative attitude of the Bavarian National-Socialists.

In well-informed circles here it is considered that the Government's action is not due to its apprehension of any serious disorder, but rather to a resolve to minimize the possibility of the occurrence of minor disturbances which, although of no great significance in themselves, would be liable to make a bad impression on the abnormally large number of foreigners who are visiting Bavaria this summer.

THE GENEVA PROTOCOL

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 5

The Chamber to-day ratified the Geneva Protocol of September 14, 1929, amending the statutes of the International Court at The Hague, together with the text by which the United States adhered to the World Court. A Bill to ratify the adhesion of France to the general arbitration agreement was introduced and the debate on this was adjourned. The interpellations on Indo-China will be taken to-morrow.

M. Tardieu explained the Government plan for national equipment to the Finance Committee of the Chamber. He made it clear that the plan was designed to cover a period of five years.

Dr. Frank Baird, of Pictou, Nova Scotia, has been elected Moderator of the Presbyterian Church of CANADA.

Telegrams in Brief

LUCERNE International Horse Show will be held this year from July 5 to July 13.

Dr. Antonio Patricio, the new Portuguese Minister to China, who was on his way to Peking, has died at MACAO.—*Reuter.*

A message has been received at La Rochelle from CAYENNE to the effect that 21 convicts have escaped from the penal settlement there.

The report for the year ended December 31, 1929, of the general manager of the KENYA and UGANDA Railways and Harbours has been published.

Admiral Sir Ernle Chatfield, who succeeds Admiral Sir Frederick Field in the command of the Mediterranean Fleet, arrived at MALTA yesterday in the Queen Elizabeth.

A company with a capital of £250,000 is in process of formation in NEW ZEALAND to operate a fleet of four aeroplanes and link the four main centres with a daily service.—*Reuter.*

Mr. Parker Gilbert, formerly Agent-General for Reparation Payments, paid a farewell visit yesterday to BRUSSELS, where he was decorated by M. Hymans with the cross of a Grand Officer of the Order of Leopold.

Mr. John Birch, a resident of Nipissing Junction, ONTARIO, celebrated his 108th birthday on Wednesday. Mr. Birch was born in Russia and claims to have fought in the Russian Army in the Crimean War. He emigrated to Canada in 1866.

Count Bethlen, the Prime Minister of HUNGARY, replying to a question asked by a Jewish member of the Opposition, declared in Parliament yesterday that he fully recognized the right of Jews to be admitted to the Order of the Brave, which has hitherto had no Jewish members.

Heads of higher educational establishments in Moscow and the central provinces of Russia have received instructions to attend the Anti-religious Propaganda Conference which has been convened in Moscow by the Militant Anti-God Society. All academies and learned societies have also been instructed to send to the conference at least three "scientific delegates" each.

At the fourteenth Assembly of the International Federation of League of Nations Societies, which opened at GENEVA yesterday under the presidency of Dr. J. Limburg (Holland), a proposal by the British League of Nations Union that the headquarters of the Federation should be transferred from Brussels to Geneva was rejected. It was agreed, however, to maintain a permanent office at Geneva.

GRAF ZEPPELIN'S RETURN

ATLANTIC AIRSHIP SERVICE THIS YEAR

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS)

MADRID, JUNE 5

The airship Graf Zeppelin, on its return voyage from America arrived over Seville at 3.30 p.m. to-day and moored at the air port shortly after 5 p.m. She is due at Friedrichshafen to-morrow afternon.

NEW YORK, JUNE 5

Herr Knut Eckener, son of Dr. Hugo Eckener, commander of the Graf Zeppelin, announced last night before sailing for Europe that a regular Atlantic airship service will in all probability begin in August of this year. Herr Eckener, after studying at the Goodyear airship plant at Akron, Ohio, for the last eight months, is going to Germany to take charge of the final stages in the construction of the new Zeppelin, which is already nearing completion at Friedrichshafen.

The experience of the present Zeppelin, he said, had suggested improvements in the design of the new airship which will enable it to run on a regular time-table, undisturbed by adverse weather or changing seasons. It will be of the same length, but larger in diameter than the present Zeppelin. With eight engines, developing together 4,000-horse power, it will carry sufficient fuel for 85 hours' flying at full speed—enough, Herr Eckener said, to take it across the Atlantic and half-way back again without refuelling. It will be fitted with a new automatic steering device, similar to that used in ocean liners. The trial trip is expected to be made by way of South America, and afterwards the airship will fly direct.

The terminal station on this side will probably be near Washington.

Other Foreign News on following page

Old-fashioned blades for three-prong razors had to be wafer thin. New shape holes in the Probak blade allow 17% extra weight—give the sure smooth cutting of a rigid hollow-ground razor.

Test for yourself how it glides silkily through the stubble on your own chin. Learn by actual experience how it goes on giving you the same close velvety shave day after day.

Do you want the best shave of your life to-morrow? Buy a packet of Probak blades to-day. New Prices from June 2nd. Small Packet 1/8d. Large Packet 3/4d.

PROBAK BLADES

● the closest, quickest shave of your life from your two-edge safety razor ● fit one and see!

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FIGHT NEAR PESHAWAR

ATTEMPTED RAID BY AFRIDIS

FORCE SCATTERED

TRIBESMEN ON THE RUN

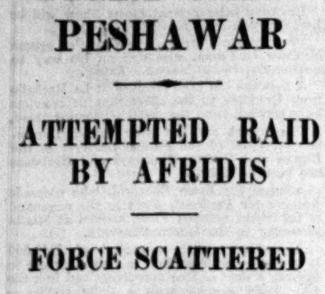
(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

PESHAWAR, JUNE 5

The Afridi situation has boiled up with extraordinary rapidity during the last few hours. The tribesmen appear to be concentrating in the Kajuri Plain, estimates placing their numbers at from 7,000 to about twice that figure.

Late last night the Royal Air Force was busy bombing their camp fires in the plain, while a strong column of cavalry, infantry, and guns, under the command of Brigadier C. A. Milward, D.S.O., A.D.C., was holding the Bara road. The 1st Cavalry Brigade, which includes one British regiment, the 15/19th Hussars, has been brought across from Risalpur to reinforce the troops.

Early this morning a *lashkar* (force) of about 400 Afridis was reported to be sitting outside Landi, a village between the Bara road and the Kohat road,



practically on the outskirts of Peshawar itself. The tribesmen are armed variously, some with rifles and others with more primitive weapons. Their leaders informed the villagers that the Afridis were coming to avenge the death of Moslems killed in the city. It is difficult at the moment to sift the reports and rumours coming in all the time, especially as the wires have been cut between Bara Fort and Peshawar. Armoured cars patrolling the road report that bridges have been damaged and trees have been felled to impede their progress, and a cavalry patrol was fired on this morning.

Our troops have the situation safeguarded as far as possible, but it is no use disguising the fact that the Afridi advance on Peshawar marks an entirely new phase which is full of possibilities, especially as this week-end will see the last days of the Muharram festival with its traditional appeal to religious passions.

TROOPS' HARD TASK

LATER.

The latest intelligence is that the tribesmen are on the run everywhere. They are scattering into small groups and taking refuge in the villages, making the task of rounding them up and finally throwing them back across the border by no means easy. There has been firing on both sides, but so far there is no indication of the casualties. It is, however, definitely stated that no British officers or men are on the list.

The military situation to-day may be summed up as follows. Peshawar is the apex of a triangle with the roads leading to Bara Fort and Kohat respectively as the two sides. Four miles along the Bara road—that is to say, about half-way to the Fort—the 2nd Battalion, The Border Regiment and the 2nd-5th Gurkhas, with a battery of 18-pounders, moved into position. The corresponding point on the Kohat road was held by a battalion of Sikhs. Cavalry, including Guides, were far out beyond this line, but slowly converging, driving the Afridis into the sector along the rough line of the Bara River, the bed of which in many places is almost dry.

The actual number of tribesmen in this triangle is uncertain, the estimates varying with almost every report sent in. The last figure I saw was 14,000, but this seems a somewhat generous guess. The Afridis must realize the hopelessness of their effort, but they are fighting with the traditional fierceness of the Frontier, and every aeroplane which went out bombing this morning had to run a gauntlet of snipers as soon as it came low. The task of the troops in combing out the villages is difficult, as immediately they approach the Afridis hide their arms and mingle with innocent villagers. Intense heat is adding to the troubles of the British soldiers.

Peshawar itself is an armed camp, with reinforcements of men, horses, and mules lining the grass patches on either side of the roads and motor ambulances drawn up in the hotel compound.

EARLY MORNING ADVANCE

As I write this dispatch the sound of heavy gunfire is echoing down my broad veranda, and, in the circumstances, it is rather difficult to settle to a dispassionate survey of the state of affairs. Even now, however, several facts stand out clearly.

The first and most important is that at 2 o'clock this morning the advance section of the Afridis came uncomfortably close to Peshawar. As I have stated, one large detachment got as far as Landi, which is less than a mile from the nearest boundary cantonments, while a small party of tribesmen actually penetrated the small village of Abdara, which is on the railway line only a few hundred yards south-west of the wire fences. In each case they appealed to the villagers to throw in their lot with them and join in the advance on the city, but met with no response.

It is much too early to talk about the political significance of this raid, but here again it is possible to put down isolated facts which all have a direct bearing. There is no doubt that one of the main contributory causes was the belief of the tribesmen, fomented by Congress propaganda, that British rule in India either was coming or actually had come to an end. There was a case in the Khyber the other day, when a *malik* [tribal leader] refused to accept payment in rupees on the ground that the money was no longer legal tender. Pointing to the King's head, he said, "This King has gone just like Amanullah."

It is most important to note that the *lashkar* is very largely composed of youths, for herein lies another explanation of the movement. Tribal politics are prone to resolve themselves into a contest for supremacy between the *kashar* and the *mashar*—youths and elders—and when the *mashar* appropriate the usual Government allowances without passing on the pickings to the young rank and file the *kashar* are inclined to get rather annoyed. It is suggested in well-informed quarters that the present raid is the result of an attempt by the young men to extort money for themselves.

Perhaps the most disquieting feature is that the raid is very definitely directed against the Government, the looting of villages, which is a customary feature of raids in the past, being entirely absent. The tribesmen on this occasion are professing themselves the friends and sympathizers of the villagers, who are somewhat embarrassed by the presence of the guests in view of the fact that the necessary military action must to a certain extent involve the villagers themselves.

It is unlikely that the raid has any connexion with the trouble in the Mohmand country, as the politically-minded Afridi is not usually influenced by the more rigorous inspiration of the Mohmand. The diversion, however, comes at an unfortunate time, as up till last night the news from Ghalanai continued to indicate that the Haji's disheartened followers were gradually deserting their leader's unprofitable enterprise. This blow on our other flank may put fresh heart into the obstinate cave-dwellers.

The bazaars in Peshawar City are, naturally, seething with excitement. The Kissa Khani—"Street of Story-Tellers"—is living up to its ancient name, and all sorts of wild rumours are flying round.

SPLIT AMONG THE AFRIDIS

MODERATES WITHDRAW

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JUNE 5

According to authoritative information to-night, some increase of unrest is reported among the northern tribes on the borders of the North-West Frontier Province. Armed parties of Utman Khels of Ambahar are stated to have reached the border of the Peshawar District, north-west of Tangi village, in the Charsadda *tahsil* [revenue area], and to have been joined by men of Pranghar and other villages of the tribal territory near the District border. On May 29 an ultimatum was delivered to the inhabitants of Pranghar to evacuate their village within 24 hours and abandon their hostile attitude. As the ultimatum was without effect, air action was taken against the village on June 3.

The Haji of Turangzai and his son are still in the Halimzai and Burhan Khel Mohmand country, contrary to the wishes of these sections. Their following is reported to have been increased by the arrival of contingents from Bajaur, although other parties are reported to have withdrawn because of lack of food. Air action against these concentrations continued at intervals during the week.

There has been an increase of agitation in Tirah, and a considerable movement of Afridi tribesmen is reported. On May 27 about 150 Afridis collected in the vicinity of Taudin and China, on the western border of the Kajuri Plain, under the leadership of Said Almar, Said Kabir, Said Badshah, and other *Mullahs* [religious leaders]. On the night of May 28-29 the Nari Khwar Post, on the Peshawar District border, was fired on. On May 28 a gathering of some 3,000 Kuki Khel Afridis, with a red standard, collected in Maidan, where they were joined on May 30 by contingents from the Malikdin Khel, Kambar Khel, and Kuki Khel. The sections of the combined gathering, with eight standards, set out from Bagh the same day.

A SPLIT IN THE RANKS

On June 1 the concentration was reported to have reached a point in the Bara Valley about 15 miles from the Peshawar District border, where a *jirga* [council] was held, and a long discussion took place whether or not to advance into the District border. As a result of the *jirga* the gathering broke into two parties; the moderates and well-disposed elements stayed where they were, and a *lashkar* of hostile elements and hotheads continued to advance. A party of Zakka Khel, numbering about 1,000, has since joined the hostile force, and the advance continues. [The later developments of the Afridi movement are described in our Special Correspondent's message from Peshawar.]

A particularly brutal dacoity is reported to have occurred at Adezai, a village about 15 miles south of Peshawar. Dacoits entered the house of a Sikh shopkeeper and decamped, after killing three Sikhs and one woman and wounding another woman. The members of the gang are reported to be Afridis.

The Kohat District is reported to be all quiet. The police and Frontier Constabulary have been withdrawn from Dera Ismail Khan, where the situation is now reported to be normal. The Madda Khel and Khidder Khel tribes of the Upper Tochi Valley, who were responsible for the recent unprovoked attacks on the Datta Khel and Boya Posts, have paid in full the fine imposed by the Government. No further incidents are reported from the Mahsud country, and the Wana Wazirs are all quiet.

THE GARHWAL RIFLES COURT-MARTIAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LAHORE, JUNE 5

Captain H. Chappell, commanding "B" Company of the Royal Garhwal Rifles, gave evidence to-day at the Court-martial on the 17 soldiers of that regiment charged with mutiny during the Peshawar disturbances.

Captain Chappell said that he was present when the havildar's order was disobeyed by No. 4 Platoon. The men looked to him to be mad, and he told them that they were destroying the reputation of the whole regiment. Several asked for a discharge. While he was talking to the men one of them drew a bayonet, but put it back again, and he ignored the action. He reported he men's conduct to the Brigade Commander, but thought it inadvisable for the Brigade Commander to address the men, as he thought they might shoot him.

Evidence was given that the havildar had asked several of the accused to join the *Aryaj Samaj* [a Theistic sect], and persuaded one man to sign a paper saying that the orders had come from above. When Captain Chappell was questioning the men one said that the Indian Army was here to fight enemies from abroad, not to shoot "unarmed brethren."

SIR JOHN SIMON TO BROADCAST

Sir John Simon, chairman of the Indian Statutory Commission, will broadcast on the Indian problem on June 18 and June 25. The speeches will be relayed to America.

** Other Indian news on preceding page.

THE INVALIDS

Sir Frederick Eckstein, who has been critically ill for some days, was last night stated to have made a slight improvement.

Mr. E. G. Pretyman is recovering from a sharp bronchial attack, but is not likely to be able to undertake public work for a few weeks.

FRANCO-ITALIAN RELATIONS

SUSPENSION OF NEGOTIATIONS

THE FRENCH POSITION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 5

I understand from a trustworthy source that the French Government, while anxious to resume and pursue negotiations with the Italian Government on the naval and other questions at the earliest opportunity, considers that such negotiations cannot be carried on with any hope of success in the atmosphere created by Signor Mussolini's recent speech. The French Government is, therefore, regretfully obliged to refrain from further negotiations for the time being, and cannot, in particular, make any immediate reply to Signor Grandi's suggestion that naval construction should be suspended while negotiations are in progress.

It is hoped that Signor Mussolini will soon see his way to adopt a more conciliatory attitude and that negotiations may then be resumed. The French Government is anxious to avoid any appearance of being itself unwilling to negotiate. At the time of Signor Mussolini's speech three-party negotiations had already been begun between the French, British, and Italian Governments. They were actually in progress when the first reports of the speech were received, and they were suspended by mutual consent and with the approval of Signor Grandi when it was seen that Signor Mussolini's utterances cut clean across the friendly spirit which had been brought to the council table.

The French Government welcomes Signor Grandi's suggestion in principle and regards it with favour as a step towards an understanding, but it considers that it is impossible to negotiate in the face of threats and dangerous to discuss delicate questions in a heated atmosphere. For this reason ordinary diplomatic methods are to be preferred to direct discussions, but the desire of the French Government to resume negotiations and carry them to a successful conclusion is unabated.

SIGNOR GRANDI'S SPEECH

INFLUENCE ON GERMAN FOREIGN POLICY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JUNE 5

The speech of Signor Grandi has attracted attention here, more particularly because of his advocacy of the formula "disarmament, conciliation, and security" in contrast with the French formula "security, conciliation, and disarmament."

Recent developments have tended to modify, for the moment, Germany's once deliberately friendly gaze towards Soviet Russia, though that is far from saying that she would or could ever turn her back on that country. Attention has been drawn to Italy by the outcome of the London Naval Conference, with its unfavourable effect on Franco-Italian relations, the improvement in Austro-Italian relations, and the outward coincidence of the Italian and German outlooks on the sanctity of the *status quo* in Europe as established by the Treaty of Versailles and on the international machinery for averting war. In this last matter an inspired article points out that Signor Grandi has expressed precisely what Germany has always said, what Dr. Brüning, the Chancellor, recently repeated at the Foreign Press Association dinner, and what the somewhat vaguer League Resolution of September, 1928, meant clearly enough in recommending that disarmament should now be taken in hand on the basis of existing security.

It has been noted that Signor Mussolini has come forward as an advocate of the revision of the Peace Treaties as against the French policy of stabilizing the "Versailles system" of which M. Briand's Pan-European scheme is regarded, owing to the stress laid on the political side, as a subtly designed instrument. It is recognized that the Italian interest in revision is dictated primarily by Italian ambitions, but it is concluded that Italy hopes to further her aims by playing upon the susceptibilities of the countries left dissatisfied by the Versailles settlement and that there might be some pickings for them.

The *Deutsche Tageszeitung*, the organ of the moderate Agrarian Nationalists represented in the present German Government, has been following this line of thought very plainly for some time. However, it observes, the seriousness or sincerity may be judged with which Italy regards the future aims of Germany, there can be no doubt that Signor Mussolini's adoption of such a programme opens up new foreign political paths for Germany. "France, however powerful she may be, can never be indifferent whether Germany shows herself amenable to the Italian plans or not. The new Italian action comes at a suitable moment to be exploited by us in connexion with our response to the Briand memorandum, which is designed to stabilize the French hegemony for all time at our expense. We expect the Government to recognize its chance."

FIVE CARDINALS TO BE CREATED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JUNE 5

It is announced that the new Cardinals to be created at the coming Consistory will be Mgr. Francesco Marchetti-Selvaggiani, Titular Archbishop of Selencia-in-Isauria and Secretary of the Congregation *de Propaganda Fide*; Mgr. Sebastiano Leme da Silveira Cintra, Archbishop of San Sebastiano di Rio de Janeiro; Mgr. Raffaello Carlo Rossi, Titular Archbishop of Thessalonika and Assessor of the Consistorial Congregation; Mgr. Giulio Serafini, Titular Bishop of Lampsacus and Secretary of the Congregation of the Council; and Mgr. Achille Liénart, who has been Bishop of Lille since October, 1928.

MISS JOHNSON IN SYDNEY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SYDNEY, JUNE 5

Miss Johnson called on Lord Stonehaven, the Governor-General, at Admiralty House this morning. She also visited Mr. Bavin, the State Premier, at Parliament House, and met Ministers. At mid-day she attended an official reception by the Civic Commissioner, Mr. Garlick, and later was entertained at luncheon by 1,100 women of various feminine organizations. Replying to speeches of welcome, Miss Johnson said that what impressed her more than anything was the marvellous spirit of warm-heartedness and friendship in the Australian people.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES

MR. THOMAS'S NEW POST

PROMOTION FOR DR. ADDISON

The King has been graciously pleased to approve the following appointments:—

Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M.P., to be Secretary of State for the Dominions*.

Rt. Hon. Vernon Hartshorn, O.B.E., M.P., to be Lord Privy Seal *vice* Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas.

Rt. Hon. Christopher Addison, M.D., M.P., to be Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries *vice* Rt. Hon. Noel Buxton, resigned.

Earl De La Warr, to be Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture, and Deputy Minister of Fisheries, *vice* Rt. Hon. Christopher Addison.

Lord Marley, to be Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, War Office, *vice* Earl De La Warr.

Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, M.P., to be Secretary for Mines, *vice* Mr. Ben Turner, M.P., resigned.

Mr. W. Stephen Sanders, C.B.E., M.P., to be Financial Secretary to the War Office *vice* Mr. Shinwell.

* Lord Passfield remains Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Correspondence which has passed between the Prime Minister and Mr. Noel Buxton, and between the Prime Minister and Mr. Ben Turner was issued last night from 10, Downing-street.

Mr. Buxton wrote to the Prime Minister on May 30:—

You remember that I told you some time ago of the adverse medical report on my health. I am afraid that after further consultation I am unable to disregard the doctor's order to avoid the close attendance and late hours required by the House of Commons, if I wish to escape "the risk of serious trouble." I am therefore compelled most reluctantly to resign my seat at once, and to ask that the King may be pleased to release me from my present responsibilities. I need not tell you that I take this step with the deepest regret, but I fear that there is no alternative.

Mr. MacDonald replied on June 4:—

I am greatly troubled to know that your doctors have advised you that your health will not enable you to carry on the Ministry of Agriculture, nor to undertake the heavy physical strain of attending to the duties of the House of Commons. In asking his Majesty to accept your resignation I cannot forget that we owe to you the establishment of the Statutory Wage for Farm Workers, and the creation of the Marketing Division of the Ministry of Agriculture, which has laid the foundation of all the marketing schemes for home-grown produce. For these and other services agriculture is deeply indebted to you. I hope that after a little rest you may be restored to more robust health.

Mr. Turner resigned his office in the following letter to the Prime Minister, dated June 2:—

Now that the Coal Bill is practically out of the way, and after 11 months of hard, worrying work, I ask you to shortly release me from the position of Secretary for Mines. I thank you for having given me the opportunity of serving in your Government; it is an honour I fully appreciate and I deeply regret asking you to relieve me of my office. I have been well served by the principals and staff at the Mines Department, and I thank them for their help. To my successor I tender greetings and good wishes.

P.S.—I leave the date to suit your convenience, but I would like to know a few days before the change occurs.

Mr. MacDonald replied on June 3:—

I am so sorry to receive an intimation of your decision to resign from your office as Minister of Mines, and accept it with regret. The tremendous amount of work that is pressing upon us from all sides makes life very hard, and, whether we like it or not, necessitates sacrifices in certain directions, in order that we may concentrate what influence we have in the best and most effective way. I hope, although the services you have already rendered to the Labour movement have extended over a great number of years, that you will be able to continue them for a very long time yet.

TWO NEW CABINET MINISTERS

THE MINES DEPARTMENT

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

The Prime Minister has succeeded in re-forming the Ministry before going to Lossiemouth this morning for the Whitsun recess. Most of his appointments have been anticipated. Mr. Buxton disappears from the Cabinet, and Dr. Addison, as Minister of Agriculture, and Mr. Hartshorn, as Lord Privy Seal, enter it.

To Dr. Addison will fall the task of expounding the Government's agricultural policy at some future date, and to Mr. Hartshorn will fall a considerable part of the responsibility for dealing with unemployment. But Mr. Hartshorn will also be valuable to the Prime Minister in another direction, for he has a first-hand knowledge of the work of the Indian Statutory Commission, which is bound to be a matter of urgent importance in the coming months.

The Ministerial reshuffle means two changes at the War Office, since Mr. Shinwell, after all, is to go back to his old post at the Mines Department. It had been stated that Mr. Shinwell would not leave the War Office, but it is interesting to note that Mr. A. J. Cook, secretary of the Miners' Federation, announced yesterday that that body was communicating with the Prime Minister stating that the mining situation is so important that the post should be given only to a man who had a practical knowledge of mining conditions. He added that there were rumours that the Mines Department would be in charge of somebody who had not the necessary experience. Mr. Shinwell proved himself a most efficient head of the Department in the first Labour Government, and it is recognized that as a result of the reorganization of the coal industry the work of the Department will grow considerably in the immediate future. It was felt, therefore, that a Minister should be appointed who would be able to take from the shoulders of Mr. Graham, the President of the Board of Trade, a good deal of the work which he has been doing since the General Election.

The only actual newcomer to the Ministry is Mr. W. S. Sanders, who succeeds Mr. Shinwell as Financial Secretary of the War Office. He entered Parliament only at the last election, but made a reputation for himself by defeating Mr. Saklatvala in North Battersea. As yet Mr. Sanders has not taken a very active part in the work of the House of Commons, but he has had a varied experience of life. As a boy he sold newspapers in the street; then he secured an appointment under the old Lambeth Vestry, and later became secretary of the Fabian Society.

The general feeling among members of the Labour Party last night seemed to be that the shuffle left matters very much as they were, and there was a certain amount of complaint that the Prime Minister had not taken the opportunity of bringing more new blood into the Government. It is realized that unemployment will be the dominating issue for the rest of the Session, and doubts were expressed whether the Government is now any stronger than before to resist the attacks of the Opposition on this subject.

CHANNEL TUNNEL

THE GOVERNMENT'S DECISION

AN INCOME-TAX CONCESSION

WESTMINSTER, THURSDAY

The PRIME MINISTER announced to-day that the Government have decided against the construction of a Channel Tunnel, for reasons which will be published in a White Paper to-morrow. He denied that he had promised to allow a free vote of the House on the matter, although he would find time for a debate, if officially asked to do so.

MR. CHURCHILL'S pertinacity in pressing for a free vote only elicited cordial approval of the Government's decision from two colleagues, SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN and COLONEL ASHLEY, so that he did not improve the prospects even of a debate. The PRIME MINISTER further announced that he had invited Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Baldwin to join in an inter-party conference on agriculture. Mr. Lloyd George had accepted, and Mr. Baldwin had asked for some further information, which was being supplied to him.

The House was in conciliatory mood for the last day of legislation before the recess, and the Unionists pressed their attack on the proposal to alter the rebates of income-tax on life insurance premiums firmly but calmly. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS explained that the rebate had been approved by Mr. Gladstone as an encouragement to thrift. When, in 1920, some change was made, policies taken out before 1916 were exempted from the change, and the rebate on other policies was fixed at half the standard rate of income-tax. That was a virtual contract with policyholders, and Mr. Snowden, by proposing to allow less than half the standard rate, would be collecting "dirty" revenue.

MR. SNOWDEN at first maintained his ground that no policyholder with an income under £3,000 a year would actually have to pay more, and that a lower rebate was the just balance of a higher tax exemption limit. If the rebate were not lowered some people might receive back more in rebate than they paid in tax. His object was, therefore, not to penalize thrift, but to prevent an absurd anomaly. He was strongly pressed by MAJOR HILLS and MR. RUNCIMAN to consider the psychological effect upon those who insured their lives and the material effect of even an imaginary discouragement upon the revenue. Life insurance was a valuable guarantee of the payment of death duties. Assurance offices, whether proprietary or mutual, were valuable subscribers to Government loans, and of immense service in encouraging thrift. They thought the proposal would check the expansion of their activities.

MR. SNOWDEN'S CONCESSION

One of Mr. Snowden's own supporters added the plea that the tax-paying goose should be allowed to manufacture golden eggs; and SIR DENNIS HERBERT pointed out that, though life insurance had increased, it was not yet so prevalent as in some other countries. MR. SNOWDEN thereupon gave way. He explained that he did not set any store by the trifling loss to the revenue involved, and had only wished to prevent his kindness in raising the exemption limit from enabling some taxpayers to make an income out of the Treasury. He promised to see whether the Bill could be amended in this sense without charging the rebate allowed on pre-1916 policies, or the rebate of half the standard rate of income-tax allowed on other policies; and with this the House was content.

A highly technical discussion followed on the question whether repayment of over-deduction of tax from dividends should be made by companies immediately or after some delay, *e.g.*, in the next dividend payment. The Unionists held that delay would be unjust to the original shareholder who had sold his shares. The Government replied that there was no compulsion on companies to make repayment in this way, but that if they did, then more accrued dividend would be reflected in the price of the shares, if sold. The Unionists retorted that business practice was expected to put right bad legislation, and forced a division on the point.

The proposal to check evasion of tax by means of single-premium policies was agreed in principle, but the drafting of the clause was admittedly unsatisfactory, and SIR D. HERBERT moved to postpone it until Mr. Snowden had had a chance to consult the insurance offices. MR. SNOWDEN at first refused, although he himself acknowledged that he was now conducting negotiations with those offices which would result in considerable redrafting; and he paid a tribute to their cooperation in seeking to prevent abuse of genuine life insurance. But under pressure he again gracefully gave way and suggested that a few members expert in the matter might care to meet and draft an alternative clause. This conciliatory attitude quickened the progress of the debate. The next two clauses embodied minor concessions, which, although understood with difficulty, were not challenged; and the House completed its allotted task earlier than at one time seemed likely.

THE ROYAL VISIT TO CATALONIA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MADRID, JUNE 5

The Royal visit to Catalonia, which has proved so successful and was prolonged several days over the two weeks originally intended, ended last night, when the Royal family left Barcelona to the accompaniment of the cheers of a large crowd. Queen Victoria and the Royal children arrived in Madrid this morning, but King Alfonso, accompanied by General Berenguer, the Prime Minister, left the train at Saragossa last night and spent to-day there. The King visited the Church of Our Lady of the Pillar, now showing signs of decay—to remedy which it is proposed to utilize the same means as have been successful at St. Paul's, the injection of cement into the piers—and later the new Military Academy, where he presented a standard to the cadets, who took the oath of fidelity. The King and General Berenguer are due in Madrid late to-night.

THE CAMBRIDGE LIBRARY

Mr. Baldwin was installed as Chancellor of Cambridge University yesterday, and in his address he announced that the conditions attached to the munificent offer of the Rockefeller Trust to contribute £700,000 towards the provision of the new Library and other needs of the University could now be fulfilled. The Duke of Gloucester, General Dawes, Professor Einstein, and others received honorary degrees. (p. 10)

79 DEGREES

COUNTRY BATHED IN SUNSHINE

(FROM OUR WEATHER CORRESPONDENT)

The weather in England, Ireland, and South-eastern Scotland yesterday was entirely under the control of a large anticyclone centred over the Baltic. That area of high barometer extended westwards beyond Ireland in the form of a wedge. Depressions far to the north and north-west of Scotland were too distant to have more effect on Scottish weather than to cause cloudy skies locally in the north and west, with fresh to strong south-westerly winds.

Within the area of fine, quiet weather in the rest of the country sunshine was as a rule nearly continuous throughout the day, which was generally the warmest experienced so far this summer, except in those coastal districts where sea breezes had a cooling effect. The maximum temperature was only 1deg. short of 80deg. at Wallasey and Brighton. Even in the extreme North-east of England and in Eastern Scotland 77deg. was reached.

There was a general tendency for the barometer to fall over the British Isles yesterday, and for a depression over Southern France and Spain to spread north. Much of this summer's rain has come from that quarter, and a return of unsettled weather, with a tendency for thunder after another day or two of the present conditions, is not unlikely in the southern half of England. All other districts, except those in the extreme North-West, have somewhat better prospects of more prolonged fine weather. Temperature should reach high levels this afternoon nearly everywhere.

SIMON COMMISSION'S REPORT

"THE TIMES" BOOK ON INDIA

The first part of the Report of the Indian Statutory Commission will be made public on Tuesday, and a certain number of copies of *The Times Book of India* are still available for those who wish to furnish themselves with the necessary background for an intelligent study of the Report itself.

The survey of India and Indian life made in *The Times* book is the work of a large number of eminent authorities. In Part I., "The Past and the Future," Lord Zetland writes a masterly sketch of British administration during the last 150 years, and there are chapters on the origin and task of the Statutory Commission and the work of the Indian States Committee, of which Sir Harcourt Butler was the chairman. Part II. deals with the structure of Indian Government and the complicated land revenue system; Part III. with the Indian Army, the Royal Indian Marine, and the Royal Air Force; Part IV. with the administrative services; Part V. with the peoples and religions, and includes articles by the late Sir Valentine Chirol and Sir William Marris; Part VI. is geographical and descriptive, and contains an inset map; Part VII. deals with monuments; Part VIII. with railways and roads; Part IX. contains contributions by Lord Inchcape and Sir Philip Sassoon; Part X. deals with trade and industry; and Part XI. with sport.

The book is fully illustrated. The price is 7s. 6d., postage inland 9d., abroad 1s. Orders may be sent to the Publisher, *The Times*, Printing House-square, or to any bookseller or newsagent.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL

REOPENING SERVICE TO BE BROADCAST

Permission to broadcast the service at the reopening of St. Paul's Cathedral on Wednesday, June 25, has been granted to the B.B.C. by the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's. The service, at which the King will be present, will begin at noon, and the broadcast, which will last for about 40 minutes, will be the first that has ever been given from St. Paul's.

As broadcasting from the Cathedral presents many difficulties, extensive tests have been undertaken by B.B.C. engineers during the last week, and they are now satisfied that these can be overcome with satisfactory results. It has not yet been decided, however, which stations will relay the service.

THE YOUNG PLAN LOAN

FURTHER DELAY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JUNE 5

It was found to-day that the Drafting Committee of Bankers who are preparing for the issue of the loan under the Young Plan had not yet been able to complete their task to the satisfaction of all concerned. Consequently the proposal that the agreements should be signed on Saturday was abandoned, and a plenary meeting of the conference was fixed for next Tuesday, June 10. In the meantime texts of the individual agreements are being drawn up in the languages of all the countries of issue.

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS

SIR WALTER NICHOLSON'S APPOINTMENT

Lord Thomson, the Secretary of State for Air, has nominated Sir Walter Nicholson, who has now completed 10 years' service as Secretary of the Air Ministry, to be a Government Director on the Board of Imperial Airways, Limited, in succession to Sir Herbert Hambling. Sir Walter Nicholson's appointment to his new post will take effect in the autumn.

Sir Herbert Hambling has rendered valuable service to the development of British civil aviation for some years past. He has been one of the Government representatives since Imperial Airways was first constituted in 1924. He was also chairman of the Committee which investigated the question of Government Financial Assistance to Civil Air Transport Companies in 1923, and whose report, as subsequently presented to Parliament, laid down the basis of our present air transport organization.

NORFOLK HOUSE

The Duke of Norfolk yesterday postponed the auction of Norfolk House until July 22. The sole agents are Messrs. Hampton and Sons. The auction was originally fixed for July 8, but it is understood that certain "prospective purchasers must take time in perfecting a scheme for dealing with a property of such magnitude."

THE DEVONSHIRE CLUB

We understand that the proposal of the Committee of the Devonshire Club to accept an offer of £275,000 for the premises was discussed at a meeting of the members yesterday, and that it was decided to postpone further consideration of the matter for six weeks.

THE WAR IN CHINA

SEVERE FIGHTING

NORTHERN FORCES IN SHANTUNG

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PEKING, JUNE 5

With secondary operations proceeding in Shantung, Hunan and Hupeh, the main theatre of war in China continues to be the Lunghai Railway, where the recent fighting appears to have been unusually severe, though indecisive.

Kuominchun officers returning here from the front admit that the casualties on both sides are about equal and that the Nanking Army fought with the utmost bravery.

Shansi troops have now occupied all Shantung north of the Yellow River and are expected within a few days to march into Tsinanfu, the capital of the Province, where the Japanese residents, remembering the 1928 disorders, are arranging to concentrate in the foreign settlement.

BRITISH MISSIONARY MURDERED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, JUNE 5

Another British missionary has been murdered at Chengtu, the capital of Szechwan, in Western China. Dr. Clifford Stubbs, a native of Newcastle-on-Tyne, and a member of the Society of Friends Mission, was murdered last Friday while riding in a rickshaw. The murderer, who is believed to be a Communist, came up behind and stabbed Dr. Stubbs in the back. Dr. Stubbs died on Sunday. No further details are yet available.

** An obituary notice appears on page 18.

THE "RED ARMY" IN CHINA

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT)

In an article on the "First Congress of Soviets in China," which was due to open on May 31, the *Pravda* sketches the progress of the "Red Revolution" in China and gives a survey of the military and political situation in Chinese "Sovietdom."

It says that the guerrilla war in its present stage "is acquiring more grandiose proportions and enrolling the millions strong peasant masses into the struggle, which becomes one of the chief factors of the new revolutionary phase in China."

In 162 districts out of 773 in 10 provinces, it asserts, "Red" peasant detachments are operating, and 127 districts are held by the 13 corps of the "Red Army." The 1st Corps, numbering 4,000 men with 2,500 bayonets, is distributed among the provinces of Hupei, Anhwei, and Honan. The 2nd Corps, whose discipline is weak, has 4,000 fighting men and 1,560 bayonets, and operates mainly in Hupei. The 3rd Corps is located in Southern Kiangsi; its 9,400 fighting men and 6,500 bayonets are mainly recruited from peasants. The 4th Corps, considered as the crack of the lot, is composed of peasant "self-defence" detachments from Hunan and workers and miners. Some of the workers had already taken part in the civil war. This corps is used as a "flying squad." The 5th and 6th Corps operate in Hupeh; the latter consists exclusively of peasants. The 7th Corps operates in Kwangsi; its 7,500 fighting men are peasants and deserters from the "militarist" armies. The 8th Corps, which is located in Hunan, numbers 2,000 fighting men from the regular armies. The 9th Corps of 3,000 men, mainly peasants, is in Kwantung. The 10th Corps of 8,000 men is in Fukien. The 11th Corps of 3,000 ex-soldiers is in Hunan. The 12th and 13th Corps are in Hunan and Fukien. The total strength of the Chinese "Red Army" is estimated at 62,400 fighting men, about 39,770 bayonets, and considerable reinforcements of guerrilla detachments, Red Guards, Young Guards, and other armed peasant organizations.

RECONSTRUCTION OF THE MANSION HOUSE

At a meeting of the City of London Corporation at Guildhall yesterday the General Purposes Committee were directed to prepare and submit a comprehensive scheme for the reconstruction of the interior of the Mansion House.

The ratepayers of the City of London are being called upon by the London County Council to provide £1,410,227 as the City's contribution for general county purposes for the half-year ending September 30 next in six instalments.

The Corporation have subscribed £250 to the fund now being raised by General Lord Baden-Powell for building and equipping headquarters for the Girl Guides.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 14)

OPERA

Covent Garden	OTELLO	8
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE BEGGAR'S OPERA	8.15

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	2.30 & 8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	2.30 & 8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	2.30 & 8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duchess	THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS	8.30
Embassy	THE MERCHANT OF VENICE	8.15
Everyman	THE BLUE COAST	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	HAMLET	8.30
Grafton	THE SEARCHER	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Kingsway	LIBERTY HALL	8.15
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	8.15
New	THE LAST CHAPTER	8.30
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.30
Prince of Wales	JOURNEY'S END	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Queen's	HAMLET	8.15
St. James's	MICHAEL & MARY	8.30
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Strand	MOLOCH	8.30
Vaudeville	DOWN OUR STREET	8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Collseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre	3 & 8
Palladium	6.30 & 9

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Olympia	ROYAL TOURNAMENT 2.30 & 8
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	THE PAINTED ANGEL	1 to 11
Astoria	NEW YORK NIGHTS	1 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	ROOKERY NOOK	2 to 11
Capitol	LADIES OF LEISURE

THE TIMES

FRIDAY, JUNE 6, 1930

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Light or moderate easterly breeze ; fine ; warm.

Further Outlook.—Mainly fair and warm but perhaps a tendency for thunder. (p. 18)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The Prince of Wales unveiled in Grosvenor-gardens, Victoria, yesterday a statue erected to the memory of Marshal Foch. (p. 13)

The Wolfe statue in Greenwich Park, given by Canada to Britain, was unveiled yesterday by the Marquis de Montcalm. (p. 11)

The boycott of graded beef at Birmingham was considered at the annual meeting yesterday of the Birmingham and Midland Chamber of Agriculture, which passed a resolution commending the action taken by the Ministry of Agriculture and offering the Ministry the support of the Chamber. (p. 13)

The Imperial Press Conference was yesterday addressed by the Postmaster-General and Sir Basil Blackett, chairman of Imperial and International Communications, Limited. (p. 11)

At the Congress of the Royal Institute of Public Health, at Portsmouth yesterday, Sir Henry Gauvain spoke on "Sun Treatment in England" in the tuberculosis section. (p. 13)

Mr. J. G. Bohannan, chairman of the delegation from the Virginia State Chamber of Commerce, gave an American view of British salesmanship at a luncheon in London yesterday. (p. 10)

Mr. Graham, President of the Board of Trade, in a letter to Mr. Colton, secretary of the British Lace Operatives Federation, states that the Government cannot accede to the request for an inquiry into the condition of the industry before the lapse of the safeguarding duties. (p. 18)

Representatives of Liverpool, Manchester, and Birmingham met in Liverpool yesterday to discuss a proposal for an experimental air service to link these three cities with London, and through London with Continental centres. (p. 13)

The R.A.F. Rifle Championship was won at Bisley yesterday by Corporal C. Willott, of Eastchurch, with a record score of 340 points. (p. 13)

POLITICS

A number of Ministerial changes are announced. Mr. Hartshorn becomes Lord Privy Seal in place of Mr. Thomas, now Secretary of State for the Dominions, and Dr. Addison is Minister of Agriculture. (p. 16)

The Finance Bill was further considered in Committee in the House of Commons yesterday. (p. 9)

The Prime Minister announced in the House of Commons yesterday that the decision of the Government is against the construction of a Channel Tunnel. A White Paper is to be issued on the subject. (p. 9)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The King and Queen left Buckingham Palace yesterday for Sandringham. (p. 19)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

A force of Afridis, the strength of which is variously estimated at from 7,000 to 14,000, has been scattered by British and Indian troops after a detachment had penetrated to the outskirts of Peshawar City. Our Special Correspondent describes the military operations to deal with the raiders, and says the Afridis fought with the traditional fierceness of the Frontier. (p. 16)

The main theatre of war in China continues to be the Lunghai Railway, where the recent fighting appears to have been severe. Japanese residents in Tsinanfu, the capital of Shantung, which is threatened by Shansi troops, are concentrating in the foreign settlement. (p. 16)

The Soviet Government has announced that the concessionnaires of the Lena Goldfields have forfeited their concession, but it is not clear whether the Government has yet appropriated the property of the concessionnaires. (p. 15)

Our Paris Correspondent states that negotiations conducted by Great Britain, France, and Italy on Franco-Italian questions were actually in progress when Signor Mussolini made his provocative speech which caused their immediate suspension. (p. 16)

In advance of the expedition of British experts who are leaving in July to survey the Greenland ice cap, with the view of establishing an air route to Canada, a party has been at work on the west coast of Greenland collecting dogs for sledge work. (p. 15)

SPORT

The Coronation Cup was won at Epsom yesterday by Mr. W. M. G. Singer's Plantago, with Palais Royal II. second and Athford third. (p. 6)

At the close of play in the match between Middlesex and the Australians at Lord's yesterday, Middlesex, with five wickets down in their second innings, were eight runs behind. (p. 7)

The Irish Open Golf Championship was continued at Royal Portrush yesterday; St. George's Hill won the Surrey Club Championship at West Hill. (p. 6)

Great Britain meet Australia in the Davis Cup competition at Eastbourne to-day, and the University match will be begun. (p. 8)

LAW

Summary of Law Cases will be found on page 5.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on :—The Reparation Bond Issue ; Results of Recent Issues ; Bleachers' Final Dividend ; A Bank's Trade Review ; Reduced Biscuit Distribution ; A Trust Company's Progress ; Karrier Motors' Balance-Sheet ; and Criticisms of Marine Underwriting. (p. 23)

In the Money Market loan rates were slightly easier. Discount rates were inclined to weaken. Foreign Exchanges showed narrow movements. The Paris and Swiss rates were lower, but the Milan rate advanced. Peruvian and Argentine currencies were cheaper. A recovery occurred in the Eastern silver exchanges, and silver rose 15-16d. to 16¼d. per oz. (p. 23)

The Stock Markets were idle and dull yesterday. Dealings began in the new Port of London and Johannesburg loans, both of which rose to a premium. British Funds were lower. In the Foreign Railway market Leopoldina was firm. Rubber and Tea shares declined, the price of rubber falling further. In the Miscellaneous market the principal features were a rally in Cables and Wireless stocks and a further fall in Royal Mail. (p. 23)

BRITAIN'S MINING INTERESTS

Almost the last words have been spoken on the Coal Mines Bill, and the measure may now be expected to reach the Statute-book in substantially the form in which it first left the House of Commons. The Government and their supporters have shown no discernment of the differing merits of the amendments put forward by the House of Lords, who are probably not disposed to quarrel over them. All that touched the Bill in a material degree have been treated as equally obnoxious. Events will decide in due time whether wisdom and foresight have guided the Government's decisions; and some of those events may not be long in taking shape. The Government's decisions have at all events been made with deliberation, although subject at times, it appeared, to constraint from the Miners' Federation. Moreover second thoughts on some of the provisions of the Bill, which are charged with risks both to the prosperity and peace of the industry, were assured by amendments which the House of Lords introduced. Responsibility now rests wholly with the Government. Their curiously compounded Bill, entirely wanting in originality—for its various ingredients were supplied by the Miners' Federation, the Mining Association, and the Liberal Party—becomes theirs alone by reason of this political blending. Theirs it will remain. Well-intentioned amendments have been rejected and warnings set aside. How narrow was the range of liberty allowed to the Government by the Miners' Federation was shown in the last debate. In language that had almost the ring of an ultimatum MR. HARTSHORN announced that the miners would prefer the rejection of the Bill to the inclusion in it of a clause permitting of the calculation of working time by the week instead of by the day. The arrangement known as the "spread-over" would allow of the forty-five working hours of the week—the equivalent of seven and a half hours a day for six days—being distributed in such a way as to give a half holiday each Saturday or a whole day's holiday in alternate weeks. It was, of course, an arrangement suggested by those responsible for the management of the mines, and was the outcome of concern for the finances of an industry called upon to bear the cost of a reduction of hours of work and of output which it cannot afford. Liberty to continue working an eight-hour day on five days of the week would ease the position and go far to make possible the maintenance of the present wage rates. The decision of the miners, and the consequential decision of the Government, is that the duration of the day's work must be strictly and uniformly limited to seven and a half hours. Neither the miners' leaders nor the Government have frankly faced the liability of the men in some areas to wage reductions.

Notwithstanding its imperfections, the Bill will provide the mining industry with the means of carrying out certain essential reorganization. It will make possible the scientific control of output and of marketing and will give an incentive to a merging of undertakings and a concentration of production that should conduce to greater efficiency. In the end good may come of the ill-advised pledge to the miners to reduce their hours of work. To make fulfilment of the pledge possible the Government have had to confer on the colliery owners these large powers of self-adaptation to the needs of the time. There has been a sufficient trial of marketing schemes on a voluntary basis to prove the capacity of the mineowners to make them a great success. The owners will not hesitate to go forward hopefully, notwithstanding the handicap of shorter hours with which they have started. Indeed if that were all, and if the industry knew certainly that it could count on an assured period of immunity from further political disturbance of its affairs, there might even be cheerfulness as well as hope. Unfortunately the question of the hours of work is settled for only a short time. The Bill will become law towards the end of this month and four months later—at the end of October, that is—the reduction of hours will take effect. Trade will have to undergo an altogether unexpected improvement if the transition is to be made without difficulty in such an exporting area as South Wales, for example; and, if trading conditions abroad should unhappily become adverse, then the difficulties will be acute. Another time of anxiety looms only a short way ahead. The alteration of hours of work to be made by the Bill is only temporary. After eight months of working a seven and a half-hour day the industry will be obliged, as the law now stands, to revert to a seven-hour day. If it be difficult and costly to reduce working time by the first half-hour it will be still more difficult and costly to make the second reduction, and unless there is to be a simultaneous reduction of hours in the coalfields of other countries the British industry will be placed at a serious disadvantage. Nor would an international arrangement on hours alone—which is the most that can be expected—equalize matters, inasmuch as the higher level of wages in this country makes a reduction of working time more expensive.

It is therefore a reasonable and indeed a minimum requirement that any further reduction of hours in British mines should be contingent upon a reduction to a similar extent in the Continental coalfields. International arrangements must work equitably. Much consideration has been given this year to the possibility of framing an international Convention, and next week the International Labour Conference will have a draft convention under discussion. A necessary condition of this country's adherence to any such arrangement must be a recognition of the British method of calculating hours of work. There are different methods elsewhere adapted to different conditions. Here the results desired are limitation of the hours of work and uniformity of working time in all mines. Our law therefore lays down the interval that may elapse between the last man's descent of the mine and the first man's return to the surface. The allowance of time for the lowering and raising of the shift is separately determined for each mine. The convention drawn up at Geneva would sanction this arrangement as a temporary expedient, but would make the standard practice the calculation of working time "bank to bank." The Miners' International Federation and the British Miners' Federation have disapproved of tolerance of the British method and have declared for a "bank to bank" calculation. In some quarters it has been represented that the continuance of the British practice is required by the equipment of the older mines. That is not the whole truth. The large and new pits in South Yorkshire, Derby, and Nottinghamshire, because they are deep and because they employ a large number of men, take the longest time to lower and raise the shift. British practice is not a concession to inefficiency, but a method—and the only possible method—of ensuring the same working time in all mines. It could not be abolished without doing immense injury and injustice to British interests.

Field-Marshal Foch

Let us be privileged this once to call one of the greatest soldiers in history by the English title—FIELD-MARSHAL FOCH—which became his on that day in 1919 when he took the bâton from the hand of the KING. FOCH was a Frenchman of the French. His practice, it has been said, like his teaching, was a model from the classic mould of the Latin mind. He was a Gascon, too. "Mon centre cède et ma droite recule. Tout va bien. J'attaque." It is one of the great sayings of all time: moreover it was sound military science. But seeing that it came from the most modest and simple of men, there is no forgetting the sort of tale which the French like to tell about their Gascons, and no failing to catch the Gascon ring in it. FOCH was as French as could be ; and to the French qualities in him—the logic, the fervour, the confidence—the final victory of the Allies owed more than can ever be reckoned. After the victory was won, as the PRINCE of WALES reminded his hearers yesterday, FOCH said that he had fought for England as if she had been his own country. By his love and service he had made her his own country. When he died, it was truly said that here he was mourned as a national hero. Times must change indeed before England will give up a jot of her share in the great commander, great gentleman and great man, whose appointment to the supreme command over the Allied armies in France was chiefly due to a British statesman and to the British Commander-in-Chief.

The streets of London have seen MARSHAL FOCH walking about and smoking his pipe as if he were no one in particular. They have seen him—and shouted their welcome to him—on great occasions in full dress. But he is best known, from innumerable pictures and films, just as he sits there, in service dress, in the life-like statue by M. MALISSARD. Close to Victoria Station, the statue of the great Frenchman will be one of the first things to be seen by our French visitors when they arrive in London. But that is not the only element of fitness in the site given by the DUKE of WESTMINSTER. More than any other of the London railway stations Victoria seemed to be the link between home and the front. Few there are with no poignant memories, glad or sorry, of Victoria in War-time. And now there is new cause for associating those memories with the man who in the darkest hour came to stand as the symbol of the unity in which lay the only hope, the man of genius who could inspire all with his own conviction of the power of the spirit and the right. In days when the War is being written down as a mere mess of dirt and vice, it will be no bad thing to go and look with reverence at the poised, alert figure of the quiet, simple gentleman, our captain and our friend.

An Italian Offer

It is good news that France and Italy are still seeking to compose the differences which prevented the recent Naval Conference from reaching a complete agreement embracing all five Powers. In order to clear the atmosphere Italy has proposed that, so long as the negotiations are in progress, both countries should suspend construction on the programme of the current year. The French Government, it is reported, while welcoming the suggestion in principle, does not consider that such delicate questions can be discussed with any hope of success in the atmosphere created by the recent speeches of SIGNOR MUSSOLINI, and does not therefore intend to make any immediate reply to SIGNOR GRANDI'S proposal. In the same message, however, the hope is expressed that negotiations may soon be resumed and carried to a successful conclusion. Outside observers are only concerned that the two countries should come to a mutually satisfactory agreement eliminating the causes of friction between them and putting an end to the competition in naval construction, which is both a result of that friction and one of its contributing causes. They recognize of course the difficulty which Italy feels in accepting, even implicitly, a position of inferiority to France, and the repugnance which France feels to accepting the principle of equality. But SIGNOR GRANDI'S proposal, unless there are conditions to it which have not yet been made public, seems a common-sense method of securing that this, as well as other questions which are now embittering the relations of the two great Mediterranean Powers, should be discussed in a calmer and more friendly spirit.

In the French Press the objection has been raised that France cannot delay indefinitely the renewal of what—surely with excessive modesty—are described as her obsolete naval armaments. But, with some justice, SIGNOR GRANDI had already pointed out that, as the Italian Fleet is at present much smaller than the French, the suspension by both countries of their 1930 programmes, regarded as equivalent one to the other, would be more to the advantage of France than of Italy. If no agreement is reached, the Italian intention is, as has been made clear, to frame her programme in accordance with that of France, building ship for ship and gun for gun, with France equally determined to set a pace which her rival would be financially unable to maintain. A competition conducted along these lines and in this spirit would have disastrous results, not only on Franco-Italian relations, but for the whole cause of peace and disarmament in Europe; and there seems to be plain common sense in the suggestion that, while talking over the points left unsettled in London, both countries should preserve the *status quo* by a holiday from new construction.

No Channel Tunnel

There will be no surprise at the announcement made yesterday by the PRIME MINISTER that the decision of the Government is against the Channel Tunnel. After the publication of the recent report it was generally expected that the project would be dropped ; but a statement of the reasons on which the decision is based has been prepared and, it is hoped, may be circulated to members to-day. The Government are well aware, said the PRIME MINISTER yesterday, that on the subject of the Tunnel a division runs through at any rate two of the parties in the House, and possibly also through the third. They are quite willing, therefore, to make the necessary arrangements for a debate, but they are naturally not prepared to arrange that, if the question is put to the House, it should be in the nature of a vote of censure on themselves. MR. CHURCHILL seems anxious that the great volume of opinion which has gathered on either side of the question over so many years should find decisive expression one way or the other in Parliament. This, if it is the wish of the House, can be done quite well in the debate for which the PRIME MINISTER is ready to give facilities. But for any more drastic procedure there can be no sort of valid reason. It was the duty of the Government to come to a decision "one way or "the other," and that duty they have fulfilled.

Since the report of the Channel Tunnel Committee was issued the scheme has been referred to the Committee of Imperial Defence, and it may be assumed, without waiting for the publication of the White Paper, that their opinion is antagonistic. But, except by way of confirmation, the possible military and political objections may almost be regarded as superfluous. It is the economic aspect of the scheme that really matters. On that it must ultimately stand or fall. It is true that the report of the Committee appointed to consider it from this point of view was mildly favourable, but their approval was so lukewarm and so hesitating that they virtually damned the project by the faintness of their praise. On the other hand it was precisely on economic grounds that LORD EBBISHAM dissented from the halting conclusions of his four colleagues and based his opposition to the scheme. Its advantages he declared to be uncertain, and at best slight, while the harm that it would do to such industries as shipping and agriculture would be certain and serious. Except on quite general grounds the plan has been supported by only one Chamber of Commerce, while others are definitely hostile, and no trade has expressed any active desire for it. But, even without all this positive objection and lack of enthusiastic approval, the whole tendency of the report is to show that the construction of the Tunnel would be a leap in the dark. It would be a risky and costly experiment, to which the instincts of the country are to-day, as they always have been, opposed, and there is no question that the Government have decided against it in accordance with the wishes and the interests of the great majority of the population.

Fortuna Cantabrigiensis

MR. BALDWIN received from his old University yesterday the highest honour which is in its gift to bestow when he was installed as Chancellor of Cambridge. The choice of a successor to LORD BALFOUR did not prove difficult in the circumstances. A Chancellor must be gifted with the knowledge and experience for which the larger questions of policy call ; a man of affairs, he must have the ability and the means to plead in high places his University's cause. Its official host, his eloquence is taken for granted, though none but a pedant would lift a brow if his Latinity now and again were silver rather than gold, and his quantities more disputable than his qualities. A combination of such virtues is found more often in the statesman than in the followers of other professions, however eminent, and it has been the custom to seek and the good fortune of the Universities to find their Chancellors in the higher ranks of politics and public life. Of MR. BALDWIN'S claims on all these scores there could be no doubt. Cambridge may rest assured with such a counsellor and friend, and will look forward to hearing from time to time those happy literary confessions which, springing from a sincere and personal love of scholarship and beauty for their own sakes, have illumined so many of MR. BALDWIN'S utterances.

The installation of a new Chancellor is happily rare enough to be a red letter day in a University's calendar; but something more contributed to make yesterday the greatest event in Cambridge for many a generation. MR. BALDWIN'S first act was to announce that, far sooner than the most optimistic can have hoped, Cambridge has realized a great ambition and completed the first stage of a great scheme. For many years the University has set its heart on a new Library, and at last, in 1927, it decided that the project could no longer be delayed. With real courage the University set aside £250,000 for half its new building, trusting that by some means or other the remaining half would be found. Its trust has not been in vain. From the beginning LORD BALFOUR threw himself wholeheartedly into the scheme; a letter to MR. J. D. ROCKEFELLER secured the interest of the International Education Board, and towards the end of 1928 a generous offer was made. Apart from the Library, the University urgently needed a handsome endowment for those scientific studies, particularly physiology and biology, which are the foundation of the health and development of the Empire's industries, and, through them, of the welfare of the world at large. If Cambridge were willing to treat science and the library as one scheme, and if it could raise within three years enough to complete the total of £1,179,000, the Rockefeller Trustees were ready to contribute £700,000. The offer was an unprecedented compliment to Cambridge and to England, and a great act of faith in their future. In less than half the stipulated time the money has been raised, and Cambridge can claim the promised gift. To all, within and without the University, who have brought the dream to fulfilment Cambridge men will return their heartfelt thanks—and will not forget to add a hope that other places, according to their needs, will meet with equal good fortune.

NATIONAL MARK BEEF

THE BIRMINGHAM BOYCOTT

VIEWS OF FARMERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The leading article on National Mark beef in your issue to-day, and the contribution from your Birmingham Correspondent, give so clear and impartial an analysis of the situation that further comment would be unnecessary but for the fact that the Retailers' Association is said to assert that the National Mark scheme is not in the interests of the beef producer. We agriculturists do not venture to express an opinion as to what may be good or desirable in the interests of the retail meat trade. We are, however, entitled to speak for ourselves when it comes to the question whether the scheme is of value to the farmers of this country. It is common knowledge that the home beef producer has been handicapped in marketing his livestock in the past by the fact that he has had no means of carrying through to the consuming public a guarantee of its origin and quality. The Ministry of Agriculture has found a method which removes this handicap, and every practical agriculturist is satisfied that the Department in this matter is rendering invaluable service to the home farmer, as well as opening the way to constructive reform in the field of livestock marketing.

Finally, as every one knows who has followed closely the course of events, the suggestion that there has been any high-handed action on the part of the Ministry of Agriculture in imposing its policy on the trade is entirely without foundation. The policy is a voluntary one. There has been no attempt to impose it on anybody. All that the Department has done is to show determination in the face of the most persistent and discouraging opposition, both open and concealed, and—from the standpoint of the consumer as well as of the producer—this determination should surely be counted unto it for righteousness.

It would be deplorable if the hostility of the Birmingham meat retailers, and the consequent withdrawal of the local dealers, should be allowed to thwart a scheme which has been welcomed both by the purchasing public and by practically every organization which is entitled to speak for British agriculture. It is to be hoped that the pressure of public opinion will induce both retailers and dealers to change their attitude.

You, Sir, have given most valuable support to the National Mark beef scheme. May I express the hope that you will continue to use your great influence upon public opinion to remove the Birmingham obstacle from the path of its success ?

Yours faithfully,
GEORGE L. COURTHOPE,
President, Central Landowners' Association.

House of Commons, June 5.

THE TRUE INDIA

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The subjoined is an extract from a letter just received from a friend in India whose duties and pleasures have involved constant touring throughout the Punjab for the past 30 years. It throws a striking light on the hollowness of the Congress's claim to "represent the people of India."

I am, &c.,
C. A. SILBERRAD, I.C.S. (retd.).

Forest Side, Epping, Essex, June 3.

"Our zamindars are wide awake to the trouble and are taking no part as far as I can see. Last month, while motoring down a canal bank I had a puncture and some of the villagers (Jats) gathered round. I jokingly asked them why they were not making salt. One old man turned quite serious, and asked me what all this rubbish about salt was, and why Government permitted it. I asked if he agreed with the Congresswalas, and did not think the Satanic Government was simply here to rob the country and make slaves of the inhabitants, &c. His reply was very much to the point:—'Sahib, do you see this crop, the finest we have had for years ? Do you see this canal ? I was here before that came into being, and I remember more than once when our people lay starving under these trees because of famine. I can also remember when cholera swept over the land and took half the village, and when rats began to die we left our villages and ran. Now the canal has done away with famines, and when there is cholera or plague the servants of the Sirkar come and inoculate us, and there is a dispensary in every zail (sub-division), and even veterinary hospitals all over the place to look after even a dog. There are good roads and railways to take our grain to the best market. Did the Congress do all this or the Sirkar ? I cannot answer for other people or villages, but I can tell you this much, that we have made arrangements for the reception of the Congress preachers if they come near us, and, Sahib, they will never come again !'

"I was surprised at the earnestness of the old man, and two young educated Sikhs who stood alongside were almost as vehement. The difference is that these people have a definite stake in the country and realize only too well what chaos would mean to them."

DUTIES BEFORE RIGHTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Uneasiness as to the present condition and future prospects of this country is great and increasing. We speculate somewhat despondently as to the cause of the condition and the possibility of recovery.

During a recent visit to France I was impressed by the facts that the country has no unemployment and that taxation is falling. There may be several explanations for the happier condition of France : but I was much struck by an inscription which I saw, engraved over the entrance to La Mairie de Neuilly :—"Des Devoirs—Des Droits." It is not so much the words themselves as the order in which they are placed to which I would draw attention. First, duty to the nation : and then, such rights as the performance of that duty has merited.

If France has engraved this principle not only on the stone of her public buildings but also on the minds of her citizens, is it not at the same time a possible explanation of her better condition and an example to ourselves ? Is it too much to hope that our politicians and the majority of our electorate may one day see the life of the nation in that light ? If so, there is ground for hope.

Yours faithfully,
L. T. HARRIS, I.C.S., Retired.

Faircross, Weymouth, June 4.

GRADIENTS OF NEW ROADS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The letter of Mr. Percy Hurd in your issue of to-day calls attention to "the appalling extravagance" contemplated by the Wilts County Council in turning the Bath road through their county into a motor track by unnecessary widening and straightening.

There is another way in which much money is spent unnecessarily—namely, in carrying out the idea that the gradients on the road must be the gradients of a railway, that is to say, the gradient from the bottom of a hill to the top of it must be a regular one, without undulations. To carry out this principle, as we have recently seen in the Barnet and Watford by-pass road out of London to the north, entails, in many places, a large outlay in cutting and embanking. For railways this is certainly necessary; but the steam locomotive and the motor vehicle are entirely different machines, and are doing different work. The locomotive has one gear only, has a load of 300 to 400 tons behind it, and has none of the flexibility of the internal combustion engine. It cannot respond to a sudden increase of gradient, and, therefore, regularity of slope is essential. The internal-combustion engine is quite different ; it responds immediately to an increased supply of fuel, and its three or four gears give it the capacity of negotiating a very great range of gradients.

If our road-builders have been looking ahead to a time when motor vehicles will be allowed to draw two or three trailers behind them, they have contemplated a state of things which, it is to be hoped, will never be allowed; for our roads are already being knocked to pieces by heavy loads which they are not able to carry and for which the railways are particularly designed.

Your obedient servant,
Hendon, June 3. H. T. WHITE.

THE GLADSTONE PAPERS

VI.—A GROUP OF FRIENDS

TENNYSON'S HAT

The extracts from the Gladstone papers in the present article give an idea of the wealth of personal detail that will be found in the collection when, in due course, it becomes accessible to the public in the British Museum.

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Much of the Tennyson correspondence in the Muniment Room at Hawarden has already appeared in print, including the well-known lines beginning "Steersman, be not precipitate in thine act," written at the time of the Franchise Bill in 1884. Mr. Gladstone, in acknowledging them, said he "felt it a great honour to be made the subject of a verse." In the year following the poet sent "With our love" his latest work "Vastness," to which he added the following couplet, not in the published version :—

Splendour of birthday, hope at sunrise, gloom of funeral, life at the close ;
Pleasure who flaunts on her wide down-way with her proffer'd gift of a thornless rose.

And to the line beginning "Lies upon this side, lies upon that side," he appended a note :—"This, of course, does not refer to the sane statesman—only to the unscrupulous politicians." In one of his letters Tennyson tells a story with a moral :—

I heard of an old lady the other day, to whom all the great men of her time had written. When Froude's "Carlyle" came out, she rushed up to her room and to an old chest there wherein she kept their letters, and she flung them into the fire. "They were written to *me*," she said, "not to the public !" and she set her chimney on fire, and her children and grandchildren ran in : "The chimney's on fire." "Never mind," she said, and went on burning. I should like to raise an altar to that old lady and burn incense upon it.

Writing to Mr. Gladstone on the occasion of Tennyson's death, his son recounted that some of his father's last words to him were :—"Have I not been with Gladstone in the garden this morning and showing him my trees ?" Mr. Gladstone replied :—

My telegram was necessarily brief, but the fact is that at this moment I am laden with very large duties beyond the heavy correspondence regularly entailed by my office.

I am bound by an old engagement to finish the preparation of a lecture on a wide subject in the Sheldonian Theatre at Oxford ; and this raises, for the present, my daily work to a point so high that it will bear no postponement and no withdrawal.

I was deeply touched by your father's unmerited recollection of me in the extremity of the last conflict. He and I had both lived into great loneliness after beginning in the midst of large bands of friends. Let me cite his own words :—

In the great Cathedral leave him,
God accept him, Christ receive him.

In connexion with the Tennyson peerage, there is a memorandum by Sir Arthur Gordon (Lord Stanmore), on whose authority it must rest :—

One morning during our cruise in the Pembroke Castle when some of us were sitting at the breakfast table after the meal was over and Mr. Gladstone had left the Saloon, Mr. Tennyson told us of the proposals which had been made to him at various times to accept a Baronetcy, which he had refused. He concluded by saying that were the offer again made, and made by Mr. Gladstone, he should return a different answer.

I thought it right to let Mr. Gladstone know this. He at once said that he would willingly offer a Baronetcy to Mr. Tennyson if he knew that the offer would not be rejected as it had been on previous occasions. I then asked him whether he did not think he might go a step further and offer Mr. Tennyson a peerage. His first answer was characteristic : "Ah ! Could I be accessory to introducing *that hat* into the House of Lords ?" He thought the matter over, and the following day told me that he had made up his mind to make the offer, subject to certain information which he required.

CARDINAL MANNING

Shortly after Manning's secession to the Church of Rome he and Mr. Gladstone returned each other the correspondence which, up to that time, had passed between them. "Ah, that correspondence !" wrote Mr. Gladstone in later life. "When he seceded he astutely proposed, and I like a donkey accepted, an exchange of letters." A further reference to their letters was made in 1887, when the Cardinal wrote :—

Mr. Purcell's entreaties about the letters made me spend some hours to-day in going over my share in them. They are far too personal and too intimate to be published while you and I are "inter vivos." The reading of them has been like returning to an extinct world. If they are ever published they will not lower either of us and they tell a continuous history. There is one of them which I will copy and send to you, for it seems as if I had a spark of second sight, and foresaw your present lot.

And now as I made the first proposal to exchange hostages, I will make another : I should much like to have your letters copied, and arranged with mine, which are now only partially intelligible for want of the indenture. If you would entrust them to me I will faithfully return them. Since our letters at the beginning of last year, we have been silent, but I have carefully followed what you have said and done.

I was under the Gallery when you brought in your Bill for Home Rule. But I have not been willing to trouble you by writing. I am full of hope for Ireland and the people of England are beginning to understand and to sympathize with the people of Ireland for the first time.

It was for long the rule in Italian schools, and indeed the practice may still obtain, to impress on children the names of Cavour, Garibaldi, and Gladstone as those to whom Italy owed a debt. In 1888 Mr. Gladstone made his last visit to Italy, where he was received with extraordinary enthusiasm. To this and other matters J. Temple Leader refers in the following letter :—

My belief is that most Italians look upon you in company with Victor Emmanuel, Cavour and Garibaldi, as one of the great founders of Italian independence and unity. I am perfectly delighted by your graphic description of your triumphal reception by la bella Napoli. It recalls to my memory the joy of arriving at Naples late on the 4th of Dec., 1843, a calm, balmy moonlight night—the festival of Santa Barbara—the streets full of a joyous, dancing, singing, shouting crowd, with illuminations, military bands, and firing of guns—Sta. Barbara being the patronal saint of Artillery men. All the windows of our apartment on the Chiaja overlooking the sea were wide open. I shall never forget that night. We had posted along the coast of the Adriatic to Pescara and thence across the peninsula, passing through Ovid's birthplace, to Naples. But I certainly agree with you that Florence is the true, historical and artistical capital of Italy, as a country. . . . I feel the greatest interest in Daniel O'Connell. I knew him well in private and in public, and admired his genuine Irish fun and his persuasive eloquence. In my Westminster contests, he worked for me, as hard and heartily as you and my lamented friend the second Duke of Wellington worked against me. I remember the twinkle of his eye, when one night in the H.o.C. he addressed Walter of *The Times* as "The last rose of summer blooming alone—his lovely companions all faded and gone."

HOW CUVIER DIED

In the eighties Sir Richard Owen sends reminiscences of Cuvier :—

Cuvier died in 1833. His "Course of Lectures" that year was on the "History of the Natural Sciences." It was popular and attracted crowded audiences of the Elite of the Literary, Scientific and Fashionable members of Parisian Society. He was, then, Minister of Public Instruction, and had directed his Carriage to call at a given Minute to drive him from the Lecture-room to a Ministerial Meeting. It was on a bitter day of early Spring ; having made his way through a crush of his auditory to the outer door he met a chilling current of air rushing in to the crowded lobby, but the carriage had not driven up. A bevy of ladies besieged him with questions and compliments ; he was heated by his Lecture ; in 5 minutes his coachman drove up, and having extricated himself Cuvier got in and drove off.

He returned to his residence in time to receive his guests at a dinner-party. On taking the first spoonful of soup he found a strange difficulty in swallowing, and, after a few attempts, politely excused himself and retired. He knew that the part of the brain giving off the nerves of deglutition and respiration was

becoming paralysed. The first physicians were quickly in attendance. Strong counter-irritants were applied to increase vascular action of the surface, and, after some hours of suffering, Cuvier's speech was just sufficient to cause his medical friends to desist, and after a few hours he passed away.

The Coachman's delay of 5 minutes was the cause or condition of the fatal attack. . . . He foresaw the coming storm and arrived, in June, 1830, in London, where he tarried for some weeks after the Three Days. He spent his mornings in the Hunterian Museum, and I was "told off" to attend upon him, being able to converse in French. There Cuvier learnt the extent of Hunter's researches in Comp. Anatomy; they were exemplified in the dissections of preparations which occupied the Galleries of the Museum. He took leave with gratifying expressions and an invitation of which I availed myself in 1831. He drove me to the Meeting of the Institute at which the notable discussions with Geof. St. Hilaire took place.

MARIE BASHKIRTSEFF

The journal of Marie Bashkirtseff must ever remain one of the most remarkable documents of its kind. Mr. Gladstone's interest in it was testified by an article which he contributed to the *Nineteenth Century* in 1889 and by a correspondence which took place between him and Madame Bashkirtseff. From a long letter written by Miss Dorothy Tennant, afterwards Lady Stanley, the following passages are taken:—

I am delighted to be able to tell you something of Mdlle. B. I was not personally acquainted with her, but I happen to have known two of her most intimate friends, the late Bastien Lepage—and her cousin Prince Karageorgeovitch, frequently alluded to in the Journal as Bojiday. . . .

Mdlle. B's ruling passion was self. It did not take the form of self-indulgence nor even self-esteem, but an extraordinary interest in herself. "Je veux arriver" was the maxim of her life.

It induced her to keep that most remarkable journal. It made her study music and take up singing, it spurred her on to paint, it made her do and say extraordinary things: Prince Karageorgeovitch, who had a sincere affection for her, told me that the prospect of her approaching death *interested* her, that there was something *effective*, she thought, in dying young. A fortnight before her death she had a violent quarrel with her mother; the excitement hastened her end. She shut herself up and refused on any account to see her mother. Prince K. told me that a week before she died she wrote to him a very extraordinary letter. She said that feeling her end was approaching, and knowing how little affection her mother had for her, she was quite sure that she should be buried in a very cheap way, and that probably her mother, out of economy, would have her dressed in some old white *balldress*! She therefore desired her dear Boiljav (Prince K.) as soon as he heard of her death to hasten to a certain Mme. Doucet, Rue de la Paix, a very fashionable dressmaker, and order to be made for her a white dress of the finest cambric with so many tucks and such and such trimmings. He was then to see that this dress was put on her that she might rest in it in her coffin. Prince K. told me that he faithfully carried out all her instructions, and that the mother appeared quite indifferent. . . .

I will now wind up this long letter with a characteristic anecdote recounted to me by Prince K. He was a student at "Les Beaux Arts," in Paris, whilst Marie B. was studying at Julien's Atelier. At "Les Beaux Arts" there were certain lectures to which ladies were admitted, and Marie B. went to them. She then heard that there were also anatomy lectures for the students, but no mention was made as to whether ladies were admitted. She told her cousin that he must take her to these lectures; he assured her that he had seen no ladies there; but she insisted, was she not an art student? It was expressly stated that art students were free to come—and therefore go she *would*. Prince K. was annoyed at her persistence, but consented to accompany her. She took her place in the lecture room, which was crowded with students, and Prince K. sat beside her. The lecturer then entered, looked round, and caught sight of Mlle. B. He civilly sent word to her, that she had made a mistake in coming, ladies not being admitted—she replied that as an art student she would remain. The lecturer was firm, and insisted on her immediate withdrawal. Prince K. also urged upon her to retire, but Marie B. declared that she should remain until removed by superior force. And it actually ended in her being carried out on the bench by "deux ou trois huissiers." . . .

Marie Bashkirtseff was small, her figure was exquisite, her face, without being beautiful, was very attractive.

CHARCOT'S PATIENTS

From Lord Dufferin there comes in the nineties:—

This morning I have spent with Charcot the great mesmerist Doctor. He showed us a woman with two individualities. She was subject to fits and after each fit she changed her point of view, i.e., in one condition she remembered everything before '85, when she had a bad illness, but knew nothing subsequently to '85. In the other condition she remembered everything after '85 and nothing before. Charcot was able to put her artificially from one state into the other. For instance, she had learned to write in '85, and she wrote her name when asked to do so, but when she passed into the other stage and was given the paper, she was unable to form a letter. In the same way at one moment she could tell all about her father and mother and the German War. At another, all that period became a blank, but she remembered the Exhibition and subsequent events. We were also shown another woman of whom one side was placed in a cataleptic state—an eye open, a limb stiffened—while the eye and the limbs on the other side remained lax and inert. In the same way she was made to smile with one side of her mouth while the other was drawn into the downward curve of tragedy.

Passing from the cataleptic into the hypnotic stage—and in this stage the patient to an ordinary observer is in a normal condition—she gave all her affection to the Doctor, and if I attempted to take her hand she shrank from me in the most unflattering manner. With great generosity, however, the Doctor divided her between us. He rendered one half of her brain favourably disposed to me, while the other remained in sympathy with himself. We each took her hand and stroked her cheek and she was equally pleased with us both. The extraordinary thing, however, was that all the time she was like a person balancing himself on a tight rope. Her affections, though impartially divided, were undoubtedly in a state of unstable equilibrium; it was an effort to her to grant us an equal share of her favours, and the Doctor said that if the experiment had been continued her anxiety on the subject would have superinduced a fit.

"LET US DO IT!"

Tyndall had attacked Mr. Gladstone in a speech of extraordinary virulence at Belfast in January, 1890. Two months later the scientist writes in another vein:—

You so. I being 70 undertake to conduct you up the Matterhorn next Summer, and to guarantee that you shall not dash your foot against a stone. "*Let us do it!*"

I once had the pleasure of climbing the Riffelhorn with your eldest son. He will assure you that I am not unareful.

Many years ago Dr. (now Sir) Andrew Clark, described to me the treatment you had received at the hands of some roughs in Harley Street. I was opposed to you at the time, but I nevertheless said that I should have risked my head in your defence. This sentiment hasn't changed. . . .

But I would ask you to take the Matterhorn project into your consideration. You once deflected Tennyson (how I hate the title you have given him) away from me and took him on board the Pembroke Castle. It would be a grand atonement if you consent to climb the Matterhorn with me. Emerson, whom you knew, had great faith in the purifying power of mountain air. . . . But bear in mind, please, that there is an opponent determined to risk life and limb to protect you from danger should you decide to climb the Matterhorn.

(*To be continued.*)

Previous articles appeared in *The Times* of May 27, May 28, May 30, Monday, and yesterday.

BOY KILLED BY MOTOR-CAR

John Alexander Gibbs, 11, of Longford, near Coinbrook, was standing on the greensward on the Bath road waiting for the traffic to pass on Wednesday night, when a motor-car going towards Slough mounted the greensward and hit him, killing him almost instantly. The car finished up in the ditch, and the driver and two occupants who scrambled out were apparently unhurt, except for a few scratches. Yesterday, at Uxbridge Police Court, the driver of the car, John Frederick Bridge Satchell, 20, described as an articled clerk, of Ashley-place, S.W.1, was charged with manslaughter. Evidence of arrest was given by Divisional Detective Inspector Selby, and Satchell was remanded until June 19.

LACE WORKERS AND SAFEGUARDING

INQUIRY REFUSED BY GOVERNMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NOTTINGHAM, JUNE 5

Mr. A. E. Colton, secretary of the British Lace Operatives Federation, has to-day received the following letter from Mr. Graham, President of the Board of Trade:—

"When you and your colleagues saw the Chancellor of the Exchequer and myself I promised to consider further the request that an inquiry should be held into the condition of the lace industry before the lapse of the safeguarding duties. We have now considered very carefully the arguments addressed to us, but I regret to say that we are driven to the conclusion that such an inquiry would not be on balance worth while." The writer, after paying a tribute to the ability and sincerity of the deputation, and their disclaimer of any desire to associate themselves with political events continues:—"The Government's general policy in regard to safeguarding is quite clear and has been repeatedly explained in public. We are definitely opposed to the safeguarding policy. You will appreciate that it is impossible for us to vary our policy to meet the trade difficulties of one industry.

"Your specific request was, however, for the appointment of a committee of inquiry, but I need not say that we should be only too glad to agree did we feel that the inquiry could produce useful results; but I must point out that a great deal of information as to the condition of the industry is already available and the main facts are, I think, almost undisputed. We have information officially received by the Board of Trade and by the Ministry of Labour and a good deal of information from trade sources. You yourselves were able to give us very valuable supplementary information from your own knowledge of the industry and those who work in it. I fear that any further information that could be obtained by an inquiry could not avail to alter our decision that the duties must lapse.

"Our decision has not been taken without full appreciation of the position of the industry. I can only express again our hope for the permanent revival of the trade by some sounder process than the temporary and unnatural stimulus of safeguarding, and that when the revival takes place I feel sure that the traditional ability of the workers in the lace industry will enable them to take full advantage of it."

NEW TRANSATLANTIC FLIGHT

CAPTAIN KINGSFORD SMITH'S PLANS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

DUBLIN, JUNE 5

At Baldonnel Aerodrome this afternoon wireless batteries were being installed on the Southern Cross, the Fokker monoplane which is soon to set off on its Transatlantic flight. Final tests are being applied, and it is Captain Kingsford Smith's intention to take the aeroplane to the Curragh to-morrow evening or Saturday afternoon. At the Curragh the tanks will be filled with petrol, and the sole remaining consideration will be favourable weather conditions. Four countries—Australia, South Africa, Holland, and Ireland—will be represented in the crew of the Southern Cross.

Captain Kingsford Smith estimates that the journey to New York will take about 34 or 35 hours, and the intention is to follow the Northern Great Circle, keeping on the shipping route as far as Cape Race. That would account for 1,900 miles. From Cape Race they would head for the mainland of the State of Maine and skirt the coast down to New York, a distance of 1,200 miles. The Southern Cross has a cruising radius of 38 flying hours.

The start will be made from the Curragh at dawn on whatever day the airmen decide that the weather conditions are favourable. Meanwhile, the British Air Ministry is furnishing a weather report each afternoon.

FUTURE OF BURMA

SIR ROBERT HORNE ON INDIA

The fiftieth annual Burma dinner was held at the Connaught Rooms last night. Sir Robert Horne, M.P., the President, was in the chair.

Proposing the toast "Prosperity to Burma," the PRESIDENT said he was glad to think that Burma had not been so seriously affected as some countries by trade depression. If the International Bank which was being set up functioned as it ought to do it was possible that there would be a complete change in the present situation owing to the whole of the gold in the world being available to perform its proper function, which was that of creating exchange among commodities. He did not say that that could be done rapidly, but he believed it could be done comparatively soon. Burma had been affected by the trouble which had taken place in India. He did not know how long Burma was going to be tied up with India, but there were views held very strongly by the British community in Burma as well as by those who had activities with Burma that it ought to have a separate existence.

Referring to the difficult situation in India, the President said that law and order must be enforced; he was glad to think that the Government realized that as clearly as anyone. Many people did not understand the kind of problem that had to be faced in India. In the East generosity was very apt to be mistaken for weakness, and leniency for lack of courage. Temporizing in such circumstances as the present could never succeed. If there was any breach of the law we must visit it with penalties without any exceptions. If we made exceptions it would be thought that the culprits were too strong for us to tackle. Anybody in a responsible position to-day who would say that India was in a position to take up government under a form of Dominion status was only deceiving the people, and such a form of deceit could only bring great trouble in its train.

Mr. W. T. HOWISON reviewed the economic position of Burma, and said that recently there had been a wide awakening of the people there in the matter of politics. Although Burma had much to be grateful for to India, not excluding the supply of Governors, she was now old enough and important enough to deserve a more dignified position in the Empire.

SIR HARCOURT BUTLER proposed the health of the president.

SHOOTING AFFAIR AT CHARING CROSS

Two men were wounded in a shooting gallery in Villiers-street, Strand, last night, in disarming a man who is alleged to have turned on the spectators with a revolver. The wounded men are Guy Doran, 47, of Holroyd-road, Putney, and Francis Richard Salt, 56, of London-road, Hounslow, and they are partners with the proprietors of the shooting gallery. It is alleged that an out-of-work ship's steward named Sidney Thomas Anderson, 24, of Powell-road, Clapton, went into the shooting range about 9.30, and after trying his skill with a .38 Colt revolver suddenly turned on a number of spectators and ordered them to put up their hands. Doran and Salt tried to disarm him, and it is alleged that in the struggle Anderson fired three shots. Doran was wounded in the left chest and Salt received a bullet wound in the right knee. Both men were taken to Charing Cross Hospital.

FAILURE TO NOTIFY ANTHRAX

WALTER EDWARD WEBB, of Portocks End Farm, Guarlford, Malvern, was fined £10 and £8 8s. costs at Malvern Petty Sessions on Wednesday for failing to notify a case of anthrax under the Anthrax Order, 1928. It was stated that a young bull was found ill at the farm, and Webb thought it had been injured during the night. After attention it appeared to be better, but later it got worse, and as it was in great agony it was slaughtered. Webb then called in a veterinary surgeon, who discovered no signs of disease. Afterwards anthrax was confirmed by microscopical examination.

HOSPITAL PATIENT WITH SMALLPOX

A case of smallpox has been notified at Hemel Hempstead. A barge worker was admitted to the West Herts Hospital and was operated upon for appendicitis. After some days it was discovered that he was suffering from smallpox. About 300 people have been vaccinated, including visitors to the hospital, patients, and nurses.

Obituary

MR. ALGERNON LOCKER

A JOURNALIST OF DISTINCTION

Mr. William Algernon Locker, who died yesterday at his home at Highgate, at the age of 66, had devoted his whole career to journalism, in which he was distinguished for his political insight and knowledge and his literary gifts. To his many friends his death is a severe loss, for he was a man of much personal charm and affection.

The son of Arthur Locker, who was editor of the *Graphic* from 1870 to 1891, and nephew of Frederick Locker (afterwards Locker-Lampson), the poet, critic, and collector, he was born in London on December 31, 1863. He followed his father to Charterhouse in 1877 (Buissonites-Gownboys), when Dr. Haig Brown was headmaster, and left in 1882 for Merton College, Oxford, where he took honours in history. Coming up to London, almost immediately he went into journalism, in which his father had already achieved distinction. In 1886 he joined the literary staff of the *Globe*, and in 1890 became assistant editor to his father on the *Graphic*. In 1891 he returned to the *Globe* as editor, and remained there till in 1895 he was appointed editor of the *Morning Post*, holding that position for about two years. In 1900 he became editor of the *Irish Times*, and after seven years he returned to London and served as London correspondent of the paper till 1924.

During the War he joined the staff of *Punch* as assistant editor when Mr. Alan Milne "joined up," and was for 10 years responsible for the "Essence of Parliament" after Sir Henry Lucy ("Toby, M.P.") resigned that function. During his connexion with *Punch* he endeared himself to all his colleagues by his unfailing kindliness and goodness of heart, while his intimate knowledge of politics and his keen sense of humour rendered him of the greatest service at the weekly meetings of "the Table." As a journalist he was remarkably well equipped in all branches, including that of printing, in which he was an expert. He kept a full diary of all events of importance, and could always be relied upon for accurate political information. In February, 1928, he was struck down by sudden illness, and never recovered his health. He was able to see his friends, and maintained to the end a wonderful serenity and fortitude. Though his death was for himself a release, it leaves a sad gap in the brotherhood of the Table and in the wide circle of his friends at the Garrick and Athenaeum Clubs.

Mr. Locker was as happy in his domestic life as in his friendships. His wife died in 1926, but a widowed sister-in-law, Mrs. Wyrley Birch, kept house for him, and throughout his long illness looked after him with wonderful devotion.

The funeral service will be held at St. Anne's Church, Highgate-rise, to-morrow at 11.30. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

PROFESSOR BRADBURY

Dr. John Buckley Bradbury, M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.S.Edin., whose death at the age of 89 is announced on another page, had been Downing Professor of Medicine in the University of Cambridge for 36 years. He was the oldest Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, and the oldest resident of the University.

Born at Saddleworth, in Yorkshire, on February 27, 1841, the son of a merchant and manufacturer, he was educated at King's College, London, and at Gonville and Caius and Downing Colleges, Cambridge. Of the latter college he was a scholar, and he was placed in the first class of the Natural Sciences Tripos of 1864. At that time the tripos was a small affair of four examiners and some 14 or 15 candidates, and Bradbury was examined by Dr. P. W. Latham, whom he was destined to succeed in 1894 as Downing Professor of Medicine. In the welfare of Addenbrooke's Hospital he always took a great interest, serving as physician for 50 years, till 1919, when he was made consulting physician. He lectured at Gonville and Caius and at Downing Colleges, and was at one time Linacre lecturer in physic at St. John's College, Bradshaw lecturer at the Royal College of Physicians in 1895, and Croonian lecturer at the Royal College of Physicians, of which he was a member of council, in 1899. He was president of the section of pharmacology and therapeutics at the Portsmouth meeting of the British Medical Association in 1899.

Professor Bradbury examined twice in the Natural Sciences Tripos and constantly for the medical degrees of Cambridge and Oxford. He published several works, including "Vertigo: its Causes, Importance as a Symptom, and Treatment," in 1870, and "Some Points connected with Sleep, Sleeplessness and Hypnotics," 1899. Professor Bradbury was twice married and was the father of one son and two daughters. He was a well-known figure in the town of Cambridge, where his loss will be widely felt.

The funeral will be to-morrow. The service will be in Little St. Mary's Church at 3.30. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

DR. C. M. STUBBS

Dr. Clifford Morgan Stubbs, who has been fatally wounded by a Chinese at Chengtu, Szechwan, was born at Newcastle-on-Tyne on November 26, 1888, the son of the Rev. Frederick Stubbs. He went out to New Zealand as a boy, and was educated at the Boys' High School and Canterbury College at Christchurch. He returned to England for further scientific training, and went to Liverpool University, where he graduated M.A. and D.Sc. He was president of the University Christian Union, and did much social work among young men in Liverpool.

In 1913 he went out to China for the Friends Foreign Mission Association, and became teacher of chemistry in the West China Union University, Chengtu. This is a Union College supported by the Church Missionary Society, the American Baptists, the United Church of Canada, the American Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Friends Service Council (as the F.F.M.A. is now called). He was vice-president in 1925 and 1926, and was the second Quaker to hold this post. Latterly he had been Dean of the Faculty of Science. For several years he was principal of the Friends College at the University. He married Miss Alice Margaret Lees, of Birmingham. Their two girls are being educated in England, but Mrs. Stubbs with a boy of five is at Chengtu.

Dr. Stubbs was an outstanding friend of the Chinese, and it is particularly sad that he should have lost his life at the hand, it is presumed, of some fanatic. He was one of the leaders of the group of missionaries in China who protested against British military protection being afforded them, for he believed that missionaries should take every risk in the countries in which they felt called upon to work. When he returned to China in 1927 he refused to travel in a British gun-boat on his way back to Chengtu. He was a fluent Chinese scholar, and was greatly beloved by his students.

COLONEL W. H. HASTINGS

Colonel William Holland Hastings, D.S.O., officiating General Officer Commanding the 10th Infantry Brigade at Jubbulpur, was killed near Nagpur on May 26, at the age of 46.

A son of the late Commander W. C. R. Hastings, R.N., he was born at Jamaica on March 17, 1884, and was educated at Westward Ho! and Sandhurst. Commissioned to the Indian Army in 1903, he joined the 92nd Punjabis (Prince of Wales's Own) in the following year, and was adjutant from 1907 to 1910. Soon after the Great War broke out he was placed on field service in Egypt, and was present during the abortive Turkish attack on the Suez Canal in February, 1915. Next he was in Gallipoli in command of special machine-guns for the Anzac Corps, then with the 1st Australian Light Horse Brigade, and finally on the staff of the then New Zealand and Australian Division until the evacuation, being severely wounded on June 26. He went to France with the New Zealand Division early in 1916, and in the battle of the Somme was slightly wounded. He was awarded the D.S.O. in the New Year Honours List of 1917. That year found him in Mesopotamia commanding his old regiment. Next he was in Palestine, taking part in the autumn of 1918 in the advance through Lebanon to Beirut and Tripoli and the occupation of Cilicia. He was mentioned in dispatches four times.

His war service was by no means over when the Armistice was signed, for he was in the Waziristan campaign of the cold weather of 1919-20 and in the sporadic operations in Mesopotamia in 1920-21. Since 1926 he had commanded his old regiment, renamed the 8th Punjab Regiment, 4th Battalion (Prince of Wales's Own), of which he was the Colonel, now stationed at Kamptee. He lately officiated as A.Q.M.G. of the Southern Command, and more recently had been selected to be the officiating G.O.C. of the 10th Infantry Brigade, Jubbulpur. He married in 1906 Mary, daughter of the late Mr. R. M. Kennedy, of the Indian Civil Service, Bombay; she survives him with two sons.

LIEUT.-COLONEL SIMPSON

"W.B." writes:—

By the sudden death, on Sunday, of Lieutenant-Colonel (Quartermaster) Herbert Simpson, O.B.E., M.C., the Army loses a remarkable personality, a most valuable officer, a man known to most of the senior officers of the Army and respected by all with whom he came in contact.

Born in July, 1880, he enlisted in The Royal Engineers in 1900, serving through the various ranks until in 1915 he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant. He served in France and also on the Staff at the War Office during the Great War, receiving the Military Cross, the 1914 Star, the British War and Victory medals, the Belgian Order of the Crown, and the French medal of honour. He was made O.B.E. in 1927, and was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel in October, 1929.

Since the War, Lieutenant-Colonel Simpson had been Private Secretary successively to three Deputy Chiefs of the Imperial General Staff, and to three Adjutants-General, namely—Sir Philip Chetwode, Sir Robert Whigham, and Sir Walter Braithwaite. He was a man of originality and charm of manner, and a tireless worker with an infinite capacity for taking pains. No matter was too small to engage his attention, and the help he gave to new officers joining the Adjutant-General's department was willingly given and invariably sound and helpful. A quick and accurate worker himself, he could always make allowances for those who were slower "in the uptake" than himself. He was a universally popular figure in the War Office with the civilian element equally with the soldier side.

His funeral took place at Lee with full military honours, and was attended by a large body of officers from the War Office, including the Adjutant-General to the Forces, the Chaplain-General, the Director of Recruiting and Organization, and the Deputy Director of Medical Services, while the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, the Quartermaster-General, the Master-General of Ordnance, and the Permanent Under-Secretary of State were all represented. The G.O.C.-in-C., Eastern Command, was also present. So was laid to his rest a man who rose from private to lieutenant-colonel, and who, through the worth of his character and the simple directness of his life, is a shining example to all young soldiers who aspire to commissioned rank.

MR. A. F. R. WOLLASTON

Mr. C. A. Lillingston writes:—

May I, as a fourth-year undergraduate of King's, who probably knew the late Mr. Wollaston as well as or better than any other undergraduate, make use of your columns to pay a small tribute in addition to what has already been written to him who has been taken from us so suddenly and in so tragic a manner? He seemed to possess the most remarkable personal insight and an understanding sympathy which endeared him to every single man with whom he came in contact. He also possessed a fatherly kindliness and interest which brought him into the most extraordinarily intimate relations with the undergraduates, such as can rarely, if ever, have been paralleled. It was possible to go and tell him things and to ask for his advice as if he were a father, and he would always be helpful and sympathetic; and if ever the time came for a reprimand, he would administer it in the kindliest and most straightforward manner possible, as man to man. Illness in the College showed him at his best, and I shall never forget how, when I was in bed with influenza for ten days in February, 1929, he took the trouble to come and see me first thing every morning.

He was, indeed, a great and good man, and he attained a position of such affection and respect in the minds of all that I can truthfully say that, among all the dons whom I have met in four years at Cambridge, he is alone in that I have never heard an unkind word spoken of him or anything that was not good. And, therefore, the heartfelt sympathies of the undergraduates, to whose welfare he devoted the last years of his life and for whom, in so short a space of time, he did so much, must go out to his bereaved wife and little children. No words can describe our loss, and although in a sense it cannot be as great as theirs, our grief, in its intensity, is indeed the same.

Mrs. Kelly, wife of Mr. W. T. Kelly, Labour member for Rochdale, died in London last night.

SHOTS AT MAIDA VALE

WOUNDED MAN IN HOSPITAL

Mr. F. L. Cole, manager of the refreshment pavilion at Paddington Recreation Ground, Maida Vale, heard an unusual noise there early yesterday and saw two men in the pavilion. He challenged them and, it is stated, fired three shots from a revolver. A man named James Ellicott, 19, with an address at Wandsworth, was taken to St. Mary's Hospital, Paddington, with a wound in the chest.

At the Marylebone Police Court yesterday HENRY SAVAGE, 19, bricklayer's pointer, of Springfield-place, Wandsworth, appeared before Mr. R. E. DUMMETT on a charge of being concerned with JAMES ELLICOTT, the man in hospital, in breaking and entering the pavilion with intent to commit a felony.

Divisional Detective Inspector Yandell stated that the accused and the other man, Ellicott, were charged with breaking into the pavilion, and the other man was now in hospital with a bullet wound in his lung, having been shot at by the pavilion manager, who lived on the premises, while he was trying to escape.

The MAGISTRATE asked if the other man was likely to be brought to Court, and Inspector Yandell replied that the man was being X-rayed and operated upon that evening, and there was a slight hope of his recovery.

A remand until June 12 was ordered.

THE ROYAL TOURNAMENT

RESULTS YESTERDAY

The results at the Royal Tournament at Olympia yesterday were:—

Sabre v. Sabre Services Championship.—Royal Navy, Sub-Lieutenant H. C. W. Head; Royal Marines, Quartermaster-Sergeant Instructor B. J. Treling; Army, Quartermaster-Sergeant Instructor H. Parsons, Army Physical Training Staff; Royal Air Force, Sergeant W. E. Hancock.

Sabre v. Sabre Inter-Services Championship.—(1) Quartermaster-Sergeant Instructor H. Parsons; (2) Sergeant P. J. Jerred (Royal Marines); (3) Sergeant-Major Instructor G. A. F. Wyatt (Army Physical Training Staff).

Inter-port Field Gun Competition.—Royal Marines; time, 4min. 57 4-5sec. H.M.S. Victory; time, 7min. Tug of War, 110st, Army Championship.—1st Bn. Royal Warwickshire Regt. beat 2nd Bn., Gordon Highlanders by two pulls to nil. First pull, 1min. 54sec.; second pull, 52sec.

Royal Naval and Royal Marine Inter-port Field Gun Competition.—1, H.M.S. Pembroke (time, 3min. 58 4-5sec.); 2, H.M.S. Vivid (4min. 25 1-5sec.) The time of H.M.S. Pembroke is a record.

Tug-of-War, 130st. Army Championship.—2nd Bn. Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders beat 5th Light Brigade, Royal Artillery, by two pulls to nil. First pull, 53sec.; second pull, 43sec.

NEW MOTORING RECORDS

PARIS, June 5.—A number of new records for cars of the 1,100c.c. class were established to-day by the racing motorists Eldridge and Eyston in a Riley on the Linas-Montlhéry track.

The records were:—

2,000 kilometres.—18hr. 35min. 50.22sec.; average speed of 107.542 kilometres an hour. 3,000 kilometres.—28hr. 20min. 13.27sec.; average speed of 105.868 kilometres an hour. 4,000 kilometres.—38hr. 19min. 41.94sec.; average speed of 104.362 kilometres an hour. 5,000 kilometres.—48hr. 14min. 59.06sec.; average speed of 103.627 kilometres an hour.

2,000 miles.—30hr. 30min. 57.25sec. 3,000 miles.—46hr. 33min. 5.49sec. Distance covered in 24 hours.—2,573.461 kilometres. Distance covered in 48 hours.—4,972.182 kilometres.—*Reuter.*

GOLF ON MITCHAM COMMON

A letter was read at a meeting of the Mitcham Board of Conservators last night from the Board of Agriculture stating that they were not satisfied that the Conservators had any power to enclose any part of the Common, even with the Ministry's consent. The question arose partly over the renewal of the licence to play golf on the Common, and also other public improvements. Mr. W. T. WILLCOCKS said this refusal of the Board of Agriculture placed the Conservators in a difficult position. They were doing what they in their judgment was the right and proper thing to do—namely, carrying out improvements on the Common for the benefit of the public at large. He moved that a committee be appointed to consider an amended scheme or to promote a new Act of Parliament conferring wider powers for the management of the Common. Mr. S. L. GASTON, chairman of the Mitcham Council, in seconding, said that any opposition to this could only be reactionary. It was largely improvements which Mitcham had asked for that had brought about this rebuff from the Ministry. The motion was carried.

A rubbish heap outside the central power station in Woolwich Arsenal caught fire last night and the Arsenal and L.C.C. fire brigades were summoned. The outbreak was subdued in a few minutes.

ROYAL COUNTIES SHOW

THE HACKNEY AWARDS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

READING, JUNE 5

Ideal summer weather favoured the second day of the Royal Counties Show at Reading, and there was a large attendance.

Great interest was taken in the judging of the animals entered for the Hackney Horse Society's show, but before the issue of the awards it was announced that the pig champion was Forest Bradbury 2nd, a three-year-old Large White boar sent by Mr. E. R. Debenham, of Briantspuddle, Dorset, the reserve card going to the young breeding sow Hillsborough Miss Prim, from the Hillsborough Fruit Farm, Canford.

The keenness of the competition in the hackney horse section was indicated by the time occupied by the judges in deciding on the merits of the animals. Pony stallions were a good entry; the winner of the two-year-old class was Crême de Menthe, owned and bred by Mrs. E. Humphrey, of Gainsborough. Mr. H. T. Holloway, a Wiltshire breeder, led in the three-year-old class with Lavington Bonfire, while Mr. T. Goldsborough, of Stokesley, Yorkshire, secured the premier award in the four-year-old class with Fireflash. Mr. D. R. Blair, of Amersham, achieved a notable success with his 12-year-old bay Bricket Fusilier—first in the five-year-old and over class.

In pony mares an outstanding winner was the two-year-old Harviestoun Elva, owned by J. E. Kerr, of Clackmannan, which was first in its class, and secured a challenge cup and silver medal. A first and challenge cup went to Mr. J. C. Jackson, of Pool, in Wharfedale, for his nine-year-old bay Julia Southworth. Mrs. Edgar Henriques, of Southport, was first and champion in the class for novice ponies with her four-year-old bay gelding Fleetwood Dandy, Mrs. A. C. King, of Romsey, being second with Braishfield Hgreward.

The champion trophy for the best mare or gelding in harness in the novice class was won by Mr. T. M. Stephenson, of Liverpool, with Modern Maid.

Winners in the children's riding pony classes included Miss Jill Herman Erziman, who was awarded the special prize for the best girl rider, a similar award for the best boy rider being made to Granville Kelly. The silver medal in the horse-shoeing competition was won by Harold Stevens, of Fleet, Hants.

In the forestry exhibition Mr. H. Benyon, the Lord Lieutenant of Berkshire, won the silver medal of the Royal English Arboricultural Society for the best exhibit. In addition to other awards Mr. A. T. Loyd, of Wantage, was the winner of a silver medal, and the Duke of Wellington received a similar award for his exhibit in the class for fencing of home-grown wood.

The flower show was admittedly one of the finest ever staged. A feature was Messrs. Sutton's display of calceolarias, which secured the Society's gold medal, and other successful exhibitors were the University of Reading, which sent a collection of irises and carnations, and Messrs. John Waterer, Son, and Crisp, who staged a bank of rhododendrons.

COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA AT ALDERSHOT

ALLEGED INCITEMENT TO MUTINY

At the Aldershot Police Court yesterday EDWARD JONES THOMAS, 35, of London, was charged on remand with idling on War Department land.

At the previous hearing Police-sergeant Pritchard stated that on Monday night, May 26, he went to Corunna Barracks guard-room, where Thomas was detained. He cautioned him and said, "I understand you were found in the barracks about 10.25, and had in your possession certain papers." Thomas replied, "I was outside against the lamp, and the sergeant pulled me in."

When Thomas appeared yesterday the original charge was dropped, and he was charged under the Incitement to Mutiny Act, 1797, with endeavouring to seduce certain soldiers from their duty and allegiance to his Majesty on May 27. Mr. Thomas Dawson, defending, pleaded "Not Guilty."

Mr. A. Sefton-Cohen, prosecuting for the Director of Public Prosecutions, said that Thomas stopped three Scots Guardsmen and asked, "Do you want a tip for the Derby?" handing them three sealed envelopes bearing the words, "Lee's tip for the Derby. This is free. Pass on to your mates and buy our tips for the St. Leger, Ascot, and Goodwood." When one of the envelopes was opened it was found to contain a printed leaflet, purporting to be issued by the Communist Group of British Soldiers. It was headed, "We must not murder the workers and peasants of India."

Mr. Sefton-Cohen read the leaflet, which referred to India as being "ablaze with the great revolutionary movement sweeping across the country, and hundreds of millions of workers and peasants breaking their fetters and striking mighty blows for freedom." "Already," the pamphlet continued, "the call has gone out for more British soldiers. At any moment thousands of us may be shot off to India. . . . Must we do the foul work which the Indian soldiers have so heroically refused? No, a thousand times no." The pamphlet concluded, "Do not shoot the heroic workers and peasants of India. Help to overthrow British Imperialistic rule."

Thomas was committed for trial to the Hampshire Assizes, bail being refused.

THE ZOO BY NIGHT

A SUMMER EXPERIMENT

The Zoological Gardens remained open last night until 11 p.m. instead of closing at the usual hour of 8, and the experiment will be repeated every Thursday night during June, July, and August of this year. There could not have been a more fortunate beginning, for on a delightful summer evening many hundreds visited the Zoo. A military band was playing, the refreshment rooms were open, strings of coloured lamps bedecked the avenues, and within the circular grass enclosure the Fellows and their friends reclined in deck chairs.

The animals appeared to take the innovation cheerfully, or even interestedly. Some of them may have decided to ignore it, but plenty were still up and about to afford entertainment for the visitors. The Parrot House seemed particularly vociferous. The seals and sea-lions churned their rock-pool into foam as they chased the fish thrown to them by their keeper. The Polar bears also enjoyed a meal at about 10 o'clock.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF GIRLS' CLUBS

LADY ELEANOR KEANE, chairman of the National Council of Girls' Clubs and vice-chairman of the National Appeal for £100,000, presided at a meeting held yesterday afternoon at 26, Rutland-gate, by permission of Mrs. Warren Pearl.

The purpose of the meeting was to interest some of the women's clubs in the work, and to discuss details of the launching of the appeal at a National Girls' Club Rally at the Albert Hall on June 28, when Lady Patricia Ramsay will receive purses. It was announced that a promise of £1,000 had been received from a donor who wished to remain anonymous, and this was to take effect when the first £15,000 was reached. The appeal secretary is Miss Adeline Browne 6A, Blomfield-road, W.9. The Carnegie Trust have made a grant of £1,000 a year for physical education to the National Council.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK A TRAIN

What is believed to have been an attempt to wreck a passenger train was discovered about midnight on Wednesday near Neston (Cheshire). A train from Neston to Hooton was travelling at about 30 miles an hour towards Hadlow-road Station when the driver felt a jolt, and the engine quivered. He stopped the train and found lying across the line two cement posts, each weighing 2cwt. and 6ft. long—the engine's wheels had cut clean through them. Several large pieces of rock were found lying close to the posts. It would take at least two men to carry one of the posts to the top of the embankment on which the railway is laid.

MINERS' BALLOT ON WAGES REDUCTION

Seven hundred miners at Garforth, near Leeds, are balloting on a wages cut of 10 per cent. proposed by the colliery company. Unless the miners agree to this their notices expire early next week. As a result of trade depression, the management negotiated with representatives of the men, but their overtures were unsuccessful and they had, they state, to issue notices on Monday and Tuesday of this week and await the result of the ballot.

DERBY DAY CRIME

GIRL FOUND STRANGLED AT EPSOM

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

EPSOM, JUNE 5

Scotland Yard detectives, under Superintendent W. Brown, were seeking to establish the identity of a girl whose dead body, lying face downwards, with marks of strangulation on the neck, was found in a ditch at Epsom to-day. At a late hour last night she was identified as Agnes Kesson, 20, of Falkirk, who had been employed since Christmas at a tea-shop at Burgh Heath. She was believed to have been a Derby Day visitor to Epsom Downs, and it is thought she was murdered about midnight.

The official description circulated by Scotland Yard disclosed that when found the body was without any skirt or other outer garments.

The body was discovered about 6 o'clock this morning by a carter employed at a local hospital. He was on his way to work when, at a bend in Horton-lane, he noticed the body lying in a ditch. He gave information to the hospital authorities, and a woman doctor from the institution, Dr. Coffey, after examining the body, telephoned for the police.

It is understood that the girl's face was much discoloured, and marks on the neck left little doubt that death was due to strangulation. Scotland Yard photographers took photographs of the body as it lay in the ditch—which is about a yard deep—before it was removed to the Epsom mortuary.

Sir Bernard Spilsbury, the Home Office pathologist, was consulted by Superintendent Brown, and arrangements are to be made for him to conduct the *post-mortem* examination.

The girl had been missing since Tuesday. She came about two years ago from Falkirk, where her father, James Kesson, is in the service of the Falkirk Corporation. Her mother is dead. She obtained a situation as a domestic servant in Burgh Heath, and about Christmas she entered the employment of Mr. F. W. Deats, who owns a garage and teashop at Burgh Heath, as a waitress and general servant.

HEALTH RESORTS

The following reports of weather at health resorts yesterday were received last night:—

Stations	Sunshine	Rainfall	Temp. Min.	Temp. Max.	Weather (Day)
	Hrs.	Mm.	Deg.	De

ROYAL MAIL SUMMER CRUISES

VISITING ICELAND, SPITZBERGEN, NORTHERN CAPITALS, NORTH CAPE, NORWAY Etc., JUNE 21. JULY 5, JULY 25, AUG. 15, BY

R.M.S.P ATLANTIS

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Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, JUNE 5

The Right Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, M.P. (Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury) had an audience of The King this morning.

Sir William Clark (High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in Canada) had the honour of being received by His Majesty, when The King invested him with the Insignia of a Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George.

The King and Queen, attended by the Lady Katharine Hamilton, Colonel Sir Clive Wigram, and Lieut.-Colonel Reginald Seymour, left the Palace to-day for Sandringham.

The Duke of Gloucester, attended by Captain Howard Kerr, has left the Palace for Cambridge.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, JUNE 5

The Prince of Wales, attended by Captain J. R. Aird, unveiled the Statue to the late Maréchal Foch in Grosvenor Gardens this morning.

His Royal Highness, attended by Captain W. D. C. Greenacre, was present at the Welsh Guards Regimental Dinner at the Hyde Park Hotel this evening.

145, PICCADILLY, JUNE 5

The Duke of York, attended by Commander Harold Campbell, was present at the Regimental Dinner of The Somerset Light Infantry, which was held at the Hotel Metropole this evening.

The Maharajah of Rajpipla has arrived at the Savoy Hotel.

The American Ambassador will leave to-morrow in the Aquitania for New York.

The Duchess of Devonshire will leave 2, Carlton-gardens to-day for Chatsworth, where she will spend Whitsun.

The Duchess of Grafton will leave London to-day for Merdon Manor, Dursley, near Winchester.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Carisbrooke will spend Whitsun with the Hon. Mrs. Ronald Greville at Polesden Lacey.

The Earl of Albemarle, County Commissioner for Norfolk, is leaving London for Whitsuntide, during which season a jamboree of Norfolk and Suffolk Boy Scouts and Cubs will be held at Salhouse, which will be visited by Prince George and the Chief Scout.

The Earl and Countess of Lytton and Lady Davina Lytton have left Knebworth for Italy, and will be away a fortnight.

The Countess of Huntingdon will leave 1, Manchester-square to-morrow for Burton Hall, Loughborough.

Mildred Countess of Gosford has arrived at Falmouth House, Clarendon-place.

Owing to indisposition, Viscount Bearsted has been obliged to cancel all public engagements for some days.

Viscount and Viscountess Elibank will spend the Whitsuntide recess at Elibank, Walkerburn. Viscount Elibank will return to St. James' Court on June 10, and Viscountess Elibank will remain in Scotland until June 25.

Annie Viscountess Cowdray will leave London for Scotland to-day and will be there for a week.

Lord and Lady St. John of Bletso will leave 5, Ennismore-gardens to-day for Melchbourne Park.

Lady Ludlow expects to leave Bath House, Piccadilly, to-day for Luton Hoo, Bedfordshire, where she will spend Whitsun. She will return to London on Tuesday.

Lady Seaforth will leave 47, Berkeley-square to-day for Brahan Castle, Ross-shire.

The Hon. Mrs. Henderson leaves London to-day for South Wales to recuperate after her recent operation, and will shortly return to Chelsea House for a further operation.

Sir Randolf and Lady Baker are leaving to-day in the Carnarvon Castle for Northern Rhodesia and will be away for about three months.

Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Ian Bowater have left 32, Wimpole-street and have taken up their permanent residence at 23, Southwick-street, Hyde Park.

Major Piet van der Byl, M.P., and Mrs. van der Byl have arrived in England from S. Africa, and all letters addressed to South Africa House, Trafalgar-square, W.C.2, will be forwarded.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Gladstone and Miss Jean Gladstone have arrived at 51, Hans-place, S.W. (Telephone, 0029 Kensington.)

Mr. Harry Craddock has left the Savoy Hotel for Hungerford, and expects to be away for about a week.

Colonel W. F. Collins was present at the Royal Scots Greys' regimental dinner, which took place on Monday at Claridge's.

FUNERALS

MRS. REIXACH

The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary Reixach, of Trumpeters House, The Old Palace, Richmond, Surrey, widow of Jose Reixach, some time managing director of Lister and Co., Bradford, took place at Richmond Parish Church last Tuesday, the Rev. G. H. M. Gray, M.A., vicar of Richmond, officiating. The service was fully choral. The interment took place in Richmond Cemetery. The mourners were Mr. Reginald Reixach (son), the Hon. Mrs. Rupert Craven (daughter), Mr. Charles W. Banbury (grandson), Miss Mary Banbury (granddaughter), Major the Hon. Rupert Craven (son-in-law), the Hon. Mrs. Noel Bligh, Mr. C. C. Birch, Mr. Brian Aherne, Mr. Patrick Aherne, and Miss Elana Aherne.

Wreaths were sent by the following:—

Reggie (son), Josephine and Rupert (daughter and son-in-law), Sally and Charles (grandchildren), Dody (grandchild), Lady Barnby and Mrs. Campbell, Lord Banbury of Southam, Miss Evelyn Banbury, Countess Cave of Richmond, Lady Read, Sir George Arthur, Sir John and Lady Archer, Mr. and Mrs. A. Leetham, Mr. and Mrs. R. Leetham, Miss Elana Aherne, Mr. Claude Birch, Miss Clare Eames, Brian de Lacy Aherne, Mr. and Mrs. de Lacy Aherne, Dr. and Mrs. Wadd, Directors of Lister and Co., Mr. Laurence Boucher, Miss Violet Vanbrugh and Miss Prudence Vanbrugh, Mrs. Godfree de Trafford and Miss Daphne de Trafford, Colonel and Mrs. Gordon Ramsey, Mrs. Barnett, Mr. Oliphant, Mrs. Markwies, Rosamund and Helen, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer, Miss Peggy Bore, Nurse Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Ryley, Mrs. Gerald Maxwell, Miss Hawkins, the Misses Roberts and Mr. de Sydney Roberts, Mr. Collins, Miss Winnie Collins, and Miss Price, Mrs. Alfred Mason and family, Mr. James Hilditch and Mrs. G. Hilditch, Mr. and Mrs. Wills and family, Miss K. Collins, Misses Brickett and Mrs. Gordon, staff at Trumpeters House, Mrs. and Miss Preece, staff at Wadley Manor, and Mrs. McCarthy.

MR. A. F. R. WOLLASTON

The funeral service for Mr. A. F. R. Wollaston will be held at Cambridge in King's College Chapel at 2.30 p.m. to-morrow, and will be conducted by the Provost of King's College and the Dean (the Rev. E. Milner-White). Mr. Wollaston will be cremated and his ashes will be buried in the College Chapel.

LONDON GIFT TO AMSTERDAM

The Corporation of London yesterday decided to contribute £100 to the fund now being raised for providing in Christ Church, Amsterdam—the church of the British colony—a stained-glass window in commemoration of the many ties associating Great Britain and the Netherlands and of the State visit paid to Amsterdam last year by the Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs of the City of London.

Wills and Bequests will be found on page 21

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

MR. C. R. DE M. FISHER AND MISS BURGOYNE

The engagement is announced between Charles, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Algernon Fisher, of 68, Palace Gardens-terrace, Kensington, W., and Irene Joyce, elder daughter of the late Sir Alan and Lady Burgoyne.

MR. C. S. DEIGHTON AND DR. D. K. REYNOLDS

The engagement is announced between Mr. C. S. (Jerry) Deighton, of Santos, Brazil, and Dr. Dorothy K. Reynolds, of the Cornwall Mental Hospital, daughter of the late Henry Reynolds and Mrs. Reynolds, of de Crespigny Park, London, formerly of New Zealand and the Argentine.

MR. K. G. GALE AND MISS E. J. BROWNSCOMBE

The engagement is announced between Kenneth Gordon Gale, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Gale, of Fulham and Wimbledon, and Evelyn Joan Brownscombe, second daughter of Mr. A. Brownscombe, M.A., and Mrs. Brownscombe, of "Kent College," Canterbury, Kent.

MR. F. N. CLARKE AND MISS M. P. H. CLARKE

The engagement is announced between Frederic Noel Clarke, youngest son of Major and Mrs. C. Noel Clarke, of Lound Hall, Tuxford, Nottinghamshire, and Margaret Patricia, second daughter of the late Mr. Stephen H. Clarke, and Mrs. Clarke, of 106A, Lexham-gardens, Kensington, W.8, late of 7, Woodside, Sunderland.

DANCES

MRS. HOME-DRUMMOND-MORAY AND MRS. HUGH GURNEY

The Hon. Mrs. Home-Drummond-Moray and Mrs. Hugh Gurney gave a dance last night at 57, Cadogan-square (lent by the Hon. Sir Lancelot Carnegie, father of Mrs. Gurney) for their daughters, Miss Anne and Miss Grace Drummond-Moray and Miss Priscilla Gurney. In addition to Lady Maud Carnegie others who gave dinner parties for the dance were:—

The Marchioness of Bute, Viscountess Lewisham, the Countess of Ellesmere, Lady Joan Verney, Lady Violet Henderson, Lady Howard de Walden, Lady Jean Bertie, the Hon. Mrs. Hale Ramsay, the Hon. Mrs. Thomas Cholmondeley, the Hon. Mrs. Gretton, the Hon. Mrs. Leslie-Melville, the Hon. Mrs. Guy Wilson, Lady Thomas, Lady Lowther, Lady Keyes, Lady McMahon, Mrs. Alasdair MacGregor, Mrs. Loeffler, Mrs. Barnard, Mrs. Brassey, Mrs. Ian Fairbairn, and Mrs. Bertram Hardy.

Among those who accepted invitations for the dance were:—

The Spanish Ambassador and the Marquesa de Merry del Val, the Netherland Minister and Mme. de Marees van Swinderen and Mlle. de Marees van Swinderen, Mr. James Drummond-Moray, Mr. Andrew Drummond-Moray, the Countess of Buccleuch, Lady Angela Scott, the Duke and Duchess of Atholl, the Duchess of Norfolk, Lady Rachel and Lady Katherine Howard, Lady Helena Fitzwilliam, Lady Bridget and Lady Rachel Douglas-Home, Lady Evan Dalrymple, Lady Jean Ramsay, Vicomte and Vicomtesse de la Panouse, Lord and Lady Maud Carnegie, Lord and Lady Scone, Sir Harry and Lady Joan Verney, Miss Joy Verney, Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes and Lady Keyes, Miss Diana and Miss Catherine Keyes, Lord and Lady Berwick, Lady Veronica Blackwood, Lady Beatrix Cadogan, the Marchioness of Bute, Lady Mary Crichton-Stuart, the Earl and Countess of Elgin, Viscount Bury, the Hon. Cecilia Keppel, Lord and Lady Elphinstone, the Hon. Elizabeth Elphinstone, the Earl and Countess of Dunmore, Miss Kemble, the Hon. Bronwen Scott-Ellis.

Beatrice Countess of Erlington and Winton and Lady Janet and Lady Betty Montgomerie, Lady Katherine Fitzmaurice, Lady Winifred Cecil, Mr. and Lady Marjorie Stirling, Mr. and Lady Janet Gore, the Viscountess Cowdray and Miss Joan Pearson, Lady Catherine and Lady Priscilla Willoughby, Mr. Bertie, Viscount Lewisham and the Hon. Elizabeth and the Hon. Diana Legge, the Earl and Countess of Ellesmere and Lady Anne and Lady Mary Egerton, Lady Fiona Pratt, Lady Ann Cole, the Earl and Countess of Granard and Lady Eileen Forbes, the Marquess and Marchioness of Donegall and Lady Anne Wellesley, Princess Ottoboni, Lady Mary Carnegie, Lord and Lady Leigh, the Earl and Countess of Cromer, Lady Violet Baring, Lord and Lady Vivian, the Hon. Vanda Vivian, Countess Ingegard Ahlefeldt, M. and Mme. Félix Guérin, Captain Gerald and Mrs. Verney, Lady Margaret Bingham, Lady Margaret Spencer, the Hon. Diana Skeffington, the Hon. Sarah Cust, the Hon. Mrs. Nivel Campbell and the Misses Campbell, Colonel and Mrs. Alston and Miss Alston, Mrs. Edgar Brassey and Miss Brassey, the Hon. Sylvia Coke, Lady Lowther and the Misses Lowther, Miss Grace and Miss Witty Lane, Miss Myra Drummond, Miss E. Loeffler, Miss Pamela Bowes-Lyon, Miss Ramona Acheson, Sir Charles Mathew and Miss Marling, Mrs. and Miss Grant Forbes, Sir Godfrey and Lady Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. de Laszlo, Lady Dawson of Penn and the Hon. Rosemary Dawson.

Sir Maurice and Lady Bonham Carter, Miss de Hansen, Sir John and Lady Barran, Miss Barran, Mrs. Glassow, Miss Glassow, Lady Neumann, Miss Neumann, the Hon. Lady Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe, Miss Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe, Lady Bridget Poulett, Lady Perrott, Miss Priscilla and Miss Helena Perrott, Sir Alexander and Lady Stanier, Lady Ursula and Lady Joan Talbot, the Hon. Mary O'Neill, the Hon. Lady Lindley, Miss Alice and Miss Mary Lindley, the Hon. Thomas Cholmondeley and the Misses Joan and Marjorie Scott, the Hon. Mrs. Fergusson, the Misses Fergusson, the Hon. Mrs. Fellden and Miss Fellden, the Hon. Mrs. W. Abel Smith and Miss Sylvia Abel Smith, Mr. Alastair MacGregor and Miss MacGregor, Miss Rachel Hamilton, Russell, Lady Ann and Lady Mary Lindsay, the Hon. Lettice Harbord, Miss Diana Churchill, Miss Betty Manners, Miss Alvida Bridges, Miss Gabrielle Herbert, Miss Joan Trotter, the Hon. Nancy Allsopp, Lady Struthers, Lady Thomson-Walker and Miss Thomson-Walker, Colonel and Mrs. Arthur Brooke, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. George and Mrs. Monckton-Arundell, Lady Helen Brocklehurst, Miss Rosemary Mitford, Commander and the Hon. Mrs. Edward Hastings, Commander and Mrs. Hugh Bowlby, Miss M. Whigham, Mr. and Mrs. Cyprian Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Lonsdale, Mrs. and Miss Kidston, Mrs. and Miss Barnard, the Hon. Guy Wilson, Miss Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Walford Selby, Miss Dorothy Meynell, Miss Milnes Gaskell, Miss M. Henderson, Miss D. Henderson, Captain Rawlinson, Baron Th. de Sonnenberg, Prince Weikersheim, Viscount Milton.

Lord William Taylour, Count John de Salis, Captain Dudley North, Mrs. Bathurst, Mr. L. Hamilton Russell, Lord Revelstoke, Mr. Trotter, Mr. Derek Schreiber, Mr. David Drummond, Mr. M. F. MacGregor, Captain John Bland, Mr. Cogbill, Mrs. J. A. Burns, Mr. Claud Dunbar, Mr. Charles Milnes Gaskell, Mr. T. Lindsay, Mr. Simon Combe, Mr. D. W. Forbes, Mr. John Forbes, Captain Aird, Mr. A. Craufurd, Mr. J. Drury Lowe, the Hon. Owen Edwardes, Mr. Peter Leese, Mr. J. Treadwell, Mr. Paul Lathom, Captain A. Miller, the Hon. G. Hamilton-Russell, the Hon. T. Coke, Mr. W. Lindsay Grey, Viscount Moore, Mr. A. de Merry del Val, Viscount Fincastle, Sir Gerard Fuller, the Hon. James Smith, Mr. Niall Rankine, the Earl of Erne, Mr. James Carnegie, Sir Hon. W. Astor, Mr. Desmond Verney, Mr. Gerald Villiers, Lord Dormer, Mr. Bromley Davenport, Mr. Roger Henderson, Mr. Ralph Cobbold, Mr. Chinnery Haldane, Mr. Malcolm Erskine, Captain Horton, Mr. Raymond Gibbs, the Hon. David Herbert, Captain John Combe, the Marquess of Donegall, Mr. T. Trotter, Mr. Hugo Meynell, Mr. Montgomery Cunningham, and Mr. Hay Drummond.

LADY MARGARET NICHOLSON

Lady Margaret Nicholson gave a dance for her daughter, Miss Joan Nicholson, last night at 39, Hill-street. Pilbeam's band played, and the house was decorated with roses, white lilies, and gladioli. Mr. and Lady Margaret Nicholson entertained at dinner at 31, Pont-street before the dance the following guests:—

Miss Peggy Hanbury, Miss Margaret Buckle, Miss Ruth Hawkshaw, Miss Esther Long, Miss Gillian Llewellyn, the Hon. Helen O'Hagan, Miss Sophie Portal, Miss Rosemary Wilson, the Hon. Maurice Bridgeman, Mr. E. T. Batt, Sir John Child, Mr. John Chetwode, Mr. W. Hicks-Beach, Mr. Vernon Harris, Mr. Gerald Nicholson, Mr. David Nicholson, and Mr. W. R. Nicholson.

Dinner parties were also given by:—

Countess Grey, Viscountess Wolmer, the Hon. Lady Quilter, the Hon. Lady Anstruther-Gough-Calthorpe, Lady Greenwell, Lady Duncan, Edith Lady Londonderry, Miss Elsanor Keane, the Hon. Mrs. Gwynne, Mrs. Lee Ewart, Mrs. Hill, Mrs. Arthur Grenfell, Mrs. Clifton Brown, Mrs. Cecil Lubbock, Mrs. Pelly, Mrs. Charles Paullimore, Mrs. Archer Franklyn, the Hon. Mrs. Tufton, Mrs. V. W. Nicholson, Mrs. Percy Quilter, Mrs. Buchanan, Mrs. Laming, Mrs. Robert Fleming, Mrs. Hugh Wylde, Mrs. Julian Steele, and Mrs. Stafford-Crawley.

Among those who accepted invitations to the dance were:—

Countess Buxton, Lady Alethea Buxton, the Hon. Elizabeth Brand, Lady Chamberlain, Miss Diane Chamberlain, Lady Helen Cassel and Miss Hermione Cassel, Viscountess Chelmsford and the Hon. Margaret Thesiger, the Countess of Clanwilliam, Lady Mary and Lady Elizabeth Meade, Mrs. Dorrien-Smith and Miss Dorrien-Smith, Lady Dawson of Penn and the Hon. Rosemary Dawson, Lady Eyres-Monsell and Miss Eyres-Monsell, Beatrice Countess of Eglinton and Winton, the Countess of Ellesmere and Lady Jane Egerton, Lady Clementine Waring, Miss Fermor-Hesketh, the Hon. Camilla Gordon, Lady Gilliford, the Countess of Hardwicke, Lady Elizabeth Yorke, the Hon. Mrs. Hermon-Hodge, Lady Hastings, the Hon. Armyne Astley, Colonel and Miss Hawkshaw, Lady Della Hicks-Beach, Miss Hambro, Lady Jessel, Mrs. Kearsley, Mary Countess of Longford, Lady Violet Pakenham, Lady Madden, Miss Joan Madden, Lady Mary Maxwell and Miss Maxwell, the Hon. Mary Monck, General and the Hon. Mrs. Bertram Portal, Lady Pigott-Brown, Lady Sinclair, the Hon. Patricia St. Clair, the Hon. Mrs. Guy Baring, Mrs. Christopher Hoare and Miss Diana Hoare, Mrs. George Kidston, Miss Kidston, Mrs. Curtis Lampson, Miss Curtis Lampson, Miss Martin Smith, Miss Katherine Pretyman, Miss Pamela Peto, Miss Ulrica Thynne, Miss Elizabeth Alington, the Hon. Mrs. George Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Balfour, Mr. Alastair Cobbold, Mr. Bromley Davenport, the Hon. Sir Eustace Fiennes, Mr. J. Forbes, Mr. David Fremantle, Mr. B. Forbes, Mr. G. Jordan-Lennox, the Hon. G. Hamilton-Russell, Mr. Charles Hill-Wood, the Hon. Ian Lawson-Johnston, Mr. R. Lyttleton, the Hon. Somerset Maxwell, the Hon. Peter Tufton, Mr. Charles Tryon, Mr. Thesiger, Mr. Geoffrey Waldegrave, and Mr. Miles de Zoete.

MEMORIAL SERVICE

SIR ERNEST MOON

A memorial service for Sir Ernest Moon, K.C., was held at the Temple Church yesterday afternoon. Canon S. C. Carpenter, Chaplain to the King and Master of the Temple, officiated. Among those present were:—

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Moon, Dr. Moon, Miss Moon, Mr. E. R. F. Moon, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Ralph Verney (representing the Speaker), the Hon. Mrs. Edward Strutt, Mrs. Claud Tritton, Sir Dalrymple and Lady Arbuthnot, Viscount Kaufford, His Honour Charles Gordon, the Hon. Evan Charteris, Sir Douglas and Lady Powell, the Hon. Mrs. Robert Lygon, Colonel Sir Robert Williams, Lady Robson, the Hon. Mrs. Charles Ponsonby, Sir John and Lady Barron, Sir Malcolm Ramsay, Sir Frederick Liddell, Lady (Albert) Gray, Sir Lyndon Macassey, Lady Victoria Russell, the Rev. Percy Maryon-Wilson (representing Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Maryon-Wilson), the Hon Stafford Cripps (representing Lord Parmoor), Sir Guy Stephenson, Sir Alexander Butterworth.

Viscount Ullswater, Miss H. White, Mrs. Haines, Mr. William Henderson, Mr. Howard Wright, Miss Weber, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Soames, Mrs. E. J. Bridges, Mr. A. D. Stocks, Mr. Hely-Hutchinson, Mr. Victor Ponsonby, the Rev. Dr. Moor, Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson Davie, Mr. Walter Sedgwick and Mr. G. Cox (representing the Society of Parliamentary Agents), Colonel Sir Stuart Sankey, Mr. and Lady Kathleen Skinner, Mr. Scholefield, Mr. Edwin Clements, Mr. W. W. Grantham, Mr. and Mrs. Raoul Fox, Mr. Alfred Hildersley, Mr. W. J. Jeeves, Mr. Maurice FitzGerald, Mr. J. Abady, Mr. R. Colomb, Mr. W. J. Atterton, Mr. F. N. Keen, Mr. Justice Talbot, Mr. and Mrs. Konstam, Mr. W. H. P. Lewis, Mr. C. A. Pitman, and Mr. William Bowstead (representing the Lord Chief Justice and Lady Hewart).

MARRIAGES

MR. R. DE LA MARE AND MISS DONALDSON

The marriage took place yesterday at Holy Trinity, Sloane-street, of Mr. Richard de la Mare, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter de la Mare, of Hill House, Taplow, and Miss Catherine Donaldson, elder daughter of the late Rev. S. A. Donaldson, Master of Magdalene College, Cambridge, and Lady Albinia Donaldson, of 17, Sloane-gardens, S.W. The Bishop of Salisbury and the Rev. Lord Wenlock (uncles of the bride) officiated, assisted by the Rev. C. Cheshire, rector of Holy Trinity.

The bride, who was escorted up the aisle by her brother, Mr. J. Donaldson, and given away by her mother, wore a long gown of cream satin, the full skirt finished at the back with a large diamanté and cut crystal buckle. Her square train of old Brussels lace was held at the shoulders by loops of satin, and her long ivory tulle veil was held in place by a bandeau of silver lamé trimmed with clusters of orange-blossom. She carried a bouquet of white roses, and was attended by one little page, Master Nicholas Thompson, who wore a short tunic and knickers of primrose-yellow crêpe de Chine with a white collar and cuffs, and by two little girls, Miss Elizabeth Babington-Smith and Miss Elizabeth Shawcross, who wore period frocks of white muslin spotted with yellow, girdled with wide blue sashes. They had wreaths of forget-me-nots in their hair and carried small posies of cream roses and forget-me-nots.

Mr. Colin de la Mare was best man. A reception was held at 17, Sloane-gardens, when among the guests were:—

Mr. and Mrs. Walter de la Mare, Miss Donaldson, Lady Wenlock, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert de la Mare, the Earl of Buckinghamshire, the Hon. Arthur and Lady Vere Bidlake, Sir Mortimer and Lady Isabel Margesson, Miss C. Babington Smith, Mr. H. Babington Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Ingpen and Miss Ingpen, the Misses Ingpen, Mrs. Laurence Binyon and Miss Binyon, Mrs. Alvin Corry, Mr. D. J. Ringwood, Mr. P. Gilchrist Thompson, Mr. Whistler, Miss Beatrice Cust, Mrs. Thomas Hardy, Dr. and Mrs. Pringle and Mrs. Pringle, Mrs. Addison, Mr. C. G. Eastwood, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew, Mr. Marcus Dimsdale and Miss Dimsdale, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Smalley, Mrs. John Freeman, Mrs. Archibald Cameron, Mrs. Leigh Taylor, Lady Dorothy Mills, Sir James and Lady Crichton-Browne, Miss Elsie Murray, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Tomlinson, Mrs. Tufnell Barrett and Miss Tufnell Barrett, Miss Augusta Clark, Mrs. Broad and Miss Broad, Mrs. H. H. Fuller, Mrs. Hugh Coltman, Miss Ella Coltman, the Hon. Mrs. Hamilton, the Rev. Barton Mills and Miss Mills, Mrs. Enderby Luttyens, Mrs. Douglas Adam, Miss Avis Hodgson, Miss MacCarthy, Mrs. Slyde and Miss Slyde, Mr. and Mrs. Geoffrey Faber, Mr. and Mrs. William Vestey, Mrs. Fisher and Miss Fisher, Miss Myers, Mrs. William Rothenstein and Miss Betty Rothenstein.

Mr. Philip and Lady Ottoline Morrell, Mrs. H. W. Leatham, Mrs. Walter Eyres, Mrs. Pelham Burn, Miss N. Royd-Smith, Mr. Ernest Milton, Lady (Philip) Gregory, Miss Hingwood, Miss Chesterman, Mr. Charles Parson, Mrs. Yardley and Miss Yardley, Mrs. Chesshire, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Lambert, Mrs. Wynne Bankes, the Hon. Violet Cust, Sir Alfred and Lady Rice-Oxley and Mr. L. Rice-Oxley, Canon Hobart-Hampden and Mrs. Hobart-Hampden, Mrs. Cecil Lubbock, Miss Springfield, Mr. Christopher Sandford, Mrs. James Blackwood, Mr. and Mrs. Cyprian Webb, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. C. L. Crane, Mrs. Adrian Kent, Mrs. Claude Lambton and Miss Lambton, Mr. Robert Thompson, Miss Edith Olivier, Mr. A. H. A. Browne, Mrs. Soltau Symons and Miss Symons, Mr. Robert Courthope, Miss Joan Courthope, Mrs. Richard Powell, Miss Bickmore, Mrs. Charlton, Mrs. Pott and Miss Pott, the Hon. Mrs. Gough, the Hon. Mrs. Grant-Duff and Miss Grant-Duff, Lady Lawrence, Mrs. Harry C. Bickmore and Miss Kathleen Bickmore, the Rev. R. Howard Muncey, Mr. Cust, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Hobart-Hampden, Mrs. Gerald Boyle and Miss Geraldine Boyle, the Hon. Mrs. Tollemache, Mr. Edward Bickerstath, Mrs. Fowler Burton, Mrs. Henry Haslam and Miss Frances Haslam, Miss Winkworth, Mrs. H. M. Fletcher, Mr. Heynes, Mrs. Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. John Rothenstein, Miss Peggy Williams, Dr. and Mrs. Summers, Mrs. R. L. Barclay, Mr. Morrison, Mr. David Horner, Mr. and Mrs. Davidson, Lady Struthers, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. Rostrevor Hamilton, Mrs. Albert Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Rodney Gallop, Captain Newbolt, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Nickalls, Mrs. Peter Carlos-Clark, Captain Margesson, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. McLaren, Mr. H. G. Evans, Mr. F. P. Spurrat, Mrs. Drewett Chator, the Hon. Mrs. Gilbert Johnstone, Lady Robson and Miss Robson, Miss Lowndes, Mr. and Mrs. Basil Marsden-Smedley, Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Morley, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kidd, the Hon. Mrs. Vaughan Williams, Mrs. Douro Hoare and Miss Hoare, Mrs. George Pape, Miss Joan and Miss Polly Barclay, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Matheson, Mrs. Arthur Shawcross, Mr. Cecil Howard, Miss Doreen Parker, Miss Carr, Lady Fisher, Captain and Mrs. Seton Christopher, Mrs. Blennerhassett, Major and Mrs. Chenevix-Trench, Mrs. David Williams, Dr. Pearce, Dr. Scott Williams, Mr. and Mrs. H. Monro, Lady (Eric) Richards, Sir Frederick and Lady Macmillan, Mr. H. L. Wallace, Miss Stuart, Mr. C. W. Stuart, Colonel Sorley, the Misses Bayly, Lady Anderson, Mrs. Rupert Thompson, Admiral Sir Herbert and Lady Mabel King-Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Lloyd, and the 1st Homerton Company of Girl Guides.

LIEUTENANT A. G. V. HUBBACK, R.N., AND MISS E. PEARSON ROGERS

The marriage took place quietly at St. Mark's, North Audley-street, yesterday of Lieutenant Arthur Gordon Voules Hubback, R.N., only son of Brigadier-General A. B. Hubback, C.M.G., D.S.O., and Mrs. Hubback, of 20, Lancaster-road, Wimbledon, and Miss Elizabeth Jane Pearson Rogers, younger daughter of the late Mr. H. W. Pearson Rogers, of Johannesburg, South Africa, and Mrs. George Whitton Lunn, of 1, Ulster-terrace, Regent's Park. The Rev. William Pennyman officiated, assisted by the Rev. Eric Barnes.

The bride, who was given away by her brother, Flying Officer H. W. Pearson Rogers, wore a parchment-tinted satin gown, with a veil and headdress of parchment-tinted silk net. Her train was of parchment-tinted silk net over flesh-pink chiffon trimmed with old Brussels lace, and she carried a shower bouquet of cream carnations, lilies-of-the valley, white heather, and cream and pink roses. The child attendant, Miss Gillian Newbold, wore an ankle-length gown of aquamarine-blue charmeuse and net, with puff sleeves, and the grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Patricia Pearson Rogers (sister of the bride) and Miss Yvonne Hubback (sister of the bridegroom)—wore gowns of the same material, with close-fitting coatees and large straw hats. They wore crystal chokers and carried Victorian bouquets in blue and cream. Lieutenant A. P. Gibson, R.N., was best man, and a reception was held at the May Fair Hotel. The honeymoon is being spent on the Continent. The bride travelled in a stone-colour dress and coat of Rodier material, with a leaf-brown bankok hat.

MR. E. BAUMANN AND MISS STEWART LOCKHART

The marriage took place at St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, yesterday, of Mr. Eric Baumann, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Baumann, of 169, Queen's-gate, late of The Lodge, Englefield Green, and Miss Margaret Stewart Lockhart, younger daughter of Sir James H. and Lady Stewart Lockhart, of 6, Cresswell-gardens. Prebendary Bernard Hancock officiated, assisted by the Rev. Eric Hamilton.

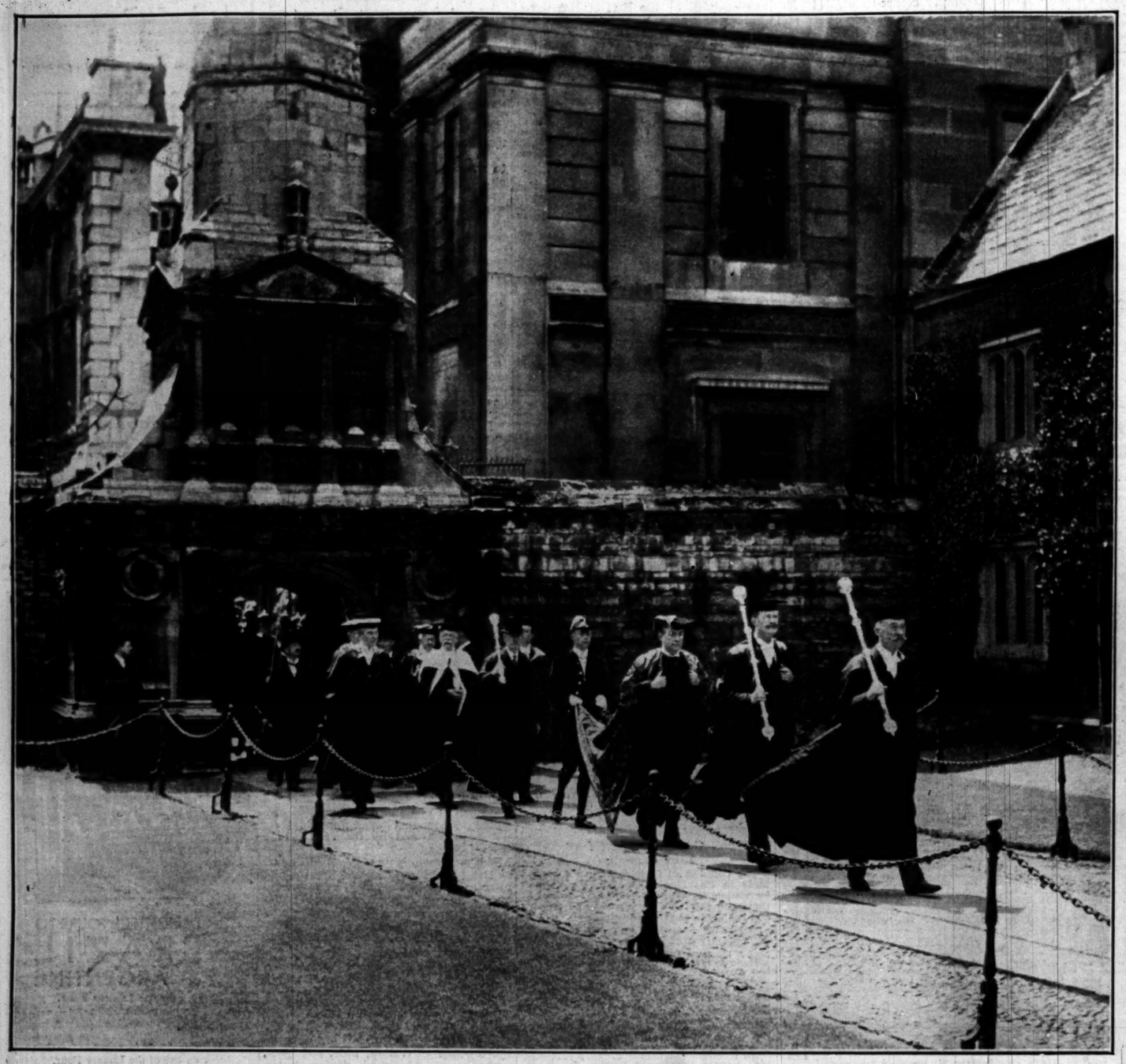
The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of parchment-tinted satin, with a long train falling from the waist, forming part of the dress. Her veil was of parchment-tinted tulle, and she carried a bouquet of red roses and real orange-blossom. The three grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Helga Baumann (sister of the bridegroom), Miss Marjorie Rogerson, and Miss Peggie Ramsay, wore pale pink chiffon dresses, with wreaths of green glass leaves, and they carried bouquets of pale blue delphiniums.

Mr. J. B. Holmes was best man, and a reception was held at 25, Knightsbridge (lent by Commander and Mrs. Joel). Among those present were:—

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Baumann, Commander C. Stewart Lockhart, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Hancock, Mr. Francis Hancock, Mr. and Mrs. H. Hancock, Mrs. R. Hancock and the Misses Hancock, Mr. and Mrs. Manderson, Mrs. Gregory and Miss Gregory, Mrs. Carlyon Hughes, Mrs. Bird, Mrs. Norman Moore, Minnie, Lady Jardine, the Dowager Lady Jackson, Miss Cameron, Miss Mackay, Mrs. Provst, Mrs. Martelli, Colonel and Mrs. Lindsay Lloyd, Mrs. Tait, Mrs. Ronald Vickers, Mrs. Shaw and Miss Shaw, Miss E. T. Daniell, Mr. W. P. Edwards, the Hon. Mrs. Durant, Dr. and Mrs. Billinghurst, Mrs. Spencer Horne, Mrs. George Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. D. Landale and Miss G. Landale, Mr. H. J. Gedge, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Tomes and Miss Tomes, Mrs. Yates, Miss Hepworth, Mrs. Bruce Robertson, Mrs. H. D. C. Jones, Major Piers, Mrs. Macmillan, Miss Schrader, Mr. Liddell, Mr. Gerald Shepperson, Mr. W. A. C. Platt, Mrs. Hugh Chichester and Miss Violet Chichester, Mr. F. Harbord, Mrs. Porter and Miss Porter, Mrs. Mayrrs, Mr. and Mrs. Hippisley, Mr. R. M. Ellis, Sir Duncan and Lady Macpherson, Lady Peter, Mrs. Ballantyne and Miss Ballantyne, Mrs. Percy Royds, Mrs. John Reid, Mrs. C. Hawkins, Mrs. Cochrane and the Misses Cochrane, Colonel and Mrs. Crawford, Miss Butterworth, Mrs. John Walter, Miss Walter, Miss Bramwell, Mrs. Frederick Barry, Mrs. Daniell, Miss Atkinson Clark, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Ker, Mrs. Tabot, Miss Duncan, Mrs. Gask, Mrs. Lightly Simpson, Mrs. Nicholls and Miss Nicholls, Mr. Macpherson and Miss Macpherson, Mrs. Drury, Mr. and Mrs. Holmes, Mr. Colin, Mrs. Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. Dodwell, Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Venner, Mr. R. J. Guster.

Admiral Sir Martyn Jerram, Marion Lady Dee Voux, Mr. T. Mott, Mr. Christopher Medley, Mr. P. Gordon Maxwell, Mrs. Forrest, Mr. F. C. Hopkins, Mrs. Betty Joel, Mr. and Mrs. Schwartze and Miss Schwartze, Mr. A. H. MacLeod and Miss MacLeod, Mr. David Joel, Miss Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Collins, Mrs

CEREMONIES AT CAMBRIDGE: INSTALLATION OF MR. BALDWIN

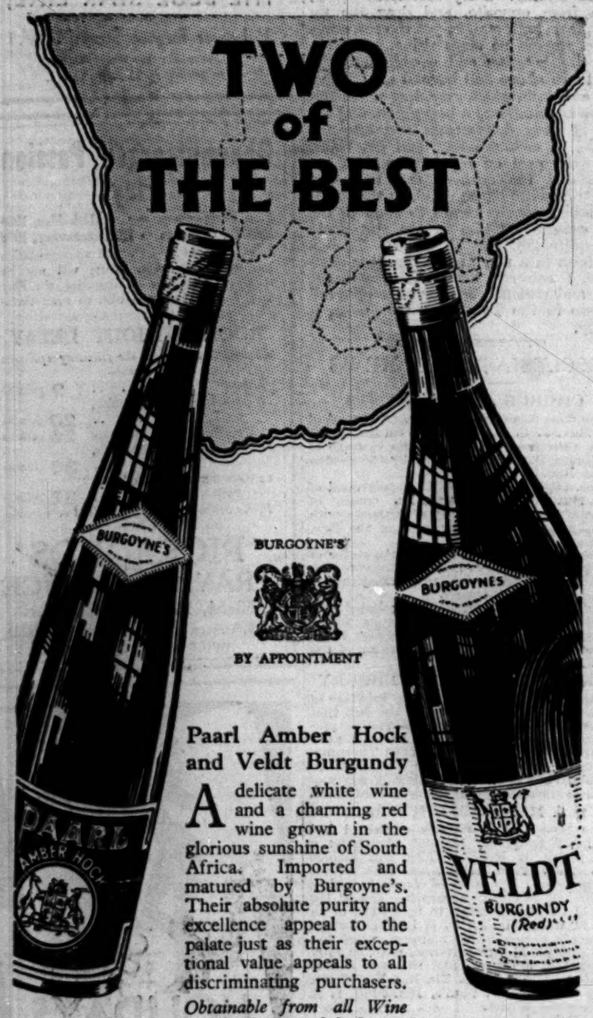


THE PROCESSION THROUGH THE GATE OF HONOUR.—Mr. Baldwin was yesterday installed as Chancellor of Cambridge University, and afterwards conferred a number of Honorary Degrees. Our photograph shows the procession passing through the Gate of Honour of Caius College after the installation ceremony. Behind Mr. Baldwin is the Vice-Chancellor, Mr. A. B. Ramsay. Between the two ceremonies there was a luncheon at Caius College, and later in the day a garden party was held at Magdalene.

HONORARY DEGREES.—The recipients of Honorary Degrees passing through Senate House Yard for the ceremony in the Senate House. At their head is the Duke of Gloucester. The list of 19 recipients included General Dawes and Professor Einstein, who were unable to take their degrees last year.

ÍN GONVILLE COURT.—A group photographed in Gonville Court, Caius College, yesterday afternoon. The American Ambassador is near the door, and to the right are Mr. Arthur Henderson, Lord Beauchamp and the Vice-Chancellor.

TWO of THE BEST



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VELDT BURGUNDY
3/- per bottle 36/- per doz. bottles

BURGOYNE'S
South African Wines

MARSHAL FOCH MEMORIAL.—The Prince of Wales unveiled yesterday the memorial statue of Marshal Foch in Grosvenor-gardens. Above is a general view of the ceremony immediately after the unveiling. The memorial is the work of M. Georges Malissard and is a replica of the statue at Cassel, at the unveiling of which Marshal Foch was present.

THE MARQUESS OF MONTCALM yesterday unveiled in Greenwich Park the statue of General Wolfe which has been presented to this country by the people of Canada. The Marquess is seen speaking from the dais after the unveiling. The statue is the work of Professor R. Tait McKenzie and the pedestal is by Mr. A. S. G. Butler.

WORLD CRUISE

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till SEPT. 30th
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SERVICE DINNERS

THE WELSH GUARDS

Colonel the Prince of Wales presided at the Welsh Guards dinner, which was held at the Hyde Park Hotel last night.

The officers present were:—

Oakeley Lord Harlech, R. E. K. Leatham, W. Murray Threipland, T. R. C. Price, and J. B. Strutery Otterew; Lieutenant-Colonels G. C. D. Gordon, H. C. Fergusson, C. F. Meares, Sir Rhys Williams, and H. Dent; Majors W. H. L. Bonn, B. N. Culverwell, C. H. Dudley-Ward, J. T. E. Evans, R. W. Lewis, K. G. Menzies, H. T. Rice, and H. E. Wetherell; Captains R. G. G. Ashton, A. M. Bankier, F. L. T. Barlow, O. Bird, C. A. V. Copland-Griffiths, G. C. H. Crawshay, G. C. Devas, W. Dabell, P. Dilberoglue, C. E. S. Dodd, J. F. Ellis, A. Gibbs, B. N. Gibbs, W. D. C. Greenacre, the Earl of Lisburne, J. A. D. Perrins, E. Price, F. E. Martin-Smith, Sir Alexander Stanier, H. S. Stokes, J. F. Taylor, N. C. Thursby-Pelham, and G. St. V. J. Vigor; and Messrs. H. C. Benson, P. G. Coleman, W. W. R. Crosse-Crosse, the Hon. Robert Devereux, P. C. Dickens, W. W. Dowding, H. A. Evan-Thomas, J. T. T. Fletcher, R. E. O. Goetz, A. Gwynne-Jones, T. R. Hardy, N. M. Harrop, H. F. Lascelles, P. Llewellyn, W. Maxims, H. M. Matthews, D. B. Morgan, H. A. Spence-Thomas, R. L. Tatham, P. C. Trotter, S. H. Watson; and Mr. P. de Satgé was a guest.

THE SOMERSET LIGHT INFANTRY (PRINCE ALBERT'S)

The Duke of York, Colonel-in-Chief, presided at the regimental dinner of The Somerset Light Infantry (Prince Albert's), which was held at the Hotel Metropole last night.

Others present included:—

General Sir Walter Braithwaite (Colonel of the Regiment), Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Snow, Major-General Sir Henry Everett, Brigadier-General C. W. Compton, Colonels W. H. M. Freestun, B. G. Peel, E. G. Thurlow, A. H. Yatman, G. Fleming, and C. J. Troyte-Bilock; Lieutenant-Colonels H. L. R. Allirey, A. F. Barry, H. G. Burges-Short, G. Fleming, S. S. N. Harrison, Sir Charles Miles, V. H. B. Majendie, D. J. Owens, A. W. S. Paterson, J. M. Smith, W. M. Sutton, E. H. Swayne, F. D. Trollope-Bellew, B. M. Wardlaw-Milne, E. W. Wilson, G. E. M. Whittuck, and H. O. Gibbs; Wing Commander G. F. Pretyman; Majors E. D. Bally, R. H. E. Bennett, F. C. V. D. Caillard, R. B. Denny, G. W. Lawson, H. M. Martin, W. W. Roche, D. C. Stewart, J. G. des R. Swayne, R. H. Waddy, and Douglas Edwards; Captains G. H. Cole, R. E. Field, E. H. C. Frith, J. W. Harper, A. F. Harding, R. S. Le Bas, D. H. G. McCririck, A. E. Snow, S. Scott, and G. H. Wood; and Messrs. H. N. Barlow, L. H. Bean, J. C. D. Bruce, S. J. Brice, W. S. C. Curtis, E. C. H. Evered, H. P. F. Fagan, A. O. Merdaunt, G. E. Mockler, G. W. R. Rooke, W. H. Routh, H. W. Spurrell, J. F. Snow, T. M. Thring, B. C. H. Whicher, and P. D. Maud.

1ST KING'S DRAGOON GUARDS

The annual regimental dinner of the 1st King's Dragoon Guards was held at the Cavalry Club on Wednesday. There were present:—

Generals Sir C. J. Briggs and Sir Loftus Bates; Colonels W. J. Chappell, H. de C. Eastwood, W. J. S. Fergusson, F. H. Fenwick, S. G. Howes, J. O'Donnell, A. M. Turner, H. J. Williams, and H. F. Wickham; Majors J. A. Berners, T. H. Gladstone, H. S. Hatfield, S. H. Harvey, M.P., D. A. Rasbotham, E. W. H. Sprot, J. Sabger Willett, and F. H. Charlton; Captains W. H. Harkness, R. C. Longworth, W. H. Muir, D. L. G. Carleton-Smith, J. G. E. Tiarks, L. D. Watson, R. J. C. Wills, C. H. Wood, A. H. N. Richardson; and Messrs. A. P. C. Crossley, P. C. Drabble, E. L. S. Douglas, R. G. F. Fairfax, A. J. L. Hopkins, R. F. Lees, M. J. Lindsay, D. McCorquodale, B. D. S. Porter, W. B. Redford, J. A. Bogle-Smith, L. R. Warton, W. E. S. Whetherly, and J. W. Wilder.

10TH ROYAL HUSSARS (PRINCE OF WALES'S OWN)

General Viscount Byng of Vimy was present at the dinner of the 10th Royal Hussars (Prince of Wales's Own), which was held at the Carlton Hotel last night. Others present included:—

Major-General Vaughan; Brigadier-Generals Baird, Viscount Hampden, Seymour, and the Earl of Shaftesbury; Colonels the Earl of Airlie, Alexander, Crichton, Viscount Downe, Farquharson, Fisher-Childe, Kearsey, Palmer, Lord George Scott, Whitmore, and Williams; Majors Awdry, Sir William Bass, Gosling, Guthrie, O'Callaghan, the Hon. Dudley Pelham, Peto, Pillinger, Roberts, and Turnham; Captains Cave, Davy, Greenwood, the Hon. Gerald Portman, and Ralli; Lord Normanbrook, the Hon. John Peppe, the Hon. Edward Ward, the Hon. John Stourton; and Messrs. Baird, Lowther, Mainwaring, Parbury, C. B. Ponsonby, and T. E. Ponsonby.

"QUIS SEPARABIT" CLUB

The Irish Guards "Quis Separabit" Club dinner was held at Claridge's last night. Colonel R. V. Pollok (Lieutenant-Colonel commanding the regiment) presided, and General the Earl of Cavan (Colonel of the regiment) was present. The other officers included:—

Colonel the Hon. H. R. L. G. Alexander, Lieutenant R. C. Alexander, Captain P. H. Antrobus, Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. C. Bagnallay, Brigadier-General the Hon. J. J. P. Butler, Brigadier-General Sir S. H. Child, Lieutenant P. J. H. Chose, Brigadier-General R. J. Cooper, Captain B. F. Crewdson, Lieutenant A. M. W. Cyan, Brigadier-General W. H. V. Darell, Captain W. D. Dashwood, Captain D. J. B. Fitzgerald, Major C. F. Fleming, Lieutenant V. V. Gilbart-Denham, Captain A. F. L. Gordon, Lieutenant-Colonel Viscount Gough (commanding 1st Battalion), Lieutenant T. H. H. Grayson, Major T. W. B. Greenfield, Major D. W. Gunston, Lieutenant R. Hannay, Captain M. B. Hely-Hutchinson, Captain K. W. Hoare, Captain A. O. Hood, Lieutenant E. O. Kellett, Captain R. B. H. Kemp, Lieutenant-Colonel the Marquess of Lansdowne, Lieutenant T. G. Lindsay, Lieutenant J. K. Mathew, Captain C. E. Merrin-Baird, Brigadier-General R. C. A. McMahon, Brigadier-General the Earl of Meath, Captain C. J. O'H. Moore, Major T. E. G. Nugent, Captain the Hon. H. B. O'Brien, Captain A. R. Pym, Captain A. E. Rankin, Captain R. B. S. Retford, Lieutenant-Colonel P. L. Reid, Lieutenant G. J. S. Repton, Lieutenant G. W. Repton, Lieutenant-Colonel the Duke of Richmond and Gordon, Lieutenant-Colonel Lord Herbert Scott, Major-General Sir E. A. M. Stopford, Major T. F. Tallents, Lieutenant G. M. Tylden-Wright, Lieutenant J. O. E. Vandeleur, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. T. E. Vesey, Captain J. I. Watson, Surgeon-Colonel P. H. Whiston, Lieutenant G. V. Williams, and Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Wise.

THE EAST YORKSHIRE REGIMENT

The annual dinner of The East Yorkshire Regiment was held at the Hans Crescent Hotel yesterday. Among those present were:—

Brigadier-General J. L. J. Clarke; Colonels E. A. Bramhall, Sir George A. Duncombe, G. W. Geddes, and J. McD. Haskard; Lieutenant-Colonels C. L. Estridge, T. A. Headlam, R. Scott-Hopkins, Sir J. S. Knox, K. A. Plimpton, J. W. Springfall, J. B. O. Trimble, W. H. Young, and B. St. Clair Ford; Majors Bertiwick, H. E. S. Brown, A. S. Grant, F. H. Lock, F. Pidgeon, H. H. Powell, W. H. Ramsden, E. B. Robinson, G. R. Smallwood, C. Speid Soote, E. W. N. Wade, H. F. Waller, and D. F. Wraugham; Captains T. L. Barlow, A. A. Healey, A. E. Mackenzie, A. J. Spencer, E. S. Wade, and R. A. C. Prevett; and Messrs. P. L. Binns, R. A. B. Cooper, C. L. D. Dugmore, M. H. Fitzgerald, F. Stringer, W. Spencer, A. A. Bean, R. H. A. Dugmore, and J. R. Bean.

THE BORDER REGIMENT

The annual dinner of The Border Regiment Dinner Club was held at the Hotel Metropole last night. The officers attending were:—

Lieutenant-General Sir Harold Walker, Major-General E. G. Sinclair-Maclagan, Brigadier-Generals H. Nelson and G. H. Ovens; Brigadier G. H. Harrison; Lieutenant-Colonels J. T. L. Rossnquet, A. B. Clayton, H. W. Grubb, C. A. James, A. E. St. J. Pollard, C. Toopood, S. H. Worrall, A. J. Ellis, J. Forbes-Robertson, J. R. Middleton, and R. Roche-Kelly; Majors H. E. Chapman, C. E. H. Coodt, G. E. Warren, G. Darwell, M. C. Manly, C. Darwin, D. M. A. Sole, and W. V. Watson; Captains J. G. Heyder, V. Blomfield, T. C. M. Johnson, F. R. H. Morgan, J. S. Nichols, G. W. B. Tarleton, C. H. Walker, J. H. B. Warren, and A. V. H. Wood; and Messrs. E. C. Brewer, C. Hirington, T. H. Flewett, W. Ryding, D. C. A. Shepard, H. T. Thompson, P. J. S. Watson, and W. R. G. de W. Warren.

In the afternoon the annual reunion tea for past and present officers and their families was held at the same hotel.

3RD ROYAL SUSSEX REGIMENTAL CLUB

The forty-fourth annual dinner of the 3rd Royal Sussex Regimental Club, which was instituted upon the occasion of the centenary of the battalion in 1878, took place at the Café Royal last night. Lieutenant-Colonel A. R. Hurst presided, and the following officers were also present:—

Brigadier-General W. L. Osborn, Colonels Lord Leconfield, S. R. Clarke, C. G. H. Alers-Hankey, Lieutenant-Colonels Viscount Fitzalan, C. B. Godman, F. W. E. Blake, W. B. Willett, J. Seymour Mellor, R. S. Follett, H. F. Bidder, Majors Lord Hothfield, M. T. Turner (hon. secretary), W. M. Carke, L. St. P. Beynon, T. F. M. Wisden, W. H. C. Le Hardy, C. Russell, Captains C. Leveson-Gower, J. S. Magrath, P. R. Harford, R. M. Howe, G. R. Keep, A. Mercier, and Mr. W. A. H. King.

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S VOLUNTEERS (SOUTH LANCASHIRE)

The annual regimental dinner of The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire) took place at the Savoy Hotel last evening. There were present:—

Lieutenant-Colonel F. H. Charlton (presiding), Brigadier-General D. G. Prendergast; Colonels D'O. B. Dawson, G. C. Kelly, W. B. Ritchie, and H. G. Roberts; Lieutenant-Colonels H. C. Herbert, G. F. Menzies, and L. L. Vaughan; Majors L. P. Anderson, G. C. Blacker, F. W. Braikie, J. H. T. Icke, E. F. Oakeley, R. H. R. Smythies, J. F. Smartt, and W. E. S. Tyler; Captains F. C. Beard, W. H. Brooks, W. E. S. Burton, A. Earle, J. F. C. Hislop, E. Harrison, F. H. Leleux, J. H. Hurle-Whalley-Kelly, J. R. Pilsworth, R. A. Ransom, E. A. H. Walker, W. D. Ward, and R. W. Wren; and Messrs. C. L. W. Blackburne, L. W. Bryans, C. V. Lane, J. H. Mackie, C. V. Lane, J. H. McCarthy, E. A. Sawers, J. A. E. Thompson, and E. S. Gardner.

THE SHERWOOD FORESTERS

The annual dinner of The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment) was held at the Hyde Park Hotel last night. Among the officers present were:—

General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien, Lieutenant-Generals Sir William Marshall and Sir Frederic Shaw; Brigadier-Generals G. G. Cunningham, F. C. Godley, H. A. Agnew, F. Iveson-Gower, J. W. G. Roy, and O. C. Wolley-Dod; Colonels J. McCleverty, R. S. Hart, R. S. Popham, W. E. Pye, and H. C. Wylly; Lieutenant-Colonels R. T. Foster, T. H. M. Green, R. H. Keller, G. S. Murray, R. E. Savile, B. G. C. Way, K. C. Weldon, J. S. Williams, and J. H. Wyberah; Majors J. M. S. Craddock, G. D. Edwards, E. A. G. Gossett, H. B. Hume, G. F. Luther, J. E. H. Maxwell, J. N. Simson, C. C. Parkinson, F. Porter, H. V. Rhodes, T. L. Shelbrooke, and K. Skinner; Captains H. Carter, R. V. C. Cavendish, A. S. Edwards, A. de B. Morris, W. A. Platt, C. H. A. Sturge, E. E. Sullivan Tallyour, N. McD. Walker, and J. D'A. Whichey; and Messrs. C. H. Collins, W. M. E. Denison, H. G. Fowler, R. D. Jesudon, R. W. Insall, jr., W. Jackson, A. C. C. Johnson, F. T. K. Pye, J. K. L. Roberts, R. B. Sanders, C. S. Wilmot-Sitwell, C. R. G. Bird, and A. C. Weldon.

THE ROYAL BERKSHIRE REGIMENT (PRINCESS CHARLOTTE OF WALES'S)

The dinner of The Royal Berkshire Regiment (Princess Charlotte of Wales's) was held at the Army and Navy Club last night. Major-General F. F. Ready presided, and the other officers dining were:—

Generals C. H. T. Lucas and Sir F. W. McCracken; Brigadier-Generals W. J. Collins, J. W. Dowell, E. N. Goodie, R. Hale, W. K. McClintock, W. B. Thornton, and S. V. F. Weston; Colonel F. W. Foley; Lieutenant-Colonels G. H. Arbuthnot, J. R. Bassett, H. C. Ellis, A. B. Harris, A. G. F. Isaac, F. H. Moore, E. A. B. Orr, J. F. B. Robinson, G. H. Sawyer, and A. H. Hanbury Sparrow; Majors L. W. Bird, C. E. Birch, A. G. Coombs, E. J. Eagar, A. J. Fraser, C. St. G. Fullbrook-Leggatt, H. C. F. Hay, A. F. J. Hibbert, G. Lynch, Sir T. E. S. Pasley, E. Rhodes, A. J. Turner, W. J. van de Weyer, and C. C. Hinckin; Captains A. F. Aveline, E. E. N. Burney, M. C. Dempsey, D. W. Dolby, G. S. Greeson-Ellis, D. F. Furlong, G. Hawkins, P. H. Hight, H. H. R. Hilliard, B. Hobson, E. G. Holden, E. Jerwood, J. R. Johnson, R. G. MacDonnell, H. Fawle, A. F. Pigott, K. P. Smith, and J. H. Sugrue; and Messrs. H. W. G. Arthy, I. E. Baird, W. A. Bickford, R. I. Davies, H. Finch, G. F. Gibb, P. H. C. Hayward, B. Hawkins, L. D. H. Helby, D. W. Hoare, A. J. N. Joliffe, R. H. A. Lascar, T. F. Levett-Prinsep, H. St. G. McDowell, D. E. Millard, A. L. Mitchell, Moore, F. H. Moore, E. S. Orpwood, J. B. Ready, H. Savill, C. W. Stevens, A. L. Taffs, F. Tynan, W. A. Warren, A. F. Wells, and J. C. Wilder.

THE WILTSHIRE REGIMENT (DUKE OF EDINBURGH'S)

The annual regimental dinner of The Wiltshire Regiment (Duke of Edinburgh's) took place at the Trocadero Restaurant last night. There were present:—

Major-Generals E. Evans (presiding) and F. C. Bentson; Brigadiers W. A. Blake and R. D. F. Oldman; Colonels R. Barclay, F. H. Dausey, H. L. W. Henslow, Lord Heytesbury, C. H. M. Kirkwood, A. V. Payne, F. S. Picot, and A. H. Hutton-Wilson; Lieutenant-Colonels C. A. Barker, J. F. Forbes, R. M. T. Gillson, R. Barry-Martyn, W. H. Mosley, M. C. Richards, A. W. Timmis, H. J. F. Wallis, J. R. Wyndham, and F. A. Spencer; Majors A. S. Hooper, J. H. M. Mee, E. Evelyn-Smith, H. S. Starkey, and D. Strachan; Captains R. M. P. Beaven, J. N. Carson, B. H. Goodhart, E. H. Hill, J. Douglas-James, J. H. Pascoe, C. H. Prest, H. B. Rose, A. J. Samut, and S. M. C. Theyre; and Messrs. R. Ashley, W. E. Ludford, E. S. C. Parsons, C. Sargeaunt, and O. G. Woodhouse.

THE CONNAUGHT RANGERS

The Connaught Rangers regimental dinner was held at the Hotel Victoria last night, when among the officers present were:—

Brigadier-Generals Sir Charles Delmé-Radcliffe, D. T. Hammond, and J. J. F. Hume; the Right Rev. Bishop Kestinge; Colonels H. D. Chamier and C. E. Wyncoll; Lieutenant-Colonels A. W. Blockley, G. F. Brooke, H. R. G. Deacon, G. H. Ford-Hutchinson, H. F. N. Jourdain, T. G. Ruttledge, and H. Worsley-Gough; Majors G. F. Callaghan, T. R. B. Clifford, J. T. Gorman, R. W. Harling, H. T. Hewitt, S. W. Howard, J. E. Hume, J. C. MacSwiney, A. G. Moutray, H. J. Nolan-Ferrall, and A. H. B. Wright; Captains C. E. K. Bagot, G. R. C. Brook, R. V. Burke, G. B. Champion, J. H. Ritchie-Dickson, F. V. Griffith, J. L. Hardy, T. E. Keely, E. Fitz H. Lynch, E. A. Twiford, W. A. C. Turner, and R. P. L. Vigors; and Messrs. H. S. Hosenson, F. V. Lyons, A. Y. McPeake, D. T. McWeeney, and P. Sarsfield.

INDIAN CAVALRY

General Sir Havelock Hudson presided at the dinner of the Indian Cavalry, which was held at the Hotel Victoria last night. The guest of the Dinner Club was Lieutenant-General Sir George Richardson, and those present included:

Skinner's Horse (1st Duke of York's Own Cavalry).—Major-General Sir Pomeroy Holland-Pryor, Colonel C. Davis, Colonel F. D. Russell, Lieutenant-Colonel C. F. Kinder, Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Pott, Major J. H. Bennett, Major G. C. G. Gray, Captain H. R. Lyons, Captain K. C. Cradock-Watson, Captain D. W. McL. Prinsep, and Mr. N. T. Loring.

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).—Major-General J. A. Douglas, Major-General J. G. Turner, Brigadier-General L. L. Maxwell, Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Harenc, Lieutenant-Colonel H. H. Sproule, and Lieutenant-Colonel T. A. O. Wilson.

3rd Cavalry.—Major-General L. C. Jones and Captain N. Morton.

Hodson's Horse (4th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers).—Major-General F. W. P. Angelo, Major-General G. A. H. Beatty, Colonel C. H. Beatson, Colonel P. R. Chambers, Brevet-Colonel Lord Middleton, Lieutenant-Colonel A. W. M. Kemmis, Lieutenant-Colonel D. O. W. Lamb, Major F. G. Cardew, Captain H. W. Luttman-Johnson, and Captain R. A. Oswald.

Probyn's Horse (5th King Edward's Own Lancers).—Colonel E. H. Cole, Colonel G. M. Orr, Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H. Macdonald, Major D. H. Van Renen, and Captain H. E. P. D. Acland.

9th Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers (Watson's Horse).—Colonel G. B. Irvine and Captain A. E. C. Poole.

8th King George's Own Light Cavalry.—Brigadier-General W. W. Warner, Brigadier-General W. H. Fasken, Brigadier-General C. R. Harbord, Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Logan-Home, Major H. T. Walker, Captain C. K. Greenway, and Captain W. N. Powell.

The Royal Deccan Horse (9th Horse).—Brigadier-General C. E. K. Macquoid, Colonel F. Adams, Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Barnett, Lieutenant-Colonel F. Gwatkin, Major C. D. Gregson, Major A. N. Lovell, Captain R. L. W. Herrick, Captain J. C. J. O'Connor, and Mr. G. H. Carr.

The Guide's Cavalry (10th Queen Victoria's Own Frontier Force).—Major-General Sir George Younghusband, Lieutenant-Colonel D. K. McLeod, and Mr. W. Elliot Lockhart.

Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (11th Frontier Force).—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Kennedy-Crauford-Stuart and Mr. R. G. Hanmer.

Sam Browne's Cavalry (12th Frontier Force).—Colonel F. D. Henshaw, Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel H. L. Isaac, Major T. W. Slingsby.

13th Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.—Colonel W. M. Macleod and Colonel A. F. C. Williams.

The Scinde Horse (14th Prince of Wales's Own Cavalry).—General Sir George Barrow and Major E. Montague Smith.

19th Lancers Cavalry.—Lieutenant-Colonel G. Gould and Captain V. P. Roberts.

The Poona Horse (17th Queen Victoria's Own Cavalry).—Brigadier W. H. Anderson, Major H. C. Hoare, Major W. G. Elphinstone, Captain G. D. Baines, and Captain F. N. Cross.

18th King Edward's Own Cavalry.—Lieutenant-Colonel S. W. Egerton, Major G. F. Gretton, and Captain J. O'B. Stewart.

19th King George's Own Lancers.—Major-General C. F. W. Firie, Brigadier-General F. F. Lance, Colonel R. A. Hewlett, Colonel G. A. Money, Nawab Mallik Colonel Sir Umar Hayat Khan, Lieutenant-Colonel V. A. S. Keighley, Lieutenant-Colonel P. E. Ricketts, Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Sykes, Lieutenant-Colonel H. F. Whitby, Major S. E. L. Baddeley, Captain D. H. Currie, and Captain W. E. B. Peel.

20th Lancers.—Colonel H. M. Johnston, Lieutenant-Colonel G. R. Maitland, Major R. D. Barbour, Captain P. C. Bullock, and Captain G. M. Dyer.

8TH PUNJAB REGIMENT (BURMA BATTALIONS)

The sixth annual dinner of the 8th Punjab Regiment (Burma Battalions) was held at the Piccadilly Hotel on Tuesday. Lieutenant-General H. D'U. Keary was in the chair, and those present were:—

Generals Hastings and Campbell; Colonels Phillips and Pemberton; Majors Brewer and Fox-Male; and Captains Campbell, Creffield, Johns, Moore, Birr, Stoed, and Southern.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

GIFTS TO CHARITIES

Mr. George Alexander Duff, of Augusta-gardens, Folkestone, who died on March 11, aged 79, has left estate of the gross value of £107,150, with net personalty £106,908.

Mr. Aubrey Trevor Lawrence, K.C., of Lindsey House, Cheyne-walk, Chelsea, Chancellor of the Dioceses of Sheffield, 1914, Worcester, 1920, Peterborough, 1922, Southwell, 1922, Winchester, 1924, Leicester, 1927, and Portsmouth, 1927, hon. secretary of Lord Cave's Commission on the Property and Revenue of the Church, a governor of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, died on March 23, son of the late Sir Trevor Lawrence, leaving property of the value of £69,373, with net personalty £52,491.

Dame Mary Augusta Lynch Palmer, of the Royal Court Hotel, Sloane-square, S.W., widow of Sir Elwin Palmer, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., died on April 27, leaving £22,790, with net personalty £22,285.

Mr. Simeon (or Sim) Greyham, of Harewood Hotel, Tunbridge Wells, stock and share broker, who died on April 9, aged 77, left estate of the gross value of £21,856, with net personalty £10,367. He left the residue of the property in trust to pay the income to his wife for life and then upon trust for:—

The Jewish Board of Guardians, the London Jewish Hospital East, the Jewish Hospital and Orphan Asylum, Norwood, and "such other Jewish charities in such shares as my trustees shall in their absolute discretion think fit."

Mr. Basil Hinton Philpott, M.V.O., of Surbiton Hill Park, Surbiton, for 45 years Organist-in-Ordinary to H.M. the King, Chapel Royal, Hampton Court Palace, who died on April 12, left estate of the gross value of £2,824, with net personalty £2,687.

Mrs. Annie Louisa Henley, of Oxford-square, Hyde Park, W., and formerly of Courtlands, West Hoathly, Sussex, died on March 20, leaving £69,469, with net personalty £69,129. She left:—

£200 to Emily Keevil, cook, £100 to Mary Jones, parlourmaid, and £20 to Henrietta Farthing, maid, if respectively in her service at the time of her death.

Mr. Henry James Hill, of Pembroke House, Send, Surrey, and of Gresham-street, E.C., senior partner in the firm of J. Hill and Sons, one of the oldest members of the Stock Exchange, who died on March 19, aged 84, left estate of the gross value of £19,712, with net personalty £14,838. The testator left:—

£100 to the Guildford Preventive and Rescue Society; £100 to the Hospital for Consumption and Diseases of the Chest, Brompton; £100 to the Jackson General Trust, to be paid to or applied for the purposes of the Hawkesley Society for the Protection of Animals and Birds in Italy; £100 to the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution; £100 to Lord Mayor Treloar's Crippies Hospital and College; £100 to the Royal National Orthopaedic Hospital; £100 to the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals; £100 to St. Luke's Hospital for Advanced Cases; and to the National Trust for Places of Historic Interest or Natural Beauty his land known as Broadmead, Send, Surrey.

Among other latest wills are the following:—

	Gross value
Bellingham, Mr. Eodo William Alan (45), of Dunany Point, Dunleer, Co. Louth, Irish Free State (personal estate in England and the Irish Free State)	£29,319
Cardwell, Mrs. Kate, of Albert Hall Mansions, S.W.1, and formerly of Invercolus, Radlett, Herts (net personalty £20,255)	20,972
Chemo, Mr. George Frederick (71), of Trefusis House, Clinton-road, Redruth (net personalty £32,967)	33,609
Dutton, Mrs. Mary Emma Maud, of Gogarth Abbey Hotel, Llandudno, hotel proprietress (net personalty £9,006)	32,383
Fagan, Mr. Arthur Robert St. Leger, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (67), of 86, Johns-road, Holloway, N. (net personalty £3,451)	2,979
Malden, the Rev. William Ernest Pelham, M.A., of Yetson House, Ashprington, Devon, formerly Vicar of Coxton-Kerrial, Grantham (net personalty £1,212)	3,064
Stileman, Mr. Edgar Coulthon (71), of Burstow, Shortheath, Farnham, Surrey (net personalty £12,845)	13,829
Tomblin, Mr. James, of Killarney, Heath-drive, Hampstead, N.W., builder (net personalty £18,479)	67,136
Wild, Mr. Adam (80), of Glenoairn, Waimersley-road, Bury, Lancs, general manager, and for 57 years with Messrs. Walter Lucas and Sons (1910), Limited, Chesham Hatworks, Bury (net personalty £13,406)	13,606

IDEAL HOLIDAYS ON THE CONTINENT

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CURES CRIPPLED CHILDREN
Number of Out-Patients in 1929, 103,254.
470 Beds—Open-Air Wards and Sunlight Treatment.
A long list of children waiting their turn for cure.
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Over £50,000 must be raised each year.
Please send a donation to the Secretary.

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For the relief and cure of Diseases of the Nervous System, including Paralysis and Epilepsy.
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THE CHURCH ARMY
Cheques **FRESH AIR FUND** *payable to Prebendary CARLILE, C.H., D.D., Hon. Chief Secretary, 55, Bryanston St., London, W.1.*

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LONDON LOCK HOSPITAL & HOME REQUIRES £30,000
in the 184th year of its National Work.
Please send a special donation to J. F. W. Deacon, Esq., D.L., J.P., or The Lord Kinnaird, Hon. Treasurers, at 283, Harrow Road, London, W.9. Founded 1746.

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WESTERN AUSTRALIA
FOR DESTITUTE BOYS AND GIRLS
From smoke-grimed cities of the Homeland to "a land of boundless opportunity."
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Cheques, etc., payable CHILD EMIGRATION SOCIETY, crossed and addressed Hon. Sir Arthur Lawley, G.C.S.I., etc., Savoy House, 115, Strand, London, W.C.2, England.

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THE MISSIONS TO SEAMEN
urgently appeal for help to hoist their flag in BEIRA, HALIFAX, N.S., and YOKOHAMA.
WILL YOU SEND A GIFT?
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DR. BARNARDO'S HOMES
WILL YOU SEND THEM
HALF-A-CROWN
TO FEED THE CHILDREN?
DR. BARNARDO'S HOMES are making their Annual Appeal for 400,000 Half-Crowns for food for the largest family in the world—it equals a town in size—over 8,000 boys and girls; 1,264 are helpless babies and toddlers under 5. Will you send them Half-a-Crown to feed the Children?
You always send to the Half-Crown Appeal.
400,000 HALF-CROWNS REQUIRED
Cheques and orders payable "Dr. Barnardo's Homes Food Fund," and crossed, may be addressed Dr. Barnardo's Homes, 31 Barnardo House, Stepney Causeway, London, E.1

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AND RAGGED SCHOOL UNION, 1844.
Patrons: Their Majesties the King and the Queen.
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many cripples and babies,
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Please send a gift to Secretary, Rev. A. J. Westcott, D.D., Old Town Hall, Kennington, London, S.E.11 (Bankers: Barclays Ltd.), and so aid
A NATIONAL WORK.

THREE POINTS
1. Many unhappy little ones have lost home, health, and happiness.
2. Four thousand of these have found them again in the Children's Home.
3. Your generous help is the means of their continued security.

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EARNESTLY APPEAL FOR HELP IN TRAINING, CLOTHING, AND FEEDING THEIR 1,100 CHILDREN.
PLEASE SEND A GIFT.

Books of the Week

JOHN BELL

A PIONEER IN PRINT

JOHN BELL, 1745-1831. By STANLEY MORISON. (Printed for the author at the Cambridge University Press. 63s. net.)

"John Bell—Bookseller, Printer, Publisher, Typefounder, Journalist, &c."—nine readers out of ten, on reaching that "&c." on the title-page of this beautiful book (published last Tuesday, June 3), will think:—"Why, of course—*Bell's Life in London*!" They will be wrong. That was another Bell, Robert, not John. The man whom Mr. Stanley Morison rescues from obscurity and confusion had made such a name for himself that other Bells, real and make-believe, kept clanging and tinkling in and pretending to be the true metal; and it has taxed even Mr. Morison's learning and labour to sort them out and let us hear undisturbed the fine rich boom of the genuine John Bell.

The author of the book being Mr. Stanley Morison (who had already contributed a very interesting incidental account of Bell to *The Times* Printing Number, 1929), it is naturally of much interest to students of typography, and not a few, even among the best informed, may be surprised to learn how great an influence this little-remembered man exercises to this day on the printing of books, and especially of newspapers, in his own country and in America. Mr. Morison calls him "the unacknowledged pioneer of modern type-design in England." It was he who, more than any other, was responsible for "a rude, pernicious, and most unclassical innovating system"—in other words, he who turned aside from "old face" and brought in the "modern." In 1787 he set up his own type-foundry, and, with Richard Austin as his punch-cutter, produced the first English "modern" face. His newspaper, *The Oracle*, started in 1789, was the first newspaper to be set entirely in "modern" (*The Times* did not "go modern" till November 9, 1799). And what Bell's "modern" was like, the reader has ample opportunities of judging. The text of Mr. Morison's book has been printed in a fount new cast from the original punches and matrices. And, though the book is characteristic of Mr. Morison in the mingling of text and illustrations, type facsimiles, collotypes, and what not, the whole is as informative as it is beautiful.

Had John Bell never cast a single letter, never "gone modern," never abolished the long *s*, he would still have been worth a book. He appears from nowhere, a Melchisedec, as a bookseller in 1769. In 1772 he is one of the 11 owners of the then new *Morning Post*, of which he remained a principal proprietor for nearly 15 years. Between 1772 and 1777 he began the three enterprises by which he was best known, so far as he was known at all, before Mr. Morison revealed him: Bell's "Shakespeare," Bell's "British Theatre" (the octavo edition, not the commoner duodecimo, which did not begin till 1791), and the "Poets of Great Britain" in the many dainty little volumes "calculated for a lady's pocket." Bell's "Constitutional Classics," which included a Blackstone, was another set of duodecimo books (Bell always had a taste for small books) which deserves remembrance. As bookseller and librarian, too, he was a man of character and a pioneer.

It was, however, in journalism that John Bell's initiative, courage, and love of a good quarrel found their greatest chance. He sold out of the *Morning Post* in 1786, and started on January 1, 1787, the *World*, for which the challenge of the two pugilists, Humphries and Mendoza, no less than the pens of Sheridan and others, won great success. His partner in the *World* was that very fine gentleman Edward Topham, who edited it largely for the purpose of backing his friends, and in particular that very odd creature Mrs. Wells, the actress, whose rare and eccentric memoirs have much to say about the *World* and the villainy of Topham. Bell and Topham soon parted ("parting brass-rags" also, as naval men would put it), and Bell founded the *Oracle*. And for the *Oracle* in 1794 he did that which knocks the bottom out of Crabb Robinson's claim to be the first war correspondent and that of *The Times* to be the inventor of the office. He went to the Flanders front, saw the Duke of York's Army in action, and sent descriptions home. And for his pains in telling the truth this "Real T. B." (True Blue) of Dighton's caricature was called "a bloody satellite of Robespierre" by the rival journals. Jockeyed out of the *Oracle* by Cawthorn and made bankrupt, he started in 1796 his famous Sunday paper, *Bell's Weekly Messenger*. And still there were to come his journal for ladies, *La Belle Assemblée*, and another new idea, his art journal, the *British Academy*. On the substance, character, printing, and make-up of periodicals, John Bell had indeed no small effect.

There remain his quarrels. He was a good fighter. He had a fine dust-up with the first John Walter over the printing (or misprinting), logographic and other, of George Anne Bellamy's "Apology"; and they went to it hammer-and-tongs. Bell was quarrelsome. He was not overscrupulous; and although he cannot have been quite so bibulous and so amorous as Leigh Hunt suggested (just as Barnes cannot have been quite so lazy and so bibulous as Leigh Hunt suggested) he was doubtless a man of his turbulent age. But that, added to his fine services to printing, to literature, and to journalism, only makes him the better worth a book, and such a book as Mr. Morison's.

SOME NEW BOOKS

THE LIFE AND LETTERS OF JOSEPH PENNELL. By Elizabeth Robins Pennell. Two vols. (Benn, 42s. n.)

THE STORY OF LAMBETH PALACE. By Dorothy Gardiner. (Constable. 15s. n.)

JOHN BELL, 1745-1831. By Stanley Morison. (Cambridge University Press. 63s. n.)

RUSTICUS LOQUITUR. By Malcolm Lyall Darling. (Milford. 15s. n.)

THE ARCHÆOLOGY OF MIDDLESEX AND LONDON. By C. E. Vulliamy. (Methuen. 10s. 6d. n.)

THE ANCIENT BRIDGES OF THE SOUTH OF ENGLAND. By E. Jervoise. (Architectural Press. 5s. 6d. n.)

PREHISTORIC MALTA. By Sir Themistocles Zammit, C.M.G. (Milford. 12s. 6d. n.)

THE ART AND RELIGION OF FOSSIL MEN. By G. H. Luquet. Translated by J. Townsend Russell, Jun. (Milford. 23s. n.)

THE KING'S MAJESTY. By R. H. Gretton. (Faber and Faber. 6s. n.)

COMPLEX SOUTH AFRICA. By William Miller Macmillan. (Faber and Faber. 12s. 6d. n.)

THE COLLECTED POEMS OF EDITH SITWELL. (Duckworth. 8s. 6d. n.)

A NOMAD IN MOROCCO. By Ben Assher. (Witherby. 12s. 6d. n.)

THE PAST AND PRESENT OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE. By Sir William H. Beveridge, K.C.B. (Milford. 2s. n.)

FICTION

THE APES OF GOD. By Wyndham Lewis. (Arthur Press. 63s. n.)

APRIL FOOLS. By Compton Mackenzie. (Cassell. 7s. 6d. n.)

GLASGOW TRANSPORT SERVICES

During the past financial year the Glasgow Corporation's revenue from tramways, omnibuses, and an underground subway was the record sum of £2,754,764, an increase of £193,142. The tramways yielded an increased revenue of £32,804, and carried 470,000,000 passengers. The omnibus revenue increased by £163,972.

It is expected that for the first time for several years the transport accounts will show a credit balance.

THE EXPANSION OF PEOPLES

AN AMERICAN ANALYSIS

DANGER SPOTS IN WORLD POPULATION. By WARREN S. THOMPSON. (Knopf. 12s. 6d. net.)

Dr. Thompson is the head of an American foundation for the study of problems of population, and this important though controversial book is at once a statement of its aims and an illustration of its methods. The aims are lofty. The needs of an expanding people on the one hand and the rights of a sovereign State in possession on the other touch issues of national honour, disputes about which have hitherto been settled only by the sword. Dr. Thompson's case is that history will repeat itself unless the issues can be made to admit of scientific appraisement; then, he urges, they can be dealt with by the reasoned correlation of needs with territory. It may be said at once that the book does not wholly live up to its principles. The references to Britain are not wholly dispassionate, and there is no discussion either of the suitability of South America for settlement by "swarming" peoples or of the relation of the Monroe doctrine to the general argument. But within its limitations the argument is striking enough.

Dr. Thompson insists that whatever adjustments may be made in the course of the next century or so cannot be more than palliatives. In the long run the world must see to it that its population does not outstrip its resources. Birth-control, he holds,

> will be recognized in time as the only satisfactory method of offsetting the effects of the saving of life by modern sanitation and medicine. This seems inevitable. Not for long can we have both uncontrolled births and controlled deaths. The two things cannot exist together for many decades in any particular country or in the world at large. This proposition is axiomatic.

We must, however, be patient with peoples whose historical and social backgrounds make them slow to realize the truth of the axiom, and must be prepared to give them temporary relief until they are ready to observe it. It is, however, by no means enough merely to count heads and to do most for the densest areas. Regard must be had to the resources of a country—its soil and its wealth in coal and minerals—and to the population it could support if they were properly exploited. Regard must also be had to the psychological factor—to the extent to which a people is conscious of a differential pressure of population. Thus, for example, there is pressure in both China and Japan; but whereas in Japan the pressure is obnoxious to nationalist pride, there is no parallel national sentiment in China, and the Chinese question is consequently far less urgent.

Analysing Japanese conditions, Dr. Thompson finds that the approximate limits of internal development have been reached, that Manchuria can supply Japan's mineral requirements for a certain time but is not a field of settlement owing to the competition of the Chinaman with his lower standard of life, and that Japan must be allowed to expand southwards. He would therefore hand over to her the sparsely populated island of New Guinea, to which he would add, if necessary, Mindanao in the Philippines. Australia can keep her home territories intact only by filling them, and it is therefore suggested that she should admit non-British Europeans, that she should recruit industrial as well as rural workers in the high proportion of four to one, and that she should exploit her tropical region by indentured coloured labour.

India, whose problem of population is regarded as most serious, should similarly be given the East African coast from Kenya to Madagascar as a colonizable area. Dr. Thompson summarily disposes of the view that the land is to be held in trust for the natives. The white man has never hesitated to dispossess the negro when it suited his interests, and has no right to use him as a pretext for depriving the Indian of his rights. In this connexion Dr. Thompson is much concerned with the attitude of South Africa, whose present hostility to Asiatic immigration aggravates the Indian problem and threatens the stability of the British Empire, and with it the peace of the world. The "mean white," he holds, must be got rid of, and to this end he advocates the elimination of all black labour in South Africa in favour of Italian and Slav settlers.

The book lays stress on the capacity of Britain to do "the gracious thing," and the responsibility that will rest upon her if she is obstinate. Dr. Thompson is alive to the dangers of Imperialist sentiment, but thinks that Britain may accept the logic of facts. The days of her economic supremacy are, in his view, definitely over, and her own problem—the consequence of permanent unemployment—is peculiarly difficult because her people are now too specialized to make good colonists. Her troubles would make it hard for her to resist diplomatic pressure, and in this connexion Dr. Thompson lays stress on the position of Italy in Europe, which is comparable to that of Japan in Asia. Italian needs would be met by the cession of Syria and Iraq, but Dr. Thompson, holding that Powers in similar circumstances will draw together, foreshadows an Italo-Japanese coalition to which Russia might also be a party. Faced by such a threat, Britain would use her Fleet to maintain her Mediterranean communications and would give ground in the Pacific. For the rest, Dr. Thompson pleads for full publicity as to the economic needs of nations and for international conferences to decide how they may be met.

NEW NOVELS

Among new novels are CORDUROY, by Adrian Bell (Cobden-Sanderson, 7s. 6d. net), and APRIL FOOLS, by Compton Mackenzie (Cassell, 7s. 6d. net).

Mr. Adrian Bell's delightful book is described in its publisher's advertisement as "a novel," but it appears to be a piece of genuine experience. It is the record of a young man's work and impressions on a big East-Anglian farm, where he went to live as a premium-paying pupil. He was a beginner in every sense of the word, knowing nothing of any branch of farming or country life. He took to the life so happily that at the end he persuaded his father to buy him a smaller farm, one of 50 acres, in the neighbourhood, and we leave him on the last page sitting in his pretty cottage with his new account book open before him. The book is very well written, and the author's attitude is pleasing. He came to Suffolk from artistic Chelsea surroundings; but, while he has a keen eye for the picturesque, he never sentimentalizes the countryside or his work. It is true that the first day, as he was driving to the station with the yardman and they stopped for a drink at an inn, he thought of the scene of which he made part as a Morland painting. That was excusable on the first day, and is not repeated. Perhaps the fact that he was so much a novice helps him to make his lessons and experiences actual and interesting, for the novice can take nothing as a matter of course. The work was very hard but highly varied, and was relieved by a certain amount of sport. Mr. Bell continually insists upon the amount of organization and foresight required by a big farmer under modern conditions and upon the skilfulness and good sense of the agricultural labourer. He goes to the heart of his subject and writes so well about it that one seems to catch the smell of newly-turned earth and of the byre from his pages. His book should help to teach the city folk how little they know of the country they see from their car or charabancs.

Mr. Compton Mackenzie's APRIL FOOLS will provide cheerful laughter in many homes and a shocking example to children, since all worthy children will straightway model their behaviour on that of two triumphant domestic scourges, Bertram and Viola Touchwood; and any friend of theirs who, like Harold their cousin, wears spectacles and asks priggish questions will bitterly mourn the publication of this book. The Touchwood family, five units of which carp at the success of their brother John, a popular dramatist, walks into this novel straight out of the pages of "Poor Relations." John, having married his secretary and left for a trip to America, maliciously conveys to all five units jointly his country house in Hampshire. Thither, protesting, go all the selfish and unsuccessful brothers and sisters, with their children and a bulldog. The result, of course, is wild farce, stimulated chiefly by the immoral machinations of Hugh, the youngest brother, and the exuberance in devilry of Bertram and Viola, of whom lazy George is the unworthy father. The aider and abetter of these cheerful villians is a florid landlady of the Blue Dragon. Mrs. Pringle has a language of a richness only paralleled by that of the meals which she lavishes upon Bertram and Viola. With these agreeable elements Mr. Mackenzie has no difficulty in concocting a series of broad, comic situations sustained by perfect "character" acting by the *dramatis personæ*.

SHORTER NOTICES

In THE ENGLISH CONSTITUTION (one of Longmans' English Heritage Series, 3s. 6d. net) Sir Maurice Amos has, out of his extensive knowledge and experience of affairs, produced a dependable little work of reference. It is, as Lord Hewart truly says in a short introduction, "a clear and concise account" of political institutions and of leading rules and principles. The book is well documented (though not provided with an index) and covers all the main divisions of its subject in a very readable way. It is informative rather than critical, though here and there are passing comments. Thus, in dealing with Cabinet government the author describes the procedure laid down whereby proposals involving expenditure are given preliminary consideration between the Treasury and the Departments concerned, and are subsequently sent to the Cabinet secretariat to be circulated before being placed on the agenda of a Cabinet meeting. Upon this the remark is made that we are here at the real heart of government, and we notice that "owing to the complexity and technicality of the business to be done—doubtless also owing to the personal authority of the officials concerned—government is coming to be conducted as a debate between the great Departments of State; and they have found it necessary, and have been able, to insist on a more direct and effective hearing in council than could be assured for them by their respective Ministers." The information given in this handy volume not only appears to be accurate but includes references to quite recent developments.

The sub-title of THE KING'S MAJESTY, by R. H. Gretton (Faber and Faber, 6s. net), is "A Study in the Historical Philosophy of Modern Kingship," and a boldly conceived and very interesting study the author presents. His theme is "that kingship in national life corresponds to the assurance of personality in the individual which is so deep-seated and so real, but which philosophers have in the end to leave something of a mystery." Analysing kingship in the Tudor, Stuart, Georgian, and Victorian periods, Mr. Gretton tries to find its real meaning, and reaches the conclusion that "its meaning is the union in orderliness of mankind in community." This compressed sentence does not, of course, by itself convey all the implications which it suggests to anyone who has followed the argument through. That argument, stated in less than 200 pages of fairly large print, is well worth reading, though some may not accept, for example, the position (opposed to Dicey's view) that in kingship alone resides the exercise of national sovereignty. But, whether or not the author carries conviction, his interesting historical analyses and vigorous writing commend his work.

A great body of facts of interest to the scientist and the social reformer is handled with assured ease by Mr. Malcolm Lyall Darling in RUSTICUS LOQUITUR: THE OLD LIGHT AND THE NEW IN THE PUNJAB VILLAGE (Milford, 15s. net). It deals with the peasant's relation to landlord and religious leaders, his supplementary means of subsistence, new developments in his farming, the position of women, emigration, housing and sanitation, the village community and rural reconstruction. The author in his inquiries took care always to discover the peasant's own outlook on the questions discussed.

Mr. Donald A. Mackenzie is indefatigable in researches into the obscurities of ancient civilizations and periods which it is becoming hard, with the steady accumulation of evidence, to call prehistoric. In SCOTLAND: THE ANCIENT KINGDOM (Blackie, 15s. net) he conducts the reader from the dim periods of the archæologists to the Scottish war of independence, when it is customary to begin the history of Scotland. He goes back to the pre-Celtic occupants and the first Celtic settlers.

Mr. Charles G. Harper in ABBEYS OF OLD ROMANCE (Palmer, 15s. net) has written a sounder historical work than the title might indicate. He deals in separate chapters with what remains of 44 English abbeys, describes how they exist to-day and tells briefly what is known of their foundation and their history. These chapters are introduced by an excellent summary of the establishment, rise and decay of the abbeys and their ultimate dissolution.

Mr. E. Alfred Jones, from researches in the Record Office, has compiled THE LOYALISTS OF MASSACHUSETTS: THEIR MEMORIALS, PETITIONS AND CLAIMS (St. Catherine Press, 63s. net). By quotation from the documents he allows the Loyalists to speak in their own words of the distresses they had suffered in remaining loyal to the Mother Country. The most powerful families in Massachusetts were among the refugees. The book is abundantly illustrated and well arranged.

The picturesque writing of "Ben Assher" is again employed to good purpose in A NOMAD IN MOROCCO (Witherby, 12s. 6d. net). His travels in Morocco were thorough and arduous. He has an eye for scenery and a ready power in describing the peoples of Morocco. As a student of politics he has some criticisms to make of French and Spanish administration.

Lord Inverclyde has produced from the diaries he kept a refreshing story of travel, In PORPOISES AND PEOPLE (Halton and Truscott Smith, 7s. 6d. net) we have the jottings he made during two cruises on steam yachts, one in 1924-25 through the Mediterranean and the Suez Canal, touching at various ports, to India, and as far as Sumatra, and the other in 1929, again in the Mediterranean.

A much-needed contribution to the literature on the War is made by Brigadier-General E. Howard Gorges, who was Commandant of the West African Regiment, 1914-16. This is THE GREAT WAR IN WEST AFRICA (Hutchinson, 21s. net). It is a careful but lively account of the conquest of the Cameroons and the noble part taken by the native soldier in that campaign. The author writes not only as a soldier but as one who has intimate knowledge of Africa and its natives in peace as well as war. A word of praise is due to the excellent photographs and maps.

THE HISTORY OF THE CANTERBURY AND WHITSTABLE RAILWAY, by the Rev. Reginald B. Fellowes (Canterbury, *Kent Herald*, 6s. net), commemorates the centenary of its opening. This is not only the oldest section of the Southern Railway, but was also the first passenger line in the South of England. Many great engineers, such as John Dixon, Joseph Locke, the Stephensons, and William Grove, "the Father of Railways," helped in the planning and construction of it. Mr. Fellowes's thorough researches make an interesting addition to the library of railway history.

In addition to the reviews published regularly in *The Times*, full criticisms of new books, together with a comprehensive list of current publications, will be found in *The Times Literary Supplement*, issued every Thursday, price 3d.

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CITY NOTES

REPARATION BOND ISSUE

BLEACHERS' RESULTS

Although the Committee of Four have practically completed the work of drafting the necessary documents preparatory to the issue of the Reparations bonds under the Young Plan, it is unlikely that the documents will be ready for signature until next week, probably on Tuesday, when a full meeting will take place in Paris of the signatories. Negotiations have lasted longer than many expected, but the work of the drafting committee has been very arduous; the utmost patience and resource has been necessary to bring about agreement on the various points at issue. Though the draft documents have been completed, one important question still remains to be definitely settled, but it is not now expected that any difficulty will arise in connexion with its settlement. Until the documents have been signed, however, and the loan is ready for issue, it would obviously be premature to discuss the question of price, and the figures which were mentioned in the market yesterday were nothing more than estimates. The last thing in a prospectus to be decided is the price of issue, for the very sound reason that a price that would be right to-day may be made wrong to-morrow by events tangible and intangible which, while they may have nothing to do with the merits of the issue itself, nevertheless may change the whole course of the capital market. The loan will bear 5½ per cent. interest, and the effective amount of the British share will probably be £10,000,000. The French and American shares will be fully 60 per cent. more. The bonds will be issued simultaneously in the various countries, and in some quarters it is hoped that it may be possible to make the issue towards the end of next week.

Port of London's New Stock

The results of two further issues of the gilt-edged class became known yesterday. Cash applicants for the £2,000,000 Five per Cent. Loan of the Port of London, offered at 99½, received only about 3½ per cent. of the amount applied for, conversion applications from holders of the maturing £2,000,000 of Six per Cent. stock having been on a very large scale. As these were given preferential allotment, the amount available for cash applicants was very limited. The scrip, which was dealt in for the first time yesterday, closed at ¼ premium. Owing to heavy over-subscription, applicants for the £1,000,000 Five per Cent. Loan of the City of Johannesburg, which was offered at the price of 97½, only received about 16 per cent. of the amounts applied for. The scrip closed yesterday at ¼ premium.

Bleachers' Final Dividend

The reduction in the interim dividend of the Bleachers' Association from 6d. to 4d. per share had prepared shareholders for an unfavourable statement for the year to March 31 last. For that period net profits, it is announced, amounted to £466,391, against £600,108 for 1928-29, a decline of 22.3 per cent. Apart from 1926-27, a year which covered the prolonged deadlock in the coalmining industry, this is by far the lowest profit recorded of recent years. The final dividend is reduced from 1s. 6d. to 1s. per share, making the dividend for the whole year 6¾ per cent., compared with 10 per cent. for 1928-29. The appropriation to the general reserve is £59,187, against £100,000, while the balance carried forward is slightly smaller at £279,414. An allocation of £19,413 to the superannuation fund had no counterpart a year ago. While unfavourable, these results are by no means disappointing in the circumstances; the association's ability to earn a fair profit in a difficult year must be due in part to prudent financial direction under which the company has accumulated large reserves.

A Bank's Trade Review

This month's issue of the Midland Bank's review contains the fifth of the series of quarterly graphical surveys of the financial and commercial situation. It shows the same tendencies as were observable three months ago. Both production and employment show a decline, but whereas the index of production is 10 per cent. higher than it was two years ago, the amount of unemployment is greater than it as been at any time since the spring of 1922, not even excepting the troublous period of 1926. The graph of the volume of oversea trade—revalued in 1924 prices—shows that imports are about 12½ per cent. larger than in 1924, but that exports have fallen to the 1924 level. The commodity price chart shows that wholesale prices have fallen to less than 75 per cent. of the 1924 level, but that the cost of living is only about 11 per cent. lower than in that year; thus the disparity between the two price indices is greater to-day than in 1924, when the spread was rather less than 10 points. The writer points out that there are encouraging signs of a retardation of the fall in prices, and that a reversal of the trend would quickly alleviate the pressure on primary producing countries and bring about a revival in their demands for British products. Probably, when the turn comes, there will be a sharp upward movement, for merchants who are anxious to be short of stock on a falling market will be equally anxious to be well stocked on a rising market. In discussing the influence of monetary events, the writer admits that the decline in prices must be regarded to some extent as an effect rather than a cause of trade depression. But it is rather difficult to follow his argument that, basically, the depression is the consequence of a period of accumulated deflation, for he gives figures showing that the deflation of bank deposits did not begin until long after the fall in prices had begun and trade had become depressed.

Reduced Biscuit Distribution

In view of the depression in trade and the increase in unemployment, the accounts of the Associated Biscuit Manufacturers for the 12 months ended March 31 make a favourable impression. Net profits show a trifling increase, but after writing off the balance of the formation expenses (£12,937), the dividend on the Ordinary shares is reduced from 13½ to 11 per cent., both free of tax. A year ago, after writing £15,000 off formation expenses, the dividend was raised from 13 to 13½ per cent., free of tax; this was rendered possible, however, only by drawing on the "carry forward" to the extent of £37,618, and as it was thereby reduced to £3,188 the operation cannot be repeated on the present occasion. It was explained in the last report that adequate provision had been made in the accounts of the constituent companies to meet the liabilities incidental to the development of their activities in oversea markets, and there was, therefore, no longer any necessity for the Associated Company to make the heavy provision in the sum carried forward that was made in the previous year. The results for the past three years are shown in the following table:—

—	Year ended March 31 1930	1929	1928
	£	£	£
Net profit	198,807	197,601	258,924
Brought forward	3,188	40,806	5,100
	201,995	238,407	264,024
Preference dividend	31,200	31,200	31,200
Ordinary dividend	154,015 (11%†)	169,019 (13½%†)	182,019 (13%†)
Written off formation expenses	12,937	15,000	10,000
Carried forward	3,843	3,188	40,805

† Tax free.

After allowing for the Preference dividend the company last year earned profits of nearly 12 per cent. on its Ordinary capital.

A Trust Company's Progress

The Indian and General Investment Trust is another example of the regular progress that can be made by a well managed investment trust. Last year £125,000 of additional Ordinary capital was raised and a similar amount in Five per Cent. Redeemable Debenture stock, and as a result, the net revenue shows an appreciable increase for the year ended April 30, the total being £29,876 against £25,849. But as the new capital was only available for the second half of the year and a substantial proportion not until the last quarter, the increase in revenue does not fully reflect the earning power of the new capital. Since 1922, the profits of the company have doubled, and the distribution, which in that year was 10 per cent., is now 18 per cent. A three-year comparison is given in the following table:—

—	Year to April 30. 1930	1929	1928
	£	£	£
Net revenue	29,876	25,849	25,555
Preferred dividend	7,351	6,013	6,010
Deferred dividend rate per cent.	18	18	17
Interest on new shares	1,025	—	—
To capital reserve	3,354	5,259	5,786

A list of the 288 different securities in which the funds of the trust are invested is annexed to the report. It shows that over 60 per cent. is invested in bonds, Debentures, or Debenture stocks, and of the remainder more is invested in Preference than in Ordinary shares. According to a conservative valuation of the investments there is, in spite of the falling tendency of security prices, still a satisfactory surplus in excess of the capital and reserve after providing for all liabilities. The share capital amounts to £375,000, the Debenture debt to a similar figure, and the capital reserve to £215,000.

Karrier Motors' Balance Sheet

In the autumn of last year Karrier Motors, Limited, carried through a capital reorganization scheme which enabled the company to write off accumulated losses amounting to about £325,000. As the scheme did not receive the sanction of the Court until last March, the accounts which were made up on December 30 do not show the effect of the reorganization. The directors, however, have supplied figures giving effect to the scheme of arrangement. These show that losses and preliminary expenses have disappeared from the assets, while the patent rights, &c., have been reduced from £125,000 to £75,000. Including stocks on hand, £236,988, the floating assets amount to £346,000, while current liabilities, which include an overdraft of £93,760, amount to £230,000. The issued share capital has been reduced from £648,980 to £249,490. It cannot be said that the profit and loss account for 1929 gives much indication of the company's ability to earn dividends on its reduced capital, the net earnings, after providing for interest, depreciation, &c., being only £2,097. An improvement, however, is hoped for this year, following the special measures taken to reduce production costs and overhead charges and the benefits to be derived from the scheme of arrangement.

Marine Underwriting Criticized

The contributor to the Insurance Number of *The Times* of an elaborate article criticizing marine insurance practice (which obviously entailed much labour) cannot fail to be gratified by the keen discussion which has centred round his contribution in the London marine market during the last few days. The article has been generally recognized as an exceptional and important piece of constructive criticism. A good deal of the market comment on the contribution is focused in articles in the current issues of *Fairplay* and the *Shipbuilding and Shipping Record*, and in the weekly special Insurance Article in the *Journal of Commerce*. While the writers of these notices seek, quite fairly, to find minor points at which they can join issue with the author of "Marine Practice Criticized," they are generous in according full credit to him for the real value of the analyses of the results and of the suggested standard rates for hulls which were published.

Cost of Claims for Damage

The detailed investigation carried out by the correspondent showed, at an early stage, that while the total loss risk of shipping may be regarded as a function of the value and also varied with the tonnage, the "other risks" were merely a function of the tonnage, and he argued, that the premiums for these "other risks" should accordingly be based on tonnage instead of on values. The cost of carrying out repairs to two ships which have been damaged through casualties may be very similar, although the values placed on them for the total loss risk may be very different. In submitting standard rates of premium for ships of varying tonnages the writer presented them as average premiums and recognized that there remained "an almost infinite scope for the underwriter to give effect to special circumstances, such, for instance, as the reputation of the owner or the character of the individual vessel or fleet." This provision meets the common contention that the marine underwriter needs to exercise a considerable measure of discretion in considering proposals for the insurance of vessels which on paper appear similar. The writer did urge, however, that after making allowance for such circumstances the average premiums received over the whole business should not be less than those which were provided by the rates suggested in the article. He showed, indeed, that the proposed rates, which were based on the experience in the years 1923, 1924, and 1925, if applied to the business of 1926 would have left underwriters with a modest profit, whereas the actual rates accepted by underwriters resulted in a heavy loss. The very heavy losses incurred by the marine market as a whole for many years undoubtedly stimulated the contributor to search for the underlying causes. He reached the conclusion that these lay deep, and his diagnosis and his proposed treatment for effecting a cure is assured of thorough consideration by many who are responsible, directly or indirectly, for the conduct of marine underwriting.

STOCK EXCHANGE

DEALINGS IN NEW SCRIPS

CABLES AND WIRELESS HIGHER

The stock markets were very idle yesterday, and while, after a weak opening, the tendency improved in the afternoon, prices generally closed lower on balance. This was true of the gilt-edged market, in which an interesting feature was the beginning of dealings in the new Port of London and Johannesburg scrips. The former closed at ¼ premium, and the latter finished at ⅛ premium, after opening ⅜-½ premium.

War Loan was steady at 102, but falls of ¼ to ½ occurred in Conversion Three-and-a-Half per Cents. (77¾), Four-and-a-Half per Cents. (98¾), and Five per Cents. (103½), and in Victory Bonds (94¼), the Funding Loan (89½), and Four per Cent. Consols (88). Treasury Bonds were rather firmer at the close. New scrips were idle. Central Electricity Board Five per Cent. stock was a good market at 100¼. Home Railway stocks showed few changes.

In the Foreign market there was again a little buying of Peruvian Corporation stocks at the lower prices, the Ordinary rising to 8¼ and the Preference to 45½. The new Japanese scrip closed ¼ lower at ¼ premium. San Paulo loans were weaker, the new scrip finishing ¼ down at 1¼ discount. The Chinese 1912 loan declined 1 to 44. City of Riga bonds fell to 31. South American Railway securities were firmer. Allowing for the dividend deduction, Leopoldina, at 49½, closed with an appreciable gain. Cordoba Central issues were firmer, and B.A. Great Southern rallied slightly. Argentine North Eastern was steady, the traffic return showing an increase of £3,500. United of Havana Ordinary showed little change, but the prior charges were marked down further, the 1906 Debenture stock being quoted 25-30.

On the whole, Oil shares were firmer. Anglo-Persian finished with a gain of 1-16 at 4 13-32. Mexican and Canadian Eagle were both firm at 12s. 7½d. and Royal Dutch hardened to 33. Trinidad Leaseholds fell 1-16 to 2⅞.

FALL IN RUBBER SHARES

The price of rubber declined further, and Rubber shares were flat. Falls of 9d. to 1s. occurred in Rubber Trust (29s. 6d.), Anglo-Dutch (26s. 9d.), and Allied Sumatra (11s. 9d.), while United Sua Betong was 1-16 lower at 2 11-32, allowing for the dividend deduction. Tea shares were idle and prices dwindled. Imperial of India were called 31s. 9d., ex dividend, a fall of 1s. 9d.

In the Miscellaneous market a feature was a rally in Cables and Wireless issues; the "A" and "B" stocks both rose 3 points, to 44 and 21 respectively, and the Preference was higher at 91. International shares were quiet. Small rises were shown on balance by Brazilian Traction (50½) and Hydro Electric (47½), while International Nickel were a shade lower at 32½. Columbia Graphophone declined to 5½, but Gramophone, after opening without change at 4¼, rose to 4½. In the electrical group Associated (26s. 6d.) gained a little ground, but General (49s. 3d.) was easier, while falls were recorded in County of London and Bournemouth and Poole. Courtaulds was a little harder at 2 3-16. Weakness was shown by James Finlay (80s.) and Harrisons and Crosfield (6½). In the nitrate group Lautaro fell to 6¼. Royal Mail was conspicuously weak, the Ordinary falling 3 points to 17½. Tobacco shares were mostly easier, though Carreras was a shade higher at 8½ after allowing for the dividend deduction. Unilever shares recovered a little ground; the old shares were 1-16 higher at 2 23-32, and the new shares, 15s. paid, hardened to 9s. 6d. In the store group Waring and Gillow recovered to 24s. 3d. on the statement that the dividend will be maintained, and Harrods rallied 1s. 3d. to 61s. 3d., but Maple and John Barker were both lower, the last-named closing at 63s. 9d. Motor shares were lower in most cases. Leyland, after being 72s. 9d. in the morning, fell to 72s. 3d., a fall of 1s. as compared with Wednesday's closing price, and similar declines were recorded in Austin (27s. 6d.) and Dennis (42s. 6d.). Coal, iron, and steel shares were a weaker market, falls being shown by Babcock and Wilcox, Guest Keen, Powell Duffryn, and Bolsover. Brewery shares weakened, and Guinness (104s. 6d.) and Distillers (68s. 6d.) both lost 1s. Initial dealings took place in the new Ilford Six-and-a-Half per Cent. "A" Preference shares, the closing price being 3d. discount.

In the Mining market Rhodesian shares rose at one time, but closed below the best. Congo Border, after being 17½ bid, closed at 17, a fall of ¼ on the previous day's price, and N'Changa finished only 1-32 higher on balance at 3 11-32, after being 3 15-32 bid. Bwana M'Kubwa were 16s. 3d. at one time, but finished lower on the day at 16s., while Rhodesian Selection Trust rose ¼ to 2¼. In the South African market De Beers was weak, falling 5-16 to 8¼. East Rand hardened slightly to 10s. 3d. The price of tin was higher, and London Tin rose 9d. to 20s. 6d., but other tin shares showed little change. Burma Corporation rallied slightly to 11s. on the recovery in the price of silver. Rio Tinto fell ¼ to 37½.

CONTINENTAL BOURSE QUOTATIONS

PARIS, June 4.—The following are closing quotations on the Bourse:—

3% Perpetual Rentes, 87.80 (previous closing, 87.90); 5% Rentes, 1915-16, (101.95 (102); 4% Rentes, 1917, 101.40 (101.45); 4% Rentes, 1918, 101 (100.95); 5% Rentes, 1920, 133.90 (133.75); 6% Rentes, 1920, 101.97 (102.20); 6% Rentes, 1927, 105.92 (105.10); 5% Credit National, 1919, 621.50 (622); 5% Credit National, 1920, 565 (566); 6% Credit National, 1921, 549 (550); 6% Credit National, 1922 (1st), 531.50 (530); 6% Credit National, 1923, (1st), 558 (559); 6% Credit National, 1924, 560 (560); 4% Egyptian Unified, 370.70 (370); 3% Italian Rentes, 91.40 (90.50); 5% Brazilian, 1914, 375 (372); 5% Russian, 1906, 6 (6.10); 4½% Russian 1909, 3 (3); 4% Turkish Unified, 55.50 (56.50); Banque de France, 22,605 (22,740); Banque de Paris, 2,885 (2,910); Banque Parisienne, 1,885 (1,920); Comptoir National d'Escompte, 1,924 (1,924); Credit Foncier Egyptien, 3,690 (3,705); Credit Lyonnais, 3,125 (3,150); Banque d'Orient, 340 (340); Banque Ottomane, 1,032 (1,051); Suez Canal Shares, 18,080 (18,130); Chargeurs Reunis, 660 (641); Messageries Maritimes, 215 (219); Transatlantique, 851 (878); Raffinerie Say, 1,850 (1,825); Sucreries d'Egypte, 754 (748); Wagons Lits, 552 (549); Thomson Houston, 850 (843); Lautaro Nitrate, 424 (434); Ford of France, 310 (305); Rio Tinto, 4,740 (4,765); Tharsis, 527 (542); De Beers, 1,025 (1,045); De Beers Preferred, 1,560 (1,555); Jagersfontein Estate, 225 (226); Central Mining, 2,045 (2,065); Chartered, 221 (221); Brakpan, 347 (356); Crown Mines, 418 (418); East Rand, 63 (62); Geduld, 433 (428); General Mining, 87 (85); Consolidated Goldfields, 224 (223); Johannesburg Consolidated, 242 (243); Randfontein Estate, 39 (36); Rand Mines, 370 (373); Tanganyika, 303 (306); Transvaal Consolidated, 159 (158); Union Corporation, 420 (421); Mozambique, 64 (64); West Rand Mines Consolidated, 41 (39); Caoutchoucs, 164 (162); Eastern International, 112 (120); Gula Kalumpong, 150 (155); Kuala Lumpur, 190 (199); Malacca, 193 (199); Mexican Eagle, 155 (154); Royal Dutch, 40.925 (40.975); Shell Transport, 591 (591); Platine, 1.875 (1.895); Oceana Consolidated Goldfields, 13.75 (13.75). Exchange on New York, 25.50⅜ (25.50½); Exchange on London, official average, 123.91½ (123.91); Cheques, closing market rate, 123.91 (123.91); Private Discount rate, 2⅛-2⅜ (2⅛-2⅜). Short money, 2⅜ (2⅝). —*Reuter.*

AMSTERDAM, June 5.—Closing quotations.—6% Dutch, 1922, 103 1/16 (previous, 103 1/16); 5% Dutch, 103 (102 15/16); 2½% Dutch, — (64 11/16); 3% Dutch, 78 9/16 (78 9/16); 4% Brazilian, 1889, 50⅛ (—); Peruvian, 9⅜ (9¼); Peruvian, 4% Cum. Pref., 46½ (—); Erie, 44⅝ (—); New York Ontario, 13⅞ (—); United States Steel, 171⅞ (170½); Union Pacific, 224½ (225); Royal Dutch Petroleum, 399½ (398¼); Anaconda, 118 (120); Deli Batavia Rubber, 82 (83½); Deli Batavia Tobacco, 335 (—); Deli Mij, 352 (356); Senembah Mij, 375 (372); Amsterdam Rubber, 128 (133¼); Margarine Unie, 272½ (269¼); Philips Lamps, 381 (377). Exchange on Berlin, 59.34½ (59.35½); London, 12.08⅝ (12.08¼); New York, 2.48¼ (2.48¼); Paris, 9.75¼ (9.75¼).

BERLIN, June 5.—Closing quotations:—Deutsche Erdoel, 98 (previous, 96.50); Kali Industrie Kassel, 202 (201.50); Salzdetfurth, 409.50 (404.75); Rheinbraunkohlen, 230.50 (229.10); Rhein. Westfael. Elekt., 178.50 (177.50).

Reuter's quotations:—German Loan Liquidation Debt, 10.37 (previous, 10.25); Mexican Consols, 17.87 (17.62); Reichsbank, 292.50 (292); Berliner Handels Gesellschaft, 174 (172); Commerz and Privat Bank, 150.50 (149.25); Darmstadter and National Bank, 228 (227.75); Deutsche Bank and Disconto, 140 (140); Dresdner Bank, 141.50 (141); Gelsenkirchen Bergwerke, 136.50 (135.75); Harpener, 124.50 (124.50); Allgemeine Elekt., 164.10 (162.75); Farbenindustrie, 184.25 (181.75); Farbenindustrie, 6% Debs., 110.62 (110); Hamburg Amerika, 110 (108); Norddeutsche Lloyd, 110.25 (108.80); A.K.U. 97.75 (96.75); Vereinigte Stahlwerke, 93.80 (92.75); Svenska Tandsticks, 320 (320); Polyphon, 271.50 x.d. (287); Siemens and Halske, 244.50 (240.10); Schuckert, 177.50 (174.50). Exchange on London, 20.36¼ (20.55⅞); Paris, 16.43½ (16.43); Amsterdam, 168.55 (168.48); New York, 4.19⅛ (4.19 1/16). Short term (30-55 days), 5¼% (5¼%); long term (55-90 days), 5¼% (5¼%); call money, 5¼%-5¾% (5¼%-6¼%).

MONEY MARKET

RECOVERY IN SILVER

PERUVIAN CURRENCY WEAKNESS

Money was very plentiful in Lombard-street yesterday and balances for the night were frequently obtainable towards the close of the day at 1½ per cent. The general morning rate for new money was 1½ per cent. and loans from lenders other than the clearing banks were renewed at this rate. The discount market was affected by some increase in the demand for bills on Continental (mainly French) account and also by the decline in discount rates in New York. Brokers reported difficulty in obtaining three months fine bank bills at over 2 5/32 per cent. in the afternoon, while they sold some August and September maturities at 2 3/32 per cent. Home banks were buyers of July bills at 2¼ per cent., but the market was a reluctant seller at this rate. In the earlier hours September Treasury Bills were dealt in at 2 9/16 per cent. Foreign exchanges for the most part displayed small irregular movements. There was a strong recovery, however, in the eastern silver exchanges and in silver itself.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.)	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.)				
Day to day	For short periods	30 days	3 months	4 months	6 months
1¼-2	1¼-2	2⅛-2 5/16	2⅛-2 5/16	2⅛-2 5/16	2⅛

Discount (Treasury Bills)		(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	3 months	4 months	6 months
% 2 5/16-2 3/16	% 2 3/32	3—3⅛	3⅛-3⅛	3⅛-4

BANK OF FRANCE
(000's omitted)

—	May 29	Inc. or Dec.
ASSETS	Francs	Francs
Reserve:—		
Gold coin and ingots	43,808,866	+ 6,452
Silver and copper coin	297,494	— 3
Current postal accounts	307,318	147,713
Available at sight abroad	6,872,940	— 5,950
Commercial bills discounted	7,048,880	—1,161,901
Negotiable bills bought abroad	18,606,344	+ 19,762
Advances on securities	2,540,751	— 80,402
Negotiable bonds of the Sinking-fund Dept.	5,394,858	Unchanged
Loans to the State without interest	3,200,000	Unchanged
Various assets	1,740,557	+ 164,079
LIABILITIES		
Notes in circulation	75,078,814	+2,171,774
Treasury current accounts	3,490,835	+ 490,040
Sinking-fund current accounts	1,883,258	+ 19,193
Current deposit accounts	9,686,329	—3,901,406
Other sight liabilities	373,960	+ 32,317
Various liabilities	1,853,723	— 27,493
Total liabilities	88,504,186	—1,178,183

Proportion of gold reserve to sight liabilities, 49.50 per cent. (previous week, 48.84 per cent).—*Reuter.*

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

The New York exchange declined to $4.85⅛, but rallied later, closing unaltered on balance at $4.85 27/32. The discount on forward dollars was narrower at 2 2/32c., one month, and 9 2/32c., three months. Canadian dollars were bid for and the Montreal rate was finally only 1/16c. above the New York rate, the closing quotation being $4.85 29/32. French francs were dearer, the Paris rate being 123.91f., compared with 123.92½f. The Italian rate again moved in favour of sterling, closing 2c. higher at 92.76l. but the Dutch (12.08½f.) and Swiss (25.09½f.) rates were lower. At 20.36½m. the German exchange showed a rise of ⅛pf., marks being more offered yesterday. Among the Eastern exchanges the Hong-kong and Shanghai rates recovered to 1s. 3½d. and 1s. 6½d. respectively. There was further depreciation in Peruvian currency, the Lima rate being 13.02½ sales. The Buenos Aires rate was lower at 42 19/32d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday:—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Exchange	June 5	June 4
New York	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.85¾-85⅞	4.85¾-85 29/32
Montreal	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.85 15/16-86 1/16	4.85 15/16-86 1/16
Paris	Fr. to £	124.21	123.90-123.93	123.88-123.93
Brussels	Bel. to £	35.09	34.81¼-81¾	34.81¼-82
Milan	Lire to £	92.46	92.75-92.77	92.72-92.75
Zurich	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.09½-10¼	25.09¼-10⅞
Athens	Dr. to £	375	374¾-376¼	374¾-375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	192.23	192¾-193	192¾-193
Madrid	Pts. to £	25.2215	39.98-40.20	40.00-40.25
Lisbon	Escs. to £	—	108¼-108⅝	108¼-108⅝
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.08-08½	12.08-08½
Berlin	M. to £	20.43	20.36-36½	20.35¾-36¼
Vienna	Sch. to £	34.58½	34.43-34.46	34.43-34.46
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.77-27.82	27.76-27.81
Prague	Kr. to £	164.25	163¾-164	163 11/16-16⅛
Warsaw	Zloty to£	43.38	43.32-43.36	43.30-43.35
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.18-25.25
Bucharest	Lei to £	813.6	817-819	817-819
Const'ople	Pst. to £	110	1.025†	1.025†
Belgrade	Din. to £	25.2215	274⅞-275⅝	274⅞-275⅝
Kovno	Lit. to £	49.66	485⅛-487⅛	485⅛-487⅛
Sofia	Lev. to £	673.650	665-675	665-675
Reval	E.Kr.to£	18.159	18.22-18.27	18.22-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15¼-15¾	18.15¼-15¾
Stockholm	Kr. to £	18.159	18.10¼-10½	18.09¼-10⅜
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.16-18.16½	18.16-18.16½
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97½	97 15/16-97 15/16	97 15/16-97 15/16
Bombay	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 31/32-15/16	1/5 31/32-15/16
Calcutta	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 31/32-15/16	1/5 31/32-15/16
Madras	Per rup.	18d.	1/5 31/32-15/16	1/5 31/32-15/16
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1/3 9-1/4‡	1/3 9-1/3 5/8‡
Kobe	Per yen	24.58d.	2 01/32-1/16	2 01/32-1/16
Shanghai	Per tael	—	1/5 1-1/7‡	1/5-1/6‡
Singapore	Per dol.	2/4	2/3 31/32-2 7/32	2/3 31/32-2 7/32
Batavia	Fl. to £	12.107	12.06⅞-07⅛	12.06¼-07⅛
Manila	Per dol.	24.066d.	2 0/16	2 0/16
Rio de Jan.	Per mil.	5.899d.	5 29/32-5 31/32	5 29/32-5 31/32
B. Aires	Per dol.	47.577d.	42 16/32	42 16/32-42 17/32
Valp'raiso†	$ to £	40	39.93	39.94
M'video	Per dol.	51d.	45-45⅛	45-45⅛
Lima†	Soles to £	12.166	13.02½	12.97½
Mexico	Pesos to£	9.76	10.15-10.35	10.10-10.35

† 90 days.
‡ Based on legal stabilization at $2.90-$3.03 to 100kr.
‡ Nominal.

EMPIRE EXCHANGE RATES

BUYING RATES PER £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	92 12 6	92 1 3	91 10 0	90 18 9
New Zealand	93 17 6	93 6 6	92 15 0	92 3 9
Africa and Rhodesia	99 15 0	98 2 0	97 10 0	96 17 6

SELLING RATES

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
On:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

SOUTH AMERICAN EXCHANGES

Country	Method of Quoting	Parity	Latest sight rate	Previous sight rate
Ecuador	Sucres to £	24.3325	24.56	24.55
Venezuela	Bolivares to £	25.25	26.00	25.75
Colombia (Bogota)	Pesos to £	5.00	5.06	5.04
Nicaragua	Cordobas to £	4.87	4.92	4.92
Salvador	Colones to £	9.73	9.92	9.83
Bolivia	Pence to Boliviano	18d.	18d.†	18d.

† 90 days.

The Bank of England yesterday announced the sale of £151 in Bar Gold.

Net influx for 1930 to date, £9,545,812; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,228,480.

From April 29, 1925 (the date of the return to the gold standard), to June 4, 1930, there has been an increase in the gold holding of the Bank of England of £1,137,021.

In the bullion market the price of bar gold remained at 84s. 11½d. per oz.

A sharp recovery occurred in bar silver, the cash price rising 15/16d. to 16½d. per oz., and the forward price ½d. to 16 9/16d. Bear covering was on a considerable scale and there was also fresh Indian buying. The market was very quiet in the afternoon, America doing little.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL SALES

BRISBANE, June 5.—The seventh series of wool sales closed to-day after keen competition, particularly from Japan. Bidding was more general than at any period in the series. The market closed firm, average fleeces showing a hardening tendency. Scoured wool met with a more general competition and closed very firm.

City News in Brief

Numbers are announced of bonds of the Salisbury (Rhodesia) Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Municipal Loan, purchased for cancellation since December 31.

Numbers are announced of 1,508 bonds of the Argentine Railway Five per Cent. Gold Loan of 1890, amounting together to £74,080, which have been drawn for redemption at par on July 1.

Particulars of J. W. Jagger and Co. (Proprietary), Limited, with a capital of £1,250,000 in £1 shares, are given in Messrs. Jordan's register of new companies. The company, which was incorporated in South Africa in January last, will carry on the business of merchants, drapers, &c.

Shipments of rubber (including latex) during May from Singapore, Penang, Malacca, and Port Swettenham amounted to 49,039 tons, of which 33,010 tons were taken by the U.S.A. According to the Malayan Information Agency, imports during the same period amounted to 2,895 tons of dry, and to 10,358 tons of wet rubber.

The recent issue of £850,000 Six per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares of the United Molasses Company to Preference and Ordinary shareholders of the company has been heavily over applied for. The issue has been subscribed more than three times over by the Ordinary shareholders alone, these shareholders having prior right of allotment.

STEWARTS AND LLOYDS

ACQUISITION OF MIDLAND BLAST-FURNACES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BIRMINGHAM, June 5

The battery of four blast-furnaces with the associated ironstone mines owned by the Islip Iron Company, of Thrapston, Northants, is being incorporated in the organization of Stewarts and Lloyds, the Clydeside and Midland ironmasters.

It is stated that no important change in the management is contemplated. Mr. N. W. Kidner, the head of the Islip Iron Company, has joined the board of Stewarts and Lloyds. The Islip Company was the single unit that stood outside the Central Pig Iron Producers' Association.

TIN CRISIS IN MALAYA

POSITION OF CHINESE MINES

SINGAPORE, June 5.—With regard to the decision reached at Sydney for a three months' cessation of tin production, general opinion among the leading miners of Perak is in favour of the big European and Chinese mines closing down for two months, leaving the smaller Chinese concerns to carry on, so as not to throw 30,000 coolies out of work, which would mean serious conditions in the Kinta Valley. It is understood that the International Committee of the Tin Producers' Association will support this view and their instructions are being awaited.

It is stated on reliable authority that unless the price of tin rises, the majority of Chinese mines in Perak will be bankrupt by the end of July. The view is held that in the circumstances the Government should put a stop to immigration from China.—*Reuter.*

ITALI

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MORE ACTIVE

IRREGULAR MOVEMENTS

NEW YORK, June 5.—The turnover on the Stock Exchange to-day was somewhat larger, sales being returned at 2,387,000 shares, but business continued mainly professional and the market moved irregularly.

The opening was steady but with trading sluggish the market lacked stimulus such as might have been supplied in the event of a reduction in the Bank of England rate, which had been expected in some quarters. However, the absence of selling pressure and the easiness of money, which was offered at 2½ per cent. outside the Exchange, encouraged some support for special stocks. Moderate accumulation was also noticeable in standard issues, but the volume of trading diminished as soon as the buying orders had been executed, and later in the morning the tendency weakened somewhat. Scattered selling appeared in Anaconda Copper based on the expectations of a reduction in the dividend, while General Electric was sold, reflecting disappointment at the failure of the directors to authorize the expected extra dividend.

Professional selling slackened somewhat in the afternoon owing to the failure of "bear" drives to attract any important outside liquidation. The market, however, drifted gradually lower, the persistent weakness of Steel Common being an unsettling influence. Scattered covering towards the end of the session brought about a slight rally, "bulls" suggesting that yesterday's reduction in open market acceptance rates indicated a similar movement in the New York rediscount rate, rumours also circulating that important bankers entertained a similar opinion. The close was steady.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	June 5	June 4
Montreal on—			$	$
London, cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85⅞	4.86
New York on—			4.85⅝	4.85⅝
London, sight	£1		4.85⅝	4.85²⁷/₃₂
Cables	£1	4.86⅔	4.85²⁷/₃₂	4.85³¹/₃₂
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.85¹⁹/₃₂	4.85⁹/₁₆
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85½	4.85⅝
Seven days	£1	—	4.85¹⁄₁₆	4.85
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.92⅛	3.92
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23⅞	5.23⅞
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.15¾	40.16
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76½	26.76
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.84	26.83½
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.75½	26.75½
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96¾	2.96¾
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.85¼	23.86¼
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.95½	13.95½
Berne, cables	100f.	19.30	19.35¾	19.35⅞
Madrid, cables	100ps.	19.30	12.15	12.12
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.11	14.11
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.49	17.49
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.76⅞	1.76¾
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.30	1.29¾	1.29¾
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	44.54	37.99	38.03
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	11.70	11.72

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices June 5	June 4		Closing Prices June 5	June 4
Atchison	223	224⅛	Int.C.Amer	25	25
Atl. Coast	165	170	KansasCity	27¼	27¼
Balt. & O.	111⅛	112	Lehigh V.	133	134
Do., Pref.	82½	82½	Minn. St.P.	25	23
Brooklyn			Miss. Pac.	81	80
M. T'sit	68¾	69	Do., Pref.	131⅛	131¾
Can. Pac.	200	200	N.Mex.1 Pf	1	1
Cent. N.J.	265	265	Do., 2 Pf.	⅞	⅞
Ches. & O.	213	213	N.Y. Cent.	172½	174¼
Ch. G.W.	13½	13¾	Nflk. & W.	236½	236
Do., Pref.	46¼	46¾	N. Pacific	80¼	80½
Ch. N.W.	80*	81	Pennsylv'a	76½	77½
Ch.Mil.St.P.	18¼	18⅜	Reading	116	116
Ch.Rock I.	110	110	Do., 1st Pf.	109	110
Del.& Hud.	171⅝	172	S.L.& S.W.	71	72
Del., Lack.	124¼	125½	S. Pacific	119⅝	120½
Erie	43⅝	44¼	Southern	106¼	106¾
Do.,1st Pf.	63⅝	63¾	Do., Pref.	98⅜	98¾
G.N., Pref.	86	87½	U. Pacific	224	224
Ill. Cent.	127	128	Do., Pref.	85¾	86
Interboro'			Wabash	46	50
Rapid Tr.	30	30	Do.,Pf. A.	81	81½
INDUSTRIALS					
Air Reduct.	151	153	Int. Nickel	30⅞	31½
Allied Chem.	308½	312	Int. Paper	25⅞	26
Am. Beet Sug.			Int. Tele.	62⅞	62⅞
Ch., Pref.	30¾	30¾	Kennecott	46½	47
Am. and F. Pwr.	85¾	86¼	Kresge S.S.	31¼	31
Am. Can.	144½	146¼	K'ger, S'ls	32¼	31¼
Am. Loco.	57¼	57¼	Liggett&M.	103	104½
Am.Rolling			MackTrcks.	70½	71
Mills	67½	68¾	Montg'y W.	44⅜	45¼
Am. Smelt.	69¼	71	Nash Mtrs.	39½	39⅝
Am.Sug. R.	92¼	92¼	Nat. Biscu.	89¾	91¼
Am. Tel.&T.	252¼	253¾	Nat.Cash R.	52¼	53¼
Am. Tob.	256	256	Nat. Dairy	59⅜	60¼
Am.Wool'n	13½	13½	N. Amer.	123⅞	128¾
Anaconda	56½	57¾	Packard	16½	16¾
Armour, B.	82	80	Pan. A.Pet.	61	62¾
AsDryGds.	42	43¼	Pub. Ser.		
Atl'tic Ref.	42⅛	43¼	N.J.	112	113½
Baldwin a.	27½	27¾	Pullman	73¼	73½
Barnsdall A	25¾	27	Radio Corp	49¾	51⅞
Beth. Stl Rd	93¼	93½	R'm'ton Rd	34¼	35¼
C.de Pascoe	52¼	52⅝	Ryl. Dutch	51⅞	52¾
Chile Copp.	50	50	Sears R'b'k	84¾	86
Chrysler	34½	34⅞	Shell Trns	45	45
Col. Fuel	67½	67⅞	Shell Un.	20⅝	20⅞
Colt's Fa. Stl.	63¼	63¼	Sloss S. Stl.	26¼	26⅛
Col. Graph	26⅜	26¼	Std.Brands	23¼	23¾
Cons. Gas	128¼	131	Std. Gas	116¼	117
Cont. Can.	65	65⅝	Std. Oil of		
Cont. Oil	25⅞	26⅛	Cal.	69½	70¼
Corn. Prod.	105½	104⅝	Ind., N.J.	79½	79¾
Crucible	76¼	76¾	Do., N.Y.	36	36⅝
DavisonCh.	34	34½	Studebaker	35¾	35½
Drug. Inc.	82	85¼	Texas Corp.	57⅜	57⅞
Du Pont	126½	130	Tex.G. Sul.	59⅛	59½
EastmanK.	259	244	Tidewater	17⅛	17¼
Elec.P.& L.	19⅞	20	Tri-Conti'l	15⅛	15⅜
Electric Storage	71	71¼	Un.Carbide	82	83¼
Fox Films	52¾	53	Un. Fruit	91	91
Gen. Elect.	81¼	85⅝	United Gas	42⅞	43⅝
Gen. Foods	59¾	60⅞	U.S. L'ther	11⅛	11⅝
Gen.Motors	49¼	50	U.S. Rbr.	29½	30
Gillette	86½	87	U.S. Steel	168½	170⅝
Goodrich	39	40¼	Do., Pref.	145⅜	145¼
Goodyear	84	86⅜	W.Un. Tel.	182⅞	184¼
Hou.OilTx.	107½	107¾	W'hse Mtg.	176⅞	180
Hud. Mtrs.	42⅛	42½	Woolworth	63¼	64¼
Ind. Rayon	101	101	Worth'n Pump	157	163
Int. Harv'r	96¼	97	Youngst'n Sheet	118	118
Int. Match	82	83			

CURB EXCHANGE

An.-Am.Oil	—	—	Mid. West Utilities	33	33¾
Assoc. Gas	36	37¼	Pennroad	12⅛	12½
Brit.-Amer. Tobacco	25	24⅞	Silica Gel.	22½	22
Celanese	22¼	21⅞	Stand. Oil of Indiana	53¼	53¼
Elec. Bond	103⅝	106⅞	Swift Int.	35	37
Gulf Oil	147	150	VacuumOil	92	93½
HydroElec.	45⅝	46			
Int. Pet.	20¾	21			

BONDS

Libty. Ln. 3½%	100¹⁶/₃₂	100¹¹/₃₂	Finl., 6% '45	96	96
Do., 4¼%	101²⁸/₃₂	101²²/₃₂	Fren.,7½% 1941	123	122⅝
Do. (4th) 4¼%	102¹⁴/₃₂	102¹³/₃₂	Do.,7% '49	117⅝	117¼
U.K., 5½% 1937	104⅛	104¼	Ger.7% '49	108	108
Do., 1934			Greek, 7% 1964	101¼	101¼
1960-90	87¼	87⅛	Hamb'g S. 6%,1946	95⅜	95⅜
Arg., 6% 1959	98¼	98⅝	Hungary, 7½% '44	101	101
Aust., 5% 1957	88¼	88⅞	Ital., 7% 1951	99	98¼
Aust.,7% 1943	106	105¾	Jap., 6½% 1954	103¼	103¼
Belg., 6% 1955	103⅝	103⅝	Nord Rly. 6½% '50	104⅞	104⅞
Do., 7% 1955	113¼	113¼	Norway6% 1952	102¼	102⅛
Bordeaux, 6% '34	103¼	103¼	P.-L.M.,6% 1958	104	103½
Brazil,7% 1952	101⅞	101⅞	Do., 7% 1958	105	104⅞
Bulg.,7'67	83	83	Poland,7% 1947	101	101
Canada 5% 1931	101	101	Do., 8% 1950	95	95⅛
Chile, 7,'42	102	102	Rio do Sul 8%, '46	98⅛	99
Do.,6,'60	89⅝	89¼	San P. 8% 1950	98¼	98¼
Czech.,8% 1951	110¼	110⅜	Santa Fe 5% 1945	104⅛	104⅛
Denm'k6% 1942	105⅛	105⅛	Swed.5½% 1954	104⅛	104⅛
Dutch E.I., 6% '62	102¼	102⅝	Tokio City, 5½% '61	90⅛	90¼
Do.,5½% 1953	102⅜	101⅝			

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter :—

—	June 5	June 4
Atchison, Pref.	106⅜	106
Lehigh Valley	73¼	72⅝
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	50*	51
New York, Ontario and Western	12	12½
Reading, 1st Pref.	48	48
Texas and Pacific	132	132
National Lead	146½	146½

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights. ‡ Ex stock dividend.

Money was more freely offered, but the ruling rate for call loans remained at 3 per cent. throughout the session. Commercial paper was unchanged at 3½ per cent. for prime names. Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2½ to 2¼ per cent. for 90-day bank bills, and 2½ to 2¼ per cent. for six-months' bills.

After the close of the market the New York Federal Reserve Bank announced that there was no change in the re-discount rate, while the weekly report showed an increase in brokers' loans of $79,000,000 at $4,101,000,000, against $4,022,000,000 in the previous week and $5,284,000,000 in the corresponding week last year.

Sterling exchange was steady at 4.85 27-32 for cable transfers. Gold to the value of $250,000 has arrived at San Francisco from China.

Silver had a sharp rally, foreign bullion being quoted 2½c. higher at 36½c.

The General Electric Company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 40 cents per share.

BONDS.—The market continued firm, especially for Government issues, but there was no general activity. Sales reached $8,961,000.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

NEW YORK, June 5.—WHEAT.—The cash market closed firm at ½c. to 1c. advance. No. 2 red winter, 122½c.; No. 2 amber durum, unquoted; No. 2 hard winter, 112½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 121½c. MAIZE firm and 1½c. higher. No. 2 mixed, 93½c., f.o.b. New York. OATS steady, ½c. higher. White clipped, 50½c., f.o.b. New York. RYE steady and ½c. dearer. No. 2 Western, 72½c., f.o.b. New York. BARLEY nominal. No. 2 malting, unquoted.

FLOUR was easier with Spring clears and Kansas straights 10c. down at $5.55 and $5.40 respectively. Minneapolis patents and bakers' clears unaltered at $5.80 and $5. Rye flour $4.75 to $5.10.

DAILY GRAIN MOVEMENTS (THOUSANDS)

—	To-day	Same day last yr.	This week	This season	Last season
Wheat (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	616	718	2,697	407,123	491,583
Do., Atlantic	11	549	1,007	80,781	118,904
*Exports, ditto	152	184	1,133	79,667	160,491
Maize (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	672	447	3,170	234,500	261,485
Do., Atlantic	3	21	49	4,754	20,902
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	10	17,652
Flour (barrels)—					
Shipments, Westn	121	70	445	25,808	25,715
Receipts, Atlantic	55	63	257	20,096	22,414
*Exports, ditto	9	28	84	3,943	5,309
Oats (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	226	189	1,407	131,157	129,622
Do., Atlantic	17	15	41	5,767	12,104
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	187	4,328

* From New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

LARD was steady and unchanged. Prime Western steam, $10.70; Middle West, spot, $10.55, per 100lb.

COFFEE.—Rio futures closed steady, 15 to 10 points higher. July, 8.02c.; Sept., 7.75c.; Dec., 7.55c.; Jan., 7.50c.; March, 7.35c.; May, 7.23c. Sales, 8,000 bags. Santos No. 4 futures closed steady and 11 to 13 points up. July, 12.28c.; Sept., 11.61c.; Dec., 11.26c.; Jan., 11.22c.; March, 11.08c.; May, 10.86c. Sales, 36,000 bags. Cash coffee steady, Rio No. 7, 9c. to 9¼c. Santos No. 4, 13c. to 13½c.

COCOA.—Futures closed steady, unchanged to 2 points lower. June, 7.95; July, 8.06; Sept., 8.29; Dec., 8.29; Jan., 8.37; March, 8.55. Sales, 8,000 bags.

SUGAR.—Raw futures closed steady, 2 points to 1 point lower. July, 1.42c.; Sept., 1.50c.; Dec., 1.59c.; Jan., 1.61c.; March, 1.67c.; May, 1.74c. Sales, 21,000 tons. No. 2 contract, duty free, Sept., 3.36c.; Dec., 3.49c.

Cuban centrifugal sugar, 96 degrees, spot, was quoted 3.24c. per lb. Sales comprised 51,000 bags of Porto Rico, 77,000 bags of Philippine, and 60,000 bags of Cuba prompt and June shipment, on the basis of 1 15-32c. per lb., c. and f.

Cotton on the spot closed ten points higher at 16.00c. The futures market opened irregular with quotations one point higher to four points lower under renewed selling influenced by the easiness of Liverpool and reports of beneficial rains in the Atlantic States. A rally on shorts covering and buying by trade interests was followed by another downward reaction on larger offerings and poor support but the market rallied again towards the end on renewed covering and closed firm at eight to 21 points net gain. New Orleans spot middling advanced six points to 15.20c., and the futures market closed six to 15 points higher on the day.

New York	Closing Range			
Futures	To-day		Prev. day	
June	15.73	15.73	15.65	15.65
July	15.87	15.87	15.81	15.79
August	15.20	15.20	15.10	15.10
September	14.75	14.75	14.60	14.60
October	14.69	14.69	14.56	14.54
November	14.70	14.70	14.55	14.55
December	14.75	14.75	14.63	14.61
January	14.74	14.74	14.58	14.58
New Contract				
October	14.40	14.39	14.25	14.24
November	14.40	14.40	14.25	14.25
December	14.49	14.45	14.31	14.30
January	14.49	14.49	14.36	14.28
February	14.57	14.57	14.38	14.38
March	14.66	14.66	14.48	14.48
April	14.72	14.72	14.53	14.53
May	14.79	14.79	14.59	14.59

	To-day	Week	Season	Last season
Receipts at ports	8,000	41,000	8,473,000	9,264,000
Exports to Brit.	1,000	5,000	1,237,000	1,813,000
Exports, Cont.,&c.	7,000	47,000	5,266,000	5,936,000

COPPER was steady and unchanged. Electrolytic domestic spot and export spot and July delivery 13c. per lb., asked. National Metal Exchange closing prices were unchanged. June, 12.50c.; July, 12.50c.; Sept., 12.70c. TIN firm. Straits metal spot ¼c. higher at 30½c., and July delivery 35 points higher at 30½c. per lb., asked. National Metal Exchange closing prices were:—June, 30.35c.; July, 30.40c.; Sept., 30.70c. Sales, 17 lots. SPELTER steady and unchanged. East St. Louis spot and July delivery 4.65c. per lb., asked. LEAD.—Spot unchanged at 5.50c. per lb. PIG IRON steady. No. 2 foundry unchanged at $19 per ton, on Eastern Pennsylvanian markets.

RUBBER.—Smoked sheet sellers were ¼c. lower. Spot and June, 12¼c.; June-July, 13¼c. per lb. First latex crepe, sellers, ¼c. down. Spot and June, 13¼c.; June-July, 13¼c. per lb. New York Rubber Exchange closing prices were 50 to 30 points down. June, 12.60c.; July, 12.80c.; Sept., 13.00c.; Dec., 13.50c. March, 14.00c. Sales, 228 contracts.

COTTON OIL closed irregular. Crude, spot, 7.00c. bid; yellow, spot, 8.35c. to 8.60c. Refined futures were 3 points up to 5 points down. July, 8.50c.; Sept., 8.67c.; Oct., 8.67c.; Dec., 8.40c.

PETROLEUM.—Pennsylvania crude standard grades were unchanged at $2.25 to $2.30 per barrel.

TURPENTINE was steady and unchanged at 47½c. to 48½c.

JACKSONVILLE, June 5.—TURPENTINE was steady and unchanged at 42½c. bid.

SAVANNAH, June 5.—TURPENTINE was firm at 42½c. to 42¾c. ROSIN.—Grade F, $5.75; grade K, $5.85; grade WW, $7.05.

DULUTH, June 5.—LINSEED futures closed firm at 2½c. to 2⅝c. advance. July, 2.70c.; Sept., 2.37½c.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 5.—WHEAT futures closed firm at ½c. advance. July, 105½c.; Sept., 108½c.

TOLEDO, June 5.—CLOVERSEED closed steady and unchanged. Cash, 11.75; Oct., 12.60.

WINNIPEG, June 5.—WHEAT opened firm and ½c. higher on a broader outside demand stimulated by bullish foreign crop advices and better support for cash wheat. Prices subsequently reacted under realizations influenced by reports of beneficial rains in the drought sections of the country, the belief that recent reports of wind damage have been exaggerated, talk of a crop yield of 450,000,000 bushels, and a liberal increase in carlot receipts. The market strengthened again later, shorts being induced to cover by rumours of export buying and reports of disappointing threshing results in the American South-West. The close was firm and 1c. to 1⅛c. higher. July, 112¼c.; Oct., 115½c.; Dec., 117½c. OATS closed firm at a rise of 1⅛c. to ⅜c. July, 52½c.; Oct., 49½c.; Dec., 47¼c. BARLEY futures closed steady and ⅜c. higher. July, 45½c.; Oct., 49¼c.

LINSEED futures closed firm at 2½c. to 3½c. advance. July, 219½c.; Oct., 197c.

CHICAGO, June 5.—WHEAT opened barely steady, ⅛c. lower to unchanged on news of showers in the North-west and beneficial rains in the South-west which encouraged professional selling. The market strengthened afterwards under the influence of bullish foreign crop advices, especially from France, reports that yields in sections of the South-west were falling below expectations, predictions of cold weather in sections of the North-west, and reports that rain was needed in Iowa. Fresh easiness developed later owing to the absence of export inquiries. Covering was renewed in the afternoon on reports that the Federal Farm Board will loan 75 to 85 per cent. on the basis of the market price for cash wheat of the new crop. The close was firm at a rise of ⅜c. to 1¼c. July, 106¼c.; Sept., 109½c.; Dec., 114½c.

MAIZE closed firm, 1½c. to ⅛c. higher. July, 82½c.; Sept., 82½c.; Dec., 76½c. OATS closed steady at a rise of ⅛c. to ¼c. July, 40½c.; Sept., 40¼c.; Dec., 43c. RYE.—No. 2, cash nominal. Futures steady and ⅛c. to 1¼c. higher. July, 62½c.; Sept., 66½c.; Dec., 72¼c.

PROVISIONS closed steady at a rise of 2½ points for lard and 32½ to 17½ points for pork. Spot lard was 2½ points higher at 10.10. Closing prices :—Lard, July, 10.17½; Sept., 10.37½; Dec., 10.10; pork (drysalted clear bellies) July, 14.20; Sept., 14.00.

BACON was steady and unchanged. HOGS steady, light unchanged to 5 points down and heavy sorts 5 points higher to unchanged. Receipts at 15 principal Western centres, including Chicago, since March 1 total 7,158,000, against 7,234,000 for a similar period last year.

	Bacon, fat backs, 12-14lb.	Hogs Light	Hogs Heavy
To-day	9.75	10.00 to 10.50	9.90 to 10.40
Previous day	9.75	10.00 to 10.55	9.85 to 10.40
Last year	11.00	10.00 to 11.10	10.10 to 10.85
Receipts—		Western	Chicago
To-day		98,000	27,000
Previous day		110,000	21,000
Last year		95,000	16,000

Under the title "K.Z.G., Limited," a company has been registered, states *Jordan's Daily Register*, to acquire from News and Westminster, Limited, the copyright and goodwill of the *Daily News and Westminster*, and from United Newspapers, Limited, the copyright and goodwill of the *Daily Chronicle*. The nominal capital is £1,000 in £1 shares.

COMPANY RESULTS

BARCLAY PERKINS

The dividends shown in the following table are those announced on the Ordinary capitals (unless otherwise indicated) of the companies mentioned, and are the actual rates being paid (as distinct from the rates per annum) :—

Company	Dividend	Corresp'g Div.	Date payable	Total for year	Prev. year
	%	%		%	%
Bank of British West Africa	Fin. 3½	same	—	6	same
Cardinal Investment Trust	Int. 6‡	same	July 1	—	—
Derby Tea	2½	15	July 3	—	—
General Securities Investment Trust	Fin. 4	same	—	7½	same
Goldsbrough Mort and Co.	Fin. 5	Fin. 5 Bon. 5	—	10	15
Guaranty Trust of New York	Qrtly. 5	same	June 30	10†	9†
Guest, Keen and Nettlefolds	Fin. 5*	same	—	10†	same
Shawinigan Water & Power	Qrtly. $2½	$1½	July 10	$11‡†	$11†

* Tax free. † To date. ‡ On Deferred stock.

Barclay Perkins and Co. (brewers).—Final dividend on the Ordinary shares, 7 per cent., making 11 per cent., less tax, for the year to March 31. For 1928-29 the total dividend was the same, allowing for the capital bonus distributed in that year.

Columbia Railways and Navigation.—In consequence of the continuance of the rate war on the River Magdalena, the directors have decided to defer payment of coupon No. 42 of the Six per Cent. Mortgage Debentures which will fall due on July 1, 1930. A similar announcement was made in December with regard to coupon No. 41.

THOMAS HART

Thomas Hart, Limited, manufacturers of ropes for power transmission, reports a net profit of £12,088 for the year to March 31 (against £9,945 for 1928-29), to which is added £1,679 brought forward. The directors have placed £2,000 (the same) to reserve and £4,500 (against nil) to raw materials reserve, and £1,243 is to be carried forward, leaving £20,721 available for dividend, which it is proposed to distribute as follows :—Two shillings per share (against 1s. 4½d.) on the Seven per Cent. Participating Preference 15s. shares, 10s.3176d. per share (same) on the 6.5666d.) on the Ordinary 5s. shares, and 2s. 1.9056d. per share (against 3.3996d.) on the Deferred 1s. shares. Meeting, June 12.

EMERALD RUBBER AND COCOANUT

The profit of the Emerald Rubber and Cocoanut Company for the year to January 31 amounted to £19,013 (against £21,305) for 1928-29, to which is added £15,519, the net amount brought forward. The directors recommend a dividend of 6 per cent. (against 8 per cent.), £6,000 (compared with £8,000) is to be transferred to reserve, and £2,000 is again allowed for depreciation, leaving £15,246 to be carried forward, subject to shareholders' approval, of £322,250lb. (against 1,002,774lb.) was harvested. At the close of the year Glasgow Rubber Estates, Limited, had a planted area of 1,606½ acres of rubber. It is intended to plant up 438 acres during the current year. Meeting, June 12.

MANITOBA AND NORTH-WEST LAND

The report of the Manitoba and North West Land Corporation states that land sales during 1929 amounted to 955 acres, but contracts relating to previous sales in respect of 152 acres were cancelled. The profit for the year amounted to £6,856 (against £4,228 for 1928), out of which a dividend of 6 per cent. is again to be paid. The amount standing to the credit of profit and loss account (£84,212, before providing for the dividend now recommended) is subject to the receipt over a period of years of the instalments on the sale contracts. A large percentage of principal and interest shown in the balance-sheet under "Sundry debtors" (amounting to £54,230) after deducting reserve for doubtful debts) is overdue. Meeting, June 5.

SELANGOR OIL PALM

The accounts of the Selangor Oil Palm Company for 1929 show a profit of £2,927 (against £3,031 for 1928). No dividend is recommended (unchanged), but £1,700 is written off for depreciation (against nil), and £4,230 (against £3,031) is carried forward. The crops harvested for the year were 477 tons of palm oil (against 272 tons) and 76 tons of kernels (49 tons). The gross average prices realized were £36 17s. 7d. per ton for oil (against £36 14s.) and £16 8s. 11d. per ton for kernels (£19 16s. 5d.). The report states that further capital will be required, and the directors will lay proposals before the shareholders shortly for an issue of capital to complete the development of the estate and to bring the whole of the palm and rubber areas to maturity. Meeting, June 13.

CALGARY AND EDMONTON LAND

The first report of the new Calgary and Edmonton Land Company, which covers a period of 14 months to December 31, states that crushing and sales totalled 126 acres, and the amount realized being $22,730. The total quantity of land unsold at December 31 was 53,077 acres. The loss for the period amounted to £3,812, which is carried forward. In their report the company's agents in Winnipeg write :—"We have been given to understand that the Canadian Pacific Railway propose to proceed with an extension of their railway from a point at Crossfield, Alberta, north-westerly, and we anticipate that it will be far enough west to bring in close to this railway the large block of the company's land situated immediately west of Didsbury, Olds, and Bowden, and thereby create a demand for the lands." Meeting, June 27.

LISBON ELECTRIC TRAMWAYS

The result of the operations of the Lisbon Electric Tramways, Limited, for 1929, after deducting the interest charges in connexion with the Companhia Carris de Ferro do Lisboa and the instalment of £30 for interest on and redemption of the Debentures of the company, shows a net profit of £178,311 (against £161,399 for 1928). From this, £50,000 has again been transferred to general and depreciation reserve, and the Preference dividends and an interim dividend on the Ordinary and the Ordinary shares have been paid, while £15,000 has been transferred to staff benefit fund (against £10,000) and £10,000 to exchange reserve (unchanged). It is now proposed to pay a final dividend of 4 per cent. on the Ordinary shares, making 7 per cent. net, for the year (unchanged), and carry-forward is increased from £16,880 to £28,085. There was an increase of 5,949,989 to 118,824,952 in the number of passengers carried. Meeting, June 16.

ESPERANZA COPPER AND SULPHUR

A profit of £20,799 was earned during 1929 by the Esperanza Copper and Sulphur Company (against £16,875 for 1928). The directors again recommend a dividend of 7 per cent., and £2,500 (against nil) is to be written off underwriting commission, leaving £8,561 to be carried forward (against £9,293). The dividend amounts to 1s. 4.8d. per share on shares numbered 1 to 250,000, and to 7.35d. per share on shares numbered 250,001 to 300,000. The report states that in Spain the total output of pyrites from the Esperanza and Almalcollar mines of the Seville Sulphur and Copper Company, Limited, increased as compared with the previous year.

JAVA INVESTMENT, LOAN, AND AGENCY

The profit of the Java Investment, Loan, and Agency amounted to £52,991 for the year to March 31 (against £56,176 for 1928-29). The dividend is to be reduced from 12½ per cent. to 10 per cent., £6,000 (against £7,500) has been transferred to tax reserve, £5,684 (against £10,000) has been added to general reserve, and £10,000 (as before) is allocated to exchange reserve, leaving £23,678 to be carried forward (against £23,871). During the year 16,361 new shares were issued at a premium of 17s. 6d. per share. The premiums received (£14,316) have been transferred to general reserve, which with the allocation from this year's profits now amounts to £155,000. General investments appear in the balance-sheet at £402,151, after deducting investment reserve, and the report states that on the basis of middle market price for quoted securities and a conservative valuation by the board of those not quoted, the general investments represented a total of approximately £495,000 at the date of the balance-sheet. A list of holdings in excess of £2,000 accompanies the report. Meeting, June 16.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MONTREAL, JUNE 5

The market opened easy but quiet with trading mainly in Brazilian Traction and International Nickel.

REUTER'S QUOTATIONS

—	June 5	June 4	—	June 5	June 4
Ahtitbi	31⅝	31	Cons. Mining	No bid	No bid
Alberta Pac. Grain	19	19	Dom. Bridge	62¾	63
Asbestos	1¼	1¼	Dom. Textile	68	69
Do., Pref.	4¼	4¼	Fam. Players	No bid	55
B.C. Packers	7⅞	7⅞	Fraser Cos.	12½	12½
Braz. Tract.	48¼	49¼	Hollinger	6¼	6
B.C. Pwr., A	30½	30½	Int. Nickel	30⅞	31⅝
Do., B	29	No bid	Massey, Ha.	35	34¾
Brit. Emp. Steel	2	2	Montreal Lk.	No bid	No bid
Do., 1st Pf.	34	34	Nat. Brew.	33⅞	34½
Do., 2nd Pf.	5¼	5¼	Nat. Steel Car	66	67
Brompton	28	28	Port. Alfred		
Canada Cem.	150	150	Pulp, Pref.	No bid	Nobid
Can. Car.	24	24	Power Corp.	81½	82½
Do., Pref.	27¾	28	Price Bros.	72	74⅞
C. Cement	16	16	Quebec Pwr.	62½	62
Do., Pref.	96	97	Shawinigan	74	74
C. Cottons	No bid	No bid	S. Canada Power	32	32¼
Indust. Alcohol, A	7⅛	7	Steel Co. of Canada	48½	48¾
Do., B	6	5½	W'peg Elec.	45	44½
C. Power	16½	16⅝	Bk. Montreal	304	305
C. Steamship	17	17½	Can. Bank of Com.	254	253
Do., Pref.	66	67	Royal Bank	303	300
Cockshutt	19	19			

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights.

ARGENTINE GRAIN OPTIONS

BUENOS AIRES, June 5.—WHEAT closed steady and 4c. to 5c. higher. MAIZE closed steady at 7c. to 6c. advance. LINSEED was steady and 1c. higher to 1c. lower.

Closing Prices	To-day	Prev. close
Buenos Aires :—		
Wheat, July delivery	10.18	10.14
,, August delivery	10.27	10.22
Maize, June delivery	6.29	6.22
,, July delivery	6.10	6.04
Oats, July delivery	4.76	4.70
Linseed, June delivery	19.47	19.46
,, July delivery	19.63	19.63
,, August delivery	19.77	19.78
Rosario :—		
Wheat, No. 2, July delivery	10.20	10.15
Maize, July delivery	6.03	6.00
Linseed, July delivery	19.55	19.55

(Prices in pesos currency per 100 kilos, delivery Buenos Aires.) (Peso=about 1s. 6¼d.)

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

TIN FIRMER

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), June 5.—The Exchange will be closed from to-morrow (Friday) until the following Tuesday morning.

WHEAT.—With lower North and South American closing reports and favourable European weather advices sellers were more willing to meet the market, but buyers continued their policy of reserve. For 6,500 tons Baril, 62½lb., per Hampstead, about ready to load, 37s. 7½d. was paid. Pacific white, June to Aug.,

MODDERFONTEIN DEEP LEVELS, LIMITED

A NEW MILLING RECORD

INCREASED WORKING PROFIT

The TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of shareholders in the Modderfontein Deep Levels, Limited, was held at Johannesburg on May 13.

Mr. P. M. ANDERSON, chairman of the company, presided and in the course of his remarks said:—A new milling record was set up for the fourth successive year by the crushing of a total of 531,500 tons of ore, this being 1,200 tons in excess of the previous year's record. The yield per ton milled was 44s. 11d., and the working costs, after including development, were 15s. 8.4d.

THE YEAR'S RESULTS

The profit on working was £777,402, or 29s. 3d. per ton milled, and exceeded the corresponding figure for the previous year by £3,796. Sundry revenue was £17,517, increasing the working profit to £794,918. Taxation absorbed £110,337 and charities £2,041, leaving a net profit of £682,540, or £3,846 more than in 1928, to be carried to the appropriation account. After making the provision for the year towards the company's liability to the Miners' Phthisis Compensation Fund, the balance of the net profit was insufficient by £7,460 to maintain dividends at the same rate as those declared for the previous four years—namely, 135 per cent., or 6s. 9d. per share. In view of your company's sound financial position this shortfall was provided out of the balance carried forward in the appropriation account, thus reducing that balance to £143,273.

There was an expansion in the scale of development work undertaken, the respective footages being 6,600 in 1929 and 4,782 in 1928, 5,319ft. of this work was on hanging wall leaders, the footage accomplished in these horizons being nearly 60 per cent. greater than in 1928. Attention is now also being directed to the leader 200ft. above the main reef, the horizon of which is being developed from four cross-cuts recently completed. It is intended to continue prospecting all areas of the mine in which there is a possibility of the exposure of payable ore in these upper leaders.

The recalculation of the developed ore reserves at the end of the year disclosed that those on the main reef amounted to 2,550,000 tons of an average value of 8.8dwt. over a width of 79in., the quantity being 450,000 tons less, and the value a fifth of a pennyweight less than a year previously, the width remaining unchanged. In addition to these main reef ore reserves there were calculated to be developed 310,000 tons of an average value of 4.7dwt. over a width of 60in. in hanging wall leader blocks, bringing the total reserves to 2,860,000 tons, or 340,000 tons less than at the end of the preceding year. This decrease must be regarded as satisfactory, seeing that nearly double that tonnage was mined during the year. Of the ore stoped last year 8 per cent. was derived from upper leaders.

OPERATIONS DURING 1930

For the first four months of the current year last year's milling rate has been maintained, a total of 174,300 tons having been dealt with as compared with 175,100 tons for the corresponding period of 1929. The revenue per ton milled has been about 1s. below last year's average, due in a great measure to the decrease in the value of the ore reserves. Working costs at 15s. 9d. have remained at approximately the same level, so that the working profit is about £10,000 less than was earned for the first four months of last year. Development operations have proceeded on a similar scale to last year and continue to be confined mainly to the upper leaders, which show little variation either in percentage of payability or in average value, namely, 16 per cent. payable, having a value of 331 inch-dwt.

The report and accounts were adopted.

EAST GEDULD MINES, LIMITED

THE INCREASED CAPITAL

DEVELOPMENT RESULTS

ORDERS BEING PLACED FOR REDUCTION PLANT

The THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of shareholders in the East Geduld Mines, Limited, was held at Johannesburg on May 13.

Mr. P. M. ANDERSON (chairman of the company) presided and in the course of his remarks said:—During the last financial year the registered capital was increased from £350,000 to £1,000,000 and the paid-up capital from £235,700 to £521,510 10s. Since the turn the registered capital has been further increased to £1,500,000 by the issue of an additional 500,000 Ordinary shares. This issue has been subscribed at par by the Union Corporation, Limited, and the Geduld Proprietary Mines, Limited, in terms of the agreements referred to on previous occasions, 2s. per share having been paid up on subscription, the balance of 18s. to be called up as required by the company. The funds thus made available are estimated to suffice for the completion of the No. 1 vertical shaft, for the further development work necessary prior to milling, for incidental expenses, and for the erection of the reduction plant. By arrangement with the subscribers some of these new shares were offered to the other shareholders in the company at the price of 32s. 6d. per share. The acceptance of 96 per cent. of the shares so offered has been very gratifying to your directors, affording as it does striking evidence of the confidence of shareholders in the prospects of the mine and in the administration of the company's affairs.

VALUES OF ORE DISCLOSED

With regard to the mining operations carried out on our behalf by the Geduld Proprietary Mines, in all 17,305ft. of development were accomplished, and, in addition, 1,053ft. of driving in connexion with stations and 460ft. of vertical shaft sinking. Of the development footage 12,555ft. were on reef, and the sampling of this disclosed 42 per cent. to be payable, the average assay value of this portion being 12.7dwt. over a channel width of 39in., equivalent to 500 inch-dwt. While comparatively little ore has been completely blocked out for stoping in the progress of this work, a considerable quantity of payable ore has been indicated, and your consulting engineer has estimated that at the end of last year the partially developed ore amounted to 2,400,000 tons of an average value of 6.75 dwt. calculated over an assumed stoping width of 57in.

During the first four months of the current year a further 4,458ft. of development have been completed, of which 3,685ft. have been on reef. These operations have disclosed ore of the highest average value so far exposed, the sampling results indicating a payability of 46 per cent. and an average value of 13.2 dwt. over a channel width of 48in., or 636 inch-dwt. This development will tend to increase both the quantity and the average value of the indicated ore reserves. It is a most gratifying feature of the development work that the richest ore has been opened up by the most recent and deepest workings, and that these improved values are continuing.

CAPACITY OF THE PROPOSED PLANT

As you have been kept regularly informed regarding the progress of development work and its results, the decision of the directors to proceed with the installation of a reduction plant, conveyed to you in the circular issued on the 7th of last month, will have occasioned no surprise, for it was of course a natural corollary. Orders for this plant, which will have a nominal capacity of 60,000 tons per month, are being placed with all possible despatch, and, provided that there is no delay in delivery of any section, it is anticipated that the installation will be completed in the third quarter of next year. The completion of this work is, as you know, scheduled to synchronize with the completion of the sinking and equipment of the No. 1 vertical shaft. The sinking of this shaft has proceeded normally, and at the end of last month the depth was 794ft. The rate of progress thus far has necessarily been slow for the reason that the sinking operations from a depth of 54ft. have been in water-bearing dolomite formation, which has involved delays arising from the need to deal effectively with the water encountered.

When addressing you a year ago I indicated that this dolomite formation was expected to continue to a depth of about 850ft. Information recently obtained by means of a borehole put down from a pump chamber shows that the dolomite extends to a depth of a little over 1,000ft. It is not anticipated that this greater thickness will involve any modification of the forecast I then gave you that the shaft would be in full commission for the purpose of hoisting stope ore within 2½ years from that date, or 1½ years from now.

The report and accounts were adopted.

GEDULD PROPRIETARY MINES, LIMITED

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS FOR 1929

PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS

ORE RESERVES OF 5,900,000 TONS

The TWENTY-NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of shareholders in the Geduld Proprietary Mines, Limited, was held at Johannesburg on May 13.

Mr. P. M. ANDERSON, chairman of the company, presided, and in the course of his remarks said:—The ore mined reached 1,211,768 tons, exceeding the previous record by 34,869 tons; the quantity milled totalling 1,008,100 tons, an advance on the previous record of 24,600 tons; while the average working costs per ton milled were a shade under 16s. 6d., or about a penny below the previous lowest average. The average yield of gold per ton of ore milled was 4d. above that of the previous year.

The working profit was £522,188, equivalent to 10s. 4d. per ton milled, or 5.26d. above the previous year's average. Sundry revenue amounted to £26,588, making the total profit £548,776, which was £36,520 more than the 1928 total. Taxation absorbed £69,100 and charities £2,673, leaving £477,003 to be carried to the appropriation account. Out of this a further £6,000 was set aside towards the company's liability to the Miners' Phthisis Compensation Fund, £456,518 was distributed in dividends, and the additional remuneration to the directors absorbed £1,800. This left a surplus of £12,685, which increased the carry-forward in the appropriation account to £190,272. In regard to the two dividends distributed for the year I would point out that, although the total rate for the year was 2½ per cent. less than that for the previous year, the amount involved was £8,300 more, due, of course, to the increase of the capital by £132,805 in April of last year.

DEVELOPMENT WORK

Development work proceeded on virtually the same scale as in the previous year, the total footage accomplished being 16,078. The results obtained in the course of this work have been communicated to you in the quarterly reports, from which you will have noted wide fluctuations in the values and the percentage payable. These fluctuations were foreshadowed in my address at the last annual meeting, when I intimated that a high proportion of the work would be devoted to the exploration of areas hitherto considered to be less promising. In the circumstances the results have been quite satisfactory. For the last quarter the values exposed were above the average, and this state of affairs has continued into the current year. During the first four months of this year the payable portion of the development on reef has averaged 602 inch-dwt., the footages being 5,487ft. developed, 4,430ft. on reef and sampled, 1,400ft. payable.

The ore reserves at December last amounted to 5,900,000 tons valued at 6.7dwt. over an estimated stoping width of 58in., which virtually maintains the position of the year before. Owing to the lighter type of machine drills now in general use, a stoping width of 2in. less has been adopted by the consulting engineer for the purpose of his estimate, and this change has had the effect of diminishing the quantity of ore by 200,000 tons, but increases the average value by a fifth of a pennyweight.

Last year's record milling rate has been fully maintained during the current year. The yield per ton milled has exceeded last year's average by about 2d. per ton, and the working costs show a further reduction of 2d. per ton milled to an average of 16s. 4d., so that the working profit per ton milled is about 4d. better. The total for the four months is approximately £8,845 more than was earned in the corresponding period of last year.

COMPANY'S INTEREST IN THE EAST GEDULD MINES

In regard to the interest held by your company in the capital of the East Geduld Mines, Limited, the circular issued to you on the 7th of last month informed you of the further increase of that company's capital to £1,500,000 for the purpose of providing the necessary funds for the erection of a reduction plant of the most modern type with a capacity of 60,000 tons per month, and of your directors' decision to exercise your company's option to participate equally with the Union Corporation, Limited, in the subscription of the £500,000 additional capital at par in terms of the agreements between your company and the corporation. Ample funds were available for the purpose out of the proceeds of the share issue made by your company last year. You were informed at the same time that your directors had consented to your company joining the Union Corporation in an offer of a parcel of these new shares to the other East Geduld shareholders at the price of 32s. 6d. per share. The confidence in the prospects of the East Geduld Mines and the popularity of this offer are evidenced by the fact that 96 per cent. of the shares offered has been taken up. After providing our proportion of the shares accepted we have the very substantial interest of approximately 35½ per cent. in the whole issued capital of the company, and, in addition, we hold the right to participate equally with the Union Corporation in the provision at par of any further capital which the East Geduld Mines may need up to a total of £300,000.

The position of the East Geduld Mines at the end of last year was that it had completed 33,005ft. of development on reef which indicated ore reserves of 2,400,000 tons having a value of 6.75dwt. over a stoping width of 57in. Development during the first four months of this year has shown values appreciably above the reserve, namely, 13.2dwt. over 48in., or 636 inch-dwt., for the 46 per cent. payable out of 1,710ft. sampled. The sinking of the shaft, together with the preparations for the erection of the reduction plant, are well under way, and, provided that no serious interruption occurs in the progress of the work, it is anticipated that everything will be in readiness for the commencement of production late in the third quarter of next year.

The report and accounts were adopted.

MAY MINING OUTPUTS

Company	Tonnage Crushed	Output	Profit
Batu Caves	—	27 tons	£816
Blackwater Mines	4,000	£7,158	£1,917
Champion Reef	21,607	5,834 oz.	—
Cons. Tin of Burma	—	77 tons	—
Glynn's Lydenburg	6,800	£9,106	£103
Idris Hydraulic	—	29¼ tons	£385
Mysore Gold	17,239	8,387oz.	—
Nanguita Ext.	—	6 tons	—
Nundydroog	28,023	7,508oz.	—
Ooregum	38,000	6,036oz.	—
Offin River Gold	—	8 tons	—
Oriental Cons.	—	$91,500	—
Rantau Tin	—	48 tons	£700
Sons of Gwalia	13,522	£13,934	£858
Taiping Tin	—	48 tons	£2,100
Tanjuah and Abosso	9,600	£15,922	£3,477
Wanderer Cons.	15,800	£17,147	£8,007

MESSINA (TRANSVAAL) DEVELOPMENT.—May output, 1,478 tons, containing 641 tons copper.

BULAWAYO AND GENERAL EXPLORATION.—Chislet Colliery.—Output for week ended May 31 was more than 7,000 tons compared with the usual weekly average of 6,000 tons.

UNITED BRITISH OILFIELDS OF TRINIDAD.—Production for the week ended June 4 amounted to 2,474 tons.

ONVERWACHT PLATINUM.—The reduction plant treated 3,650 tons during May. Crude platinum produced estimated to yield 276oz. refined platinum and allied metals, equivalent to 2.466 dwts. per ton milled.

PARANG CONSOLIDATED.—One treated in May, 15,800 tons; black tin produced, 222 tons; alluvial, 2.35 tons.

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket ..	June 24	July 8	July 22
Pay-day ..	June 26	July 10	July 24

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929		Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
56⅝	52	Consols, 2½% ..	55	55¼	-¼
88⅜	81⅝	Do., 4% ..	87⅞	88⅛	-⅜
103¼	99⅞	War Loan, 5% ..	101⅛	102	-⅛
101⅛	99½	Do., 4% ..	101⅛	101⅜	-⅛
91⅜	82⅛	Fdg. Loan, 4% ..	89⅛	89⅜	-⅜
95½	90	Victory, 4% ..	94	94¼	-⅛
95⅜	90	Do., 8m. Bds. ..	94⅛	94⅜	-⅛
80¼	72	Conversion, 2½% ..	77½	77¾	-¼
100	93	Do., 4½% ..	98¼	98½	-⅛
....	....	Do., 5% ..	103	103¼	-⅛
101⅛	97¼	Treas. 5% '33-35	102⅜	102⅝	-⅛
100	96½	Do., 4½% '30-32	100½	100¾	..
98	94⅞	Do., 4½% '32-34	101⅜	101⅝	..
97½	93⅞	Do., 4% '31-33	100⅛	100⅜	+⅛
60¼	55	Irish Land, 2¾%	58	59	..
66	60¼	Do., 3% ..	63¼	64¼	..
65	60	Local Loans, 3%	64⅛	64⅜	-¼
84¾	80	Tvaal, 5% '23-53	81	83	..
266	239	Bank of England	250	253	..
82⅞	77¼	Egyptian, 5% ..	81	83	..
71¾	60	India, 5½% ..	60	61	..
61¾	54½	Do., 5% ..	51	52	..
61¾	54½	Do., 2½% ..	42	44	..
101⅞	98	Do., 3½% ..	70	71	..
92¾	80¼	Do., 4% '50-55	101¼	101¾	..
109	103⅞	Sudan, 5½% ..	106¾	107¾	..
66⅜	60	Ldn. Cty., 3% ..	63	64	..
76¼	70	Do., 3½% ..	74¾	75¾	..
104⅜	99¼	Do., 5% '40-60	101	102	..
104¼	100	Corp. of Ldn., 5%	105	106	..
63¾	59	Met. Water, "B"	66	67	..
67	58¾	Do., "A" ..	64½	65½	..
85⅛	81	Met. Cons., 3%	86	87	..
75½	67½	Do., 2½% ..	71	72	..
64	58	Pt. of Lond., 3% "A" ..	60	61	..
83¼	76¼	Do., 4% "B" ..	80½	81½	..
100⅜	93	Do., 3¼% ..	95	96	..

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½	98	Aust., 6% '31-41	98¾	99¼	-¼
99¼	90½	Do., 5% '45-75	86¾	87¼	..
91¾	86¼	Can., 4% '40-60	95½	91	..
85¾	78⅝	Do., 3% '30-50	82¾	83¼	..
95¼	91 11/16	Cape, 4% '16-36	95	95½	..
82⅝	78¾	Do., 3½% '29-49	81¾	82¼	..
81⅞	78¼	Do., 3% '33-43	83	83½	..
113¾	108½	G.C'st., 6% '45-70	109½	110	..
104¼	99	Kenya, 5% '48-58	102	102½	..
85½	81⅝	N.Z., 5% '44-64	102	102½	..
95⅛	90	Do., 4½% '43-63	85½	86	..
88⅝	84⅞	Do., 3½% '40	88½	89	..
87⅝	75	Do., 3% '40-60	82	83	..
104½	98½	Nig., 5% '47-57	102½	103	..
100	89	Qld., 5% '40-60	85½	86	+¼
84	73¾	Do., 4% '40-50	73¼	75¾	..
104¼	98⅞	S. Af., 5% '45-75	99	99½	..
90	81½	Do., 4% '43-63	86	86½	..
99⅝	89	S. Aust., 5% '40	85½	86	..
102¾	97⅛	S. Rd., 5% '34-49	101¼	101¾	..
85⅞	79½	Tas'a, 3½% '40	79	79½	..
99½	89	Vict., 5% '45-75	85½	86	..
79¼	70	Do., 3½% '29-49	68	68½	-¼
99⅝	91	W.Aus. 5% '45-75	87½	88	..
90⅜	86	Do., 3½% '20-35	86½	87	..
81⅜	72	Do., 4% '42-62	71	71½	..

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT

Making up prices June 2	Name of Security	Closing Prices		Rise or Fall
87¼	Arg., 4% Rescission ..	87	88	..
83½	Do., 4% 1900 ..	82½	83½	..
94	Do., Port Cap., 5% ..	93½	94½	..
102	Austrian, 6% ..	101	102	..
110	Belgian, 7% ..	110	111	..
94⅛	Berlin (City of), 6% ..	94¼	95¼	..
52¾	Brazil, 4% 1889 ..	52	53	..
63½	Do., 4% Rescission ..	63	64	..
65¾	Do., 5% 1913 ..	65	66	..
76¾	Do., 5% Fdg. 1914 ..	76½	77½	..
86¾	Do., 6½% 1927 ..	86¾	87¾	..
59¾	Buenos Aires, 3½% ..	59¼	60¼	..
83	Bulgaria, 7% ..	82	84	..
96½	Chile, 6% 1926 ..	96	97	..
91	Do., 5% 1911 ..	90	92	..
108	Do., 5% 1922 ..	107	109	..
97⅝	Chinese, 5% 1896 ..	97	98	..
82½	Do., 4½% 1898 ..	81	82	..
46	Do., 5% 1912 ..	45	45	-1
64¼	Do., 5% 1913 ..	62½	63½	-½
102¾	Hungarian, 7½% ..	102¼	103¼	..
18½	Italian, 3½% ..	18	19	..
102	Do.,Ldn. Consort "B"	101½	102½	..
75¾	Japan, 4% 1899 ..	75	76	..
90	Do., 5% 1907 ..	89¼	90¼	..
101½	Do., 6% 1924 ..	100¾	101¼	..
93	Tokyo (City of), 5½%	92½	93½	+¼
18	Mexican, 5% ..	17	19	..
79	Peru, 6% .. 1928 ..	77	79	..
88	Polish, 7% ..	87	88	..
47	Portugal, 3%, 1st Ser.	46¾	47¾	..
47	Roumanian, 4% Cons.	46½	47½	..
21½	Russian, 4% 1889 ..	1	3	..
2¼	Do., 5% 1906 ..	1	3	..
103	Siamese, 6% 1924 ..	103	104	..
12	Turkish, 4% Unified ..	11	12	..
67½	Uruguay, 3½% ..	67	68	..
7¾	Peruvian Corp. ..	7¾	8¼	+¼
46	Do., Pref. ..	45	46	..
104½	German Potash, 7% ..	104¾	105¾	..
91	San Paulo Coffee, 7½%	90½	91½	-¼

BRITISH RAILWAYS

85¾	Great Western ..	82¾	83½	..
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	82	85	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd. ..	98¾	99¼	..
—	Do., 5% Pref. ..	95¼	96¼	..
48¼	L. Mid. and Scottish ..	47¾	48½	-¼
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	78¾	79¼	-¼
—	Do., 4% Gtd. ..	75¾	76½	-¼
—	Do., 4% Pref. ..	68½	69½	-¼
87⅜	L. and N. East., Def.	85⅝	87⅛	-⅜
26¼	Do., Pref. ..	25½	26¼	-¼
—	Do., 3% Deb. ..	57	58	..
—	Do., 4% 1st Gtd. ..	72	73	-½
—	Do., 4% 1st Pref. ..	70¾	71¾	-½
—	Do., 4% 2nd Pref. ..	50¼	51¼	-¼
66	Metropolitan ..	65	66	..
77	Met. Dist. ..	76	77	..
30	Southern, Defd. ..	29½	30	..
71	Do., Pref. ..	70½	71½	..
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	79	80	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd. ..	98½	99½	..
—	Do., 5% Pref. ..	90½	91½	..
23/3	Underground, £1 ..	22/9	23/3	..
110	Do., Income ..	108	109½	..

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL RAILWAYS

85	Antofagasta, Cons. ..	83	85	..
—	Argentine Gt. West. ..	76½	78½	-½
—	Argentine N. Eastern ..	27	29	..
88	B.A. Gt. Southern ..	87	88	+¾
79	B.A. and Pacific ..	78	79	..
68½	B.A. Western	67	69¼	-¼
211	Canadian Pacific ..	206¼	207½	..
71	Central Argentine ..	69	70	..
81	Central Uruguay ..	78	80	-½
13½	Cordoba Central ..	13	15	..
17	Do., 2nd Pref. ..	17	19	-½
32	Costa Rica	31½	32½	..
80½	Entre Rios	77½	79½	..
..	Int. Cent. America ..	27	29	..
51½	Leopoldina	49	50*	+1¼
7½	Mexican, 1st Pref. ..	7	8	..
4⅜	Nitrate (Scarer) ..	4⅛	4⅜	..
187	San Paulo	182	186	-1
13½	United of Havana ..	8	12	..

BANKS AND DISCOUNT COMPANIES

Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall	Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
Ag. of Egypt	7⅛	..	Lloyds, A ..	63/0	..
Alexanders ..	3 9/16	..	Martins ..	75⅜	..
Anglo-S. Am.	6 9/16	..	Merc. Ind. C.	12¾	..
Bk. of Aust.	11 11/16	+⅛	Midland, £1	75/6	..
B. Ld. & S.A.	8⅛	..	Do., £12 (£2 10s. pd.)	91⅛	..
Bk. of Mtl...	62½	..	National ..	23⅜	..
Bk. of N.S.W.	36	..	Nat. Dist., B	91 13/16	..
Bk. of N.Z.	58/6	+1/0	Nat. Egypt	30½	..
Barclays, A	8	..	Nat. India ..	44	..
Do., B ..	56/0	..	Nat. Prov., £4	13¾	..
Do., D.C.O.	27/3	..	Ryl. of Can.	61½	..
Can. Com. ..	52½	..	Stand. S.A.	15¼	..
Char. India	17¼	..	Un. of Aust.	10½	+5/16
District ..	3 1/16	..	Un. Discount	9 1/16	..
Eng. S. & A.	53 1/16	..	Westminster	79/0	..
Hambros ..	8 3/16*	..	Do., £1	50/9	..
Hongkong ..	109	-1	Wms.Dens.A	40/0	..

INSURANCE

Alliance,New	19*	+⅜	Nthn. Assur.	15⅜	..
Atlas Assur.	12⅞	..	Phenix, f.p.	24*	-1/16
Britannic ..	14⅞	..	Prudential ..	22⅞*	..
Com. Un. ..	23	..	Do., "B" ..	36/9	..
Eagle Star ..	11½	..	Royal ..	7⅝*	-1/16
Empr'rs Liab.	71/9	-3d	R. Exchange	5⅞	..
Gen. Accdt.	14⅝	..	Scottish, "A"	15	..
Guardian ..	10⅝*	-⅛	Sea	72/0	..
Ldn. and L.	27½	..	Sun Insur. ..	37¼*	..
Ldn. Assur.	9¼	..	Sun Life ..	53	..
N. Brit. & M.	32¾	..	Y'sh'e (50/-)	6⅛	..

TEXTILE AND CHEMICAL

Amal. Cotton	7½d	..	Engl. Cotton	1 25/32	..
Bleachers ..	18/6	..	Fine Spinners	21/6*	..
Borax, Def.	10/6	..	Hoyle, J. ..	4/0	..
Brad. Dyers	23/6	+3d	Impl. Chem.	24/0	..
Brit.Celanese	13/9	..	Do., Defd.	7/6	..
Do.,2nd Pf.	10/0	..	Jute Ind., Pf.	2/3	..
B. Cot. Dyers	4/7½*	..	Linen Thread	1 15/32	..
Brit. Enka ..	4/9	..	Ulster ..	13/0	-3d
Calico Print.	9/0	-3d	Patons & B.	18/6	..
Can. Celanese	2⅝	+⅛	Rylands ..	18/6	..
Cr'n'se Amer.	4⅜	-1/16	Salt Union ..	11 3/16	..
Coats ..	60/0	..	Salts (S'ft're)	2/0	..
Cook, Son ..	8/9	..	Snia Viscosa	13/3	..
Courtaulds ..	2 7/16	+1/32	Wardle&Dav.	1 9/16	..

ELECTRICAL POWER AND EQUIPMENT

Ass. Elec. In.	26/6	+6d	Hydro Elec.	47⅛	+¼
Babcock ..	27/1½	..	Johnson&Ph.	57/0	..
BarcelonaTn.	36	..	Metro. Elec.	40/6	..
B'mouth&Pt.	56/9	-6d	Mex. Lt.Com.	84⅛	..
Bras. Tract.	50¼	+⅛	Do., 1st Pf.	77½	..
Brit. Insuld.	72/6	..	Mid.Counties	27/6	..
Brush Elec.	119	..	N'w'le Elec.	22/6	..
Callender's ..	72/3	-9d	Perak River	10/9	+3d
City of Lond.	54/0	..	Siemens ..	23/0*	-3d
CountyLond.	46/9	..	Teleg. Const.	19	..
English Elec.	5/3	..	Vic. Falls ..	3⅛	-6d
Gen. Elec. ..	49/3	-3d	Whitehall,Pf.	24/3	-6d
Henley's Tel.	6 1/16	-1/16	Yorkshire ..	32/0	-6d

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & E. Trad.	13/0	-3d	ImperialTob.	41 13/16	-1/16
Am. Dent. Df.	4/3	..	Imp.Tob.Can.	39/9*	-3d
Apollinaris ..	8/0	..	Int. Nickel ..	32½	-⅛
Assd. Cement	24/9	-3d	Krueger & T.	29¼	..
Bovril, Def.	40/0	..	Lautaro, Pf.	3¼	..
Brit. Alum.	41/3	..	Do.Delaware	6½	-½
Brit. Am. Tb.	5 15/32	-1/32	Lever,7% Pf.	23/3*	..
Brit.&S. Pac.	16/0	..	Liverpool Nit.	9/0	..
Brit. Match	24/10½	..	London Brick	39/6*	-3d
Brit. OilCake	30/0	..	Manbre G.Df.	15/9	-6d
Brit.Port.Cm.	2 5/16	..	Marconi Mar.	1⅞	..
Brit. Ropes ..	3/0	..	Do., Can. ..	1 5/16	..
Cab&W."B"	21	+3	Mather & P.	2 1/16	..
Do.,7½%"A"	44	+3	Nairn.M.&G.	2⅛	..
Do.5½%Pf.	91	+1	NewTam'g'l	15/0	..
Carreras "A"	84*	+1 32	P. & O., Def.	46/0	..
Col. Graph.	5½	-1/16	Phillips (G.)	1 1/16	..
Crittall ..	23/6	..	PinchinJ'son	45/0	-3d
Cr.&Bl.1 Pf.	13/6	-1½d	Prim. Hldgs.	28/0*	-3d
Cunard St'm.	20/9	..	Royal Mail ..	17½	-3
Dunlop Rbr.	11 10½	+3d	Sm.&Arg. Mt.	5 7/16	+1½d
E.Ready'o.B.	17 7/16*	+1½d	Sth. Met. Gas	105	..
Finlay, Jas.	80/0	-3/4	Spillers ..	19/3	..
Furness, W.	32/6	..	Swed.Mtch.B	15⅝	..
Gas Lt. & C.	19/0	..	TarapacaNit.	8/9	-3d
Gaumont Br.	16/3	-1½d	Turner & N.	3 3/32*	..
Globe Tel. ..	1/9	..	Utd. Dairies	51/3	..
Gramophone ..	4⅛	+⅛	Un. Molasses	3 3/32	..
Harrison&C.	6¼	-7 32	Unilever ..	22 3/32	+1 16
Imp.Con.Gas	165	..	Utd. Tob.(S.)	4⅛	..
Imp. Smelt.	17/6	..	Wallpaper D.	43/6*	+3d

COAL, IRON AND STEEL

Amal.A'th'te	4/9	-1½d	Howard & B.	3⅜	..
Armstrong ..	0/6	..	Jarvis	34/0	..
Babcock&W.	56/0	-6d	Pease &Ptns.	2/3	..
Baldwins ..	2/4 1/2	..	Platt Bros. ..	4/3	..
Bengal	8/3	..	Powell, Duff	7/3	-6d
B.S.A.	9/9	..	Richds.,West	3 1/2	..
Bolsover ..	15/0	-6d	Ruston & H.	6/3	..
Brown(John)	3/0	..	S. Speakman	12/6	..
Cammell Ld.	11/3	..	Staveley ..	19/6	-3d
Consett	6/3	..	Stew.&L.Def.	24/0	-3d
Cory (Wm.)	61/3	..	S. Durham ..	21/0	..
DormanLong	4 1/2	..	Swan,Hunter	19/9	-3d
Ebbw Vale ..	0 10½	..	Tata, Deb. ..	99	..
Guest, Keen	33 1/2	-4½d	Thomas, R.	2/6	..
Hadfields ..	7/3	-3d	Vickers ..	7/0	..
Harld.&W.P.	9/1½	+1½d	Weardale,Df.	17/3	..
Hopkinson ..	32/6	..	Yk.Am.A& D.	8/0	..

MOTORS AND AIRCRAFT

Austin (5-h)	27/6	-1/3	National Bus	26/6	-6d
Dennis Bros.	42/6	-1/0	Rolls-Royce	45/0	..
Ford	7/3	..	Rover	9/3	..
Guy Motors ..	16/0	..	Singer	30/3	..
Humber	17/3	..	S.T.D., Pref.	8/9	-3d
Imp.Airways	25/0	..	Smith, S., Df.	4/1½	..
Leyland	72/3	-1/0	Taylor, Wlkr.	33/9	-6d
Lucas, J. ..	75/0	..	Threlfalls ..	56/0	..
Morris, 7½Pf.	21/6	..	Walker,P.&C.	19/0	..
Napier, D. ..	11/9	..	Watney, Def.	61/3	-5d

BREWERIES

Allsopp ..	27/6	-3d	Ind. Coope..	65/6	-3d
Bass, Ratcl.	67/0	..	Mcux's	58/9	..
Benskin's ..	38/6	..	Mitch's & B.	57/0	..
C.of Lon.,Def	12/

STOCK EXCHANGE DEALINGS—
continued from page 25

Fine Cotton Spinners, 20/9† -9† 2/- 1/11½ x.d.
Do., 5% Pref., 12/6† 13/6† x.d.
Finlay, 80/- 1/- 80/- 2/6†† 1/9††
Fore Street Warehse., 13/11½ -/4½ -/3¾ -/11½
Foster (M.B.), 26/7½
Gallaher, 61⅝ Pref., 23/3 2/10½
Gaumont-Brit. Picture Corp., 16/3†† -/6½
Do., 7½% Pref., 17/6 -/6
Do., 6% Deb., 99½
General Elec., 50/-
Do., 6% Pref., 23/6 4/11½ x.d.
Do., 7½% Pref., 26/6 -/6 x.d.
Goodson's Mantle, 8% Pref., 2/6 -/11½
Gordon Hotels, 11/10½†† 12/4½†† 12/- 11/9†
Do., 5½% Pref., 14/11½††
Gossage, 6½% Pref., 21/4½
Gramophone, 88/11½†† 9/4½†† -/4½†† 90/- 89/10½ 7/6 8/9 90/7½ -/7½ 89/9¾ 7/6 8/11½ 90/7½ 1/3 88/11½ -/9 90/3¾ -/3¼ 1/3 86/3 90/3¾ 1/3 -/10½ 87/6
Greenwich Lino., 41⅜% Deb. (1912), 75††
Grovewood and Batley, 10/9
H.P. Sauce, 99/- 8/9 100/- 100/- 1/-
Do., 7% Pref., 23/6††
Handley-Page, Pref., 10% Pts., 12/9 13/6 13/- -/10½
Harrisons and Crosfield, Deb., 6½ 1¼
Harrods (B.A.), 13⅛% 17/4½ -/6 -/3 -/3† -/11½ -/6
Do., 8% Pref., 22/9 3/11½ -/3 -/11½
Harrods, 60/6†† 1/9 1/- -/6 -/4½ 60/3 1/9 60/7½ 1/7½ -/3 60/- 1/3 60/9 -/10½ -/7½ 2/- 1/10½ 2/- 1/7½ 2/4½ 60/6 -/8 2/3 -/4½ 1/3 -/10½ -/9
Healey's, 85/1/6 6½ ½
Do., 4½% Pref., 80/-
Herrmann, 3/3¾
Hoffmann Manufg., 7½% Pref., 20/9 -/10½ 1/3
Hoffmann, 7½% Pref., 21/3 20/9 1/-
Home and Colonial, 17/4½ -/3¼ -/6 -/6 -/7½ -/9†† -/7½ -/4½ -/6¼ -/6 -/6¾
Hope Bros., 20/6 -/6
Imp. Airways, 25/3 -/6 -/4½ -/6 -/3 -/3
Imp. Chem. Indust., 24/11½†† -/1½ 3/10½ 4/- -/11½ -/11½ 3/11¼ 4/- 3/10½ 4/2¼ 4/- -/11½ -/3† 3/10½ -/9 -/11¼ 4/3 3/9 -/10½ 4/0¾ 3/11¼
Do., Defd., 7/4½†† -/4½ -/7½ -/6 -/6 -/3¼ -/6¾ -/6 -/7½ -/7½ -/3¼ -/3¼ -/4½ -/4½ -/6¾ -/4½† -/3 -/4½
Do., 7% Pref., 24/11½ 4/- -/11½ 3/10½ -/10½† -/10½ 4/- -/2†
Imp. Tobacco of Canada, 39/9 x.d.
Do., 6% Pref., 22/4½
Imp. Tobacco, G.B. and I., 96/6¾ -/10½ -/9 -/6¾ -/9 -/10½ -/6¾ -/10½ -/3 -/9 -/3 -/4½ -/3 -/3† -/9 -/11½ -/6 -/3
Do., 5½% Pref., 22/4½† -/4½
Do., 7% Pref., 24/- 4/- 3/9
Do., 10% Pref., 38/9 -/6
Improved Wood Pavement, 46/-
India Rbbr., Gutta Percha, 8/4½ -/6 -/4½
India Tyre Services, 85/ Pref., 21/7½
Internat. Match Corp., Ptgs. Pref., 86½
Internat. Sleeping Car Share Trust, 8/3
Internat. Tea Stores, 25/11½ 5/- 4/9 -/10½ -/6† 5/- 4/9 5/- 4/6
Do., 6% 1st Pref., 22/4½
Do., 7% "A" Pref., 23/11½ -/11½
Jaeger, Pref., 7/3 -/3
Jay's, 11/5¼
Johnson and Phillips, 6% Deb., 103
Jones and Higgins, 49/3
Jones, Ptg., 7% Ptgs. Pref., 24/11½ -/11½
Jute Indust., Pref. (8% Ptgs.), 2/3 -/3
Kellner-Partington Paper, 6% Deb., 99
Kelly's Direc., 6% Pref., 20/10½ -/10½
Do., 7½% Pref., 5/6
Knight, 25% Pref., 72/6
Krueger and Toll, "B" 29 ½ 9 3⅛ ½
Do., Ptg. Debs., 32½ ½
Do., Distn., 30% Deb., 100¼
La Guaira Harbour, 5% 1st Mort. Deb., 82 2
Do., 5% 2nd Mort., "A," 68 8
Lamson Paragon, 19/3
Lewis's Invstmt., 20/-
Do., Pref., 30/10½
Lever, 7% Pref., 23/4½ -/4½ -/2¼ -/11½ -/11½ 3/-† -/5¼ -/11½ -/3¼ -/4½ -/2¼ -/4½ -/3 -/4½ -/6 -/7½
Do., 8% Pref., 24/3¼ -/11½ -/11½ 4/- -/11½ -/4½ -/5¼ -/4½ x.d.
Do., 20% Predf., 14/-† 12/6 -/6 -/9 -/9 -/9 x.d.
Do., 7% Deb., 102½†† 4 3¼
Do., 5% Deb. 90 9 ⅛ ⅛ ⅛
Lewis (John), 7% Pref., 18/11½ -/11½ -/3
Do., 6% Deb., 101¼
Lewis's, Lim., 15% Pefd., 47/6 8/6 -/6
Do., 6% Pef., 21/10½
Limmer and Asphalt, 58/9
Do., Pref. (7½%), 59/6
Linen Thread, 37/6
Lipton, 5% Pref., 8/11½ 8/- -/3 8/- -/3 8/-
Lister, 13/3
Lond. Brick, 39/6 40/3 39/9 40/9† 39/6 40/3 39/9 -/6 x.d.
Lond. Express News., 7% Pref., 20/-
Lond. Produce Clearing, 83/9
Lyons, 95/- 5/- 4/4½ 5/7½
Do., "A," 94½ 6/10½ 5/6 -/6 -/7½ 6/10½ 4/4½ 5/7½
Do., 6% Predd., 20/9† 1/- 20/9†
Do., 5% Pref., 19/3
Do., "A" Pref., 4/6 4/10½ 5/3
Magadi Soda, 6% Pref., 3/0¼†† 2/8¼
Manbré and Garton, 40/- 40/- x.d.
Do., Defd., 15/9
Maple, 32/6†† 1/10½†† -/10½ 5/- 1/9 2/-
Mappin and Webb, 10/- 11/- 11/-
Do., 6% Pref., 18/-
Marks and Spencer, £6/1/9 6¼ 3½
Do., "A," 57/-
Do., 10% Pref., 33/-
Martinez, Gassot, 16/6
Mather and Platt, 42/6†
Maynards, 31/6
Maypole Dairy, 30% Predd., 16/11½
Do., Defd., 5/6 -/6¼ -/6 -/6¼ -/6¼ -/6 -/7½ -/4½ -/5¼
Meadow Dairy, 7½% Pref., 23/7½
Metrop. Indus. Dwellings, 4% Pref., 61/3 2/6
Millars' Timber, 5/10½
Morris Motors, 7½% Pref., 21/6 -/3 -/9 -/4½ -/3 -/7½ -/3
Nairn and Greenwich, 41/3†† -/3 -/3†† -/3††
Napier, 8% Pref., 22/6
Nestlé, 8% Pref., 29/4½ -/3 9/-
New Transvaal Chem., 1st Pref. (6%), 18/-
Do., "A" Pref. (6%), 22/3
Nicholsons, 7% Pref., 13/11½
Niger, 5½% Deb., 100½ x.d.
Paquin, 23/9
Paterson, Laing, 6% Pref., 16/3††
Do., 6% "B" Pref. (††), 15/6 16/3 -/9
Pawsons and Leaf's, 7/6
Peek Frean, 6% Pref., 17/3
Phillips Rubber Soles, 32/9††
Pinchin, Johnson, 44/7½ -/6 5/4½ -/4½ -/6 5/- 4/7½ -/9 5/- 4/6 -/7½ -/9 5/- -/4½
Platt, 4/-†† 4/-
Potash Synd. of Germany, 7% 105
Price Bros., 6½% Predd., 106½† 5 5††
Price Counsell, Thires., 6% Deb., 95
Pryce Jones, 5% Deb., 48/7½
Radiation, 38/0¾ -/0¾ -/6 8/- -/6
Do., 6% Pref., 22/7½
Reed (Austin), 6% Predd., 26/11½
Rio de Janeiro City Improvets., 40/6
Robinson (Peter), 7% Pref., 22/3
Rolls-Royce, 45/3 -/6
Ronson, 27/10½ 6/-
Do., 10% Pref., 24/10½
Rosario Drainage, 25/6
Rotherham, 19/6 20/-
Do., 8% Pref., 15/9 -/9
Rover Co., 8/9 -/9
Ryland, 19/-
S.K.F., 15/7½
S.T.D. Motors, 2/6 -/7½
Do., 8% Notes, 97 5½
Salt Union, 35/7½
Saltz (Saltzie), 2/3
Savoy Hotel, 33/6†† 2/- 3/-
Sears, 22/++ -/6 -/7½ 2/-
Do., 7% Pref., 24/4½
Do., 6% Deb., 104½
Selfridge, 10% Predd., 26/9
Selfridge Provl. Stores, 10/10½†† 11/4½ -/4½
Do., Defd., 2/11½†† 2/- 2/-
Siemens, 23/- x.d.
Do., 10% Pref., 23/11½ -/4½ -/6 -/7½ -/4½ -/6
Smith (S.) (M.A.), Def., 3/10½
"Snia Viscosa," 12/6 -/9
Do., 7½% Bds., 102¼ 2 2 2
Soc. Amer Stores, 51⅛% Deb., 1919 (free of tax), 106
Spiers and Pond, 17/7½ -/6 18/- 18/- 17/9
Do., 6½% Pref., 19/10½ 20/4½
Spillers, 19/4½ 18/9 19/-
Sirel, 7% Pref., 20/9†
Stephens, 21/- 20/7½ 1/3
Strand Hotel, 7% Pref., 68/-
Do., 7% Pref., 23/3 -/6
Do., 6% Pref., 22/-
Swan and Edgar, 17/3†† -/4½
Swedish Match, A., 15⅝ £15/9/0
Do., "B," 15⅜ 15⅛ 15⅜ 15⅛ 15⅜ (Correction from *Official List*—In the List of the 29th ult. the business done should have been marked 15⅛; not 15⅜.)
Tate and Lyle, 38/7½ -/3 -/9 9/11½ -/11½ x.d.
Textile Trades Berlin, 7% Certs., 85††
Tilbury Contracting, 45/6 5/-
Tilling, 51½% Pref., 100/-
Trust Houses, 15/10½ -/10½ 16/11½
Tube Invest., 33/4½
Do., 7% "B" Pref., 19/6 -/6½ x.d.
Turner and Newall, 68/3 -/6 -/3 -/10½ -/10½ 7/2½ 6/3 -/3¼ 6/- -/10½ x.d.
Unilever, 52/6 -/6 -/9¾ 3/9 -/9
Do., 7% Predd., 22/6 -/3 -/4½ -/3 -/11½
Unilever (Ltd.), 53/9†† -/11½ -/11½ 3/6 3/11½† 2/9¼†† -/6†† 3/11½ 2/6 -/6½ 4/0¾ -/0¾ 3/9 2/-†† 2/6 3/5¼ -/6 2/9¼ 4/0¾ -/4½ 3/9 4/8¼ 3/9
Do., 7% Pref., 22/11½ -/3 -/4½ -/4½ 3/-
Union Cold Store., 7% Pref., 19/9 -/10½ -/9 -/10½ -/9
Do., 7% Pref., 21/6
Ud. Dairies, 31/3 -/4½
Ud. Molasses, 20/10½†† 1/-†† -/3 -/3¼
Ud. Molasses, New, 65/11¼ -/11¼
Unit. Drug, 8% Pref., 17/10½
Victoria Woodworking, -/2¼
Vocalion (Pzn.), 1/2¼
Waller and Hartley, 2/7½
Wembley Stadium, 7½% Ptg. Pref., 18/- 18/-
Do., Defd., 2/8¼ -/6 -/8¼ -/6¾
Wm. Hoon Greybnd. Racecrse., Defd., 1/4½ -/4½
Do., 10% Pfds., 13/-
Whites (Timothy), Defd.† 2/6
Wiggins (Hamith), Defd., -/6
Wiggins, Teape and Pirie, 6% Ptce., 19/6
Wiggins, Teape (1919), 24/3 -/9 -/6
Do., 7% Pref., 21/3
Do., 5½% Deb., 98 8 8 ⅛
Do. (iss. at 98, £58 pd.), 57¾††
Yager, 1/- 1/-
Yeast Vite, 8% Ptg., Pfd., 4/-
Do., Defd., 1/7½ -/6 -/6
Zinc Mnfr., "A" 5/- 5/- 4/6 -/7½

ELECTRIC LIGHTING AND POWER

Barcelona Tract., 35
Boursemouth and Poole, 56/9
B. Aires Lacroze, 6½% Deb., 98½
Cawnpore, 28/-
Charing Cross, 4½% Pref., 17/3
Do., "City Undertkg., 4½% Pref., 17/3
Chelsea, 20/6
City of London, 34 1/2 -/4½ -/1½ -/3¼
Do., 6% Pref., 23/-
Do., 5% Deb., 99½
Clyde Valley, 38/3 -/6
Compania de Elect. de B. Aires, 8% Pre-Pref., 21/- 1/-
Co. of London, 47/- 7/- 6/3†
Do., 6% Pref., 23/4½†† 4/0¾ 3/7½
Do., 5% Deb., 99¼ ½ ¾
Elect. Supply Corp., 46/-
Electrical Distrib. of Yorkshire, 34/9
Fife Tramway, 6% Pref., 18/3
Hendon, 6% Pref., 21/11½ -/11½
Lima Light, 6% Debs., 98 8
Llanelly and Dist., 15/3
Do., 6% Pref., 18/3
Lond. Elect. Supply, 29/6
Lond. Power, 5% Deb., 100 ¼ ⅛
Met. Elec. Supply, 40/3
Mexican Light, 7% Pref., 77 7
Do., 5% 1st Mort. Bds., 80
Midland Counties, 27/-
Do., 6% Pref., 22/6
Midland Elec. Corp., 31/3
Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 22/9 -/3 -/4½††
Do., 5% Ptg. Pref., 19/11½ -/6
Do., 7% Pref., 26/6 6/- -/4½
Do., 4½% Deb., 96½ 4
Nottng Hill, 6% Pref., 11
Penn. River, 10/3
Do., 7% Ptg. Deb., 108½
Prussian, 6% Bds., 90½ ½
Quebec, 5% Deb., 98½
St. James' and Pall Mall, 27/9
Sheffield, 25/6††
Southn. Elec., 22/-
Do., 5% Pref., 25/6††
Scottish, 29/- 9/- 8/7½
Do., 6% Pref., 22/3
Shawinigan Wtr., 76
Shrops., Worc. and Staffs. 6% Pref., 22/9 -/9 -/10½
-/10½ -/10½
Sth. London, 27/-
Tokyo, 6% Bds., 94½ ½ ½
Victoria Falls, 61/10½ -/10½
Do., Pref., 34/3 3/11¼
Do., 5% Deb., 110¼
Do., 5½% Debs., 106††
Vorarlberger Illwerke Aktiengesellschaft, 6% Bds., 89 6½
West Gloucestershire, 61⅜% Ptg. Pref., 75
Do., 5% Deb., 99¼
Westminster, 27/6†
Whitehall, 7½% Pref., 24/10½ -/10½
Do., 6% Deb., 102¾ ¼
Yorkshire, 32/-

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

County of London, New, (iss. at 36/-, 16/- pd.), 24/4½ -/11½ -/4½ -/11½ -/3
Nth. Caucasian Ry., 81331½
Scottish, New (iss. 27/-, 10/- pd.), 10/7½ -/10½ -/10½ -/10½ -/7½

FINANCIAL TRUSTS, LAND, AND PROPERTY

African City Props., 35/3
Anglo-French Expl., 15/- 15/-
Argentine Sthn., 19/-
Assd. Lond. Props., 18/6
Australian Past., 7 7 7
Barcelona Tract., 35
Boursemouth and Poole, 56/9
B. Aires Lacroze, 6½% Deb., 98½
Cawnpore, 28/-
Charing Cross, 4½% Pref., 17/3
Do., "City Undertkg., 4½% Pref., 17/3
Chelsea, 20/6
City of London, 34 1/2 -/4½ -/11½ -/3¼
Do., 6% Pref., 23/-
Do., 5% Deb., 99½
Clyde Valley, 38/3 -/6
Compania de Elect. de B. Aires, 8% Pre-Pref., 21/- 1/-
Co. of London, 47/- 7/- 6/3†
Do., 6% Pref., 23/4½†† 4/0¾ 3/7½
Do., 5% Deb., 99¼ ½ ¾
Elect. Supply Corp., 46/-
Electrical Distrib. of Yorkshire, 34/9
Fife Tramway, 6% Pref., 18/3
Hendon, 6% Pref., 21/11½ -/11½
Lima Light, 6% Debs., 98 8
Llanelly and Dist., 15/3
Do., 6% Pref., 18/3
Lond. Elect. Supply, 29/6
Lond. Power, 5% Deb., 100 ¼ ⅛
Met. Elec. Supply, 40/3
Mexican Light, 7% Pref., 77 7
Do., 5% 1st Mort. Bds., 80
Midland Counties, 27/-
Do., 6% Pref., 22/6
Midland Elec. Corp., 31/3
Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 22/9 -/3 -/4½††
Do., 5% Ptg. Pref., 19/11½ -/6
Do., 7% Pref., 26/6 6/- -/4½
Do., 4½% Deb., 96½ 4
Nottng Hill, 6% Pref., 11
Penn. River, 10/3
Do., 7% Ptg. Deb., 108½
Prussian, 6% Bds., 90½ ½
Quebec, 5% Deb., 98½
St. James' and Pall Mall, 27/9
Sheffield, 25/6††
Southn. Elec., 22/-
Do., 5% Pref., 25/6††
Scottish, 29/- 9/- 8/7½
Do., 6% Pref., 22/3
Shawinigan Wtr., 76
Shrops., Worc. and Staffs. 6% Pref., 22/9 -/9 -/10½
-/10½ -/10½
Sth. London, 27/-
Tokyo, 6% Bds., 94½ ½ ½
Victoria Falls, 61/10½ -/10½
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Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

VERDI'S "OTELLO"

The first act of Verdi's *Otello* will be relayed to-night from the Covent Garden Opera House and broadcast from the London Regional transmitter. Items in the National programme include a relay from Manchester of the Northern Promenade Concert, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty; and a performance of *'Tis of Aucassin and Nicolette*, a medieval romance translated from the French by Eugene Mason, to be produced by Mr. Howard Rose. At 9.25 p.m. Mr. Harold Nicolson, in the course of his broadcast entitled "People and Things," will discuss, among other things, the romance of world communication by wireless.

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, June 6, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME.—1,148kc. (261.8m.) (193kc.) (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30**:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45**:—Keeping Well in a Heat Wave, by Dr. Stella Churchill. **11-11.30 (261.3m. only)**:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision).

12:—Sonia Moldawsky (violin); Ethel Hobday (pianoforte); **12.30**:—Organ Recital, by Nicholas Cheveaux, relayed from St. Mary-le-Bow; Tom Purvis (tenor); **1.30**:—Gramophone Records. **2.30**:—For the Schools: Farming, 3—Why Manures are Needed, by Dr. B. A. Keen. **2.55**:—Interlude, **3**:—Peoples of the World and their Homes, 6—Country and City in Germany, by Mr. Harold Nicolson. **3.20**:—Interlude. **3.30**:—Concert to Schools; The Sybil Eaton Quartet: Sybil Eaton (violin), Pierre Tas (violin), Raymond Jeremy (viola), Alan Ford (violoncello), John Thorne (baritone). **4.15**:—Orchestra, from the May Fair Hotel.

5.15:—Children: The Portrait of the Mayor—another Toy Town Dialogue Story (S. G. Hulme-Beaman), with music by the Gershom Parkington Quintet. **6**:—The Cooking of Cakes, by Mrs. M. H. Becker. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—Wolf's Goethe Lieder, sung by Dorothy Helmrich and George Parker. **7-7.20**:—Music Criticism, by Mr. Ernest Newman. **7.25**:—Bird Watching and Bird Behaviour, 6—The Bird's Place in Nature, by Professor Julian Huxley.

7.45:—Northern Promenade Concert: The Hallé Orchestra, conducted by Sir Hamilton Harty; Megan Thomas (soprano), William Murdoch (solo pianoforte), relayed from the Free Trade Hall, Manchester. **9**:—Weather; News: London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast (**1,554.4m.** only). **9.25**:—People and Things, by Mr. Harold Nicolson, including a two-way telephone conversation between Mr. Nicolson, speaking in a London Studio, and someone on board R.M.S. Homeric in mid-Atlantic. **9.40**:—'Tis of Aucassin and Nicolette, a medieval romance, translated from the French by Eugene Mason; music composed and conducted by Robert Chignell; presented and produced by Howard Rose, with Margery Shackleton, Patrick Waddington, Frank Denton, Douglas Burbidge, Andrew Churchman, John Armstrong, Wynne Ajello, Katherine Hynes, Lionel Millard, Alfred Gray, Ernest Cove, and the Gershom Parkington String Orchestra. **10.25**:—The Wireless Singers: Hans Neemann (tutenist). **11 (1,554.4m. only)**:—Band, from Grosvenor House. **11.15-12 (1,554.4m. only)**:—Band, from Ciro's Club. **12-12.30**:—Dance Band, from Ciro's Club. **12-12.30 (261.3m. only)**:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision).

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(842kc.) (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). **12**:—Midland Regional programme. **1.15**:—Orchestra, from the May Fair Hotel. **2.15-3**:—Organ Recital, by Charles F. Waters, relayed from St. Mary-le-Bow. **5.15**:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—The Wireless Military Band, conducted by B. Walton O'Donnell; Cyril Lidington (entertainer). **8**:—Otello (Verdi), Act 1, relayed from the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden. **8.35**:—Biochemistry, 6—The Developing Egg, by Dr. Joseph Needham. **9.5**:—News. **9.10**:—Midland Regional programme. **10.15**:—Weather; News. **10.30**:—Band, from Grosvenor House. **11.15-12**:—Band, from Ciro's Club.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME.—(626kc.) (479.2m.).

12:—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell; Denham Charles (bass). **1.15**:—London Regional programme. **2.15-3**:—London Regional programme. **5.15**:—Children: Quaint Customs and their Origin—Did you know this? by Barbara Williams; Musical Selections by the D'Alton Instrumental Quartet; Some Great Inventions in Electricity—The Magneto, by W. E. Anderson; Songs by Peter Howard (baritone). **6**:—London Regional Programme. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—The Jan Berenska Pianoforte Quintet; Peter Howard (baritone); Jan Berenska (violin). **8**:—London Regional programme. **9.5**:—News. **9.10**:—The Birmingham Wireless Augmented Orchestra (Leader, Frank Cantell), conducted by Joseph Lewis; Tom Bromley (pianoforte). **10.15**:—Weather; News. **10.30-11**:—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (999.8kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25**:—National programme. **10.28-11**:—National programme (announcer: Alastair Maclean.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.5m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **12**:—Organ Music. **12.30-1**:—Gramophone Records. **2.30**:—National programme. **5.15**:—The Radio Quartet: Albert Taylor (violin), Harold Wilson (violin), Ernest Irwin (viola), Frank Cantell (violoncello). **6**:—Household Talk—The Bottling of Fruit and Vegetables—Miss Ada Ballin—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25**:—National programme. **10.30-11**:—Portrait Sketch, by Major C. O. Hezlet (Irish Open Amateur Champion, 1928 and 1929): An eye-witness account of the Open Golf Championship of Ireland, relayed from the Northern Counties Hotel, Portrush; Dance Music, relayed from the Ballroom.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30-11**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **12**:—National programme. **4.15**:—The Lockie String Orchestra conducted by Harold Bernard, relayed from the Exhibition of French Arts at the Royal West of England Academy, Bristol. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—Mr. Haydn Davies: The Drama in Wales—5, Schools of Drama. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25**:—National programme. **9.40**:—The Afan Male Voice Choir, conducted by T. J. Robbin; Chloe Curtis Morgan, Mus.Bac., (soprano).

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30:—Time, Weather, Stock Report and Gramophone Records. **4**:—Gramophone Records. **6.15**:—Children. **7**:—Gramophone Records. **7.20**:—News. **7.30**:—Time and Gardening Talk. **7.45**:—Talk. **8**:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Orchestra; Opera Selections; Maria Mahr (soprano); Operatic Songs, M. Dempsey (soprano); Gramophone Records. **10**:—Interval. **10.30**:—Description of the Irish Open Golf Championship, at Portrush. **10.45**:—Talk by Austin. **10.50**:—Time, News and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—The Wireless Military Band, conducted by B. Walton O'Donnell; Cyril Lidington (entertainer). **3**:—Orchestra. **4.30**:—The Octet; Helen McKay (soprano); Wireless Quintet (piano, accordian); Jimmie Allen (Impressions); Purvis and Burnett (entertainers), and Dance Music. **10.40-11**:—Dance Music.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—National programme. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **9.15**:—Forthcoming Events; News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—National programme. **4.15**:—The Cardiff. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—National programme. **4.45**:—See Manchester. **6.15**:—National programme. **7.45**:—See Manchester. **9**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of Transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated.

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.: **12**:—Talk for Women. **7.30**:—Trio Music and Miscellaneous Items, followed by Modern Musical Comedy Music. **10.40**:—Gramophone Records.

FRANKFURT (Main) (470.2m.), 15kw., and AIX-LA-CHAPELLE (455.3m.), COLOGNE (227m.), MUNSTER (234m.).—**7**:—Report on Economics, Weather, and Sports Notes. **7.15**:—English Conversation. **7.40**:—Talk. **8**:—Orchestral Concert. **9**:—Suss, das Kind, comedy (von Zobeltitz and Busch); followed by News, Sports and Miscellaneous Notes, Concert, and Dance Music. **11**:—Concert of String Quartet Music.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 5kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—**4.30**:—Concert of Rhapsodies. **5.55**:—Economic Report. **6.5**:—Talk. **6.20**:—Weather and Time. **6.25**:—English Language Lesson. **7**:—Talk. **7.30**:—Economic Report. **7.45**:—Concert of Viennese Operetta Music. **8.45**:—Reading. **9.15**:—Light Concert. **10**:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Concert of Light Music.

MILAN—Call 1MI (501m.), 7kw.—7.15:—Variety Music. **8**:—Club Notes and Weather. **8.10**:—News. **8.20**:—Theatre Review. **8.30**:—Time Signal. **8.32**:—Symphony Concert. **11.30**:—News. **11.40**:—Variety Music.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (566m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (270m.), NUREMBERG (295m.).—**7.5**:—Economic Review. **7.30**:—Talk. **8**:—The Blue Hussars—operetta in two acts, and an interlude (Lehar). **10.20**:—News.

OSLO (493m.), 60kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (368m), HAMAR (357m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), PORSGRUND (385m.), STAVANGER (447m.).—**7.15**:—Weather and News. **7.30**:—English Language Lesson. **8**:—Concert and Choral Concert from St. Saviour's Church. **9.35**:—Weather, News and Financial Talk.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 12kw.—**12.30**:—Gramophone Concert from the Works of Faure: Prelude, Pleiade and Sicilienne from Pelleas and Melisande; Berceuse (Le Chant de Lune); (b) Les Berceaux, Berceuse for Violin; Ballade for Piano and Orchestra; Romance in E flat; Sonata for Piano and Violin; in the intervals at 1, Exchange Quotations and News; and at 1.30:—Exchange Quotations. **2**:—Exchange, Market Prices. **3.30**:—Exchange Quotations. **3.45**:—Concert; Orchestral Selection, Habanera (Turina-Chapelier); Sonata for Violin (Guinaud); Orchestral Selection, a son cheveu (Duponti); Orchestral Selection for Banjo (le Rivrille) Orchestral Selection, Les Cigalettes (Filipucci); Sonata for 'Cello (Bach); Orchestral selection from Le Roi s'amuse (Delibes-Mouton). **5.45**:—News and Exchange Quotations. **6.30**:—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35**:—Agricultural Prices and Racing Results. **7**:—Colonial Talk. **7.30**:—Elementary German Lesson. **7.45**:—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social Notes and News. **8**:—Talk by Franz Liszt, with Gramophone Illustrations. **8.30**:—Sporting Review. **8.45**:—Concerto for Harp, Flute and Orchestra (Mozart). **9**:—Press Review, News, and Time Signal. **9.30**:—Thatre—Opera Comique.

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw.—7.30:—News. **7.45**:—Travel Talk. **8**:—Talk. **8.30**:—Quartet in E Flat major (Mozart). **9**:—Orchestral Concert. **10**:—Time, News and Sports Notes. **10.15**:—Concert from the Café Lloyd. **10.55**:—Announcements, Theatre Review, and Programme Notes. **11**:—Time and News.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—8.15:—Giornale parlato; Announcements and Sports Notes. **8.30**:—Exchange, Weather, News, and Press Review. **9**:—Time Signal. **9.2**:—Operetta in three acts (Hervé); (1) Radio Programme and Topical Talk in the intervals; News after the Programme.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,348m.), 30kw.; BODEN (1,200m.); GOTEBORG (322m.); HORBY (257m.); OSTERSUND (770m.); SUNDSVALL (542m.).—**7**:—Gramophone Records. **7.45**:—Swedish Flag Day, Relay from Skansen. **8.50**:—Talk. **9**:—Weather and S.A.C. Road Report. **9.45**:—Talk. **10.15**:—Relay from the Assembly of Norwegian Authors in Oslo.

VIENNA (516.3m.), 15kw., and GRAZ (352.5m.); INNSBRUCK (360.8m.), KLAGENFURT (483.2m.), and LINZ (345.9m.).—**7**:—Talk. **7.30**:—Italian Language Lesson. **7.55**:—Time, Weather, and Programme Announcements. **8**:—Das Wiener Madl, Musical Programme. **9.5**:—Concert from the Works of Viennese Women Composers.

TRANSFER BOOKS

BANK OF BRITISH WEST AFRICA Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on the 10th instant (that day only) for preparation of Final Dividend for the year ended 31st March, 1930.

BARCLAY PERKINS and Co., Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTERS relating to the Three-and-a-Half per Cent. Debenture Stock, Five per Cent. Preference Stock, 1937-47, the Preference and Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from the 16th to 30th June, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Interest and Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
E. P. PULLAN, Secretary.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Four per Cent. Debenture Stock and the Three-and-a-Half Central Debenture Stock of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 21st June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for interest for the half-year ending 30th June, 1930.

F. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

CALLENDER'S CABLE and CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY SHARE REGISTERS will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 19th June, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order,
HOWARD FOULDS, Secretary.
Hamilton House, Victoria Embankment, E.C.4.

DENABY and CADEBY MAIN COLLIERIES, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the SHARE REGISTER will be CLOSED from the 12th June to 26th June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for dividend payable 1st July next.

By Order,
JNO. H. DUNK, Secretary.
Denaby Main, near Rotherham. 5th June, 1930.

ENGLISH SEWING COTTON COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTER of DEBENTURE STOCK will be CLOSED from 17th June to 30th June, inclusive, for the preparation of Interest Warrants, payable 1st July, 1930.

A. F. RAYNES, Secretary.

LEGAL and GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTER of MEMBERS of this Society will be CLOSED from 17th June to 1st July (both inclusive) for preparation of the Warrants for the Final Dividend in respect of the year ended 31st December, 1929, payable on 1st July at the rate of four shillings and sixpence per Share (free of income-tax).

10, Fleet-street, E.C.4. 3rd June, 1930.

MIDLAND and GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAYS JOINT COMMITTEE.

Notice is hereby given that in order to prepare the warrants for the dividend payable on the 1st proximo, a BALANCE of the STOCK of the Midland and Great Northern Railways Joint Committee will be STRUCK and the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 17th instant, and only proprietors then registered on the books will be entitled to the forthcoming dividend.

By Order,
O. GLYNNE ROBERTS, Secretary.
Euston Station, London, N.W.1. 5th June, 1930.

PRICE'S PATENT CANDLE COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that for the purpose of preparing warrants for the half-year ending 1st July, 1930, the TRANSFER BOOKS of the 5 per Cent. Debenture Stock will be CLOSED from 17th June, 1930, to 30th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
T. BARRETT, Secretary.
22, Great St. Helen's, London, E.C.3. 29th May, 1930.

SOUTH STAFFORDSHIRE WATERWORKS COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday, June 17th, 1930, to Monday, June 30th, 1930, both days inclusive, against Transfers of Debenture and Preference Stocks, but not against Transfers of Ordinary Stock.

By Order of the Board,
HERBERT KIRK, Secretary.
Birmingham, June 6th, 1930.

THE CUNARD STEAM SHIP COMPANY, Limited.

5 per CENT. CUMULATIVE PREFERENCE STOCK.
6 Per CENT. SECOND CUMULATIVE PREFERENCE STOCK.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER REGISTERS of the Company in respect of the above Stocks will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 30th June, 1930, both dates inclusive, for the purpose of preparing the half-yearly Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
F. P. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Six per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preference Stock will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 21st June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for dividend.

F. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Preference Shares of the Corporation will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 24th instant, both days inclusive, for the preparation of the dividend payable on the 1st July.

By Order,
R. J. E. CROUCH, Secretary.
1, King William-street, E.C.4. 6th June, 1930.

THE ENGLISH BEET SUGAR CORPORATION, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from Friday, the 6th June, to Thursday, the 19th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
ALFRED WOOD, Secretary.
6, Lancaster-place, Wellington-street, Strand, W.C.2.

TRUST and AGENCY COMPANY of AUSTRALASIA, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the PREFERENCE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 16th to 30th June, both days inclusive, preparatory to payment of the Dividend on 1st July.

By Order,
E. J. REEVES, Secretary.
5th June, 1930.

VIROL, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS and Registers of the Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from the 9th to the 16th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
F. J. B. FARRELL, Secretary.
155-166, Old-street, London, E.C.1.

BENGAL TELEPHONE CORPORATION, Limited.

5 per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

The COUPONS due 30th June, 1930, on the above Bonds will be PAID on and after that date at the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited, 117-122, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, where Listing Forms may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
London, 6th June, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS

BANK OF BRITISH WEST AFRICA Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED on the 10th instant (that day only) for preparation of Final Dividend for the year ended 31st March, 1930.

BARCLAY PERKINS and Co., Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTERS relating to the Three-and-a-Half per Cent. Debenture Stock, Five per Cent. Preference Stock, 1937-47, the Preference and Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from the 16th to 30th June, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Interest and Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
E. P. PULLAN, Secretary.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Four per Cent. Debenture Stock and the Three-and-a-Half Central Debenture Stock of the Company will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 21st June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for interest for the half-year ending 30th June, 1930.

F. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Six per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preference Stock will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 21st June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for dividend.

F. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

CALLENDER'S CABLE and CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the ORDINARY SHARE REGISTERS will be CLOSED from the 6th to the 19th June, 1930, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants.

By Order,
HOWARD FOULDS, Secretary.
Hamilton House, Victoria Embankment, E.C.4.

DENABY and CADEBY MAIN COLLIERIES, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the SHARE REGISTER will be CLOSED from the 12th June to 26th June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for dividend payable 1st July next.

By Order,
JNO. H. DUNK, Secretary.
Denaby Main, near Rotherham. 5th June, 1930.

ENGLISH SEWING COTTON COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTER of DEBENTURE STOCK will be CLOSED from 17th June to 30th June, inclusive, for the preparation of Interest Warrants, payable 1st July, 1930.

A. F. RAYNES, Secretary.

LEGAL and GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY, Ltd.

Notice is hereby given that the REGISTER of MEMBERS of this Society will be CLOSED from 17th June to 1st July (both inclusive) for preparation of the Warrants for the Final Dividend in respect of the year ended 31st December, 1929, payable on 1st July at the rate of four shillings and sixpence per Share (free of income-tax).

10, Fleet-street, E.C.4. 3rd June, 1930.

MIDLAND and GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAYS JOINT COMMITTEE.

Notice is hereby given that in order to prepare the warrants for the dividend payable on the 1st proximo, a BALANCE of the STOCK of the Midland and Great Northern Railways Joint Committee will be STRUCK and the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 17th instant, and only proprietors then registered on the books will be entitled to the forthcoming dividend.

By Order,
O. GLYNNE ROBERTS, Secretary.
Euston Station, London, N.W.1. 5th June, 1930.

PRICE'S PATENT CANDLE COMPANY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that for the purpose of preparing warrants for the half-year ending 1st July, 1930, the TRANSFER BOOKS of the 5 per Cent. Debenture Stock will be CLOSED from 17th June, 1930, to 30th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
T. BARRETT, Secretary.
22, Great St. Helen's, London, E.C.3. 29th May, 1930.

SOUTH STAFFORDSHIRE WATERWORKS COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday, June 17th, 1930, to Monday, June 30th, 1930, both days inclusive, against Transfers of Debenture and Preference Stocks, but not against Transfers of Ordinary Stock.

By Order of the Board,
HERBERT KIRK, Secretary.
Birmingham, June 6th, 1930.

THE CUNARD STEAM SHIP COMPANY, Limited.

5 per CENT. CUMULATIVE PREFERENCE STOCK.
6 Per CENT. SECOND CUMULATIVE PREFERENCE STOCK.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER REGISTERS of the Company in respect of the above Stocks will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 30th June, 1930, both dates inclusive, for the purpose of preparing the half-yearly Dividend Warrants.

By Order of the Board,
F. P. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

CENTRAL ARGENTINE RAILWAY, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Six per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preference Stock will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 21st June, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for dividend.

F. FIGHIERA, Secretary.
3A, Coleman-street, London, E.C.2, 6th June, 1930.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Preference Shares of the Corporation will be CLOSED from the 10th to the 24th instant, both days inclusive, for the preparation of the dividend payable on the 1st July.

By Order,
R. J. E. CROUCH, Secretary.
1, King William-street, E.C.4. 6th June, 1930.

THE ENGLISH BEET SUGAR CORPORATION, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from Friday, the 6th June, to Thursday, the 19th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
ALFRED WOOD, Secretary.
6, Lancaster-place, Wellington-street, Strand, W.C.2.

TRUST and AGENCY COMPANY of AUSTRALASIA, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the PREFERENCE STOCK TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from 16th to 30th June, both days inclusive, preparatory to payment of the Dividend on 1st July.

By Order,
E. J. REEVES, Secretary.
5th June, 1930.

VIROL, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS and Registers of the Ordinary Shares will be CLOSED from the 9th to the 16th June, 1930, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
F. J. B. FARRELL, Secretary.
155-166, Old-street, London, E.C.1.

BENGAL TELEPHONE CORPORATION, Limited.

5 per CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

The COUPONS due 30th June, 1930, on the above Bonds will be PAID on and after that date at the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited, 117-122, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, where Listing Forms may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
London, 6th June, 1930.

TRANSFER BOOKS (continued)

COMMISSIONERS for the PORT of CALCUTTA 6 per CENT. and 7 per CENT. DEBENTURES.

The COUPONS due 1st July, 1930, on the above Debentures will be PAID on and after that date at the P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited, 117-122, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, where Listing Forms may be obtained.

Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
London, 6th June, 1930.

DRAWING OF BONDS

ARGENTINE GOVERNMENT RAILWAY BONDS of 1890.

FIVE Per CENT. GOLD LOAN for £2,976,000 or $15,000,000.

Notice is hereby given that the BONDS of this Loan, the numbers and particulars of which are given below, were this day DRAWN at the Counting House of the undersigned, Messrs. Morgan, Grenfell and Co., 23, Great Winchester-street, in the City of London, for redemption at par on the 1st day of July, 1930 (when the interest thereon will cease), in the presence of Sir Thomas Sivewright Catto, Bt., a partner in the said firm; Senor Dr. Ricardo Blamey Lafone, of the Argentine Embassy; and Mr. Percy Ebenezer Mattocks (of the firm of John Venn and Sons, 1/2, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3), Notary Public.

SIXTY-SIXTH DRAWING.

50 BONDS, Nos.—

53	77	138	171	175	184	194
243	244	331	356	462	482	505
517	546	568	616	764	836	863
877	908	910	955	1004	1070	1134
1247	1250	1331	1355	1359	1385	1450
1459	1502	1598	1673	1750	1755	1785
1794	1809	1822	1833	1909	1929	1955
1976						

For £500 Sterling each, £25,000.

249 BONDS, Nos.:—

2026	2042	2050	2114	2126	2220	2238
2250	2309	2417	2434	2492	2501	2542
2558	2590	2659	2667	2681	2753	2799
2823	2840	2863	2895	2958	2960	2983
3096	3120	3168	3227	3253	3264	3306
3319	3344	3350	3398	3400	3424	3445
3460	3475	3518	3568	3659	3680	3695
3723	3753	3805	3933	3942	3994	4003
4058	4093	4127	4133	4223	4234	4275
4340	4389	4419	4465	4514	4525	4529
4559	4604	4606	4649	4658	4712	4727
4772	4860	4875	4912	4923	4937	5053
5059	5064	5069	5073	5079	5083	5097
5123	5207	5215	5218	5256	5288	5382
5438	5466	5480	5494	5518	5555	5570
5571	5577	5586	5595	5661	5699	5730
5743	5752	5838	5844	5931	5938	5952
6024	6025	6101	6140	6317	6327	6339
6347	6386	6421	6442	6504	6540	6642
6709	6723	6765	6835	6844	6846	6853
6915	6941	6962	7007	7096	7119	7120
7157	7222	7225	7259	7335	7431	7437
7465	7591	7594	7599	7607	7665	7699
7800	7885	7894	7919	7952	8060	8088
8198	8213	8311	8362	8446	8543	8598
8615	8629	8713	8714	8717	8779	8813
8904	8927	8962	8980	8987	9012	9149
9185	9213	9282	9287	9349	9379	9459
9488	9536	9602	9635	9652	9694	9756
9771	9884	9917	10005	10099	10115	10146
10227	10277	10505	10510	10563	10573	10655
10728	10742	10792	10804	10830	10847	10877
10899	10932	10958	11059	11108	11119	11204
11267	11280	11310	11340	11342	11388	11546
11612	11615	11616	11652	11662	11830	11845
11897	11904	11921	11977			

For £100 Sterling each, £24,900

1,209 BONDS, Nos.—

12019	12029	12031	12059	12096	12117	12144
12148	12162	12229	12241	12250	12324	12343
12424	12475	12511	12520	12742	12902	12923
12930	12932	12945	12946	12987	12989	13002
13009	13083	13170	13104	13115	13146	13150
13213	13232	13261	13298	13300	13445	13462
13494	13503	13504	13525	13559	13592	13722
13730	13815	13911	13917	13923	13952	14033
14040	14042	14111	14135	14147	14162	14194
14330	14433	14435	14493	14592	14665	14775
14849	14854	14867	15015	15031	15063	15086
15125	15163	15167	15172	15196	15202	15265
15276	15322	15358	15416	15420	15465	15476
15490	15506	15557	15585	15599	15673	15747
15758	15777	15852	15889	15900	16014	16100
16166	16376	16381	16401	16421	16435	16452
16475	16478	16547	16584	16603	16615	16636
16730	16800	16930	17015	17019	17038	17062
17132	17134	17147	17148	17149	17176	17204
17208	17217	17244	17251	17283	17484	17646
17657	17667	17707	17714	17742	17748	17781
17841	17868	17884	17931	17934	17973	18010
18042	18044	18104	18165	18205	18290	18305
18464	18476	18504	18527	18534	18601	18605
18642	18673	18674	18745	18771	18841	18885
18886	18975	19003	19033	19082	19111	19146
19231	19234	19257	19260	19366	19390	19426
19481	19482	19492	19621	19645	19656	19712
19778	19793	19803	19915	19989	20045	20147
20202	20214	20253	20260	20297	20333	20353
20361	20383	20408	20415	20474	20679	20695
20703	20753	20770	20787	20791	20812	20943
21005	21039	21062	21086	21107	21162	21170
21175	21190	21334	21501	21505	21540	21579
21810	21821	21911	21916	21978	22023	22037
22072	22086	22091	22112	22121	22229	22257
22301	22345	22368	22482	22495	22509	22531
22740	22874	22920	22927	22933	23137	23194
23219	23280	23290	23345	23357	23409	23437
23467	23475	23528	23550	23767	23794	23801
23891	23902	23937	23942	23987	24009	24194
24230

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
(Continued from Page 27)

OAKWOOD COURT, KENSINGTON.
ATTRACTIVE FLATS in this NEW BUILDING.
Rentals, £450-£475 per annum.
Central heating, constant hot water, refrigerators.
For further particulars apply HERRING, SON and DAW, 1, Broadway, Westminster, S.W.1 (Tele. Nos. Victoria 8425/6), and Estate Office on premises.

PICCADILLY (Adjoining).
A luxuriously decorated FLAT with one large room with parquet floor, ideal for entertaining.
One bed room communicating with delightful bath room with fitted shower bath, large reception room, small room, fitted cocktail bar and bright kitchen. Rent £475 per annum. Lease 12 years. No premium.—BAXTER, PAYNE and LEPPER, 14, Sackville street, W.1.—Gerrard 0616.

PORTLAND PLACE (just off).—BACHELOR SERVICE FLAT: bed, bath, reception; modern building; constant hot water, central heating; excellent service; £250 per annum only. No premium.—Sole Agents, HERRING, SON and DAW, 1, Broadway, Westminster. (Victoria 8425/6.)

CLOSE TO THE PARK.
QUEEN'S-GATE.—FURNISHED FLAT in this fine open position to be LET with immediate possession; three reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath room, and excellent offices. Owner, out of Town, agrees to accept greatly reduced rent.—Apply Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

NO PREMIUM.
CENTRAL HEATING. CONSTANT HOT WATER.
QUEEN'S-GATE.—An expensively fitted and decorated MAISONETTE in corner building to be LET on new Lease; parquet floors, passenger lift; three bed rooms, bath room (marble floor and tiled walls), two reception rooms, and usual offices. Or would be Let Furnished.—WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., 8S, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. (Head Office) Sloane-square, S.W.1. Kensington 5724.
RENT £300 P.A.

RICHMOND.—Beautiful FIRST-FLOOR FLAT in well-known 18th-century Mansion, surrounded by lovely parkland; six handsome rooms, two bath rooms; constant hot water; garage; £300 per annum.—JARMAN, Eton-street, Richmond.

SERVICE FLATS DE LUXE
at an Aristocratic Residence,
191, QUEEN'S-GATE (Park end), beautifully furnished; excellent cuisine; butler; garage; perfect service. 10-15 guineas. Kens. 2873.

SERVICE FLATS
(facing the Park).
Furnished or Unfurnished for any period.
High-class Restaurant. Children specially catered for.
Apply KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS, De Vere-gardens, London, W.8.
Telephone: Kensington 3675 (ten lines).

SLOANE-STREET (east of).—A particularly attractive FLAT, beautifully Furnished and very light, to be LET for short or long periods; two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, and usual offices. Rent 8 to 9 guineas (offers submitted).—Highly recommended by Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

£170 PER ANNUM.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Newly decorated FLAT, with two bed, bath room, large reception room, and kitchen. New lease. No premium.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Well decorated MANSION FLAT; choice and open position; six bed, bath, two reception, and domestic offices. Rent £309 per annum; no premium; fittings at valuation.—Apply FRAMPTON, KNIGHT, and CLAYTON, 6, Wetherby-terrace, S.W.5.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—An exceptional opportunity occurs to secure a most charming, quiet, and pleasant FLAT, overlooking and with access to 2½ acres private gardens; three bed rooms, two reception rooms, spacious hall, and usual offices, with every convenience; porters; passenger and trades lifts. Inclusive rental £264 per annum (no premium).—Apply Estate Office, Coleherne Court, Old Brompton-road, S.W.5.

S.W.7.—Charming SERVICE SUITE; two large rooms, drawing room floor, with bath room; wash basins and lavatory; good service and cooking; meals as required; £160 per annum.—Write Box N.1129, The Times, E.C.4.

LARKHALL ESTATE, CLAPHAM. NEW FLATS.
THE LAST THREE BLOCKS are now AVAILABLE for LETTING; three-four rooms; constant hot water; Frigidaire fitments; lock-up garages; large, well-planned rooms; delightful garden surroundings. Rents, together with rates, from £2 2s. to £2 16s. per week.—Apply for Illustrated Booklet, Secretary, Larkhall Estate, Ltd., Dept. D.T., 101, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W.1. Telephone, Franklin 6275.

THORNEY COURT.—UNFURNISHED FLAT to be LET, containing three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, &c. Rent £1,000. Can be viewed at any time.—Apply Hall Farmer, Thorney Court, Palace-gate, W.—Further particulars apply DARKIN and TALBOT-PONSONBY, 17, Victoria-street, S.W.1.

TO be LET, SELF-CONTAINED MANSIONS FLATS, sunny and light rooms, CHELSEA District; two reception, two and three bed rooms; separate hot water, electric light; decorated to choice; residential hall porter. Rental £125 to £160 inclusive.—Apply J. R. M., 35, Battersea Bridge-road, S.W.11. Phone, Bath. 0546.

UNFURNISHED SERVICE FLATS AVAILABLE AT Harewood-court, Hanover-square,
Stanmore-court, 29, St. James's-street,
Park-lane-court, 43, Park-lane,
Pall Mall-court, 49a, Pall Mall,
St. James's Palace Chambers, 22, Ryder-street.
Apply respective Managereses.

WELL-FURNISHED BALCONY FLAT; one reception, two bed, kitchen, bath; to be LET for three-four months, reasonable terms; daily maid if required.—Phone Park 8356.

W.C.1.—Up-to-date MANSIONS FLATS: two reception, three-five beds, bath room, and kitchen; constant hot water; £230-£280.—Estate Office, Gordon-mansions, Francis-street, W.C.1. Museum 2377.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT, WHITEHALL COURT. Two reception rooms, three single bed rooms, bath room, &c., available by arrangement.—Apply Estate Office, Whitehall Court, S.W.1. Telephone, Victoria 3160.

11A, HYDE PARK-MANSIONS, N.W.1.—FLAT: two large reception, four bed; kitchen, bath; rent £140; fittings, &c., £50. View 11-1.—Phone, Padd. 9894.

UNIQUE SERVICE FLATS,
with real character and efficiency.
25, QUEEN'S-GATE, close to Park.—Compact SUITES; sumptuous furnishing; constant hot water; passenger lift; splendid catering and service.—Apply Manager.

117, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE, TOP FLAT; three rooms, well Furnished; kit-benette and bath; service if desired.—Thomas, Apply Caretaker.

OVERLOOKING BATTERSEA PARK.
£115 PER ANNUM.—Attractive FIRST-FLOOR FLAT with two bed, bath, two reception rooms, and kitchen. Available 24th June.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

8GNS. SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Well FURNISHED FLAT near Station; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath, &c.; telephone; constant hot-water supply.—Agents, DRAKE and RUCK, 39, Alfred-place, South Kensington (Opposite Station).

FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.
8GNS. PER WEEK including service. Exceptionally well appointed; sitting room, two bed, sitting room, and bath room.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7860.

WANTED
AUGUST 1st, six months, with option.—FURNISHED FLAT, two, three rooms, about 2½gns.; or Service Flat, 3gns.—Write Box 8.1849, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED, from middle of October for six months, FURNISHED FLAT, preferably in Mayfair; five bed, two reception, &c.; only two in family. Applicant would inspect directly after Whitsun.—Details to DUNHAM and KINGHAM, 47, South Audley-street, W.1. Gros. 2574-5.

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

IDEAL FOR A CITY MAN.
AN ATTRACTIVE MODERN RESIDENCE of CHARACTER and comfort; seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, boudoir, dining room, music room, oak-panelled room, good domestic offices; electric light and all other public services; garage (two cars); charming fittings; tennis lawn, kitchen garden, and paddock, about 4¼ ACRES; 12 miles from London. FREEHOLD £6,000 quoted. Immediate possession.—Agents, Messrs. DANN and LUCAS, 23, Budge-row, London, E.C.4, and Dartford, Kent.

ARCHITECT-BUILT HOUSE.
PURLEY, in delightful unspoilt country, near buses and trains. Exceptionally attractive FREEHOLD labour-saving HOUSES in course of erection by an architect. Distinctive design. Four and five bed rooms, two and three reception rooms. Every modern convenience. Garage.
Full particulars, view any time, J. G. COOPER, Architect, Copse Hill, Purley. 'Phone 653.

A CHEERFUL HOME.
COLE PARK, TWICKENHAM.—A delightful detached up-to-date RESIDENCE, in perfect condition, for Sale at a low price; five bed, bath, two reception, lounge hall, excellent kitchen and offices; pretty garden, garage space. Must be seen to be appreciated. (107/4/30 T.)—Apply PENNINGTONS, Ltd., Estate Agents, Richmond.
Preliminary.

ELTHAM, KENT.
In best residential quarter, 7min. Station.
THE EXCEPTIONAL PRE-WAR RESIDENCE,
"BEACHCROFT," COURT-ROAD.
Unusually fine lounge hall, three reception, eight bed rooms, bath room.
Company's services, central heating, independent hot water, heated garage; very attractive gardens and tennis court, just over

ONE ACRE.
DIRECT PRIVATE ACCESS TO ROYAL BLACKHEATH GOLF COURSE.
60 years' lease. Ground-rent of £30 per annum.
For SALE privately or by AUCTION later.—Auctioneers, NORFOLK and PRIOR, 14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1.

GOLDERS GREEN and HAMPSTEAD GARDEN SUBURB for the best selection of well-built labour-saving RESIDENCES; three-six bed, with or without garage. Finished to purchasers' requirements. PRICES £950 to £2,500. Mortgages up to 90 per cent.—Consult E. W. PERRY and DAW, 3, Highgate-hill, N.19. Car available for inspection.

GOLDERS GREEN, near Brent Bridge Hotel, in delightful private estate just off main road.—Modern attractive RESIDENCE, with four good bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, lounge hall, kitchen, and scullery; all in good decorative repair; specially disposed garden. PRICE £1,700 Leasehold, with low ground-rent. Mortgage if required.—Recommended by LESLIE RAYMOND, F.S.I., F.A.I., The Estate Offices, Golders Green. Speedwell 1601.

LOVELY MILL HILL.—Absolute bargain.—Detached HOUSE, occupying good position, within a few minutes of station and shops, containing two good reception rooms, four bed rooms, kitchen, scullery, bath, hot and cold; nice garden; good garage. FREEHOLD £1,350.—Apply GOLBY, Estate Offices, Mill Hill. 'Phone 1458-9.

NEW MALDEN (Waterloo 20 minutes).—Pre-War-built MODERN RESIDENCE, in corner position, with half-acre nicely laid-out garden and carriage drive; attractive appearance; seven bed, three reception, &c.; garage; rent £150 per annum on lease.—SALTER, REX and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 121, Chesapside, E.C.2. (Nat. 8394.)

NEW MALDEN (Waterloo 20mins.).—Pre-War built MODERN RESIDENCE, in corner position, with ½ acre nicely laid-out garden and carriage drive; attractive appearance; seven bed, three reception, &c.; garage; rent £150 per annum on lease.—S. R. and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 121, Chesapside, E.C.2. (Nat. 8394.)

OVERLOOKING KEW GARDENS.—Exceptionally fine modern COUNTRY STYLE RESIDENCE, with large garden (tennis lawn), detached, double fronted, two floors only; six bed, oak panelled dining room, lounge (22ft. 6in. by 16ft. 6in.), square entrance hall, tiled bath room, compact domestic offices; central heating; parquet floors; large garage. PRICE £4,000 FREEHOLD.—Sole Agents, BREADMORE and WEBB, Ltd., 44, The Quadrant, Richmond. (Open till 5 Sats.)

SUBURBAN HOUSES (continued)

RICHMOND BRIDGE (near).—DELIGHTFUL HOUSE, standing in lovely old garden, must be Sold; 10 bed rooms, three large reception, on two floors; secondary stairs; three brick garages; quiet and secluded. FREEHOLD £4,000 or offer.—Write Box K.263, The Times, E.C.4, or 'phone Popesgrove 1349.

RETIRED INDIAN CIVIL SERVANT just leaving his sunny little COTTAGE RESIDENCE, near golf, with garage; electric light; six rooms; modern bath; and pretty garden; take about £1,300. Won't stand out.
GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

ROEHAMPTON, S.W., top of the hill.—Well planned detached HOUSE; garden and garage; four bed rooms, two reception rooms; central heating. To be LET on seven years' lease.—Apply THOLE and NEWMAN, 3, Egerton-terrace, Brompton-road, S.W.3.

STREATHAM HILL.—Charming nice-roomed RESIDENCE. Unfurnished; delightful garden; £130 per annum (or purchase £100; £120 per annum).—S., 93, Bedford-hill, Balham.

SHEPPERTON.—Commanding Old-fashioned RESIDENCE, containing six bed, bath, three reception rooms, and complete offices; large garden and garage; lease 12 years. Rent £85, ingoing £75. Would be Let Furnished.—Sole Agent:—LEONARD J. MARTIN, A.A.I., Staines.

WATFORD, BUSHEY, ST. ALBANS, PINNER, NORTHWOOD.—Estate Agents, SIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE. Offices at all centres.

WIMBLEDON.—Choice, beautifully built modern HOUSE, delightful situation, sandy soil, overlooking extensive private grounds; three bed, two reception, tiled bath, and offices; large garden fruit trees, rockery; garage; Freehold £1,195.—PEARSON, "Meadow View," Worcester Park. Malden 0972.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

ALFRED SAVILL & SONS,
Estate Agents, Surveyors, Land Agents and Valuers,
WEYBRIDGE. 'PHONE No. 12.

One of the most attractive small houses at present available, and set in a wonderful garden.
WEYBRIDGE.—Convenient for Station and the famous ST. GEORGE'S HILL GOLF LINKS.
An Old-fashioned COTTAGE RESIDENCE, on which a very considerable expenditure has been made, and now ready to step into: six bed rooms, bath room, drawing room, dining room with panelled walls, morning room, each with "Adam" fireplace, oak-panelled lounge hall; labour-saving office with maids' sitting room; garages for three cars; useful outbuildings; electric light, gas, main water and drainage; telephone.
Unique garden with fine old trees, spreading lawns, profusion of rare flowering shrubs, formal garden with lily pond, grass walk, herbaceous borders, rockeries, &c., about ONE and A HALF ACRE.
PRICE FREEHOLD for quick sale £4,600, or near offer.
Unhesitatingly recommended by the Owner's Agents, ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, WEYBRIDGE.

WEYBRIDGE.—Convenient for Village and Shops, about one mile from Station (Waterloo 35 minutes). ARTISTIC MODERN HOUSE, containing four bed rooms, bath room, two large reception rooms, kitchen, scullery, &c.
Garage; polished oak floors, radiators, lavatory basins in two bed rooms; electric light and power, gas, main water and drainage; telephone.
Garden with tennis lawn, flower beds and borders, &c.
PRICE £2,350 for IMMEDIATE SALE.
Further details from ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge.

WEST BYFLEET.—Within five minutes' walk of the Station and Golf Course.—Compact MODERN HOUSE of pre-War construction, containing seven bed rooms, dressing rooms, bath room, two reception rooms and lounge hall, usual offices; garage.
All main services.
Matured garden with tennis and other lawns, herbaceous borders, kitchen garden, &c., in all about ONE ACRE.
MODERATE PRICE, FREEHOLD.
Orders to view from the Agents, ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge.

£1,750 FREEHOLD.—Weybridge, in a retired position, about ten minutes' walk from the Station.—A Soundly-built RESIDENCE, with six bed and dressing rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, garage and small garden.
Electric light, gas, main water and drainage. Telephone.
Further particulars from ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge.

A MODEL ESTATE in one of the prettiest reaches of River Thames,
BUNGALOWS and HOUSES £800 FREEHOLD.
Plots with river frontage or direct approach from £2 5s. per foot frontage.
View any time, including Sundays. Call No. 2 house, The Long Drive, Temple Gardens Estate, Chertsey-lane, Staines, or illustrated particulars from J. E. PURDIE, F.S.I., Heath-road, Weybridge.

ATTRACTIVE POSITION IN BERKS.
ONLY 40 MINUTES FROM LONDON.
A Well-appointed MODERN RESIDENCE, with a fascinating interior, in a quiet situation, and standing in delightful shady garden; lounge hall, three reception, eight bed, bath; electric lighting, company's water and gas, main drainage; gravel soil; garage, stabling, cottage; well-wooded gardens and grounds and useful paddock. ONE ACRE; FREEHOLD £3,700.—Photographs and details from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

A MIDST the most beautiful scenery in Surrey, with gorgeous views South to Hindhead and Blackdown.—For SALE, tastefully FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED, a most attractive MODERN RESIDENCE, fitted with every modern comfort and improvement; electric lighting and heating throughout. Vita glass, &c.; eight principal bed rooms (all hot and cold running water), four bath rooms, eight servants' rooms, and two bath rooms, four reception rooms, excellent offices, tiled lobbies; large garage; badminton court, two hard tennis courts, kitchen garden with glass, park and woodland, long carriage drives. 20 ACRES; only well.
ONE OF THE CHOICEST HOUSES OF ITS SIZE IN THE MARKET.
Full particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

ARTISTIC pre-War brick-and-tiled COTTAGE RESIDENCE, NORTH HAMPSHIRE, delightfully quiet position nicely off main road but only five minutes' walk from station (one hour Waterloo); four bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), three sitting rooms; fine matured garden; large workshop, about 20ft. by 9ft. Only £1,550. FREEHOLD, or by AUCTION. Real bargain. Recommended.—ALFRED PEARSON and SON, Fleet, Hants. Tele. 118.

ARCHITECT'S Detached HOUSE in FARNBOROUGH PARK, HANTS, half-mile main line station; Southern aspect; hall, three reception, five bed (fitted basins), bath, usual offices; garage; FREEHOLD £2,750.—Write Box J.21, The Times, E.C.4.

AT WITHDEAN (2 miles Brighton).—BIJOU detached HOUSE with brick garage and nice garden; £1,250 Freehold, vacant.—Apply Beaman, Lindfield, Sussex.

ABERDEENSHIRE.
TO BE LET, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED, Detached HOUSE in Ballater. Three sitting rooms, five bed rooms, bath room, &c. Electric light. Half-acre grounds and gardens. Good garage. £25-£30 per month, according to length of tenancy.
The House would also be SOLD with a Cottage.
PRICE £1,600 FREEHOLD.
Further particulars of the Agents, HARROLDS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BURFORD, OXON.—OLD HOUSE, modern conveniences; garden and part paddock. POSSESSION.—HABGOOD and MAMMATT, Witney.

BERKHAMSTED.—Pre-War Detached HOUSE, Freehold; garage. Exceptional value, quick Sale. Close Golf, shops, schools, Station.—Falkland House.

BERKS.—In the LEA of that well-known small country town, WHITE KNIGHTS and BARLEY, to be SOLD; beautiful House of historical interest, surrounded by well-timbered park of nearly 60 acres; long drives with lodge entrance; old pleasure gardens; large oak-panelled hall, four reception rooms, billiard room, 12 family bed and dressing rooms; several bath rooms, servants' quarters; cottages, stabling, garages, main water, gas, electric light, central heating.
LAWNS, ITALIAN GARDEN, FINE TIMBER, and a
BEAUTIFUL 12-ACRE LAKE.
Low price for Lease 28 years.—Recommended by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading. Photos can be seen.

BERKS, 360ft. up, with glorious views.—To be SOLD, a most delightful small COUNTRY HOUSE with dining hall 19ft. by 12ft., lounge, six bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, &c. Cottage, garage. 2 ACRES of gardens and meadowland. Sole Agents: Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.
£2,250. On a CORSE-CLAD COMMON. RECOMMENDED.

BERKS.—Offers invited for FREEHOLD of pretty RIVERSIDE BUNGALOW, substantially built, in beautiful surroundings; central heating; 'phone; tennis court, kitchen garden, garage. Close golf course; excellent trains London.—To view telephone 55 Twyford, Berks, or write Brown, 81, Patrick's Bridge, Milestone-avenue, Sonning. No agents.

BOURNEMOUTH District.—Charming small RESIDENCE, in own grounds of one acre, facing South, good views; every modern convenience; four bed rooms, three reception, kitchen, scullery, &c.; 'phone; full-sized tennis lawn; garage; one mile golf, station, shops, and village, church quarter-mile. FREEHOLD £2,100.—Owner, Whiteholm, West Moors, Dorset.

BOURNEMOUTH DISTRICT.—Grounds running down to harbour; two reception, six bed, bath; garage; £2,500.—MAGGS and MAGGS, Parkstone, Dorset.

BOURNEMOUTH AGENTS,
A. V. WELCH & Co., Est. 1893.
BRIGHTON, SUSSEX-SQUARE.—To be SOLD, ONE of the small better type HOUSES, facing the sea; accommodation comprises: seven bed rooms, four bath rooms, dining room, double lounge, study, and good domestic offices; central heating, electric light, and modern improvements. PRICE £2,750.—Apply RAYMOND BEAUMONT, F.S.I., F.A.I., 35, East-street, Brighton.

BRIGHTON (12 miles).—Charming 16th CENTURY COTTAGE RESIDENCE, part modern; three reception, four bed, &c.; modern conveniences. FREEHOLD £1,800.—GLADDINGS, 8-11, Pavilion-buildings, Brighton.

BETWEEN
BRAY & MAIDENHEAD.
(Risboro Lodge, Oldfield-road.)
Railway Station ¾-mile. London 25 miles.
FREEHOLD £2,750.
Delightful situation facing open meadows.
River five minutes' walk.
AN ARTISTIC MODERN HOME.
Drawing and dining rooms, seven bed and dressing, two bath rooms, excellent domestic offices; good garden; garage.
Central Heating. Every Modern Convenience.
Can be viewed at any time.
Agents, Messrs. JOHN F. CRAIG and Co., The Colonnade, Maidenhead. Telephone 615.

CHALFONT HEIGHTS ESTATE,
famed for its magnificent views, sand and gravel subsoil, and South-West aspect. ADJOINING GERRARDS CROSS GOLF COURSE. Half-an-hour's railway service Gerrards Cross to Marylebone and Paddington.
TWO CHARMING LOVELY-BUILT RESIDENCES.
(a) Three reception rooms and sun loggia, five bed rooms and sleeping balcony; garage and garden of over half an acre, with woodland background. £2,600 FREEHOLD.
(b) Three reception rooms and maid's room, six bed rooms, garage and garden overlooking golf course. £3,100 FREEHOLD.
ALSO
An Old Farmhouse with modern conveniences; two reception rooms, five bed rooms, dairy, outhouses; garden and kitchen garden. £1,650 FREEHOLD, or would be Let. Company's water, Gas and Electric light to all houses.
Beautiful sites for building on graduated elevation. Freehold, or on building leases. Mortgages arranged.
Apply Owner, Swan Farm, Chalfont St. Peter, Bucks.

CHURCH ISLAND, STAINES.—BUNGALOW, facing main stream on this favourite island; most convenient for station and shops; three bed, bath, lounge, and verandah. To be LET for five years at £70 per annum inclusive.—DUDLEY W. HARRIS and Co., Staines. Tele. 168.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

EWBANK & CO.,
WEYBRIDGE, ADDLESTONE, and COBHAM.
Telephones: Weybridge 61-62, Cobham 47.

A most attractive family house on two floors.
£4,750. WEYBRIDGE, high ground, gravel soil, close to station, golf and lawn tennis clubs. EXCELLENT POSITION. Ten bed, two dressing, bath, lounge, two reception, maids' sitting room; CENTRAL HEATING THROUGHOUT. Could easily be converted into smaller house and cottage if desired. Beautiful grounds, 1½ ACRES; stabling, double garage; all services. FREEHOLD.—EWBANK and Co., Weybridge.

A Genuine Bargain.
£3,300. NEAR OFFER.—WEYBRIDGE.—Attractive FREEHOLD RESIDENCE of exceptional character and charm in well-kept attractive and secluded grounds of 1½ ACRES; lawn tennis court; six-seven bed rooms (four fitted lavatory basins), two bath, three reception, lounge hall; excellent double brick garage; all services.—Inspected and recommended by EWBANK and Co., Weybridge.

Now offered at a reduced price.
£1,200.—WEYBRIDGE, in quiet road.—Detached RESIDENCE, delightfully situated, facing South with a pretty outlook; three reception, four bed and room for bath; good offices; useful outbuildings; over ¼ ACRE. For SALE at a reasonable price.—Sole Agents, CHAS. OSENTON and Co., Dorking. 'Phone 185.

ESHER (14 miles Waterloo).—Unique opportunity of securing fascinating up-to-date RESIDENCE, designed by well-known architect, in one of the best positions in this much-favoured district, on high ground, with lovely views; three reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, maids' sitting room, labour-saving offices; teak floors, oak doors, fitted basins in bed rooms, central heating, and ALL APPOINTMENTS of a FIRST-CLASS RESIDENCE; garage for two, with chauffeur's room; charming garden, about 1½ ACRE, with tennis (less if desired). FREEHOLD ONLY £5,750.—Sole Agents, EWBANK and Co., High-street, Cobham, and Baker-street, Weybridge.

By Order of Executors.
COBHAM, conveniently situated, close to station.—The WHITE HOUSE, ST. GEORGE'S HILL ROAD; two reception, four bed (three fitted basins), bath room; space for garage; garden; electric light.
—ST. MARGARET'S, ST. GROVE-ROAD; large drawing room, dining room, three bed, bath room; space garage; garden.
Company's water, gas, and main drainage.
FOR SALE by AUCTION on June 25th (unless previously sold privately).—Auctioneers, EWBANK and Co., High-street, Cobham.

COBHAM.—Very attractive architect-built pre-War RESIDENCE; two reception, five bed, bath; electric; main drainage; large garden; Freehold £2,500 or near offer.—Agents, EWBANK and Co., High-street, Cobham.

JUST IN THE MARKET. £2,600 FREEHOLD.
BYFLEET (1¾ mile Weybridge Station, 1 mile St. George's Hill Golf Links).—A delightful COTTAGE RESIDENCE and charming grounds of acre; four bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, three reception rooms, lounge hall; independent boiler; garage; electric light, gas, main drainage.—Photo and full details from ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, The Broadway, Woking, and Station Approach, Weybridge.

CHARMING FREEHOLD OLD-WORLD COTTAGE, within easy reach of London, in a beautiful Kentish village; eight rooms, bath, lounge 22ft. by 14ft.; main drainage, company's water, electric light; redecorated throughout; large garden; ample room for garage; suit country residency or tea rooms; perfect and unrestricted views.—Apply H. L. T., 98, Camberwell-road, London, S.E.5. Tele., Rodney 2865.

CHICHESTER.—GEORGIAN HOUSE for SALE; four sitting, eight bed rooms; central heating; nice garden, tennis court; garage.—Write Box J.39, The Times, E.C.4.

CHILTERN HILLS, 550ft. UP, NEAR HUNTERCOMBE GOLF COURSE, convenient for Henley and Reading.—HOUSE of "LOWER BELLMANS," CHECKENDON, small country residential property with three reception rooms, six bed rooms, WHICH HAVE RECENTLY BEEN REDECORATED; &c.; electric light; two cottages; garage; 4½ ACRES of grass and garden, enjoy Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

COBHAM. On hill, fine views.—Well-built MODERN RESIDENCE; four or five bed, two or three reception; Vitaglass, block floors; marble and tiled bath; very large garden; garage; electric light, modern fittings. Great bargain at £3,800.—Particulars, Genn, Eaton Mount, Cobham, Surrey. Keys with gardener.

COBHAM, SURREY.—Detached HOUSE, recently redecorated, for SALE; three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, &c.; heated greenhouses, garages, and stables; large matured garden, tennis court; labour-saving conveniences, telephone, electric light, gas, main drainage; £4,000.—Box No. 430, care of Dixons, 195, Oxford-street, W.1.

CONVENIENT SMALL COUNTRY HOUSE for SALE on edge of the rural West Kent village of Plaxtol; near church, P.O., &c.; charming views all windows; good range of three sitting, seven bed, two dressing, one billiard (or box), good kitchen, &c.; central heating, separate hot water; warm garage, good outbuildings; pretty garden, tennis court, short carriage drive; in all about One Acre.—Write Box G.1896, The Times, E.C.4.

EASTBOURNE.—FREEHOLD.—Finest position on Sea Front, close to Pier. Suitable for boarding or apartment house; moderate price. VACANT POSSESSION.—Write Box N.1135, The Times, E.C.4.

BLACKMORE VALE COUNTRY.
Convenient for Main Line Junction.
Accommodation on two floors.
DORSET.
FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, a charming old COUNTRY HOUSE, standing well up with delightful views, within easy reach of Sherborne and other interesting places; good hall, four reception rooms, eight bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, servants' hall, &c. Stabling, two garages, cottage and four rooms. *Electric light, wood water supply. Telephone. Modern drainage.*
Well-timbered and shady grounds with tennis courts, orchard, and grassland, in all
ABOUT 12 ACRES.
Close to village with church and post office.
Strongly recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James's-square, S.W.1. (H.39904.)

FOR SALE, THATCHED COTTAGE, modernized; in lovely village between LEWES and SEAFORD; oak beams; garden; perfect view; £700.—Q., Long Thatch, Rodmell, Lewes.

FOR SALE, well-built LABOUR-SAVING HOUSE on private seaside resort; every modern convenience, gas, electric light, main water and drainage; two reception, four bed rooms, usual offices.—All particulars from New City Estate Office, near Bognor.

FOR SALE, WITH POSSESSION, a small Detached RESIDENCE in EAST HARTING, SUSSEX, near South Downs, standing in its own grounds of one acre; four bed rooms, two sitting rooms, convenient offices, and outbuildings.—Apply G. KNIGHT and SONS, Estate Agents, Midhurst.

GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.
GOLF AT WENTWORTH AND SUNNINGDALE.
21 miles from Marble Arch, amid surroundings of exceptional beauty, facing South on sand and gravel soil.
A MODERN RESIDENCE in the QUEEN ANNE STYLE; Tarrant built; beautifully proportioned; all modern conveniences.
Hall, three reception rooms (oak floors), six bed rooms (running water), two bath rooms, well-arranged offices. Company's water, gas, electric light, modern drainage, central heating. Garage.
Delightful gardens with lawns, young orchard, some fine old shady trees, in all over ONE ACRE FREEHOLD. Bargain. Strongly recommended.
Inspect any time, including week-ends.
ELLIS & SONS.

22, Station-approach, Virginia Water (Wentworth 33), and 31, Dover-street, London, W.1 (Gerrard 4364).

HANTS and WILTS (borders of).—Gentleman's up-to-date RESIDENCE, standing in about 4 acres, in lovely position, with good views; 1½ hour Waterloo; golf, fishing (River Test); shooting to be had; four bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, garage, &c.; electricity; £1,450 FREEHOLD.—S. R. and Co., 311, Kentish Town-road, N.W.5.

HANTS (WINCHESTER).—Pre-War HOUSE, open situation; three reception, five bed, box room, bath; timbered grounds; modern conveniences. Very low price. Sole Agents, HARDING and HARDING, Winchester.

HAVERING-ATTE-BOWER, an Essex beauty spot. £250 p.a. up, 15 miles London, three miles Romford Station.—Well-equipped RESIDENCE, in excellent order, standing in fine matured garden; lounge hall, dining room, drawing room, library, eight principal bed rooms, three maids' bed rooms, three bath rooms; stabling, garages; two cottages and two paddocks, in all 13 ACRES. SALE by AUCTION, 24th June, or privately, by KEMSLEYS, 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

HOUSES IN SURREY.
HEADLEY.
Near the well-known Heath, with a delightful outlook over beautifully wooded country.
A Choice OLD-FASHIONED COTTAGE RESIDENCE; halls, two sitting, six bed and dressing, and two bath rooms, complete offices; large garage; central heating; company's water and electricity; pretty garden and meadows, about THREE ACRES. FREEHOLD for SALE by CHAS. OSENTON and Co., Leatherhead. Tele. 2.

DORKING.
Close to the beautiful Glory Woods and Golf Course.
AN Exceptionally Attractive pre-War HOUSE, substantially built and well equipped; three reception, seven bed, two baths, good offices; modern conveniences; garage, &c.
Lovely garden and woodland, ONE ACRE.
Sole Agents, CHAS. OSENTON and Co., High-street, Dorking. 'Phone 185.

SURREY.—In an unspoilt village within a mile of Station and 30 miles from London.—A pre-War detached RESIDENCE, delightfully situated, facing South with a pretty outlook; three reception, four bed and room for bath; good offices; useful outbuildings; over ¼ ACRE. For SALE at a reasonable price.—Sole Agents, CHAS. OSENTON and Co., Dorking. 'Phone 185.

TO be LET, on the borders of HAMPSHIRE and DORSETSHIRE, a small secluded HOUSE, with garage and garden. No Agents.—Apply C. C. WILLIAMS, Estate Office, Somerley, Ringwood, Hants.

TO be LET on LEASE, on the borders of HAMPSHIRE and DORSETSHIRE, a COUNTRY HOUSE, situated about 15 miles from Bournemouth, containing four sitting rooms, seven bed rooms, with servants' rooms; central heating, garden, &c.; the house is wired for electric lighting. No Agents.—Apply C. C. WILLIAMS, Estate Office, Somerley, Ringwood, Hants.

HOLMWOOD, DORKING.—To be LET or SOLD, delightful position, one mile station; four bed, bath, three reception, offices; garage; three roomed bungalow in garden of one acre; tennis court. VACANT POSSESSION. FREEHOLD, £1,600, or rent £130 per annum.—ARNOLD and SON, Sole Agents, Dorking.

HOPE COVE, S. DEVON.—To be SOLD, Small HOUSE; three sitting, four bed rooms, bath; garden; garage; South aspect. £1,650.—Reply Harper, Little Place, Lyme Regis.

HURLEY-ON-THAMES, BERKS.
In the heart of the Thames Valley country, four miles MAIDENHEAD, 27 miles LONDON.
"BROADOAK."
FREEHOLD. A sumptuously furnished completely detached RESIDENCE, standing in its own grounds of Two Acres. Solidly built of brick and Bath stone.
For SALE or to be LET WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
A first-class self-contained house, furnished in the latest West End style; reception room, five bed rooms, bath room, scullery, separate entrance, and rooms for servants; well-appointed and commodious garage; own electric lighting plant; telephone.
TO RENT, 10gns. weekly, with full use of well-stocked flower and vegetable garden.
PURCHASE PRICE on APPLICATION.
THE EAST ARMS HOTEL
is almost opposite, where any meals may be taken. Excellent cuisine and cocktail bar.
Further particulars from:—
C. and W. H. Smith and Son, Ltd., 81, High-street, Maidenhead.

SMALL TUDOR HOUSE.
IN a charming spot, accessible, yet far removed from main roads in a most attractive part of Essex; seven bed, three reception, bath; excellent farm buildings and two cottages; old-fashioned walled garden, and altogether a picturesque property suitable for a gentleman's occupation. There is yachting, golf, shooting, and hunting; available owing to unforeseen circumstances, either with a FEW ACRES, or 196 ACRES at £3,000 FREEHOLD.—Inspected by F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tele., Regent 6773.

INGMIRE HALL, SEDBERGH, YORKS.
(CLOSE TO SEDBERGH SCHOOL.)
THE REMAINS OF INGMIRE HALL and GROUNDS FOR SALE. MODERN HOUSE could be converted out of remaining portion. Grounds and position unequalled. Hard and grass courts already formed, beautiful rock garden; garages and covered wash; vinery and peach houses; very suitable position for convalescent or holiday home or hydro. Photos sent.
For particulars
Apply to T. W. BRASSINGTON, Ingmire Hall, Sedbergh, Yorks.

ISLE OF WIGHT.
BETWEEN COWES AND RYDE. CHARMING RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY. Three reception rooms, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, capital offices. Garages, outbuildings. All modern conveniences.

TELEGRAMS: "ESTATE, c/o HARRODS, LONDON."

LONDON. MANCHESTER.

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

WEST BYFLEET. CAP MARTIN, near MONTE CARLO.

KENS. 1490 (6 LINES). SLOANE 1234 (130 LINES)

"BATTLERSWELLS," HAREFIELD, MIDDLESEX.

Wonderful position, commanding glorious views to the Hog's Back Country; Northwood and Rickmansworth two miles. Watford 4½ miles. In the heart of the Country, only 15 miles from Town.

Picturesque FREEHOLD modern RESIDENCE with lounge hall, three reception, oak floors, oak staircase, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, up-to-date offices; central heating; electric light, Co.'s water. Large garage.

BEAUTIFUL MATURED GROUNDS,

tennis lawn, kitchen garden, large paddock, in all about

SIX ACRES.

Also Battlerswells Farm, good farmhouse and buildings, rich pasture and valuable woodland, in all

ABOUT 115 ACRES.

Long Road frontage ripe for development.

For SALE Privately or AUCTION in July.

Further details of the Auctioneers, Messrs. SWANNELL and SLY, 3, Maxwell-road, Northwood, Middlesex, or HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BERKS AND OXON BORDERS.

ONE HOUR FROM TOWN. CLOSE TO MAIN LINE STATION.

An Attractive COUNTRY HOUSE in a picturesque position, commanding excellent views, with the accommodation on two floors.

Three reception, nine bed rooms, bath room; electric light; modern drainage; telephone; timbered grounds with kitchen garden, tennis lawn, orchard and meadow land, in all about

12 ACRES.

SMALL STRETCH OF TROUT FISHING IN RIVER.

Small fish pond.

Cottage; stabling; garage for two cars.

FREEHOLD, £4,750.

HARRODS Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"ST. ROWANS," AMERSHAM, BUCKS.

Fine position, about 500ft. above sea level. Within easy reach of Harewood Downs Golf Course.

CHOICE, EASILY-WORKED BUNGALOW-STYLE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, in excellent order and containing lounge hall, loggia, dining and drawing rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), maid's offices; modern drainage, electric light, company's gas and water; telephone; garage.

PRETTILY DISPLAYED GARDENS, designed at considerable cost; tennis and other lawns, crazy paths, kitchen, flower, fruit and rose gardens, orchard, in all about

1 ACRE.

For SALE Privately, or AUCTION later if unsold.

Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. SWANNELL and SLY, Amersham, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"LAYER COTTAGE," STOKE-BY-CLARE, SUFFOLK.

Outskirts of quaint village; five minutes from station; 2½ miles from Cavendish.

Charming Old-world FREEHOLD COTTAGE, restored and modernized; wealth of old oak beams; electric light; Co.'s water supply, radiators, company's water; three fine reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, modernized offices; garage, stabling, cowhouse.

MATURED OLD-WORLD GARDEN

of about one acre; thatched roof five-roomed cottage, stabling, and about one acre can be had in addition.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, AUCTION in June.—Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

DEVON COAST.

UNSPOILT VIEWS OF BOLT TAIL AND OVERLOOKING GOLF LINKS.

PICTURESQUE, MODERN ROSE-COVERED COTTAGE, with thatch roof, standing high up, commanding extensive and uninterrupted sea views. Lounge hall, two reception, four bed rooms, all having lavatory basins (hot and cold), bath room, offices; electric light; good water supply; modern drainage.

OLD-WORLD GARDEN,

with lawn, kitchen garden, &c., in all about half-an-acre; garage for two cars. Golf and tennis club almost adjoining.

FOR SALE, FREEHOLD, FULLY FURNISHED, £3,400.

HARRODS Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SWAFFHAM & HARLING

(BETWEENS).

First-class Sporting District.

Sporting rights over 1,000 acres.

PICTURESQUE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, conveniently situate amidst beautiful surroundings, 1½ mile from station and nine from Brandon; five reception, seven bed and dressing rooms, four servants' rooms, bath room, usual offices.

Electric light, telephone. Abundant water supply. Cottages, two garages, stabling, outbuildings.

DELIGHTFUL GARDENS and GROUNDS, with tennis court, orchard, large kitchen garden, paddock, &c., of about 5¼ ACRES, and

ONLY £300 P.A.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"GWYNNE LODGE," FETCHAM PARK, LEATHERHEAD.

(40 MINUTES WATERLOO.)

Standing on the crest of a hill, close to several golf courses.

UP-TO-DATE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, conveniently planned in excellent order, and containing hall, three reception, four bed rooms, tiled bath room, modern offices; "Ideal" hot water system; electric light, telephone; fine heated greenhouse; garage.

Well-stocked Grounds of about 2 ACRES.

PRICE £2,500.

For SALE Privately, or Auction later.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BROADSTAIRS.

THREE MINUTES FROM SEA: FACING SOUTH.

CHARMING OLD-FASHIONED GEORGIAN COTTAGE RESIDENCE,

modernized and beautifully decorated. Two reception, four bed rooms, two bath rooms; usual offices with servants' sitting room.

Co.'s water, gas, electric light; telephone; main drainage.

Full-size tennis court, kitchen and rose gardens, in all about HALF AN ACRE. Room for garage.

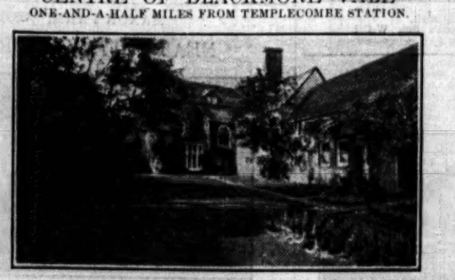
Convenient for North Foreland and several well-known golf courses

FREEHOLD, £3,500.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

CENTRE OF BLACKMORE VALE

ONE-AND-A-HALF MILES FROM TEMPLECOMBE STATION.



STONE-BUILT HUNTING BOX.

containing three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, servants' hall and complete offices.

ELECTRIC LIGHT. CENTRAL HEATING. MAIN DRAINAGE. CO.'S WATER.

Garage. Seven loose boxes and other useful outbuildings.

Charming gardens of

ABOUT THREE ACRES

with hard and grass tennis courts.

PRICE £3,500 FREEHOLD.

Full details of the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, or of Messrs. RAWLENCE and SQUARRY, Land Agents, Sherborne.

One of the Lesser Country Houses of "Country Life."

"REED HOUSE," OLD AVENUE, WEST BYFLEET, SURREY.

Delightful position, adjoining extensive woods, five minutes West Byfleet and New Zealand Golf Courses, others within easy reach, also tennis clubs; one mile station; 40 minutes Waterloo.

PICTURESQUE THATCHED ROOF FREEHOLD RESIDENCE.

Perfect order, two floors, exposed oak beams, oak doors and oak floors. Entrance hall; cloak room; three reception; loggia; six bed rooms; tiled bath room; modern domestic offices, and meadowland, in all

ABOUT THREE ACRES.

Electric light; heating; hot water supply; telephone; Co.'s water; main drainage. Garage (two cars).

BEAUTIFUL AND FULLY STOCKED GARDENS,

tennis lawn, Dutch paved garden, dwarf yew hedges, grass walks, pergola, fine kitchen garden, paddock, and meadowland, in all

ABOUT THREE ACRES.

For SALE Privately, if unsold, AUCTION later.

Joint Auctioneers, Messrs. ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge, Surrey, and HARRODS, Ltd., West Byfleet, Surrey, also 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

CONTINENTAL.

LE TOUQUET. LE TOUQUET.

FURNISHED VILLAS TO BE LET FOR THE SEASON.

District.	Beds.	Bath.	Reception.	Servants' Rooms.		Total Rental.
Avenue de la Paix	5	1	1	2	Garage	22,000 francs.
" des Anglais	8	4	2	—		120,000 "
" Victoria	4	2	1	2	Garage	30,000 "
" Atlantique	6	3	2	4	Garage	60,000 "
" Reine May	6	3	2	4	Garage	55,000 "
" Alexandra	10	4	2	6	Garage	50,000 "
" des Pins	4	1	1	3	Garage	29,000 "
" Alle des Rossignols	5	2	1	3	Garage	40,000 "
" des Mesanges	4	1	1	2	—	35,000 "
" du Chateau	3-4	1	1	1	Garage	15,000 "
" St. Omer	3	1	1	1	Garage	18,000 "
" R. de Boulogne	3	1	1	1	—	10,000 "
" des Pharos	3	1	1	1	—	7,000 "
" d'Etaples	3	1	1	1	Garage	15,000 "
On the Sea Front	5	2	1	3	Garage	45,000 "
Paris Plage	3	1	1	1	—	7,000 "

Full details and Photographs of the above from HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"BAYFIELD,"

BOOKHAM, SURREY.

Adjoining Little Bookham Common, commanding delightful views thereof, and surrounding country; ten minutes from Bookham Station; 35 minutes from Town.

ATTRACTIVE UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

in good order, delightfully situated, with entrance hall, Adam drawing room, two other reception rooms, billiard room, complete domestic offices, nine principal bed and dressing rooms, well-fitted bath-dressing room, two bath rooms, four servants' bed rooms, &c.

Electric light, central heating, independent hot water system.

Garage (three cars), stabling, dairy outhouse, bungalow.

WELL-TIMBERED GARDENS,

two tennis lawns, fine kitchen garden, orchard, and paddocks, in all

ABOUT TWELVE ACRES.

About 4½ acres could be sold off if not required.

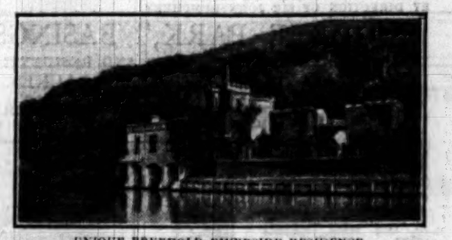
For SALE Privately, or if unsold AUCTION later.

Very Low Price, with Possession.

Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. ENTICKNAP and ENTICKNAP, Victoria Chambers, Woking, and HARRODS Ltd., West Byfleet, Surrey; and 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

MORTGAGEES' SALE; A WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY.

FAVOURITE REACH OF THE THAMES.



UNIQUE FREEHOLD RIVERSIDE RESIDENCE,

beautifully situated; commanding extended views. Containing oak panelled lounge, three reception, seven principal bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms; offices.

Electric light; company's water; gas; modern drainage; central heating; telephone.

Capital garage; four boathouses; outbuildings. Delightfully matured gardens, in all about TWO ACRES.

LOW PRICE FOR FREEHOLD £2,800.

(Offers considered.)

Recommended by the Sole Agents:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HERTS AND CAMBS BORDERS.

WITHIN EASY DISTANCE OF NEWMARKET.

First class position on high grounds under a mile from station and excellent Golf. Good Shooting Centre. Hunting with two Packs.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE,

facing South, built with object of labour saving; modern drainage, central heating, electric light, company's water, lavatory basins in all bed rooms. Lounge hall, three reception, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, box room, garage for two cars.

Well laid out pleasure garden, flower borders, kitchen garden and paddock, in area extending to

ABOUT 6½ ACRES.

VERY MODERATE PRICE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

ACTUALLY ADJOINING and OVERLOOKING

BUSHEY PARK.

A GENUINE PERIOD HOUSE OF DISTINCTION AND CHARACTER.

Beautifully furnished, about 10 minutes station, near first-class golf courses, and other sporting facilities.

Lounge hall, two reception, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; usual offices; modern conveniences.

DELIGHTFUL OLD MATURED GARDENS, tennis lawn, fully stocked kitchen garden, shady trees, ornamental garden with pond, &c.

GARAGE FOR THREE CARS.

AVAILABLE FURNISHED from now until September upon reasonable terms.

Inspected and highly recommended by the Agents:

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"ORCHARD DENE," EPSOM.

30 MINS. WATERLOO.

Best part, near station, Downs and Golf Courses.

ATTRACTIVE PRE-WAR RESIDENCE, with large rooms and well arranged accommodation. Lounge hall, two reception rooms (20ft. by 15ft.), five bed and dressing rooms, good domestic offices.

Co.'s water, electric light and gas; main drainage.

Pretty garden with large lawn, flowers, &c.

PRICE £2,000.

Open to offer, or AUCTION later.

Inspected and recommended by Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BEST BARGAIN IN DEVON.

Commanding magnificent views of a yachting harbour.

PLEASANTLY PLACED RESIDENCE ON HIGH GROUND.

Three reception, cloak room out of panelled square hall, six bed rooms, bath room, three w.c.'s.

Co.'s water, electric light and power, gas, main drainage.

GARDENS AND GROUNDS OF ABOUT ONE ACRE.

PRICE ONLY £2,300 FREEHOLD.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-4, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

MAIDENHEAD.

EXCLUSIVE RIVER FRONTAGE.

ABOVE FLOOD LEVEL. GRAVEL SOIL.

LUXURIOUSLY FITTED RESIDENCE.

Oak panelled lounge, billiard room, two other reception rooms with costly permanent decorations, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, exceptionally fine offices.

Electric light and power; central heating; Co.'s water and gas.

Garages, brick-built boathouse, other useful outbuildings, also cottage if desired.

LOVELY PLEASURE GROUNDS,

tennis court, terraces, ornamental flower beds, well-stocked kitchen garden, in all

TWO ACRES.

FOR SALE AT FRACTION OF COST.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FAVOURITE PART OF SURREY.

PRICE REDUCED TO £3,200 FREEHOLD.

An attractive COUNTRY HOUSE, with the accommodation arranged on two floors, comprising three or four reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room.

Co.'s water. Electric light. Telephone. Radiators. Gas available. Gravel soil.

Picturesque but inexpensive gardens, with hard tennis court, lawns, excellent kitchen garden, rock garden, &c., in all about

1¼ ACRE.

Large garage and other outbuildings.

Inspected and recommended by the Joint Sole Agents, Messrs. Airey and Halstead, Leatherhead, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1; and West Byfleet.

"GONVENA," WADEBRIDGE, NORTH CORNWALL.

Three miles from the Coast, commanding glorious views, standing on a hill amidst delightful surroundings.

A well-appointed FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, with entrance hall, three to four reception, cloak room; 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete domestic offices.

Garage, stabling, farmery, cottage.

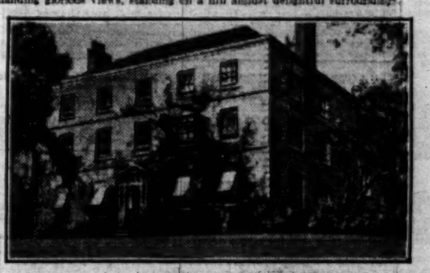
Well-timbered pleasure grounds, two tennis courts, walled kitchen garden, 40 ACRES of rich pasture, in all about

41 ACRES.

Would be sold with smaller area.

Excellent hunting; shooting, and fishing.

For SALE, Privately; if unsold, AUCTION in June.



Sole Agents:—Messrs. BUTTON and MUTTON, St. Tudy, Cornwall; and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

NEAR CHIPPENHAM, WILTS.

Hunting with Duke of Beaufort's and Avon Vales Packs.

Occupying magnificent situation 500ft. up, with unrivalled views.

DIGNIFIED FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, enjoying a secluded situation. Hall, four reception, billiard room, eight principal bed rooms, seven or eight servants' rooms, three bath rooms, complete offices; garage for three cars; stabling; useful outbuildings; two cottages.

Modern sanitation, excellent water supply, central heating, electric light, telephone.

Beautifully matured grounds, tennis and croquet lawns, walled kitchen garden, range of glasshouses, together with well-timbered parkland, in all about

45 ACRES.

GOLF AND SHOOTING FACILITIES.

For SALE privately or by AUCTION later.

Auctioneers:—

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"BRIAR COTTAGE," STEVENAGE, HERTS.

45 mins. from King's Cross.

CHARMING FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, delightfully situate, in well-timbered grounds.

Lounge hall, three reception rooms, five bed and dressing rooms, bath room, excellent domestic offices.

Co.'s electric light, gas, and water, main drainage, telephone.

Garage, large timber building and tool shed.

BEAUTIFUL TIMBERED PLEASURE GROUNDS,

including tennis court, kitchen garden, fruit trees, and spinney, in all about

1¼ ACRES.

PRICE £2,300, or SALE by AUCTION later.

Inspected and strongly recommended by Sole Agents:

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road S.W.1.

Inspected and recommended with the utmost confidence.

FARNHAM AND HINDHEAD.

Ideal retreat, away from all traffic, in the midst of lovely pine and heather country.

CHARMING MODERN HOUSE, beautifully built, on labour-saving principles, and enjoying Southern aspect. Hall and cloakroom, three good reception, six bed rooms, bath room, and offices.

Electric light, telephone, central heating. Double garage.

ABOUT ONE ACRE.

FREEHOLD £2,800.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"THE ORCHARD," AYLESFORD, KENT.

ONE HOUR OF TOWN.

Magnificent views; delightful position.

DESIRABLE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing hall, four reception, billiard room, five bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, complete domestic offices.

Co.'s water; gas; telephone; main drainage.

Garage, outbuildings.

BEAUTIFUL INEXPENSIVE GARDEN with tennis lawn, in all about half-an-acre.

For SALE Privately, or AUCTION later.

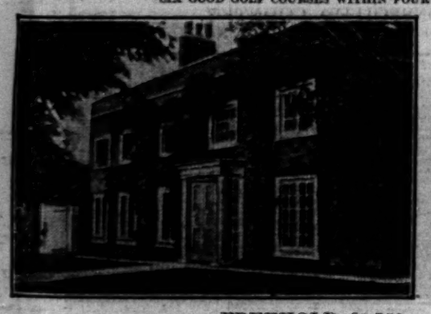
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

GERRARDS CROSS COMMON

BUCKS.

Enjoying perfect seclusion. Splendid service of non-stop trains, reaching Town in 25 minutes.

SIX GOOD GOLF COURSES WITHIN FOUR MILES.



TO BE SOLD.

A singularly attractive SMALL EARLY GEORGIAN RESIDENCE.

Two reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, maids' sitting room, usual offices.

A GENUINE 1720 CARVED OAK GALLERIED STAIRCASE.

Company's water.
Electric light.
Main drainage.
Independent hot water supply and telephone.
Brick-built Garage.

OLD-WORLD GARDENS of unusual charm, including fine specimen trees, walled garden, rose and rock gardens, Feruden hard tennis court, grass court, orchard, &c., the whole extending to about

2 ACRES.

FREEHOLD £5,750.

APPLY Messrs. COLLINS & COLLINS, 37, SOUTH AUDLEY-STREET, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.1.

KINGSWOOD & TADWORTH.

IN THE SURREY HILLS. CHALK SUBSOIL. 500ft. ABOVE SEA LEVEL.

EXCELLENT SOUTHERN RAILWAY SERVICE TO KINGSWOOD AND TADWORTH STATIONS.

DETACHED HOUSES AVAILABLE FROM £1,200 FREEHOLD.

BUILDING SITES FROM £2 FOOT FRONTAGE.

GAS, ELECTRICITY, AND COMPANY'S WATER.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKLET, *"SOME NOTES ON PLANNING,"* ALSO PLANS OF STANDARD HOUSES. FULL PARTICULARS OF TERMS OF PURCHASE, TO

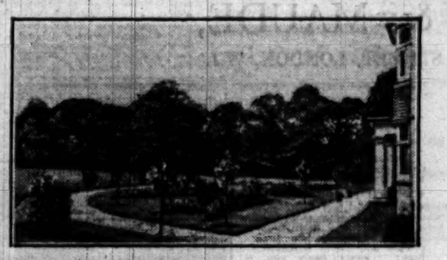
RICHARD COSTAIN and SONS, LTD., 7 and 8, NORFOLK-STREET, STRAND, W.C.2. 'PHONE: TEMPLE BAR 0033.

AN EXAMPLE OF DETACHED HOUSE NOW AVAILABLE AT TADWORTH, FIVE MINUTES FROM STATION, ONLY £1,300 FREEHOLD, INCLUDES BRICK-BUILT GARAGE.

KENTISH BEAUTY SPOT.

CLOSE TO KESTON COMMON (14 MILES LONDON).

CONVENIENT MODERN FAMILY RESIDENCE.



DELIGHTFULLY PLACED, WITH SOUTH ASPECT.

WITHIN EASY REACH OF SCHOOLS, SHOPS, AND EXCELLENT GOLF COURSES.

On two floors. Lounge hall, four reception, eight bed rooms, double garage and outbuildings. Very charming Garden, spacious Lawns, Flower Beds, Crazy Paving walks, belted by fine Matured Trees. ABOUT THREE ACRES.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD OR LET ON LEASE.

Write Owner.

G. B. FARRAR, EBURY LODGE, KESTON, KENT. 'PHONE: FARNBORO (KENT) 77.

BERKS VILLAGE GREEN

HIGH, HEALTHY POSITION, CLOSE TO WOODED COMMONS.

IDEAL COUNTRY COTTAGE

(ONLY 30 MILES LONDON)

standing in well-timbered grounds and orchard. Lounge-dining room, large drawing room (23ft. by 12ft.), five bed rooms, two bath rooms (hot and cold); electric light, main water, telephone.

Good Garage.

AUCTION NEXT THURSDAY.

Full particulars of

GIDDYS, MAIDENHEAD.

Telephone: GERRARD 4725 & 3505. Telegrams: WILLIS'S ROOMS, LONDON.

ROBINSON, FISHER & HARDING

ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING SALES, BY AUCTION, AT WILLIS'S ROOMS, KING-STREET, ST. JAMES'S, S.W.1.

COMMENCING EACH DAY AT ONE O'CLOCK.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11th.

OLD ENGLISH FURNITURE: Chippendale card and writing tables, club-foot and pillar dining tables, carved frame mirrors, serpentine and bow-front sideboards, a Hepplewhite cuckseat dressing table with fretted brackets, grandfather and bracket clocks, tallboys, sets of sheraton chairs, two Hepplewhite carved settees, oak dressers and corner cupboards, a ring-wood escritoire, a Louis XV. marqueterie table, Persian carpets and rugs, PORCELAIN, ormolu work, bronzes, &c. By order of the Executors of the late Mrs. C. L. PHELIPS, and removed from 57, Drayton-gardens, S.W., and from other sources. On view the day prior.

THURSDAY, JUNE 12th.

OLD and MODERN PICTURES and DRAWINGS, the property of Mrs. WADDINGHAM, and removed from 24, Palace-court, W.2, by order of the Executors of the late HAROLD FISHER SMITH, Esq., and removed from 45, Clifton-hill, N.W., and from other sources, comprising examples by or attributed to:—

H. Aiken	F. Hale	J. N. Sartorius
H. Van Balen	A. C. Havell	P. Tillemans
G. B. Cipriani	G. Morland	J. Victors
F. Goya	H. Rigaud	W. Watson

Also ENGRAVINGS and PRINTS. On view three days prior.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 18th.

ENGLISH and FRENCH FURNITURE, including sets of Chippendale and Hepplewhite chairs, Sheraton sideboards, walnut knee-hole tables, a large pierced coffee table, a pair of Sheraton arms, an Empire bed-room suite with chased ormolu mounts, a Vernis Martin French cabinet and commode, porcelain, Persian carpets and rugs, &c., the property of WILLOUGHBY S. SMITH, Esq., of Benshams, Devon; of Mrs. DULLEY, of 9, King's Bench-walk, Temple, E.C.; and from other sources. On view two days prior.

THURSDAY, JUNE 19th.

PICTURES by OLD MASTERS, the properties of Mrs. MacILWAIN, nee LEMPRIERE, and her sisters; of JOHN BACON, Esq., M.A., 75, West Cromwell-road, S.W.5; and from other sources, comprising examples by or attributed to:—

D. Dalby	A. Van Musscher	R. Wilson, R.A.
J. Le Duc	A. Van Ostade	E. De Witte
J. Highmore	Sir J. Reynolds, P.R.A.	F. Wyck
P. Hilgaert	J. Russell, R.A.	J. Zoffany
J. Molenaer	J. Vanderbank	

Also ENGRAVINGS and PRINTS. On view three days prior.

SALES BY AUCTION (continued)

CAMBERLEY, SURREY.

Camberley Heath Golf Club two miles, Barossa Links within 10 minutes' walk, station, shops, and colleges all within easy access.

WINTON.

Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, on the south side of the road, with the heather-clad Barossa and Old Dean Commons on the north. Hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, bath rooms, excellent offices; garage; electric light, company's water, gas, main drainage; pleasant terraced garden, with tennis lawn, in all about ONE-THIRD of AN ACRE. VACANT POSSESSION.

Messrs. SADLER & BAKER

will SELL the above by Public AUCTION—(unless previously sold privately) at the Cambridge Hotel, Camberley, on Thursday, 12th June, 1930, at 3.30 p.m.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from the Vendor's Solicitors, Messrs. Callingham and Ormond, 1, New-square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2, or of the Auctioneers, 31, High-street, Camberley (phone 19).

By Order of the Trustees of the late Edward North Buxton.

WOODFORD GREEN.

Occupying an unrivalled position, midway between Woodford and Buckhurst Hill Stations, and adjoining the Forest. The finely situated

RESIDENTIAL OR BUILDING ESTATE known as KNIGHTON,

comprising The Mansion, two entrance Lodges, six Cottages, Stabling, Farmery, &c., and

29 ACRES

of exceptionally beautiful grounds,

with existing frontages to the Epping-road, to Monkhams-lane, and to Aldeburgh-place of upwards of 2,500ft., and suitable for

IMMEDIATE DEVELOPMENT

as a

FIRST-CLASS BUILDING ESTATE.

Sewers, gas, water, and electric light available.

KEMSLEYS

will SELL the above by AUCTION at the London Auction Mart, on Tuesday, 24th June, at 2.30 p.m.

Solicitors: Messrs. Chisholm, Fraser and Williams, 15, Devonshire-square, E.C.2.

Auctioneers' Offices: 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, and 33, South-street, Romford.

FOR OCCUPATION or INVESTMENT.

CENTRE of SOFT GOODS AREA.

48, FRIDAY-STREET, E.C.4,

with NORTH LIGHT for ALMOST the WHOLE DEPTH to each floor

ELECTRIC PASSENGER LIFT.

Rental value £1,000 per annum exclusive.

VACANT POSSESSION.

Over 34 years' direct Salters Co. Lease at £210 ground-rent. For SALE privately or by AUCTION on June 19th by

CLARK & MANFIELD.

Offices: 50, Jermyn-street, S.W.1. Telephones: Regent 4600 and Mansion House 0570.

SALES BY AUCTION (continued)

W. T. MILLS & Co.,

Auctioneers,

288 and 34, STREATHAM HIGH-ROAD

have been favoured with instructions to submit the following PROPERTY to AUCTION, together with others, at the London Auction Mart, 125, Queen Victoria-street, E.C., on Thursday, 19th June next, at 10 o'clock precisely (unless previously sold by Private Treaty).

"HAYESWOOD," WEST DRIVE, STREATHAM PARK.

FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, standing in its own grounds, in an excellent position, facing Tooting Bec Common. It has eight bed rooms, three reception rooms, billiard room, two bath rooms, good domestic offices, &c.; double garage with accommodation over; electric light throughout.

Particulars and Conditions of the Auctioneers' in due course.

AUCTION SALE ROOMS

PROPERTY

HARRODS, LTD., S.W.1.

AUCTIONS of TOWN and COUNTRY PROPERTIES throughout the year.

Telephone (Estate Office only), Kens. 1490. Branch Office: West Byfleet, Surrey.

HAMPTON & SONS,

ST. JAMES' ESTATE ROOMS,

20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

Sales of Estates, Town and Country Houses, Commercial and Investment Properties.

Held every Tuesday at 2.30.

Phone: Regent 7300.

Branches: Wimbledon. Phone, 0080 Wimbledon. Hampstead. Phone, 2727 Hampstead.

GODDARD & SMITH

HOLD WEEKLY SALES BY AUCTION OF ALL CLASSES OF FREEHOLD AND LEASEHOLD PROPERTY IN THEIR ESTATE AUCTION HALL AT THEIR HEAD OFFICES,

22, KING-STREET, St. James', S.W.1.

WILLIAM WILLETT, LTD.,

ESTATE AUCTION ROOMS.

THE WILLETT BUILDINGS, SLOANE-SQUARE. Sales of Town and Country Houses and Estates held periodically.

'Phone: Sloane 8141.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, &c.

HARRODS' AUCTION GALLERIES, S.W.

Open for the reception of antique and high-class modern furniture, silver, jewels, plate, oil paintings, engravings, china, porcelains, books and works of Art. Settlement within ten days. Sales throughout the year.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

(Continued from Page 28)

NORTH CORNWALL.—To be LET FURNISHED, charming RESIDENCE facing due South, tidal river; eight bed rooms, three reception rooms, bath (hot and cold water), kitchens, &c.; electric lights, garage; tennis court; three miles Wadebridge, one mile famous golf links.—For terms apply Lady Charles Kennedy, Trenhaston House, Barnstaple, N. Devon.

OVERLOOKING SELECT COMMON near NEWBURY.—Lady wishes to LET her comfortably FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE for long or short period; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception, offices; garage; pleasant gardens, tennis lawn, fruit and flowers. Rent £3 3s. guineas weekly according to length of let.—Apply THAKE and PAGINTON, Newbury. 2360.

OXFORD.—FURNISHED, to be LET for few weeks or term or to summer; good garden; large rooms, three sitting, five bed rooms.—Mrs. Slandid, 4, South Parks-road, Oxford.

PRIVATE BEACH, BOGNOR REGIS.—Select RESIDENCE; five bed, three reception; garage; bathing hut, &c.; July and August.—GENTLE and GREEN, Aldwick-road.

TO GARDEN LOVERS.

RURAL HOVE.—To be LET, FURNISHED, or Freehold would be SOLD, convenient for station and sea, charming BIJOU RESIDENCE; two reception rooms, three bed rooms, kitchen, and bath; main drainage; modern conveniences; large LIGHTFUL ORNAMENTAL GARDEN. Available for 3, 6, or 12 months. Moderate rental.—WM. WILLETT, Ltd., 52, Church-road, Hove, and Sloane-square, S.W.1.

S. DEVON.—To be LET, FURNISHED, or for sale, Unique ESTATE at entrance of Dartmouth Harbour. HOUSE contains 12 bed, three bath, three reception rooms, and hall; electric light, central heating; garage for two cars. Hard tennis court and croquet lawn. Large fruit and vegetable garden with woods leading down to sea and private landing stage, bathing pool and boat. Rent 40 guineas per week for short let.—Apply SMITH and SON, House Agents, Tavistock.

SEAFORD.—To be LET, Superior FURNISHED HOUSE or private rooms; splendid position, facing sea; eight rooms, bath, garden.—High View, Claremont-road.

SECLUDED SPOT on SUSSEX COAST.—Ideal BUNGALOW; well FURNISHED; all modern conveniences; four bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; to be LET, June, July, August; low rent.—For terms and full particulars apply Manager, The New City, near Bognor.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

SHERINGHAM.—WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE with lovely garden, containing six bed rooms, bath room, two sitting rooms, kitchen, &c.; others 3/20 bed rooms.—WALKER, Agent, Sheringham.

THREE-ROOMED FURNISHED COTTAGE, excellent; garage; gas; electric light; now.—Phone, Walton-on-Thames 1.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, July, August, September, easily run HOUSE; three sitting, six bed, two bath; garage; electric light; lovely garden; five minutes golf, 15 minutes Totland Beach.—Leigh Lodge, Freshwater.

TO be LET, FURNISHED MANSION for summer, near Aberystwyth; fishing, shooting, &c.—Apply Joseph Davies and Son, Solicitors, 4, Baker-street, Aberystwyth.

TO be LET FURNISHED, between Aldburgh and Southwold, sea four miles, antique HOUSE, modernized; two very large studios, two sitting, eight bed, two bath (hot and cold); electric light, radiators; large garden, tennis; garage; phone, wireless; post and village five minutes; Aug.-Sept., 12 guineas.—Write Box X.450, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET FURNISHED, SUSSEX, near MIDHURST, in real country, 450ft. alt., four to five weeks from mid-July; four sitting rooms, two double bed rooms, six single; large garden, tennis; garage; telephone; electric light.—Cauldeld, Midhurst.

WESTGATE-ON-SEA.—For best selection of FURNISHED HOUSES and FLATS, FREEHOLD PROPERTIES, at moderate prices, apply BENEFIELD and CORNFORD, Auctioneers, Margate.

YORKSHIRE DALES.—HOUSE, August, 26 6s., with linen, plate, vegetables; nine beds; electric light; tennis.—Yarborough, Wensley, Leyburn.

BUSINESS PREMISES

ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD.

A SECOND FLOOR to be LET as a whole or would be divided. Fine light corner premises in an important modern building.—Sole Agents: Messrs. OSBORN and MERCER, 25a, Albemarle-street, W.1. (Telephone: Regent 4304.)

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agents for all available SHOPS, 6 and 8, FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE-ROAD.—CORNER PREMISES in prominent position, at present occupied by a Court Dressmaker and Milliner. Lease and Goodwill to be Sold.—FAREBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 29, Fleet-street, E.C.4.

BUSINESS PREMISES (continued)

CORNHILL, E.C.

Few yards from the Bank and Royal Exchange.

MAGNIFICENT GROUND FLOOR

and other offices in important modern building occupying

A COVETED CORNER POSITION

in this well-known thoroughfare, and comprising ground-floor, spacious and handsomely appointed banking hall or offices, area 1,578ft.

Lower ground-floor: Excellent secondary offices, area about 2,300ft.

First floor: Well lighted offices, area 2,413ft.

Fifth floor: A very attractive suite of five rooms, area 1,670 sq. ft.

Basement, storage accommodation, and strong rooms. Ideal for banking, insurance or shipping companies, and other high-class commercial concerns.

To be LET as a whole or in floors at low commencing rentals.

Apply GODDARD and SMITH, 22, King-street, St. James's, S.W.1.

FOR SALE, the FREEHOLD of the FORTUNE THEATRE (opposite Drury Lane Theatre).—For particulars apply to the Liquidator of the Company in possession, Mr. J. D. BROWN, Blakemore, Elgar and Co., 9, King's Bench-walk, Temple, E.C.4.

To GROCERS and WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS. IMPORTANT PREMISES for SALE, centre of market town, with GOODWILL of Old-established GROCERY BUSINESS, with full WINE, BEER, and SPIRITS LICENCE attached.—Apply F. ELLEN and SON, Andover.

PETTS WOOD, newly developed estate 20 minutes electric from London.—Large FREEHOLD SHOP and SELF-CONTAINED FLAT and garden.—Apply 177, Edgware-road, W.2.

MULTIPLE TRADING POSITION.

SOUTHAMPTON.—First position immediately Above Bar.—FREEHOLD SHOP PREMISES, rear entrance, 19ft. frontage, 280ft. deep. FREEHOLD, £13,500. Strongly recommended.—DRIVERS, JONAS and Co., Chartered Surveyors, 4, Albion-place, Southampton.

£700.—Small FREEHOLD HOUSE, WORKSHOPS, YARD, CANAL WH

Telephone: Regent 1300. Telegrams: "Selanbri, Piccy, London."

HAMPTON & SONS, 20, ST. JAMES'-SQUARE, S.W.1.

Branches: WIMBLEDON. Phone 0080. HAMPSTEAD. Phone 2727.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

HANTS & SUSSEX BORDERS.

OCCUPYING A BEAUTIFUL POSITION ABOUT 250ft. ABOVE SEA LEVEL ON SANDY SOIL.

"EAST HILL"—EAST LISS.

AN ATTRACTIVE RESIDENCE IN ALMOST PERFECT ORDER.

Hall, four reception rooms, 12 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, complete offices.

Electric light. Company's water. Central heating. Gas laid on. Telephone. Modern drainage.

Garage for three cars, &c.
Exceptionally beautiful pleasure grounds
and
WELL-TIMBERED PARKLANDS.
in all about
25 ACRES.

AN ADJOINING FARM and COTTAGES could be purchased if desired, the whole property extending to about
90 ACRES.

For SALE privately or by Auction, in lots, at an early date.
Auctioneers, R. C. S. Evennett, Esq., Haslemere, Surrey, and HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

GLOS AND WORCESTER BORDERS.

About a mile from Tewkesbury and Ashchurch Stations, and ten miles from Cheltenham Spa.
EXCELLENT SPORTING FACILITIES.
The Compact and Well-placed FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY,
"WALTON HOUSE," ASHCHURCH, TEWKESBURY.
Fine Open Position commanding Views to the Cotswold Hills.

The GEORGIAN HOUSE is approached by a long drive, and contains spacious hall, three handsome reception rooms, conservatory, lounge, two staircases, billiards room, ten family bed rooms, dressing room, three bath rooms, and servants' quarters.

Beautiful old oak panelling and chimneypieces. Parquet floors. Partial central heating. Company's electric light and water. Gas available. Telephone.

Garage for six cars. Stabling with rooms over.

Entrance lodge. 3 Cottages.

LOVELY OLD PLEASURE GROUNDS with wide-spreading lawns, walled kitchen garden, glasshouses, and parkland, in all about
48½ ACRES.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on TUESDAY, 15th July (unless sold previously).
Solicitors, Messrs. Whatley and Whatley, Victoria-road, Malvern.
Particulars from the Auctioneers, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

Under a mile from the famous

SUNNINGDALE GOLF COURSE.

A quite exceptional and most beautifully appointed
MODERN HOUSE of GREAT DISTINCTION AND CHARM.

Lounge, two or three reception rooms, loggia, seven or eight bed rooms, two sumptuously appointed bath rooms, excellent offices.

Company's water, gas, and electric light.

Central heating.

Splendid garage for two cars. Main drainage.

Oak beams, doors, floors, &c.

Well-laid-out grounds of about 3½ ACRES, with tennis lawn, charming flower garden with lily pool, kitchen garden, &c.

FOR SALE.

Inspected and strongly recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (B.38462.)

SUSSEX, Nr. CRAWLEY.

In beautiful country between London and the South Coast.

For SALE Freehold Residential Property, in fine position, with lovely views to the South.
The OLD-FASHIONED HOUSE contains lounge hall, four reception, billiards room, offices, 10 bed rooms, three dressing rooms, and two bath rooms.
Central heating. Company's electric light and water.
STABLING. GARAGE. GLASSHOUSE.
REMARKABLY BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS: tennis lawn, kitchen garden, and paddock, in all about
9 ACRES.
Particulars from the SOLE AGENTS, HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

In the Fitzwilliam Country

PETERBOROUGH.

In a very pleasant and rural position only three miles from the City.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD, exceptionally attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE approached by long drive with lodge at entrance; hall, three reception, 10 bed rooms, bath room, and very complete offices with servants' hall.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FROM PLANT.
The beautiful grounds are laid out with lawns for tennis and croquet, flower and kitchen gardens, three orchards, meadowland, &c.; in all 18 Acres.
Stabling for five and garage for three cars.
Specially recommended by
HAMPTON & SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (W.14792.)

IN ONE OF THE CHOICEST DISTRICTS IN BUCKS.

Wonderful position, over 400 feet up, with lovely views.

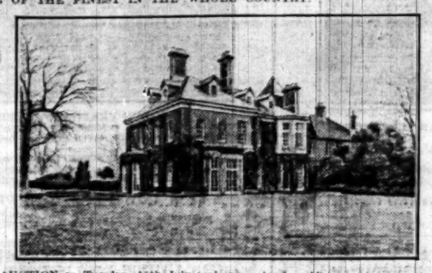
For SALE, FREEHOLD, a beautiful MODERN HOUSE with carriage drive, and containing loggia, hall, four receptions, play room, 12 bed and dressing and four bath rooms, offices.
Company's supplies; central heating; constant hot water; two garages; three cottages; covered tiles court.
Delightful gardens with lawns, herbaceous borders, hard and grass tennis courts, in all about 7½ ACRES.
Recommended by the Sole Agents, HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BY DIRECTION OF SIR JOHN HUMPHERY.

"ASHE PARK," BASINGSTOKE.

A FIRST-CLASS SPORTING AND RESIDENTIAL ESTATE
OF ABOUT 1,660 ACRES.
WITH
STRETCH OF FISHING IN THE RIVER TEST,
BEING SOME OF THE FINEST IN THE WHOLE COUNTRY.

The Residence has recently had a large sum of money lavished on it and is in almost faultless order, with period decorations and every modern convenience.



Hall, four reception rooms, 17 bed and dressing rooms, six bath rooms, complete offices.
BEAUTIFULLY TIMBERED GROUNDS AND PARK.
The Estate is divided into four well-equipped Farms, and with the well-placed woodlands and plantations provides
REALLY EXCELLENT SHOOTING.
Also two Residential Properties, "Turrill Hill House" and "Winchester House," situate in the pretty village of Overton.

To be SOLD by AUCTION on Tuesday, 15th July (unless previously sold).
Vendor's Solicitors:—Messrs. Charles Wilmot and Co., 7, New Court, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.2.
Auctioneers:—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

BEACONSFIELD.

Very pleasant position nearly 400ft. up, in a sunny situation.
UNDER 40 MINUTES FROM TOWN.

Most picturesque and well-fitted
MODERN COUNTRY RESIDENCE,
in admirable condition throughout, and having Company's Water, Gas and Electricity, Radiators, Parquet Flooring, Telephone.

Entrance hall, panelled lounge with oak-beamed ceiling, three reception rooms, loggia, nine bed and dressing rooms, bath, maids' sitting room, &c.

GARAGE for three cars. Excellent COTTAGE.

MOST ATTRACTIVE GROUNDS, delightfully laid out, tennis and other lawns, paved terrace, rose and other flower gardens, kitchen garden, &c., in all about 2½ ACRES.

FOR SALE, FREEHOLD.
Inspected and strongly recommended by the SOLE AGENTS,
HAMPTON and SON, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (B.26696.)

SOUTH DEVON.

In the most favourite District of Sidmouth. Few minutes from Sea.

For SALE, an unusually well-built and beautifully fitted moderate-sized RESIDENCE, delightfully placed on high ground, well secluded and away from main roads and traffic; fine lounge hall, three charming reception rooms (two measuring 24ft. 6in. by 20ft.), seven or 12 bed rooms, two well-fitted bath rooms, usual offices.

Company's water, electric light and gas.

Reception rooms have polished oak floors.

Fine GARAGE for three cars. Glass-covered wash space.

BEAUTIFULLY MATURED and WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS, two tennis courts, well-stocked kitchen garden, herbaceous borders, rockery, prolific orchard, &c., in all ABOUT 3½ ACRES

Cottage for chauffeur available near-by. Close to Golf Course.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (C.11334.)

At greatly reduced price.

VIRGINIA WATER.

Amidst lovely scenery, under two miles from
WENTWORTH GOLF CLUB.
Easy reach of Sunningdale and Ascot.
For SALE a most beautifully appointed RESIDENCE in superb position.
230FT. UP. LOVELY VIEWS.
Carriage drive approach; hall, suite of fine reception rooms, including beautifully oak-panelled dining room, billiard room, well-fitted offices, servants' hall, 11 bed rooms.
FIVE BATHS. TWO FLOORS ONLY.
Company's electric light, gas and water. Central heating. Constant hot water.
Garage for three. Chauffeur's flat with bath. Useful outbuilding, pair of modern cottages. GROUNDS OF GREAT NATURAL BEAUTY and heavily timbered, lawns, flower and rose gardens, kitchen gardens, glasshouse, meadowland, &c., in all about
20 ACRES.
Inspected and highly recommended by
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.41760)

HAMPSHIRE MILL HOUSE & TROUT FISHING.

TWO MILES FROM THE TEST.
Long stretch of exclusive water in tributary. Mill Pond and Full Miller's Rights.
FOR SALE AT MODERATE FIGURE.
The Residence is a newer building on the old site and is most artistically decorated and equipped in a first-class manner. Contains Delightful hall, three reception rooms, and very good offices, 10 bed rooms, and three bath rooms.
Fine parquet floors in principal rooms and landings. Central heating. Independent hot water. Modern drainage.
Heated garage. Fine old barn and Stabling.
PICTURESQUE OLD MILL and
TWO COTTAGES.
Attractive gardens with fine timber. Tennis court, kitchen garden, formal garden, walled gardens, riverside walks, and good meadowland. About
15 ACRES.
Inspected and recommended by SOLE AGENTS,
HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (H.42432.)

Phone: Gerrard 1267 (4 lines). Telegrams: Audcoestan, Audley, London.

CONSTABLE & MAUDE,

HEAD OFFICE: 2, MOUNT STREET, LONDON, W.1.

BRANCHES: SHREWSBURY, HENDON, AND STOW-ON-THE-WOLD.

SOUTH DEVONSHIRE.

Six miles from Kingsbridge and Dartmouth.
SHEPLEGH COURT, BLACKAWTON.

Occupying a lovely position, approached by two drives, lounge hall, billiard and four reception rooms, 15 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, usual offices; parquet floors; electric light and all modern conveniences. Excellent order. Garage, cottage, stabling. Lovely grounds of a tropical nature; hard tennis court; walled vegetable garden. With parklands about
71 ACRES.
FREEHOLD for SALE privately or by Auction on June 25.

Auctioneers:—CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 2, Mount-street, W.1.

SHROPSHIRE.

About 20 miles from Shrewsbury and 2½ miles from Bridgnorth.
EARDINGTON HOUSE, Near BRIDGNORTH.

Very pleasantly situated in unspoiled surroundings and approached by drive. Hall, three reception rooms, 10 bed rooms, two dressing rooms, bath room; electric light; water by gravitation.

Garage for two cars, stabling; other useful outbuildings. Two cottages.

Attractive old-world gardens with some fine trees, tennis and croquet lawns, very fine walled fruit and kitchen garden, herbaceous borders, large orchard; total area about
6½ ACRES.
Hunting with the Wheatland Foxhounds.

For SALE by AUCTION (unless previously sold privately) and subject to Conditions at the George Hotel, Shrewsbury, on June 27th, 1930. Illustrated particulars from the Solicitors, Messrs. Peele and Peele, Dapple, Shrewsbury, and the Auctioneers, CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 42, Castle-street, Shrewsbury. Phone 2891.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

SURREY.

Eight minutes from Claygate Station with express trains to Waterloo in 23 minutes.
THE DELIGHTFUL MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
WINGHAM, CLAYGATE.

Containing oak panelled lounge hall, billiard and three reception rooms, eight principal bed and dressing rooms, servants' accommodation, two bath rooms, white tiled domestic offices.

Company's gas and water, main drainage, telephone, and central heating.

Garage for three. Squash Court. Six loose boxes. Lodge.

Beautifully timbered grounds of about
SIX ACRES.

For SALE privately, or by AUCTION on the 23rd July next.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Stones, Morris and Stone, 41, Moorgate, E.C.2.

Sole Agents:—Messrs. CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 2, Mount-street, W.1.

WORCESTERSHIRE.

Seven miles from both Worcester (2¼ hours to London) and Kidderminster, and some 20 miles from Birmingham.
WOODFIELD HOUSE, OMBERSLEY.

A delightful old GEORGIAN HOUSE, of character, thoroughly modernized and in perfect order.

Lovely situation, high up, unspoiled country.

Fine hall and main staircase; four charming reception rooms; compact offices; nine principal bed and dressing rooms; three or five bath rooms, two bath rooms.

Electric light. Central heating.

Garage for three or four cars. Ample stabling and outbuildings. Three capital Cottages.

Exceptionally lovely old English Gardens with walled kitchen and fruit garden and two tennis courts. Old Cedars. Finely Timbered Parkland, in all about
60 ACRES.

For SALE privately, or by AUCTION on July 23rd, 1930, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.
Illustrated particulars from the Solicitors:—Messrs. Southwell and King, 95, High-street, Worcester; and the Auctioneers:—CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 42, Castle-street Shrewsbury.

MAGNIFICENTLY SITUATED IDEAL HOME.

SURREY HILLS.

Perfectly appointed up-to-date, compact, well-planned HOUSE
ON TWO FLOORS ONLY,
with lounge hall, two reception, two tiled bath rooms, eight bed rooms and useful offices; main services; two garages and useful outbuildings; lovely finely timbered pleasure grounds and woodland of
41 ACRES.
Close to golf links and only 21 miles Wellington Arch.
Inspected and confidently recommended by the

Sole Agents:—CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 2, Mount-street, W.1.

AT A LOW RESERVE.

MONTGOMERYSHIRE.

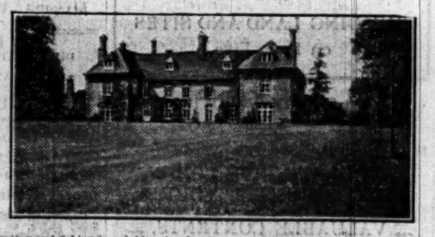
In a beautiful unspoiled district, between Newtown and Llanidloes.
Two miles from Llandinam with Station, one mile off main road.
THE HAFOD, LLANDINAM.

Charming HOUSE in excellent order, 450 feet up, facing South. Hall, two large sitting rooms, sun parlour, six bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms. Power available for electric light; good water. Garage, stabling; nice garden. Two tennis courts, orchard, meadow, and wood. Mountain stream. Total area about
12 ACRES.
Shooting. Fishing.
For SALE privately or by AUCTION in July next.

Illustrated particulars from the Sole Agents:—
CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 42, Castle-street, Shrewsbury.

NORTH HEREFORDSHIRE.

CHARMING POSITION, FOUR MILES FROM AN OLD MARKET TOWN.
DELIGHTFUL OLD HOUSE, THOROUGHLY MODERNIZED AND IN EXCELLENT ORDER.
APPROACHED BY TWO DRIVES.



Lounge hall, four reception rooms, eight principal and ample servants' bed rooms, four bath rooms.

Electric light; lavatory basins in bed rooms; good water supply.

Capital stabling and garages, four cottages; lovely well-timbered garden with two tennis courts, walled kitchen garden, yew hedges, &c.

Farm and 129 acres of woodlands if required.

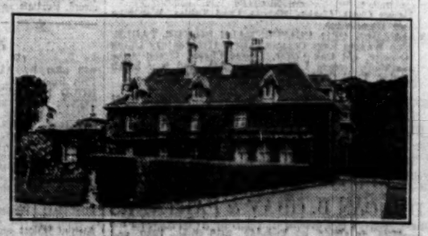
For SALE with from 16 up to 235 ACRES.

Good hunting, shooting and fishing in neighbourhood. Strongly recommended.

Apply the Agents, CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 42, CASTLE-STREET, SHREWSBURY.

PERFECTLY PLACED IN A MAGNIFICENTLY-TIMBERED PARK

WITH GORGEOUS VIEWS. TWO HOURS WEST OF TOWN.



A Noble Residence, in the centre of a well-known Hunt, beautifully fitted and appointed, containing a very handsome suite of entertaining rooms, some 20 bed rooms, numerous bath rooms, and ground-floor offices; electric light, central heating, and ample water; charming old gardens, terraced walks, and clipped yews.

Model Farm, 12 cottages, dower house, and 500 Acres of good pasture and wood.

PRICE SUBSTANTIALLY LESS THAN HALF THE COST.

Inspected and very strongly recommended by the Agents, CONSTABLE and MAUDE, 2, Mount-street, W.1.

Kens. 1490 Telegrams: "Estate, c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office, West Byfleet.

RESIDENTIAL OR DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES.

"SHERWOOD PARK," TUNBRIDGE WELLS, KENT.

500ft. above sea level. Magnificent views. Only 35 miles from Town.

Well-appointed FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, approached by carriage drives, in beautiful park; outer and inner halls, four reception rooms, billiard room, eight principal bed and dressing rooms, six secondary bed rooms, three bath rooms, complete offices.
Co.'s electric light, power, and gas; excellent water supply; modern septic tank drainage; constant hot water; central heating; telephone.
Three lodges, three cottages, garages, stabling, farmery, and outbuildings. WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS, with two tennis lawns, ornamental lake.
SEVERAL ENCLOSURES OF RICH PASTURE AND VALUABLE WOODLAND.
WITH ABOUT 118 OR 167 ACRES.
For SALE Privately, or by AUCTION later.
Auctioneers:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"MANOR FARM," WORMSHILL, NEAR SITTINGBOURNE, KENT.

FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL PLEASURE FARM,
including a medium-sized residence, containing three reception, six bed rooms, dressing room, bath, and offices; co.'s water, modern drainage, telephone.
DELIGHTFUL GROUNDS.
Tennis and other lawns, sunk rock garden, walled kitchen garden; garage for three cars; two cottages, model farmery, and good pastureland.
4½ OR 62 ACRES.
For SALE Privately; if unsold, AUCTION June 24th.
Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. GEERING and COLYER, Ashford, Kent; and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"FELLCOURT," NR. CHIPSTEAD, SURREY.

350 feet up. *Commanding wonderful views over delightful country.* 5min. from Chipstead Golf Course.

Exceptionally charming FREEHOLD pre-war RESIDENCE, convenient for the station, with electric service of trains to town in 25 minutes, containing on two floors:—Lounge hall, three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold), and compact offices.
Company's water and gas. Electric light available. Modern drainage. Telephone. Capital garage. Useful outbuildings.
BEAUTIFUL INEXPENSIVE GARDENS with full-size tennis lawn.
IN ALL ABOUT 1¼ ACRE,
Further land adjoining can be had if required.
For SALE privately (if unsold AUCTION later).
Auctioneers:—HARRODS, Ltd., Estate Offices, 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT.

TUDOR HOUSE AND TUDOR COURT, HANWORTH, MIDDLESEX.

HALF-HOUR FROM TOWN. BETWEEN FELTHAM AND SUNBURY.

TUDOR HOUSE.

TUDOR COURT.

THE HISTORICAL FREEHOLD PROPERTY, "TUDOR HOUSE."
COMPRISING SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT RESIDENCE, WITH DELIGHTFUL GARDENS, two hard tennis courts, meat and orchard of eight acres, good paddocks, fine old trees and flowering shrubs, and woodland,
IN ALL ABOUT 21 ACRES,
IN WHICH IS INCLUDED "TUDOR COURT,"
A WONDERFULLY PRESERVED OLD BUILDING CONVERTED INTO FLATS, bungalows, cottages, garages for eight or more cars, tastefully laid-out courtyard, well let, producing an actual and gross income of
PER £740 ANNUM.
POSSESSION ON COMPLETION of the PURCHASE, subject to existing tenancies.
FOR SALE PRIVATELY OR, IF UNSOLD, BY AUCTION LATER.
Auctioneers:—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, BROMPTON-ROAD, S.W.1.

FOR HARRODS' HALF-PAGE OF ADVERTISEMENTS SEE OVERLEAF.

PHONE: REGENT 6773.

F. L. MERCER & CO.

7, SACKVILLE STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

A VERY GENUINE BARGAIN

ONE OF THE PRETTIEST PARTS OF BERKSHIRE, CONVENIENT FOR ASCOT, SUNNINGDALE, WINDSOR, HAWTHORN HILL, &c.
IN THE MIDST OF RURAL, UNSPOILED COUNTRY.
GENTLY UNDULATING. RICHLY TIMBERED. ON HIGH GROUND.

ONLY 26 MILES FROM LONDON.

A most picturesque old-fashioned RESIDENCE with a distinctly attractive and unique interior. Thoroughly adapted to modern requirements, tastefully decorated throughout and in perfect order. Lounge hall 27ft. by 18ft., dining room 22ft. by 20ft., drawing room 31ft. by 18ft., billiard or music room 33ft. by 22ft., eleven bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, maids' sitting room. Electric light, central heating throughout. Main water. Fitted lavatory basins in bed rooms. Spacious garage, stabling, cottage. Really delightful old-world gardens, long sunken stone-paved terrace along the south front of the house. Hard tennis court. Lovely old lawns and walled flower gardens, woodland walks intersected by stream and ornamental water with a pretty island. Grandly timbered meadowland forming a small park.

26 ACRES. FREEHOLD £7,500 OR NEAREST OFFER. (COST OVER £10,000.)
ILLUSTRATED PARTICULARS FROM F. L. MERCER AND CO., 7, SACKVILLE-STREET, W.1. Tel., Regent 6773.

A SUPERB POSITION IN SUSSEX

COMMANDING PANORAMIC VIEWS OVER THE ASHDOWN FOREST.
ON SANDY SOIL. 500 FEET UP. CLOSE TO FIRST-CLASS GOLF LINKS.

A MODERN HOUSE OF CHARACTER.

With a perfectly appointed and spacious interior. Luxurious fitments and a most artistic scheme of internal decoration. Approached by a long drive with lodge entrance and in such excellent condition that no further expenditure is required.

Lounge hall, three large reception rooms, ten bed and dressing rooms, three beautifully equipped bath rooms, wash-basins in bed rooms. Parquet floors, central heating. Co.'s electric light, gas and water. Main drainage. Garage, stabling, chauffeur's flat, &c. Delightful, matured gardens and woodland.

NEARLY 5 ACRES.
FREEHOLD, £6,750.

ILLUSTRATED PARTICULARS FROM F. L. MERCER and CO., 7, SACKVILLE-STREET, W.1. Tel.: Regent 6773.

BETWEEN COBHAM AND GUILDFORD

A LOCALITY WHERE PROPERTIES OF THE CHARACTER DESCRIBED HEREUNDER RARELY COME INTO THE MARKET.
37 MINUTES FROM LONDON. FREQUENT TRAINS. NEAR GOLF.

AN UNUSUALLY CHARMING MODERNIZED COUNTRY HOUSE, ON TWO FLOORS ONLY.

Occupying a quiet and secluded situation amidst attractive surroundings, in an excellent state of repair; containing lounge hall, three reception rooms, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, &c. Comfortably appointed. Co.'s water and electricity. Central heating and main drainage. Large garage. Two cottages. Most delightful, well-established gardens with a profusion of trees. Woodland, orchard, and paddocks. A home with many appealing characteristics and ideally situated for a business man.

12 ACRES. FREEHOLD £6,500.
CERTAIN TO SELL QUICKLY.

Illustrated particulars from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tel., Regent 6773.

300 FEET UP IN HERTS.
LONDON 50 MINUTES.
BUILT BY AN ARCHITECT FOR PERSONAL OCCUPATION.
HIGH SITUATION WITH GOOD VIEWS.

A soundly-built, sensibly-planned HOUSE replete with all the latest improvements. Labour-saving and on two floors only. Panelled hall, three good-sized reception rooms, six or seven bed rooms. Two luxuriously equipped bath rooms. Fitted wash basins in bed rooms. Co.'s electric light, gas and water. Main drainage. Pretty drive approach with entrance Lodge. Well-arranged gardens, inexpensive to maintain.

THREE ACRES. £4,500
ASKED FOR FREEHOLD.

Full details and photos from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tel., Regent 6773.

ON A SPUR OF THE CHILTERNS.
GLORIOUS UNDULATING AND RICHLY WOODED COUNTRY WHERE NATURE REIGNS SUPREME AND UNSPOILED.
600 FEET UP. 34 MILES LONDON.

Between West Wycombe and Aylesbury. A locality where there are no ugly villas or bungalows. Charming old XVIIth CENTURY RESIDENCE, added to, modernized, and in excellent order. Three reception, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, maids' sitting room, &c. Plenty of cupboards. Tiled offices. Electric light, central heating. District water supply. Spacious garage, stabling. An unusually good Bungalow-cottage (five rooms, bath, and electric light), surrounded by exquisitely pretty gardens, orchards, woodland, and paddocks.

14 ACRES. £4,000 FREEHOLD.
GENUINE BARGAIN.

Illustrated particulars from F. L. MERCER and Co., 7, Sackville-street, W.1. Tel., Regent 6773.

AN ARCHITECT'S HOUSE
OF THE BIJOU TYPE. LABOUR SAVING.
SURREY HILLS. 17 MILES OUT.
SOUTH ASPECT. OVER 500ft. UP.

Exceptionally well built and quite a little luxury HOUSE; drawing room, dining room, polished oak parquet floors, six bed rooms, tiled bath room; every convenience; fitted lavatory basins in bed rooms; company's electric light, gas, water, and main drainage; detached garage (brick-built), with a delightful level and prettily timbered garden, tennis court, rockery, kitchen garden, &c.

ONE ACRE.

FREEHOLD £3,500
(OR OFFER).

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